









Ralph C. Link 153 Keck Road Sarver, Pa. 16055 (412) 352-1103

Born: April 9, 1929, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Married: December 15, 1951 Wife: Shirley Margaret Neill

Born: December 8, 1930, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Children: Ralph Dale Link, born May 11, 1955, Pittsburgh, Pa. Lloyd Alan Link, born May 28, 1958, Pittsburgh, Pa. Nancy Lynn Link, born March 15, 1961, Butler, Pa.

SCHOOLING:

Graduated from Perry High School, Pittsburgh, Pa. June 1947

Lay Ministry School, Penn West Conference of United Church of Christ, September 1965 to May 1969

Commissioned Lay Minister June 1969

Lancaster Theological Seminary, Lancaster, Pa., September 1970

Graduated from Lancaster Theological Seminary May 1974

Ordained to Christian Ministry March 10, 1974

PASTORATES:

As Lay Minister: short term, 1 month or less in various churches 1965 to 1967

Emlenton Lamartine Charge of United Church of Christ 1967 to 1969

Short term in various churches 1970 until Seminary entrance July 1970

July 1970 to December 1973 Student Pastor at Trinity Charge, New Bloomfield, Duncannon, Pa., Penn Central Conference, United Church of Christ

December 1973 to present, St. Paul's United Church of Christ, Butler, Pa., Penn West Conference, United Church of Christ OF

Ralph C. Link

I am the youngest of five children. I was born just prior to the onset of the Depression. Our family was very poor. My father was an alcoholic and my mother was a very religious person who was searching for the Lord. During my childhood she did her best to teach me the things of the Lord. Later in life she came to a personal relationship with Him.

I grew up in the Evangelical and Reformed Church where salvation by grace alone was not preached nor taught. I knew all about Jesus, what He did, how He lived, His miracles, His death and resurrection, but I didn't know Him personally.

My life had many ups and downs and all the while I was attending church and striving with my good works to please God. At a very low point in my life when we were deeply in debt and my wife and three children were all ill, I came to the crossroads. I watched a Billy Graham Crusade on television from some distant city and the message he preached seemed to be directed right at me. I wrestled with making that commitment to Christ, but didn't. The next afternoon and evening at work on the 4 to 12 shift I came to the conclusion that I needed to make that commitment to Christ. It seemed like there was no other choice if life was to have any meaning. That night when I came home from work at 1:00 A.M., I laid face down on the living room floor and told God that I couldn't live my life in my own strength and I accepted the gift of salvation from my Savior Jesus Christ. My life has never been the same.

Through several meaningful circumstances I was called by God to serve Him in the Christian Ministry and to help spread that wonderful message of salvation through the shed blood of Jesus Christ. What a wonderful and rewarding time it has been and I give Him all the praise for my salvation and the opportunity to serve Him.

OF

Ralph C. Link

I believe the Bible, both the Old and New Testaments to be the inspired inerrant Word of God. I believe the Bible is the complete revelation of His will for the salvation of men and it is the final authority for the Christian faith and life.

I believe in one God, who is eternally existent in three persons: Father, Son and Holy Spirit.

I believe in the Diety of the Lord Jesus Christ that He is true God and true man. I believe that He was born of the Virgin Mary, that He lived in sinless life, that He performed the miracles recorded in Scripture, that He died on the cross as a sacrifice for our sins, that He bodily arose from the dead, that He ascended on high where He is at the right had of Almighty God as our intercessor.

I believe in the Holy Spirit and that He comes and indwells each believer at the time of conversion. I believe that He lives in each believer to lead, to instruct, and to convict so that a believe may live a more godly life.

I believe that through the shed blood of Jesus Christ and through His resurrection, this is the only ground for justification and salvation for all who receive Him A Lord and Savior and to such as receive Him, they are born of the Holy Spirit and become children of God.

I believe water baptism and the Lord's Supper are ordinances of the Church but are not means of salvation.

I believe in the personal and premillennial and imminent coming of the Lord Jesus Christ.

I believe in the resurrection of the dead, for the believer to resurrection of life and joy with the Lord, for the unbeliever to resurrection of judgement and everlasting punishment.

ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST Butler, Pennsylvania Second Sunday After Christmas J January 3, 1982 The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Pastor Mr. Harry Cunningham, Organist and Choir Director Mr. Roland Thompson, Saxophonist Julee Vargo and Brian Hollefreund - Acolytes *Ascription *Exhortation *Exhortation **Confession (In Unison) "O thou God of holy love, we acknowledge that at the beginning of this year our lives do not stand before Thee as a book unwritten. Much that we shall do has been spelled out already, even before the year has begun. Inscribed deep within are old habits and familian beautignment there is a familian beautignment. and familiar behaviour patterns, we know that these in large part will write for us the history of this coming year. Cause us to be aware of thy forgiving grace, and when we have written a life page full of the errors of our misdeeds, help us to acknowledge ourselves for what we are, and to seek thy love, through Jesus Christ, our Lord. Amen." *Kyrie *Assurance of Pardon *Pastor: Blessed be the Lord God! *People: And blessed be His Glorious Name forever *Gloria Patri Who's Who in the Pew Announcements Joys, Concerns, Prayer Requests Call to Prayer Pastor: The Lord be with you People: And with thy spirit Pastor: Let us Pray Requiem Observance and Prayer LeRoy Andrews, Sr., Dale L. Snyder, Frank E. Meier, Dorothy A. Meier, Robert R. Tait, Annetta Snyder, Wilmer W. Pfabe, Carla Sue Bosko.

riends: Ronald M. McKruit, Minnie Frances Link Robert W. Tack, Waid M. George, Adah Johnston Lichty Glen Henry Nicklas. Hymn No. 614 "For all the Saints" Offering "Abide, O Dearest Jesus" Pachelbel Offertory Doxology ("Lasst Uns Erfreuen" with Alleluias) Praise God from whom all blessing flow, Praise Him, all creatures here below; Oh, praise Him! Alleluia! Praise Him above, ye heavenly host: Praise Father, Son, and Holy Ghost. Oh, praise Him! Oh, praise Him! Alleluia! Alleluia! Alleluia! Alleluia! Vincent Watthew 5:13 Scripture: Matthew 5:13 "PRESERVE AND FLAVOR" Sermon: *Closing Hymn No. 179 "The First Noel" *Benediction Postlude + *Congregation Standing + + + + + + + + The Lovely Flowers on the Altar have been placed by Mrs. Jane Andrews in loving memory of Roy — "Husband" Serving as Ushers today are*Charles Penar, Dan Bosko, Don Wogan and Dave McMillin. Elder and Mrs. Paul Campbell will greet the Congregation and Visitors at the door this morning. A lot of Committees have not reported back to Bea, please do it now - so that the yearbook can be put in order. do it now - so that the yearbook can be put in order. The rest of January and all except 21st of February are open for Flowers for the Altar - If you wish to have one of these Sundays - let Bea know in the office now.

Wed. - 7:00 - Council Meeting - notice that there is a time change of % hour earlier. Thurs. - 7:15 - Chancel Choir Rehearsal. Please get all reports back to Bea for the Year Book by Monday. Each Treasurer will meet with the Auditors as soon as they are notified.

The whole month of January you can make nominations for Each Treasurer will meet with the Auditors Elder or Deacon (as many as you want). If the person just went off Council - they can be still nominated now because this will be for next January's starting time.

Resum series Srm Mt. with words Js follo Beats; sed
B4 1 Sethy disertin, mos prob not 1 time, but Mt do so
Lke Beats depth, discovr Wat We Rynow Wat We Mus B
Js art=13a=had such finad we use 2 describ wound,
be wen say if, not kpian sens, but gud man/woman liw
factors=Sed 2 Rom ocupy land people brot ideaswalong
Roms had jung Latin Ther is nothin mor useful sun
& sait=Sait Ik B purest Bouz cum from Sun & Jsea brod
use as offr 2 Emp. & Aptins nound he we sund blow ent the world, Bouz we Boboon and was, am a world, Bouz we start we world, Bouz we world, Bouz we would be world, Bouz we would be world with the 4 Jew salt had mean & purp as wel=(Scrip illus thez)
Js knu underst worl peop liv; knu think, & society liv They no diff than us 2day; Js knu folowrs then & now fac oppositin Bcuz worl no underst Xpian & wat is Roms Bliev Govt bettr any & impos on peop=tel if ask
Ea suceed gen try improv 2 our day,age
20th Cent 2B mos advanc=erad diseas,poverty,war etc Ch sinc WW I push hav peopl fite 4 peac, poor etc But Js knu & try impart follos peop in worl basic evil & no amt gud effort erad thez ills Exampl=clasic 1 is welfare; thoz admin wors than geter G creat perf environ, atmos & Ad & Ev pervert Cain kil ker bros; peopl Noah tim destroy=Greed/self Js knu this & say=Ye=YOU R 2B Salt ERTH=preservtiv 2 preserv lif in mid rotenness & B diff No need 2B selfish, greedy, wicked, evil mind, deeds James say=Folower Js Xp shud B Unspot from world We liv mid thoz unsavry, roten 2 core perhaps, but we 2B & maintain selvs as preservativ in this rotenness Box Js no stop here he add=13b=Xpian not only 2b Prev; he 2B FLAVR Aftr Constantin Rom Emp make Moly Rom Empire, came Julian & want get bak old gods & this wat sed=(Illus This basic wat Js lv unspokn quest=Wat Gud Is It If U Say U R A Xpian & Ther No Evidenc In UR Life? Being Apian much mor than jus kno bout it=LIV LIFE but in such a way as ther IS LIFE IN THE XPIAN It not mak unattractiv 2 othrs by sour, gloomy count. Herd recent mos repeat putdwns on radio talk shows in 81, memark agin KNOXXX THOZ FUNDAMENTL PROTESTANTS Shud B fundy, & ono B ashamed, But not obnoxious in way witnes that turn peop off insted of attract Our Flavor 2B peop want wat we hav; shud B attractiv We kno lif Js liv & impac hav on worl=Born Obscur etc Think wat worl B no Xpianty; peop may striv destroy, but thout worl wud B jungl; that influ 1 lif made dif a worl duz not & wil not recogniz

But shud ask: Wat dif do U & I mak 2day?
Is our circl influ dif Bouz we example Js Xp? qiro Can peopatel by actins we diff & wliv contac Js 2 and Is world bettemplac 4 our live in it Bouz we preserve B & Flavor wherever we tare? voss Lkez Beats depth, discovîsqe ewerevezelwarovelfu s tart=13a=had staeqeb gewwsuuxsellqoeqrliwstaw. watewillpeopl say us wenderest bedest later at the will itmb he salt erth simply Bouz we nice guy. We nice gu Js knu underst worl peop liv; knu think,& society liv They no diff than us 2day; Js knu folowrs then & now fac oppositin Bouz worl no underst Xpian & wat is Roms Bliev Govt bettr any & impos on peop=tel if ask
Es suceed gen try improv 2 our day, age
20th Gent 2B mos advanc=erad diseas, poverty, war etc Ch sinc WW I push hav peopl fite 4 peac, poor etc But Js knu & try impart follos peop in worl basic evil & no amt gud effort erad thez ills Exampl=clasic 1 is welfare; thoz admin wors than geter G creat perf environ, atmos & Ad & Ev pervert Cain kil wax bros; peopl Noah tim destroy=Greed/self Js knu this & say=Ye=YOU R 2B Salt ERTH=preservtiv 2 preserv lif in mid rotenness & B diff No need 2B selfish, greedy, wicked, evil mind, deeds James say=Folower Js Xp shud B Unspot from world We liv mid thoz unsavry, roten 2 core perhaps, but we 28 & maintain selvs as preservativ in this rotenness But Js no stop here he add=13b=Xpian not only 2b Pre-V; be 2B FLAVR ftr Constantin Rom Emp make Moly Rom Empire, came Julian & want get bak old gods & this wat sed=(Illus Chis basic wat Js lv unspokn quest=Wat Gud Is It If U Say U R A Xpian & Ther No Evidenc In UR Life? Being Apian much mor than jus kno bout it=LIV LIFE but in such a way as ther IS LIFE IN THE XPIAN It not mak unattractiv 2 othrs by sour, gloomy count. Herd recent wos repeat putdwns on radio talk shows in 81, semark agin KN&XX* THOZ FUNDAMENTL PROTESTANTS
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way witnes that turn peop off insted of attract Our Flavor 2B peop want wat we hav; shud B attractive we kno lif Js liv & impac hav on worl=Born Obscur etc Think wat worl B no Xpianty; peop may striv destroy, ebsm lil r ullni tsdt; lgnut 8 buw lrow twodt . tud dif worl duz not & wil not recogniz

Scripture: Matthew 5:130 · HORUSETTIS

Text: Matthew 5 21519 . DUIDING . PICTE & UNION STATE OF THE TEXT OF THE TEXT

We resume our series on the Sermon On The Mount with the words of Jesus following His giving of the Kakika Beatitudes. As we had said before this is a rather lengthy dissertation and most probably was not given all at one time. But Matthew remembering the words of Jesus combines them into these three chapters, 5, 6, and 7.

Marsteller, Kickard,

We looked at the Beatitudes in depth and it was there we discovered what we are, and now we begin to discover what we are must be. As we look at these words of Jesus we are once again confronted with the difficult position we find ourselves in striving to be a Christian.

Jesus begins by saying, "Ye are the salt of the earth." This saying has had such an impact upon the world that it is used quite frequently to speak very highly of someone. We say, "He is the salt of the earth," and the meaning 's just exactly what Jesus had for it. Perhaps when we say it of someone we are not saying it in the strictly Christian sense of Jesus meaning, but we do mean the person of whom we speak is a good person.

of salt. Salt was used as a binding covenant and references to this are for in Leviticus 2:13; Number 18:19; 2 Chronicles 13:5; and Ezekiel 43:24

Salt as used as for healing and cleansing, 2 Kings 2x2x 2:20,21 \(\) A

Salt as a stimulant to the appetite, Job 6:6

Salt used as a preventive from decay, Luke 14:34,35

Salt as a promoter of peace, Mark 9:50

Salt as an evidence of Grace, Collosians 4:6 and salt as the mark of a Christian, Matthew 5:13.

Jesus knew and understood the world in which these people lived. He knew their thinking and He knew what that society was striving to do. They were no different than our society today. We are far more advanced, but our basic premises and ideas are the same. Jesus knew that the people who surrounded those who wanted to be His followers would always face opposition because the people who were not His followers would never understand whatvthe Christian life stood for and was all about. As brutal and harsh as the Roman Empire may have been, one thing they sought to do, and that was to improve upon the world in which they lived. They believed their style of life and government was better than anythoing going at that time and so they imposed that upon the people. But if they were to be asked what they were about, their reply would have probably been, "To improve the lot of mankind. 2 Each succeeding generation has sought to do so in one way or another, right up to our present day and age. The belief in our 20th century has been and still persists that we are on the verge of irradicating all disease, premature death, poverty, war, and so on. With each generation we see the work and dedication put into efforts to overcome all of these things. The Church perhaps since World War I has sought to have its people out fighting poverty and disease and war and the other ills. But Jesus Christ knew, and tried to impart to any who would be His followers that the people in the world are all basically evil, and no amount of good works and good efforts is going to eradicate these ills. We need to only look at

one classic example in our own society to understand this. We started a program many years ago to help the poor and needy. We called it welfare. Yet very people who have administrated this program have been the ones to steal from it, and much of the money never reaches the people it is intended for. And many of those seeking help from the program are unwilling to work when they no longer need the help, when their labor would provide money to help still others. Man has that inner selfishness which has made him look out for himself at the expense of others since the beginning of time. God created a perfect atmosphere in which to live and Adam and Eve had to pervert it. Cain came along and killed hid brother because of his selfishness and greed. All of the people except "Noah and his family were destroyed by God because of their sinful and wicked lives. The list goes on and on. Jesus knew this and He also knew that man would never solve these problems until and unless he had a change of heart. Therefore He said, "Ye," meaning the individual Christian. You are to be the salt of the earth. He meant they were to be the preservative in the rottemess which makes up this life. He knew they had to live in the world, but they didn't have to be part and parcel of the selfishness, the greed, the wickedness around them. James, the brother of Jesus said that a person who wanted to be a follower of Jesus Christ should"keep himself unspotted from the world." We must live among those who are unsavory, perhaps rotten to the core, but we are to maintain ourselves as a preservative in the midst of the rottenness.

But Jesus didn't just stop by saying that "You are to be the salt of the earth.'

He added, "But if xxxx the salt have lost his savour, wherewith shall it be
salted? It is thenceforth good for nothing, but to be cast out, and to be
trodden under foot of men." The Christian was to be not only a preservative
in the world and in the society in which he lived, but he was to flavor that
world and society. After the Roman Emperor Constantine an Emperor by the rame
of Julian came to the throne. He wanted to go back to the old gods of Rome
and to do away with Christianity as Constantine had endorsed it. This is what
he said about Christians: (Illustration of this from Barclay, Mt. Vol I,pg 116).

This is basically what Jesus was implying in the remainder of this 12th verse. He leaving waski unspoken the question, "What good is it if you say you are Christian and there is no evidence of it in your life?" me leing a Christian in any agenor society is much more than knowing the life which must be lived. It is living that life, but in such a way that there is life in that Christian. It isn't being sad and gloomy and making Christianity unnattractive to others. But this is what many people do. I heard recently that one of the most repeated putdowns on radio talk shows this past year has been the remark against Christianity, "Those fundamental protestants." We should be fundamental and that is nothing to be ashamed of. But when we become obnoxious in our witness for our Lord, we turn people from Christianity instead of toward it. Our flavor in the world is to be such that people desire to have what we have. It should be attractive. We know the life that Jesus lived. Perhaps we may have heard what an unknown author wrote of Him, listen to this: (Illustration Jesus born and living in obscure village etc). Think of what the world would be if there was no Christianity in it. People may strive to do away with it; they may lash out against it; but without it this world would be a jungle. That influence of one life, Jesus Christ has made all the difference even if the world does not and will not recognize that fact. But more importantly for you and me today is the question, "What difference do you and I make in the world in which we live? Is our circle of influence different because we are living examples of that Saviour Jesus Christ? Can people tell by our actions that we live in close contact with Jesus? Is the world a better place for our living in it because we are seen as a preservative and flavoring? What will people say of us when we depart the scene? Will it be, "He or she was the salt of the earth, and it is meant because we showed forth Jesus Christ? Or will it be because we were simply a nice guy and no one knew what we believed in or stood for bedause we neve showed it or said it? As we set off on a journey into another year, let us each keep in mind that the Lord wants us to be a preserving and flavoring element in this world, because we belong to Him.

ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST Praise Him above, ye heavenly host: Praise Father, Son and Holy Ghost. Oh, praise Him! Oh, praise Him! Alleluia! Alleluia! Alleluia! Alleluia! Catalonian Butler, Pennsylvania
First Sunday After Epiphany January 10, 1982
The Rêv. Ralph C. Link, Pastor
Mr. Harry Cunningham, Choir Director and Organist
Mr. Roland Thompson, Saxophonist
Julee Vargo and Brian Hollefreund - Acolytes Catalonian Carol Scripture: Matthew 5:14-16 Sermon: "Illumination Expected" Prayer *Closing Hymn No. 206 "We Three Kings of Orient Are" *Benediction "Kings of Orient"
"As With Gladness Men of Old" Prelude Bock Postlude "March" *Hymn No. 202 + + + + + + + + + *Congregation Standing + + + + + + + + + The Lovely Flowers on the Altar have been placed by the Fidelity Bible Class to the "Glory of God" *Ascription *Exhortation *Exhortation
*Confession (In Unison) "Almighty God, by your power is Christ raised from death to rule this world with love.
We confess that we have not believed in Him, but fall into doubt and fear. Gladness has no home in our hearts, and gratitude is slight. Forgive our dread of dying, our hopelessness, and set us free for joy in the victory of Jesus Christ who was dead but lives, and will not down every power that have an destroy the state of the state o Serving as Ushers today are: *Mary Lou Davis, Peg Nazaruk, Gloria Walker and Dutch Bolam Wr. & Mrs. Charles Penar will greet the Congregation and visitors at the door this morning.

Hospitalized: Mr. Lloyd French Mrs. Mrss. Muffs Valentine Party coming up - check Newsletter for details.

The attendance last Sunday was 192

Debby Melton and Karen Link will be visiting the Hospital will put down every power that hurts or destroys, when your promised kingdom comes. Amen." Debby Melton and Karen Link will be visiting the Hosthis week.

Tonight - Youth Fellowship
Monday - 6-8 - Aerobics in Rehoboth Hall
Tues - 6-8 - Aerobics in Rehoboth Hall
Wednesday - 6:00 - Youth Choir with Ginger Harbison
Wed. - 7:15 - Chancel Choir with Harry Cunningham
Thurs. - 6-9 - Aerobics in Rehoboth Hall
Dest forget to fill in your slips and nominate Des *Kvrie *Assurance of Pardon *Praise
*Pastor: Blessed be the Lord God! *People: And blessed be His Glorious Name forever *Gloria Patri Thurs. - 6-9 - Aerobics in Renoboth Hall
Don't forget to fill in your slips and nominate Deacons and
Elders and specify which. They will be elected next November
PTODAY AFTER THE SERVICE - THERE WILL BE A SHORT MEETING OF
THE COUNCIL IN THE CHUNCH OFFICE - PLEASE BE THERE PROMPT
AND WE CAN GET ON WITH THE MEETING AND IT WON'T TAKE TOO LONG Who's Who in the Pew Announcements Joys, Concerns, Prayer Requests Hymn No. 201 "The Star Carol" Call to Prayer Pastor: The Lord be with you People: And with thy spirit The Flower Chart has & number of opening for Altar Flowers. January 17, 24 and 31st is open. February 7, 14, and 28th is open. Please contact Beaif you would like to have one of Pastor: Let us Pray these Sundays. Offering Don't forget the Congregational Dinner is coming up on the last Sunday of this month. Time is 5:30 P.M. Year Books will be given out at the dinner. Offertory "How Lovely Shines the Morning Star" Praetorius Doxology ("Lasst Uns Erfreuen" with Alleluias)
Praise God from whom all blessing flow: Praise Him, all creatures here below; Oh, praise Him! Alleluia!

"Illumination Expected" &Crip: Mt. 5:14-16; Text: Mt. 5:14a Scen same; man seat hilsid, fac lrg crowd & spk 1ks facesevidenc peop giv that 2 words; hearnu words given hop mid frus, anx, depres, despar, confus But sum out plac 2 them partic situatin Js Xp spk, proph Naz; man miteB Mess; This Serm Mt Pe =comon ord peasants, poor hous, food, cloth etc travl mils cum hear; religus ldrs compar this/Mos Coc mos part lif psan short=diseas, food, sheltr, etc He say=YE R LITE WORL = They were? Thes nothings Soc? sum mistak & relig ldrs sho indignatin Our age samme=Ldrs world abuv,byond com people But Wat Js sed then tru now=YOU R LITE WORLD 1k at worl up 2-2day; wat considr solv probs societ? KNOWLEDG=we liv in mos knowledg age worl evr seen Space & Examp no control crime; medicin no cont dope So quest is WHY? WHY? WHY? ANSER=worl in darknes & no luv lite & wil B until kno tru lite vs 14b=Js knu peop underst Bcuz saw this lk valy/hil vs 15=Simpl explanatin & lite mus B open 2 shine vs 16=livs mus sho lite in darknes & mak diff (Illus girl recite=My Mothr Lite of World) This uniqu relatship U & I hav in worl Compar Js say=He Lite & we 2B that lite Bcus Him We hav ultimate purpos in worl 4 othr livs (Illus 5yr old & Saints R Peopl lite shines thru)
Think of that 4 truth Duz worl C Lite Bcuz our livs? Or C darknes insted? Worl get wors ever pas day, mor ugly, rude, dirty & serch continu 4 lite society Boo society no accpt lite=prisons & returnees Schuls & no preach Xp,deling,unsafe=Js anser We may not B abl chang lrg portins society,but can infiltrate sphere wher we R (Illus Vancouver Public Aquarium & Elect Eels) Here is lessn 4 all us, birth Js pinpt by Lite=Star; lif gav 4th Lite; spoke of light; He was Light & life/Light permeate everthin ever1 around Him (Questins by D. Martyn Llloyd Jones) Xpian peopl alon R lite worl 2day
LET UR LITE SO SHIN B4 MEN THAT THEY MAY C UR GUD
WORKS & GLORIFY UR FATHER WHO IS IN HEAVEN FOR YE ARE THE LIGHT OF THE WORLD.

"Illumination Expected"

Scripture: Matthew 5:14-16. Or-1919 (wasteller, Cickard,

Text: Matthew 5174 19 . DUIDIUB REVIJO

The scene is still the same. A man is seated on a hill side facing a large group of people randhe looks on the faces of those people gives evidence that what He is saying is having a deep impact upon their lives. They are hearing words which are new; which are giving hope in the midst of despair and confusion and depression. But some of those words seem so out of place in their particular situations. The man, is the one called Jesusx Christ the newly acclaimed prophet from Nazareth. The man who may just be the Messiah promised by prophets of old. The occasion is what later came to be known as "The Sermon on The Mount" The people are the common ordinary peasants from the surrounding towns and vullages adjacent to this area. Some of them have traveled for many miles because they had been told this new teacher was in the area. Some of the people were the religious leaders of the nation of Israel and they were intent on hearing His message because they had heard He was saying things which were contingy to the written Mosaic Code. But for the most part, this audience is made of simple, ordinary, common, poor folk. People who had little in the way of life's goods and possessions; people who were accustomed to long hours of labor to eke out an existence to just make ends meet. They were people whose life span was short because of the poor diets, the por housing, the poor clothing, the poor water supply, and the many diseases and illnesses which took their toll in both adults and children. What made all of this scene so incongruous was the fact that this preacher was telling them, "Ye are the light of the world." These poor bedraggled, God-forasken people. They were the light of the world? These people who were the nothings of society; who were trampled upon by anyone desirous of getting ahead; these people who were unwanted and unloved, but needed in order to get the work done, to collect the taxes from and to carry the burdens no decent self-respecting citizen would carry. These were the Light the World? Surely there must be some mistake. We can almost see the religious leaders taking a deep breath of indignation at this remark. But Jesus was saypeople of the world. These were the ones who counted. These were the ones of could show forth what fife was all about. But that restage has come down to our day and mage was need took about us and we see the supposed people who are important. We see those who are lifted above the rest of society by class or station in life; we see those who are considered to be the cream of society and the common ordinary person stands in the shadow of their lives. But what Jesus said then was the same thing He would say now, "Ye", "You who are God's people, You are the Light of the World." Think of it! It isn't Rockefeller, walker Rockwell, Mellon, Union, Exquitable, E.F. Hitton, or Dow Jones which is the light of the world. It is "You", those of you who call yourselves the people of God. Not money, wealth, prestige, or any of the other attributes which society looks to as being the enlightenment for the world, none of these things id what is considered as being of complete importance.

Look at the world up to and including the present day and age. What is the one thing which has always been considered that which would solve and correct all of the ailments of society? It has been the search for knowledge, and knowledge is considered as enoightenment. We are living in an age which is probably unparalleded in all of history. We have more knowledge and enlightenment than the world has ever seen. We can accurately send men into space in a precise and exact orbit. Every thing functions and men have overcome all of the problems such a vast venture can create. But back on planet earth we have not never discovered how to control man's selfishness and greed and so we have more people to be locked up than we have prisons to hold them. Medically we are more enlightened than anyo ther age which lived. We can overcome and control many things which wiped out complete societies of other years. Yet we cannot control the abuse ** ** thexexdrugs and misuse of these drugs created to heal and make well. In all areas of our society we are sick and degenerate and all of this in the face of the complete age of enlightenment. And the question is asked over and over again, "Why," "Why," "Why?" The answer is that the world

is in darkness and will remain in darkness until it knows the True Light. But Jesus addedato whate Heawassaying by giving them illustrations of what H was saying. He said, "A city that is set on a hill cannot be hid." They could understand this because as they looked accross the kilks valleys at night, they could see the lights twinkling in the windows of houses and shops. He told them of an illustration they could understand about light. "Neither do men light a candle and put it under a bushel, but on a candlestick; and it giveth light unto all that are in the house." This needed no explanation, but it gave them a picture of what light could do when exposed and how it served no purpose if hidden. Then He added, "Let your light so shine before men, that they may see your good works and glorify your Father which is in heaven." Here He compares Light with Work. They could understand then that He was not speaking of a lamp, or a candle or any other mechanical means of making light. He was telling them that their very lives were to show forth Light in a society filled with darkness. But in all of this He was giving them much more than just telling them to be a candle in the dark of life. MEXXXX

(Illustration of little girl and recitation of Jesus being Light of the World; she forgot her lines and mother cued her; it came out "My Mother is the Light of the World.)

This is the relationship which is uniquely the Christian's to share in this life Jesus said, "I am the Light of the World," and in this scripture He is saying, "You are the Light of the World." Just who is the Light of the World? Is it Jesus, or is it you and me? The answer is that He is the Light of the World and because of Him, and because we are His, through Him we ARE the Light of the World. This puts us above the leaders of nations, above presidents, and Governors, above leaders of industry. We have the ultimate which anyone could ever have in this life, and that is to be the motivating or moving force for other lives so **throw** that God may be glorified. A little five year old boy was asked what a saint was. He remembered seeing Biblical people portrayed in stained glass windows at church and had been told they were saints. So his answer was, "S ints are people the light shines through." Think of that for a

minute. There is truth from the mouth of a babe. Does the world see Light because of our lives, or does it see instead, more darkness to add to the da Tebhardl and Leed, Inc. ness which already surrounds them? 3 The worldwisegetting more aughy and dirty with each passing day. The Asearch continues for solutions to all problems of society. Yet, the Light which can solve all of those problems is rejected as too simple, or mostly unconstitutional. What is the answer to the crime problem? What is the answer to the school problem? What is the answer to any problem in life? It is Jesus Christ and that can be proven again and again if it is tried. In those prisons where Jesus Christ is preached and the Gospel is shared, the incidence of men and women returning to prison after being releaseed is that only about 2 or 3% ever return. Yet we are told there is no answer. In Christian Schools young men and women are being turned out into society who are not delinquent and problem people on a much larger scale than our public schools produce. The answer is again Jesus Christ. But we cannot share this information because of the hu and cry of those who want no part of it. You and I may not be able to change vast areas of our society. But we can infiltrate our little sphere of influence wherever that may be.

(Illustration of Vancouver Public Aquarium and light from electric Eels)

Here is the lesson for all of us. XXXXXXXXX The Birth of Jesus was pinpointed
by Light, from a Star. He gave forth Light in His life. He spoke of it, He
said He was the Light. His Light permeated everything and everyone around Him.

(Questions by D. Martyn Llloyd Jones)

Christian people are the light of the world today. Let your light so shine before men, that they may see your good works and glorify your Father who is in heaven. For ye are the Light of the World."

ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST Butler, Pennsylvania Second Sunday After Epiphany Jar The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Pastor January 17, 1982 Mr. Harry Cunningham, Organist Mr. Roland Thompson, Saxonphonist Prelude "Alla Breve B Minor" Handel *Processional Hymn No. 21 "Love divine, all loves excelling" *Exhortation *Confession (In Unison) "Our Father, we confess before you that our lives are not what they should be. We do undesired sin, and we permit temptations to overcome us. But we know there is forgiveness with you when we do confess. So as we humbly seek forgiveness, we ask for new strength to lead a more Godly life, for we pray in the Master's name. Amen." *Kyrie *Assurance of Pardon *Pastor: Blessed be the Lord God!
*People: And blessed be His Glorious Name forever *Gloria Patri Who's Who in the Pew Announcements Hymn No. 213 "I Think, When I Read That Sweet Story" Call to Prayer Pastor: The Lord be with you People: And with thy spirit Pastor: Let us Pray Prayer Offering "Lord, All My Heart is Fixed On Thee" Schmit Offertory Doxology 382 Youth Choir Anthem Matthew 5:17-18

"HARMONY"

Sermon:

rayer

*Closing Hymn No. 210 "I cannot tell" Postlude Cunningham + + + + + + + + *Congregation Standing + + + + The Lovely Flowers on the Altar have been placed by The Women's Fellowship to the "Glory of God" Serving as Ushers today are *Robbie Vinnce, Robert Dellen, Randy Dellen and Brian Kennedy. Mr. & Mrs. Richard Mangel will greet the Congregation Mr. & Mrs. Richard Mangel will greet the Congregation and Visitors at the door today.

Mrs. Sharon Schmittlein will be in the Nursery today.

Mrs. Sharon Schmittlein will be in the Nursery today.

Mrs. Sharon Schmittlein will be in the Nursery today.

Mrs. Norma

Wolfe - New Castle Hosp. - St. Francis Hospital.

Almost all dates in January and February are open please contact the office if you would like to thave the Altar Flowers for any special Sunday.

You can nominate Deacons and Elders any Sunday this Month. They will be voted on in November. Designate whether they are for Elder or Deacon and turn the papers or slips in with the offering envelopes. papers or slips in with the offering envelopes. Don't forget Sunday - Jan. 31st is the Congregational Dinner and meeting here at 5:30 P.M. Year Books will Dinner and meeting here at 5:30 F.M. lear be ready at that time. Tonight - Youth Fellowship Monday - 6-3 - Aerobics in Rehoboth Hall Tues. - 6-8 Aerobics in Rehoboth Hall Wed. - 6 - Youth Choir with Ginger Harbison Wed. - 7:15 - Chancel Choir Practice with Harry Cunningham Wed. - Youth meeting Wed. - 7:30 - Golden Circle Meeting here at the Church. with Zitt Thompson lealing Bible Study Thurs. - 10:30 - Mary Martha Circle Meeting at the Home of Helen Sheppeck Thurs - 6-9 - Aerobics in Rehcboth Hall Don Kennedy and Rob Sybert will be visiting the Hospital this week.

The money put in last week for the Landscaping Project for \$100.00 had no name on it last Sunday. Please call Bea Tait 203-3328 if you would like to have credit for this.

"Harmony" Scrip: Mt. 5:17-18; Text: Mt 5:17b "But to fulfill" Nex 3 Suns vss 17-20; this wk Harmny(ex men choir; MO) No wk Disharmny (Mayb men choir); nex wk=Interped in Thus far Js taut=how follo 2 liv; how 2B evidenc 2worl (salt/lite); Now cum 2 liv out G's laws But has 2expl self; peop ask=wher educat? No go Jerusa Theo Semnary; no acredit Jew Assoc Pharsaicl, Scribl, scholar; no train in law; no stand assoc relig system
Js sed 4all 2hear=vs 17=relig ldrs breath sigh relie: this sho prom He not odds their teach. But claim 2fulfil it & sho co-op with relig ldrs????? Word is=not complet as sum peop vu it; mean insted=obed everthin expec Him up 2 & includ deth/resur He ment taks 2B embodment all writ sed of Him As He preach, teach, Bcum eviden mor than proph spok lik no1 else; poses powr lik nun othr
P say Gal 4:4-5, (read) = mean Js cum 2fulfil
Js sed, P sed, othrs sed=L & prophs, but wat mean?
1=moral law=10comms & principls set 4th
2.=Judicil law=cod eth how 2behave ever1 3=cermonial law, sacrif, ritul templ othr places Writ=Exodus, Leviticus, Numbers=LAW Prophs=chosn men G who spok Is natin how liv rtly, wrongly accord 2 law Js was say=lif liv obed 2 G Word, 0.T.

He knu all 4tol Him, wud B complet fulfil=lif/deth/res Mt 22:35-40(Read) All G8s Word sum up=Js liv=explain Vs 18=Not 2B complet Js lif G Rfulfil this His tim & His method until then=Jot=YOD lik apostrophe; Tittle=same write Gist Js say=until G complet, everthin remain & not one smal mark wilB dun way with Js say=He in Harmony with G in His life, & G's Word (Illus coleg studen & 2 bks help mos=cookbuk/chekbuk)
Both need 2tak care physicl hungrs life But wat about spiritul hunger? (Illus shomakr & theo studen=USIN & THUMBIN) Js gav examp kno wat L & Prophs wer Bcuz knu G Word
This our exampl if we 2B follos & evidenc in livs
R our livs in HARMONY with G, bcuz seek 2 kno Word?? Wat book is the mos import book our livs?

Scripture: Matthew 5:17-18

Text: Matthew 5:17, "I am women not come to destroy, but to fulfill."

For the next three Sundays we will be using this small portion of Scripture from this portion of The Sermon on The Mount. This week it is verses 17 and 18; next week it will be verses 19 and 20; and the next week it will be verse 20 by itself. I was going to have a couple men from the choir demonstrate the title of our sermon for this morning, "Harmon," but Harry tells me they haven't been able to achieve that for sometime. Perhaps we can use them next week when the message will be, "Disharmony." The following Sunday we will be looking at "The Interpretation" of all of these verses.

Thus far Jesus had taught first, how a follower of His was to live. He gave the qualities we should possess in our lives. Then He told how this was to be evidenced to the world by using the illustrations of salt and light. A Christis ian is to be a preservative and flavoring for life, but he is also to cast light in the darkness of everyday life. Now He comes to the place where He is going to spell out what the living of God's Laws were to be. But before He does that He has to explain Himself. The reason behind this is that Jesus at this point knew that much in the way of adverse publicity was coming out about Him. People were saying, "He hasn't been schooled in the Law, how can He toach it?" Others were commenting that He was not a graduate of the Jerusalem Theological Seminary, accredited by the ************************** Jewish Association of Pharisaical and Scribal Scholars. The question was coming forth loud and clear how could He have any authroity when He was not recognized as having standing in the accepted religious system. Being aware of this, yet not operating out of fear of the religious hierarchy of the day, Jesus set forth to make clear His teaching as compared to the accepted Law and the teaching of the Prophets. He began by saying to them: "Think not that I am come to destroy the law, or the prophets; I am not come to destory, but to fulfill." At this point the religious leaders hearing this staement must have breathed a sigh of relief. From the radicalxxxxx unorthodox statments He had made up to this point, it showed promise that His ministry was going to be at odds with all of their teaching. But now He claims that He is going to fuflill all of it. At least it shows a desire to co-operate with them, or so they must have thought. The one word of this verse which needs to be understood in its complete context is the word frulting. The word does not be to complete as some people try and have tried to interpret it. Jesus meant that He had come to fulf 1, to carry out, to be obedient to everything which was expected of Him up to and including His sacrificial death for manking, and His rising from the grave. He meant that His task was to be the embodiement of everything which

had been written and said about Him. As He lived His life preaching and teaching, it soon became evident that He was something more than just a porphet.

He possessed powers which no ordinary prophet had ever had. But beyond this He spoke as no one ever had and this was said of him quite frequently. The Apostle Paul wrote of Jesus in his letter to the people in Galatia, chapter 4, verses 4 & 5, "But when the fulness of kim the time was come, God sent forth His Son, made of a woman, made under the law, to redeem them that were under the law, that we might receive the adoption of sons." Paul says Wa Jesus was "Made under the law." This meant that He was not separate and aprart from it, but instead was under it. He says He came to fulfill it. What He was saying and what Paul and others said about Him is that all which was told in the Law and the Prophets was to be **Example Religibled in Him.

For us to know what this means we should understand what the Law and the Prophets were. The Law was divided into three sections. First there was the Moral code. This consisted of the Ten Commandments and the principles laid down in them. Then there was the Judicial law which was the code of ethics set forth mx for the nation of Israel and how to were to behave toward each other and to other people. The third section was the Ceremonial law. This had to do with the conduct of the worship of God through burnt offerings, sacrificas, and the ritual in the Temple and other places. There All of this was written in the Old Testament books of Exodus, Leviticus and Numbers. The Prophets were the accounts of those chosen men of God who spoke to the nation of Israel pertainging to how they were kxix living the Law wither rightly or wrongly. The writings of these men concerning future events and happenings were also a part of this record. So when Jesus said He came to fulfill the Law and the Propehts He was saying that His life was to be lived in obedience to the Old Testament. To Jesus all of this was the Word of God. It spoke of His coming, and it spoke of God's love for His people. Therefore, Jesus knew His role to be the complete giving of Himself to make that Law a reality in the lives of those who would follow Him. And it meant that all that had been foretold of Him would be fulfilled by His ministry, His death, and His resurrection.

In another portion of the Gospel of Matthew, the 22nd chapter, the 35th through the 40th verse we read this illustration. (Read this, about lawyer asking which is the great commandment and Jesus' answer to it). All of that which was written in God's Word in what we call the Old Testament can be summed up in these two statements. When we compare what Jesus said with how He lived His life we can see that He did indeed fulfill the Law and the Prophets. He is love God with all of His heart, His soul, and His mind. He loved God so much that He let Himself be the sacrifice to bring mankind back to God. He loved His neighbor to the extent that He reached out to any and all in love in all

circumstances regardless who or what those people were. So then we can see the embodiment of the fulfilling of the Law and the Prophets. But there is more togitathan this. ONICHUB REVILO

Jesus added to what He said with the words of the 18th vense which tell us, "For verily I say unto you, Till heaven and earth pass, one jot or one tittle shall in no wax wise pass from the law, till all be fulfilled." He was saying that sometime in the future God was going to complete this whole picutre. It was not to be completed in Jesus' life, nor was He the completion of it. He was the fulfillment of the Law and the Prophets, but God was going to have the heaven and earth pass away in the future, But until that time not one jot or tittle would pass from the Law. In the Hebrew alphabet the smallest letter is called Yod. It looks like an apostrophe, This is the Jot Jesus was talking about. In almost the writing of languages especially Hebrew and Greek, a small line or mark, again, much like an apostrophe will be inserted in certain letters and these change the meaning of the word or letter at that point. But it is a small hard to distinguish mark, and this is the tittle Jesus was talking about. So the gist of what He was saying was that until God completes His program, not one small insignificant mark in writing will be done away with. He is saying that He is God's representative and He was not supercedecanything which He was being accused of. His message at this point was that He was a Harmony with God's Word, all of it.

(Illustration of college graduate and books that had helped him the most, "That's easy," he said, "Mom's cookbook and Dad's check book.")

Both are needed to take care of the physical hungers of life. But what about the spiritual hunger which is there?

(Illustration of Christian shoemaker and Usin and Thumbin)

Jesus gave us the example of knowing what the Law and the Prophets were because He knew God's Word. This is the illustration we need for our lives if we are to be His followers and evidence it in our lives. Are our lives in "Harmony" with God, because we seek to know His Word? What book XXXXX is the most important book in our lives?

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ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST
  Butler, Pennsylvania
Third Sunday After Epiphany January 24, 1982
The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Pastor
Mr. Harry Cunningham, Organist and Choir Director
Mr. Roland Thompson, Saxophonist
  *Processional Hymn No. 12 "O day of rest and gladness"
  *Exhortation
 *Exhortation
*Confession (In Unison) "Almighty and Eternal God,
whose light doth shine in mortal darkness; reveal
unto us thy presence in our souls, and thy judgment
of all our actions, thoughts, and words. Manifest
thyself to us in the movements of this present time.
   Open our eyes to thy glory all around us.
  ever coming to thy children, coming in manifold ways; by cherishing our serious and reverent spirit may we prepare ourselves to meet our God, through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen."
  *Kvrie
  *Assurance of Pardon
 *Praise
           *Pastor: Blessed be the Lord God!
 *People: And blessed be His Glorious Name forever *Gloria Patri
  Who's Who in the Pew
  Announcements
  Joys, Concerns, Prayer Requests
Hymn No. 122 "In the Hour of Trial"
  Call to Prayer
            Pastor: The Lord be with you People: And with thy spirit
            Pastor: Let us Pray
  Offering
                                 "Improvisation"
        Offertory
                                                                        Van Hulse
Doxology 382
Instalation of Teachers and Officers of the Church School
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Anthem: "There Stands Unheard amid the Crash a God of Love" No
                                                                                               Noble
                                             Matthew 5:19-20
       Scripture:
                                              "DISHARMONY"
        Sermon:
      *Closing Hymn No. 114 "Wonderful grace of Jesus"
       Postlude
                               + + *Congregation Standing + + + + + +
       The Lovely Flowers on the Altar have been placed by Jean Snyder and Betty Glenn Gould in loving memory of
          their "Mothers" Mrs. Ernest G. Snyder and
          Mrs. DeWitt Glenn.
      Serving as Ushers today are*Richard Mangel, Don Kingsley
Art Carney and Gary Penar.
Mrs. Karen Vensel will be in charge of Nursery today.
Mr. & Mrs. Edward Walker will greet the Congregation
   at the door this morning.

On't forget to include with your envelopes anyone you would like to see run for Elder or Deacon. Next Sunday is the last chance to place any Nomination in
          for next Novembers election.
     Next Sunday is the Congregational Dinner at 5:30 sharp. Bring enough tureens to compensate for your family. There are a few opening for Altar flowers in the near future - Feb. 14, and 28 - Let Bea know.if you are
       interested.
Tonight and Wed - Youth Fellowship
       Monday - 6-8 - Aerobics in Rehoboth Hall
Tues. - 6-8 Aerobics in Rehoboth Hall
Wed. - 7:15 - Chancel Choir Practice with Harry C.
       Wed. - No Youth Choir practice for this evening.
Thurs. - 6-9 - Aerobics in Rehoboth Hall
       Paul Campbell and Art Snyder will be visiting the Hospital this week.
        We have new Bible readings in for the year - you can find one in the Narthex. We will not be receiving the
       ones we used to get.
Our Daily Bread Booklets are in for March, April and
May. If you would like to leave a donation for these
May. If you would like to leave a donat
it will help pay for the printing.
Mospitalized: Mrs. Lena Frederick -BCMH
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"Disharmony" Scrip: Mt. 5:19-20; Text: Mt. 5:19 Men of choir demo-Disharmony etc; revu las wk larmy This expl who he was; wat he do; he was 2=Fulfill This mean xxxxxx 2B obedient 2 Law & Prophs Ex=Moses; Abe/Is; Kings, Judgs; Utensils Tab; All FULFIL He ed & fufil all types of examps which bt 2 him Ex=Proph=All spk Him; tel virth/plac; minstry, lif, deth resur; outlin deth cros & Js FULFIL=obe 2 thes prophs vNow cum 2 19th ys & mus ask=wat do say 2me? Wat is personal mesag Js want me 2 kno & hav? Lets Ik in entirty (read 19) & wat law He spk of? Moral law=10 C's=they stil effec & no bin rescind Men hav try abridg.circumvent, but no can B dun Men hav try abridg circumvent, but no can B dun W osoever anyl; shal brk mean 2 sin deliberatly Least-Gr MICRO; eng-MICRO(Js no mean 638 laws, nexwh Mean-anyl striv jus brk m. Law teensy, weensy bit, a not only do themselv, but cuas others 2do-that persn-MICROs G's kingdom
Ev-100's a hour reader. Ex=10C's & how we deal=L's Name & we not only brk, but caus othrs brk in minute, or MICROS way, we/they small in G's kingdom=MICROS But Js add comparson=Whoso=any1; shal do & teach=any1 by word mouth, deed, exampl, he 2B great
Tesch=mean accpt & 2 extend hand 2;=a persn who accpt
Truth, & extend 2 othrs he is 2B Great & Grt=Gr MEGA Exs=Megaphone, enlarg sound etc; Megaton=very lrg Whoever accpt truth & extend hand 2=Great, MEGA kingdr But mus defin futhr: All this rais prob GRACE/LAW Sum peop mak livs miserbl Bcuz striv folo LAw rules, regs manmade in ch brot about Then thoz say, I sav by Grac & no mattr wat I do sids partil rt; but in them can C phars Js spk 2 Js cam 2B obed 2 law, no do way=jus sho do way man made regs & rules, & moral Code lef=10 c's By deth, resur=G's free gif mankin GRACE; but Gr no free man 2do as pleas & this Disharmony which Bcum apparent Btween Js & relig ldrs & this Disharmoney we C 2day Wat anser?=Rom 8:2-4(Read)this import by own sinful natur canot liv up 2 law of G, wen accpt G's Grac=4givnes sin thru Js Xp can liv kx LAW Bcuz G's H Sp cum in2 livs, liv within & Empowr Nevr mean cud do own streng, or powr but dus mean can do with help & guidanc H Sp; mus lean & fold But mus resolv from standpt no fal bak work righteou pattern; Phars & peop Js talk 2 wer in trap try liv law, hardr try, mor frustrat lif So why G creat Law Bcuz sinfulnes of man

'Disharmony" Scrip: Mt. 5:19-20; Text: Mt. 5:19 The Law acted as teachr 4 mankind & fact out acted & fact ou from God From God

Js in Disharmony with relig His day Bouz they no no minderst G's plan 4 their livs

But ther no need 4 Disharmony 4 is Bouz Is has come a bring us lift, that lift mor abundantly well for the more abundantly well for the come of the come R we strive let Him liv in us, motivat us, direct was with Hop liv xpian lif can shud liv to of A we stil caut up ratrace liv 2 las lettr of the law with all its, buts, ifs, and whereases? vino G's kingdom Ex=100's & how we deal=L's Name & we not only brk, but caus othrs brk in minute, or MICROS way, we/they small in G's kingdom=MICROS But Js add comparson=Whoso=any7; shal do & teach=any7 by word mouth, deed, exampl, he 2B great
Teach=mean accpt & 2 extend hand 2;=a persn who accpt
Truth,& extend 2 othrs he is 2B Great & Grt=Gr MEGA Exs=Megaphone, enlarg sound etc; Megaton=very lrg Whoever accpt truth & extend hand 2=Great, MEGA kingdi But mus defin futhr: All this rais prob GRACE/LAW Sum peop mak livs miserbl Bcuz striv folo LAw rules, regs manmade in ch brot about Then thoz say, I sav by Grac & no mattr wat I do Bo sids partil rt; but in them can C phars Js spk 2 Js cam 2B obed 2 law, no do way=jus sho do way man made regs & rules, & moral Code lef=10 c's
By deth, resur=G's free gif mankin;GRACE; but Gr no free man 2do as pleas & this Disharmony which Beum apparent Btween is & relig ldrs & this Disharmoney we C 2day Wat anser?=Rom 8:2-4(Read)this import by own sinful natur canot liv up 2 law of G, wen accpt G's Grac=4givnes sin thru Js Xp can liv kk LAW Bcuz G's H Sp cum in2 livs, liv within & Empowr Nevr mean cud do own streng, or powr but dus mean can do with help & guidanc H Sp; mus lean & fol-But mus resolv from standpt no fal bak work righ Leou pattern; Phars & peop Js talk 2 wer in trap try liv law, bardr try, mor frustrat lif So why G creat Law? Bouz sinfulnes of man

Scripture: Matthew 5:19-20 Harusettig

Marsteller, Rickard, oLIVER BUILDING . PIP15 LWW 1521

We had said last week that we wanted some of the men from the choir to give a demonstration of Harmony to illustrate the sermon title for last week. We had added that they would give a demonstration of "Disharmony" this week, but I don't believe they are prepared for this either. So as we look at this portion of Scripture we see that Jesus is adding to what He had said in the previous verses and in particular the 17th verse. Perhaps we need to look at that again to get the implication from it. (Read verse 17). We had said that the secret word of that verse is the word "fulfill," and that it meant to be obedient to, and not as is commonly thought "to complete." Jesus went on to say that not one small marking of the Law would pass away until God had

ient, that everything would work out in obedience to God's plan and will. AMEREXARENE By saying these things Jesus was telling those who were listening to His words that He was not against the Law and the Prophets, but instead, He was in "Harmony" with them. This gave His hearers, inparticular the religious leaders a sense of well-being. This unknown prophet was not striving to turn people away from the Law and as they had at first thought. But He was actually preaching the same things they were.

brought about His plan. And the word "fulfill" at that point also means obed-

But as He spoke further there were probably two different things being heard. To those who were looking at the Law from the standpoint of living up to it by following the most minute detail, Jesus was saying this is what should be done. To those who were frustrated by the inability to live up to the minute details of the Law, they had heard a "Disharmony" being preached and they were trying to sort all of this out. We know that these people were hearing new and different teaching from what they had learned and for many of them it was something they could not handle. As a result, many of them never really came to know or understand Jesus for Who and What He really was. It is pointless then for us to strive to show what they should have understood. But it

is imperative that we understand all of this in its fullest context if we who sa, we are followers of Jesus Christiare to live the life He wants and wanted for all of His disciples. With this in mind then, let us asknows we the question, "Just what was Jesus saying in this 19th verse?" A "That does it say to me, personally?"

To answer, perhaps we need to back up and to point out that Jesus Christ was completely obedient to the Law. This is what He meant by thew word "Fulfill." If we look at the entire Old Testament we can see from start to finish He Comleted, or fulfilled all of the types which were given, pointing people to the coming of that particular person. Examples of this are; Moses. He was a type of Christ because he led the people from slavery to freedom; Abraham sacrificing his son Isaac, and the ram being a substitute; the Tabernacle with its altar, and utensils; these are just a few of the many, many types which point to Him coming at a later time and Jesus Christ fulfilled, or completed every one of them.

If we look at the prophecies concerning Mix in the Old Testament we see that it told where He was to born, who would point people to Him, the outline of His death on the cross, His life and all other apects of about Him, It told of His life, His ministry, His death, and pointed to His resurrection. All of this can be found in the Old Testament and Jesus said He wasn't doing away with any of it, but instead, was completing it.

Jesus didn't mean the 638 or so laws the Scribes and Pharisees had put tog ler to interpret the Ten Commandments. We shall deal with some of them next week. At this point He was saying that anyone who strives to just break the Moral Law a little bit, just a teensy, weensy, little sin, not only to do that oneself, but to teach others to do so, xxxxx that person shall be MIKCROS in God's Kingdom. A good example of this would be perhaps how we interpret the Ten Commandments and then live them. We know and believe that it is sinful and breaking the Ten Commandments to use the Lord's name in vain. This means that if I hit my finger with a hammer I should not use God's name and put a swear word after it. Nor should I use the name of Jesus Christ in my conversation to emphasize what I am trying to say. Especially, if I am not talking from a religious standpoint. We all know this. But how many of us may hear some startling news, or bad news, or something of that nature and cry out, "Oh my God." That is breaking the Commandment, but in a smaller way, or so think. This is what Jesus was talking about. By our minute, MICROS way of breaking the Moral Law, we may lead others to break it in the minute, or MICROS way and thus we will be MICROS, or small and insignificant in God's Kingdom.

But there is a comparison here. Jesus adds, "But whosoever," but anyone, who "Shall do and teach them,"; He meant that anyone who acted in a manner so as to show others, either by example, or by word of mouth. The word teach had the meaning of "Accepting," this would mean accepting the truth; and it meant "To extend the hand to." To accept the truth of God's love for mankind, and to reach out to others to share it. Whoever does this, "Shall be called great in the kingdom of heaven." The word "Great" is from a Greek word "MEGAS" and it is from that word we get our English word "MEGA" which we use as a prefix for other words such as Megaphone, to enlarge the sound, make it great; Megaton which we use to denote a large explosion and so on. The person who not only accepts the Law, but who passes it on, will be considered Large, Great in God's kingdom.

But we must define this further because speaking along those dines raises the prolems of Daw and Grace 10 There are those who are Christians who are making their lives miserable because they are striving to Dive by the 120. Manmade rules and regulations within the Church have brought much of this about. Then there are those who say all Law is done away with through Christ and they are claiming to live by Grace. Therefore, they say, "I am saved by Grace, and it doesn't matter what I do." Both sides are partially right. In them we can see the Pharisees and the people Jesus was addressing with these words when He spoke them.

Jesus came to complete the Law, that is what "Fulfill" meant in the 17th verse. Byt His life, His ministry, His Death, and His Resurrection He fulfilled or completed the Law. This didn't do away with the Ten Commandments, it merely did away with all of the man made rules added to them. By His death and resurrection He gave Grace, "the Free Gift from God" to mankind. But with that ace, man must still live the Moral Law God set forth. Grace does not free man to do anything he pleases or to live as He pleases. This is the "Disharmon, which began to become apparent between Jesus and the religious leaders of His day and this is the "Disharmony" we see in our own day and age. So what is the answer to this conflict?

Paul tells us in the 8th chapter of his letter to the Romans, verses 2 through 4, let us look at these verses, (read them). This is important. By our own weak sinful nature we can never live up to the Law of God. But when we accept God's Grace, fogiveness of sin through Jesus Christ, then we can live the Law because God's Holy Spirit comes into our lives and lives within us, and empowers us to live the Law. It doesn't mean thatwe can ever do it on our own strength or in our own power. But it does mean that we can do it with the help and guidance of the Holy Spirit. We must lean on Him and follow His leading in our lives.

But we must resolve this from the standpoint that we do not fall back into the works rigtheousness pattern. The pharisees and the people Jesus was talking

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E X P R E S S 1 - 1 6 1 6

ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST Butler, Pennsylvania
Fourth Sunday After Epiphany January 31, 1982
The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Pastor
Mr. Harry Cunningham, Organist and Choir Director
Mr. Roland Thompson, Saxophonist
Traci McMillin and Amy Vargo - Acolytes Prelude "Cantilene" Peeters *Processional Hymn No. 322 "When morning gilds the skies" *Exhortation *Confession (In Unison) "O Lord Jesus Christ who didst give Thy life for us that we might receive pardon and peace, mercifully cleanse us from all sin, and evermore keep us in Thy favor and love, who livest and reignest with the Father, and the Holy Spirit, ever one God, world without end. Amen." *Kyrie *Assurance of Pardon *Praise *Pastor: Blessed be the Lord God!
*People: And blessed be His Glorious Name forever *Gloria Patri Who's Who in the Pew Announcements Joys, Concerns, Prayer Requests
Hymn No. 440 "The Lord's Prayer" Call to Prayer Pastor: The Lord be with you People: And with thy spirit Pastor: Let us Pray Offering "I Am Trusting Thee, Lord Jesus"Lenel Doxology 382 "Deliver Us, Good Lord!" Matthew 5:20 Llangloffan Scripture: "THE INTERPRETATION" Sermon: *Closing Hymn No. 619 "I Love to Tell the Story"

Postlude "These Are the Holy Ten Commands" Bach + + + + + + + *Congregation Standing + + + + + + + Postlude The Lovely Flowers on the Altar have been placed by Mr. & Mrs. William Johnston in memory of "Loved Ones" Serving as Ushers today are * Alvin Tait, Mike Nazaruk, James McClymonds and Edward Walker. Mr. & Mrs. Alvin Tait will greet the Congregation at the door this morning.

Today is the last chance to turn in names to run for Elder and Deacon in November. Put their names on a slip of paper and put in the Offering plate. Mrs. Karen Vensel will be in the Nursery today.
Tonight at 5:30 sharp - Congregational Dinner and
meeting. Bring enough food for your family. The
Yearbooks will be given out. Entertainment will be provided. Monday - 6-8 - Aerobics Worldy - 6-8 Aerobics
Tuesday - 6-8 Aerobics
Wed. - Youth; Wed. - Youth Chair Practice
Wed. - 7:00 - Council Meeting
Thurs. - 6-9 - Aerobics
Thurs. - 7:15 - Chancel Chair
Feb. 13 - Saturday - Pot Luck Dinner at 5:30 P.M. in Rehoboth Hall. New Bible Readings for the Year can be located in the Narthex. Our Daily Bread Booklets are in for March, April and May. If you would like to leave a donation for the cost of printing these - it would be appreciated. Ann Williams and Dutch Bolam will be visiting the Hospital this week. Tuesday - Feb. 9 - Soup and Salad Day. Tickets are now on sale at \$2.50 and can be purchased after church at the Brugh Ave. door. Child's tickets (7 and under) are \$1.00. We will need bazaar items or baked goods. We need quart salad dressing jars for the soup sales .. Where will you be and what will you be doing ten

Where will you be and what will you be doing ten years from today if you keep on doing what you are doing now?

> Hospitalized: Mr. Howard McLaren, Mrs. Lena Frederick

)

"The Interpretation" Scrip: Mt. 5:20; Text: Mt. 5:20 OS aV=Yss S liw ew H Giv bakgr: Js sit hil, spk 2grp=Com peo & relig ldrs interspers cr=Sc & Ph, can tel by dres bot intent on wat say; teach sumwat dir & sum thing feel litl import FIF is wat sed shud poses it ed thi mays far out 4 drergy but wat interp Law? how pixxxx pictur purp & mean 4 their livs? banix Had sed=Vss 17-18=(read); this sho defin agre w/Law vs 19=soun lik keep all includ 638 individ rul/regs but yet no bin quit consis in teach & mayB disagree So renu interes clergy strain 2catch words=vs 20 Mus bin sigh relief sc & ph 2 hear words, nudg, elbo & mayB few amens Bcuz lk lik Bliev as they fo Mus bin groan, dismay com ord peop; many shak heds, shrug sholders & ask=wat use? Thot this Mess as prom by Pr & Rabs, & mesag same herd B4 & no can liv, try 2 Both Js giv furthr interp in futur vss & sho wat mean Let us C wat He mean: (Paraphrase vs 20) 2 thoz herd mus Bliev Sc & Ph had all 2gethr peop lk up 2 them severl reasns: Scribes Explainl livs Ph's expl livs both grps admir, respec, & peop wish cud liv up2 them But many felt no had abilty 2do, but Js say not way 2 liv & ruls, regs, no liv 2 folo Moral Code Wat were they? (Illus Barcaly in book=Mt Vol 1) This merly part 638 law 2B liv & no wondr com peop feel inadequat, hoplesnes of lif Bcuz no 1 cud do it Sc & Ph let peop think cud liv & so ask, Why, how can. I posib B lik thez men? peop felt thez men holy/sand Js sho otherwis=Ex Lk 18:9-10=(Read) vs 11=tik off Law=no cheat, no cheat wif/neighbor wif lik tax collect vs 12=0t law say 1nce yr fast; tithe fr, wine, oil=herb Js pt out lead from G insted of 2 Him by extern1 liv Mt 23:13,14,15,23,25,27,29(this chap devot spk relig) Wat Js say 5:20 is that thez men livs hypocrisy Wat Js offr peop bas & simpl=no wrap in If, And, But or leglistic lagguag Insted offr G Morl Code & peop liv thru str G provid & no lk 2 men 4 exampl, or paragon of ritnes We sed=Exceed ritnes Sc & Ph He say by G's Grace Not thru externl law, man mad ruls; no thru trad or wat 4fathrs hav wrot cong; but by persnl accpt Js Xp as L & Sav that we made rite B4 $^{\rm G}$ Wen this hap ritnes exceed Sc & Phar evn 2day Gal 2:20=(Read & Paraphras) & as 1k livs this lite, hone say this wher we R rite now? Dux ritnes exceed Sc & Puar's among us Bcuz kno made rite B4 G thru Js Xp & not ruls & regs? Is this realty, or R striv own

The Interpretation" efforts? Scrip: Mt. 5:20; Text: Mt. 5:20 05 aV=yas 2 my sw R & if can say & doo as realty then can add as Edid The ritness which succeeds all manmade desalish tod is the ritnes which cum thru Grace, troomi Itil Issa & if wan other Grace & it was, then owns is at int how right purp & mean 4 then and an and work Had sed=Vss 17-18=(read); this sho defin agre w/Law vs 19=soun lik keep all includ 638 individ rul/regs but yet no bin quit consis in teach & mayB disagree So renu interes clergy strain 2catch words=vs 20 Mus bin sigh relief sc & ph 2 hear words, nudg, elto mayB few amens Bcuz lk lik Bliev as they do Mus bin groan, dismay com ord peop; many shak heds, shrug sholders & ask=wat use? Thot this Mess as prom by Pr & Rabs, & mesag same herd B4 & no can liv, try 2 Both Js giv furthr interp in futur vss & sho wat mean Let us C wat He mean: (Paraphrase vs 20)
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Scripture: Matthew 5:200 - HORUBETTIA

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We need to review the picture which is before us 050 this points of seated on a hillside wabove was large group of people is one solitary man. He is telling them with authority what life should be all about. Mostly the crowd is madex composed of common ordinary people. Interspersed throughout the crowd are the religious leaders of the ix the Jews. They are identifiable by their manner of dress. Both common people and clergy are intent upon what He is saying. But what is of compelling interest to each of them is how He is interpreting the Law. His teaching thus far has been in somewhat different to the extent that He has told that some of the things for which they feel downtrodden and of little importance in life, are the very things an individual should possess. This may be a little far out especially for the clergy, but what of His interpretation of the Law? How does He piant picture interpretation of the Law? How does He piant picture interpretation of the Law? How does He piant picture in the purpose and meaning for their lives?

He has said, (vs 17), and this definitely shows that He is in agreement with the Law, at least He has not preached the disobedience of it. He has said, (vs 19, read), and this sounds xxxxxxxx as though He is telling them to observe and keep the 638 individual little ix rules and regulations which have been added to the law. But yet, He has not been quite consistent with that as far as His teaching has gone and it is just may be that He is in disagreement with those responsible for interpreting God's Law. So with renewed interest the religious leaders, the clergy among the crowd must have strained to catch the next pronouncement from Him. They may have even interest forward or changed position fax intent upon what His next words would be. And then Jesus said, (vs 20, read it).

At this point there must have been a visible sigh of relief among the Scribes and Pharisees to hear these words. There may have even been a nudge of the elbow among a few of them, or a nod of the head to one another, or even a few words that this fellow isn't the radical they had thought Him to be. There may have even been a few many have even been a few

saying was God's will and way as pointed through the lives of these most religi-

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But there must have been an audible sigh of dismay among the common ordinary people. Many of other were probably shaking their heads and shrugging their shoulders as if to say, "What's the use? Here we thought this was what the Priests and Rabbis had been promising us. Here we thought that perhaps this man was that deliverer, the Messiah. And His message is just the same one we have heard before and we cannot live up to the law no matter how hard we try." Both sides in essence were right. But it needed further interpretation by Jesus to make this teaching understood. He did this in future verses as we shall see each week as we continue in this chapter. But let us look at some of the things Jesus was dealing with at this point.

He had said that unless the propin indidual life of each person hearing His words, (or as in our case, reading them), unless that life exceeded, or surassed the righteousness of the Scribes and the Pharisees, there was no way that person could enter the kingdom of heaven. This is a paraphrase of the 20th verse. To the people who heard this, and to the Scribes and the Pharisees as well, this was thought to mean that the Scribes and the Pharisees had it all together. The people looked up to the Scribes and the Pharisees for several reasons. The Scribes were the men who devoted their lives to the being and becoming complete authorities on the Law of God. Their whole lives were dedicated to the study of it. They made copies of it very laboriously and cautious ly so that it was correct. For this, the common people looked up to them. The Pharisees were men who separated themselves from the ordinary life and devoted themselves to the actual living of the Law. Their name meant "Separ rated" and people looked up to them because their lives were lived very scrupulously in the observance of the Law. For all of this, these two groups were much admired and respected. Many of the common people probably wished or longed forking they had the ability to live such a Godly life, but found they were unable to do so. But Jesus was actually pointing out that this was

not all that it appeared to be. For the Scribe and the Pharisee there was a tofrules and regulations which had to be lived up in order to accomplish the living of the Moral Code, or the Ten Commandments. In what were these rules and regulations? William Barclay explains this somewhat in his exposition of The Gospel of Matthew Volume 1. This is found in this quote: read from page 124, (bottom), to page 126, (top).

This is merely a part of the 638 individual little rules which were to be lived in order to comply withouthe Law. No wonder the common people felt the hopelessness of life. No one person could possibly live this life. But the Scribes and the Pharisees did. Or so they believed. But in actuality, the Scribes and the Pharisees were unable to live up to this code, but they did a good job of covering that up from the people. They The common man or woman had the feeling of being completely beneath the Scribes and Pharisees to the point that they felt like dirt under their feet. "How can I possibly be like any of these men? They are sanctified and holy." These are the opinions which most of them held or expressed. Jesus was taking this first opportunity to share with these people what the Scribes and the Pharisees really were. In the 18th chapter of Luke He told of a Pharisee and a Publican going to the Temple to pray. Listen to what it says as recorded starting incthe 9th verse. (Read verses 9 & 10). Then the Pharisee began to pray, (verse 11). Notice that he ticks off xxx certain parts of the Law. He doesn't cheat; he is fair to all in his dealings with them; he isn't cheating on his wife, or fooling around with someone else's wife; I'm not like this common ordinary tax-collector. Then he adds, (verse 12). See how far beyond the law he has gone? The O.T. Law only decreed that he had to fast once a year. He and all of his Pharisee

buddies increased that to twice a week. The Law required that a tithe, or of fruit, wine, ax and oil
1 - 10th was to be given for the Lord and so the Pharisees included their herbs in this as well. Jesus was pointing out ax that the Pharisees were guilty of leading others from God because of their external actions and lives.

But He also carried it even further as we read in the 23rd chapter of Matthew.

Starting with the 13th verse Jesus begins to really speak out against these

scribes and Pharisees. (Read Verses 12, 14, 15, 23, 25, 37, 30). Whis chapis whomek completely devoted to speaking to the lives of these religious
men. So what Jesus is saying when He told His listeners (read \$120), is that
much of the lives of the Scribes and Pharisees is a life of hypocrisy. Jesus
as offering these common ordinary people something simple and basic. It wasn'
all wrapped up in if's and's and but's, or legalistic language. Instead, it
was simply to accept God's Moral Code, strive to live it through the strength
and help God provided and not look to man as being the example or paragon of
righteousness.

When He said a person could not reach the kingdom of heaven unless his righteousness exceeded the righteousness of the Scribes and the Pharisees," He was
saying that a person was only made righteous before God, by God's Grace. It
is not through living a series of external laws or man made rules; it is not
through tradition or what our forefathers have wrought in the congregation;
but it is by our own personal acceptance of Jesus Christ as Lord and Saviour
made
that we are righteous in the sight of God. Then our righteousness exceeds
and the legalists
that of the Scribe, the Pharisee, among us even to this day.

This is what Paul was striving to point out as we read in his letter to the Galatians, chapter 2, werse 20, (read this). We must count ourselves as being crucified with Christ. His execution, is to be my execution to sin; Because of this I live, but it is not me that is alive, but Jesus lives in me; thus the life I am now able to live in this flesh is lived being made righteous before God, and that is my complete trust, or faith in Him; because He loved me and made this possible by giving Himself for me. As we look at ourselves in this light, can we honestly say that is where we are right now? Does our righteousness exceed that of the Scribes and Pharisees among us, because we know we are made righteous before God through Jesus Christ and not rules and regulations? Is this our reality, or are we striving through our own efforts? Are we willing to say, "I AM CRUCIFIED WITH CHRIST: NEVERTHELESS I LIVE; YET NOT I, BUT CHRIST LIVETH IN ME; AND THE LIFE XXXXXX WHICH I NOW LIVE IN THE

FOR ME." Galatians 2:20. And if we can say that and know it as a reality in our lives, then we can also know what Paul added to that in the very next v verse, "I DO NOT FRUSTRATE THE GRACE OF GOD: FOR IF RIGHTEOUSNESS COME BY THE LAW, THEN CHRIST IS DEAD IN VAIN." The righteousness which succeeds all man made legalism is the righe usness which comes through Grace, and if we know this Grace and it is ours, then ours is the kingdom of heaven.

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ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST Butler, Pennsylvania
February 7, 1982 Butler, Pennsylvania
Fifth Sunday After Epiphany February 7, 198
The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Pastor
Mr. Harry Cunningham, Organist
Mrs. Ginger Harbison, Youth Choir Director
Mr. Roland Thompson, Saxophonist
Danny Mangel and Chris Andrews - Acolytes Prelude "Vision" Hegarty
*Processional Hymn No. 323 "Holy! Holy! Holy! Lord God Almighty" *Ascription *Exhortation *Confession (In Unison) "Almighty God, by your power is Christ raised from death to rule this world with love. Christ raised from death to full this world with love. We confess that we have not believed in Him, but fall into doubt and fear. Gladness has no home in our hearts, and gratitude is slight. Forgive our dread of dying, our hopelessness, and set us free for joy in the victory of Jesus Christ who was dead but lives, and will put down every power that hurts or destroys, when your promised kingdom comes. Amen." *Kyrie *Assurance of Pardon *Praise

*Pastor: Blessed be the Lord God! *People: And blessed be His Glorious Name forever *Gloria Patri Who's Who in the Pew Announcements Announcements
Joys, Concerns, Frayer Requests
Hymn No. 443 "I Need Thee Every Hour"
Call to Prayer
Pastor: The Lord be with you
People: And with thy spirit
Pastor: Let us Pray Offertory "There's Something About That Name" Gaither Mr. Roland Thompson, Saxophonist 382

"Pass It On" Matthew 5:21-22 Anthem: Youth Choir Scripture: "CRYSTAL CLARITY" Sermon: *Closing Hymn No. 409 "Who Is on the Lord's Side?" *Benediction Postlude "Renew Me, O Eternal Light" Postfude "Renew Me, O Eternal Light" Waither + + + + + + + *Congregation Standing + + + + + + + + + The Lovely Flowers on the Altar have been placed by Mr. & Mrs. William Thompson to the "Glory of God" Serving as Ushers today are: *Charles Penar, Dan Bosko, Don Wogan and Dave McMillin. Mr. & Mrs. Howard Bolam will greet the Congregation Mrs. & Mrs. Howard Bolam will greet the Congregation at the door this morning. Attendance last week 183 Mrs. Kay Brown will be in the Nursery this morning. Please pick up your Yearbook this morning Monday - No Aerobics mon or Tues.

Tues. - Soup and Salad Day - treat your sweetheart to lunch or dinner. Tickets available after church at at Brugh Ave. door or at door on Tuesday. Bring bazaar items Monday morning or evening or Tuesday morning in time for noon sales. We need help Monday morning making final preperations. Anyone is welcome to help. to help. Wed. - 7:15 - Chancel Choir; 6:00 Youth Choir Thurs. - 6-9 - Aerobics

Sat. - Feb. 13 - Valentine Party for Adult Fellowship.
in Rehoboth Hall. "Pot luck" will start at 5:30 P.M. Bring table service, a main dish tureen and either a Ski Trip Feb. 19 - Hidden Valley (if there is snow). See Lloyd Link for a ski form. Finance Committee Meeting will be at 7:00 P.M. Feb. 18th - Thursday evening. Order forms can be picked up for Easter Eggs now -They have to be back in by Feb. 28 Bob Dellen and Chet Stauffer will be visiting the Hospital this week.

There's only ONE direction you can coast - and that's Feb. 18-6:30 - Butler Area Layman's own!

Dinner at St. John's - See J.W. Harmon

Hospitalized - Margaret McClymonds, Trea Nicholas.

"Crystal Clarity Scrip: Mt. 5:21-22; Text: Mt. 5:21a, 22a 4mer Pres sed=Let me mak this pref clear; & this Js do remain chap & 6,7 titl=Cyystal Clarity, it is But 2underst mus hav overvu of Scrip Js describ thoz 2Bcitizen hvn & so giv natur=Beats Then spok lif/functin in worl; then relatship 2 law, T 1 tol vs 20, & so at pt He brk dwn further Bgin nex wk lk pt, by pt, but this morn overvu 21-48 From this we wil C His positiv aproach 2 law vs Sc, Ph Mus remem=He pt out, ritenes mus exceed Sc & Phar 21-48=C 6 statmen alk=21,27,31,33,38,43 sed wat bin But wat mean? Dif trans giv dif words & this linguis No1 kno if supos 2B=BY,TO,& reasn authors no agree & so mus jus bout choos sides=if TO=Js refer Law of Mos as givn 2 the fathers: if BY=Law as giv inter S/P I Bliev word BY, & reasn=If wer TO then mean Law giv by G,& wen Js say=But I say, mean own interp or add Law of G compl, need no adds, & man think did, & so Js pt this out Illus; histry repeat & can prov agin/agin; Xpian Ch gru aftr Pent & cum 2 pt wher Scrips red Lat, & interp Pr peop no read/underst Lat & depen Pr; Prot Ref & peop then knu salv no thru sacramens peop Js day same: peop Is captiv, Babylon; whil ther lern Aramaic, 4get Hebru; cum bak, no read underst & depen Sc/Ph interp Law; so Js sed=U hav herd, bin hear & resul peop that Law as giv Sc/Ph rite
But Sc/Ph add twist, quirk & no 1 knu real/interp So Js striv mak Cryst Clear=He wil giv Cryst Clarty No Nu laws, but wat He giv orig & now giv in flesh vs 17=He fuffil=Obey, God was, is, evrB consistent wen say/put 4th remain sam & stay sam; Js was G & He i's Word=ther4 He giv interp compl as giv in Begin Principl 1=Lettr Law, & Spirit of it:man concentrat on form, rathr than content; giv man list ruls/regs & he striv livup ea with no thot deepr, mor import means P say=2 Cor 2:6=Liv letr no jus kil mean, but tru purp but liv Sp, iner content Law giv lif & this wat Js sho Principl 2=Law not negativ, but positiv; no jus 2 prever from do wrong, but 2do rite things & 2 luv do it Js say=we 2B luvrs ritenes=Ps 19:7=Read=G's Law sumth shud chang, revers naturl inclin 2liv worl livs, liv 4 P expan=Rom 2:11=Ever1 same G site & luv same vs 12=thoz outsid perish, G tak care own way; thoz here stil sin 2B judg & here dif=vs 13=thoz liv 4 G justif vs 1 lowly Gents, considr dog & they=vs 15a all his pt 2 conditin hart & ther stil many peop who tak negative attitud regard 2 this, they lk livs, mak inventry & no smok, drink, gambl, or othr no/no=1k thoz do & swel with pride,

But no considr pride sinful; nor wil they considr envy, greed, jelsy, may hav insid as sinful, Js spk not only outward liv of Law, but inward also & both actins shud B 4the seek of riteness Principl 3=Lk at Law as interp by Js as B 2restrictive 2 oppresiv & 2 striv liv holy, sanctify lif 2 hard & no worth it If this our atitud we nevr understud wat Xpian 1 all about P say=Eph 4:11-13=We 2B instruc,2gro knowl G & Status & fulnes of Xp WHY? vs 14-so we no folo wrong doctrin, but that wat of G WHY? vss 15-22=EXPLAIN WHY? vs 23=this so we can=vs 24=this 2B end result & then can understan, comprehend, completly wat Js sa; (Illustration robber/Priest & giv up smok 4 Lent) Do we underst we made free from liv letr of Law? Do we underst it sp of law we 2 observ? Wen lay dwn nite do ask selvs=Hav I liv my lif 2da; in way honor, glorify G? Has ther bin anythin which has been, or is no Xplik Is wat we do merely a form of relig, cert tim, cert way Do I pray cert time, cert ritul duz nothin increas my hungr & thirst 4 things of G? If our worship nothin mor than mechanic thing we cannot liv as Js want If my preach noth mor than fulfil task giv sermon, & not presen Gosp Js Xp 2 help U & I 2 kno Him betti & 2 luv Him mor, mayB thing dam my soul G 4bid we shud turn livs in2 mere relig, or folo ruls THE LETTER killeth, but the spirit giveth life

Scripture: Matthew 5:21422 HORUBETTIG

Te : 5:21a, "We have heard it that it was said by them of old,"
5:22a, "But I say unto you."

| Description of the say of

Not too long ago we had a president who used the phrase when explaining something, "Let me make this perfectly clear." Jesus wax did this in the remaining verse of this chapter. In fact, He not only made that clear in the 5th chapter but in the 6th and 7th as well. If we would want to entitle the remainder of this sermon on the Mount with a title, we could use the title, "Crystal Clarity" because that is just what it is.

in order But to understand this as we go through it inxitaxentiretxxxxx a part at ax a time, we need to have an overview of the Scripture. Jesus was describing those who were to be the citizens of the Kingdom of Heaven. So He first gave a de-AKITIMA scription of the nature the Christian should have and this was found in the Beatitudes. Then He spoke of the life and function of this person in the world. Then we saw how all of this was brought to a relationship to the Law. But He then summed all of it up by pointing out that anyone who is to be known as His follower had to have a righteousness which exceeded, or surpassed that of the Scribes and Pharisees. So we are now at the point where He begins to break that done still further. Beginning next week we will look at this on a MONTE point by point basis, so this morning we want to have an overview of this fx block of Scripture as found in verses 21 through 48. From this we are going to see His own positive approach to the Law as He contrasts it to the interpretation of the Scribes and the Pharisees. In all of this we must remember that He is pointing out that to be His follower, our righteousness must exceed the righteousness of these men.

In this portion of Scripture from verse 21 through verse 48, we see six statements which are either completely similiar, or say the same thing with a minor hange of wording. For instance look at verse 21, it begins, "Ye have heard that it wasxsaid by them of old." Verse 27, says, "Ye have heard that it was was were said by them of old." Verse 31 says, "It hath been said," verse 33 says, "Again, ye have heard that it hath been said by them of old." Verse 38

says, "Ye have heard that it hath been said, yound in verse 45 we read, "Ye h e heard of Jesus pointing out something which has been said. But just what we saying by hearing by that term? Werswill deals with other separately week by week, but we must lack at them in their entirety to understand the the complete background of them. As we analyze this section of Scripture we must understand that you may find ix the wording in your translation reads different from what I have read. This is not merely because I have read from the King James Version, but is a matter of linguistics. No one actually knows whether the actual wording is "Ye have heard that it hath been said, "By" or "to" them of old." The reason being that not all authorities are in agreement. As we strive to decide which meaning it has we choose up sides at this point. Those who say the word to emphasize is "To" them of old," then, the meaning is that Jesus was referring to the Law of Moses as it was given to the Fathers. If we say that the key word is "By" them of ld," then it means that the Law was given to Moses and was interpreted or "said by them of old," meaning referring of course to the religious interpreter of the Law which were the Scribes and the Pharisees. I believe that the key word is "By" and not "To" and refers to the Pharisees and Scribes interpreting this Law. My reason for this is if the word it is "To, them of old," xthen it means this is the Law as given by God and anything Jesus would say, such as, "But $\underline{\mathbf{I}}$ say," would mean that He is giving His own interpretation, or adding to the Law and this He never did. Jesus spoke time after time about the Law, but He never gave an addition to it. The Law as given by God was complete and want needed no additions, but man in his finite wisdom saw fit to do otherwise and this is why Jesus was giving this interpretation.

Let's look at an illustration of this. We say that history has a tendency to repeat itself. We can point to this again and again to prove the point. The Christian Church had grown down through the years after Pentecost until it had come to a point where the Scriptures were translated and written in Latin.

Each Sunday the Scripture was read in Latin and interpreted by the priest.

The people could not read or understand Latin and so they were dependent upon the priest for that interpretation. We know then that the Protestant Reformation came about and people learned that it was not by the observance of the sacraments of the church that they received salvation. This is much like the people were in the days of Jesus when He was preaching this Sermon on the Mount The people of Israel had been taken captive and taken to Babylon. While there they had ceased to know the Hebrew language. When they returned their language was Aramaic, and so they could not speak Hebrew, much less read it. The Law of Moses as it was given was in Hebrew. So they were dependent upon the Scribe and the Pharisees for the interpretation of that Law. So Jesus was saying to them, "Ye have heard," or, "That is what you have been hearing," or, "This is what has been said to you." The end result of this was that what the people thought was the Law, was in reality that which the Scribes and the Pharisees told them was the Law. They had added their own little twists to that Law nd no one was able to tell which was the actual Law and which was the interpretation. So Jesus is striving to make this perfectly clear to them. He is going to give them "Crystal Clarity," and xxxxx then they will understand what He is saying, and what the Law actually said. Jesus was not giving a new set of Laws, or merely giving what He thought the Law said. He was giving them the Law which He had originally given to them which He did since He was God in the flesh. Those who do not know this or understand it strive to look at what Jesus was saying here and making giving it the interpretation that Jesus was giving a new law. He wasn't and we need to stress this to really understand what He was saying and doing. We need to point back to the 17th verse where He says that He came to fmffill, or be obedient to the Law. God was and is and ever will be consistent. When He says something or puts it forth as His declaration on any subject, it remains the same and doesn't have all sorts of different little interpretations to suit man's whims. Jesus was God and He was God's Word. Therefore, He was giving the complete interpretation of the Law as given by God from the very beginning.

But as we strive to understand more fully just what He is saying we need to

look at some principles which are involved. The first principle is that better of the Hawland the spirit of it. Men has always had a tendency to concentrate upon the form of something, rather than the content.

Give manuallist of rules and regulations and he will strive to live up to each of those rules without thought of deeper or more important meanings. Paul tells us in the and chapter, verse 6 of his second letter to the Corinthians, (read this). He was saying that living up to the letter of the law kills not only the complete meaning, but the true purpose of that law. But living the spirit, the inner content of that law gives life. This is what Jesus is going to point out in future verses here.

The second principle is that the law is not negative, but positive. It is not just to prevent us from doing something that is wrong, but it is materials to do the things which are right, but to love doing it. Jesus was pointing out that we should be lovers of righteousness. Psalm 19:7 tells us, "The law of ne Lord is perfect, converting the soul." This means that God's Law is something which should change, or reverse the natural inclinations to live worldly lives, and to begin living for Him. KingxBaxidxalxoxwxixasxinxksalmx#0x8xxxix delinatang kalang kalan xxximingxxmrxdeclaringxthatxitxixxx Paul expands this a little further as we read in Romans 2; beginning with the 11th verse. (Read verse 11). God has no respect for the individual. In His sight everyone is the same, and is loved the same. (Read verse 12). Those who have never heard the Law are outside of and they perish without it, this is in God's hand's, the Law and those who have heard the Law and have still sinned are going to be judged for that and here is the difference in verse 15, (read this). It is those who live what God wants that are justified. Then Paul gives the example of the lowly Gentiles, those who were considered as nothing more than dogs in the sight of the Jews as examples of what God will do with them, (read verses 14 & 15a). All of this points us to the condition of the heart. There are still many people, who take the negative aspect in regard to all of this. They will look at their lives and make the inventory and find that they do not

drink, or smoke, or gamble, or do any of the things which are often pointed out as einsthe none is a of bife. And then they will make the comparison to someone else's life who may do one or two of those things and well with pride.

In the meantime, they will not look upon that pride as being sinful, nor will they consider the envy, the greed, or the jealousy inside which they may have as being sinful. It isn't the outward living of the Law only, but the inward living of it as well, the seeking after righteousness that Jesus was speaking of also.

A third principle is that of looking at the kamamaximizam interpretation of the Law as given by Jesus as being too restrictive, or oppressive and the very kiximizefam striving to live a holy and sanctified life is too hard and not worth it. If this is the attitude we possess we have never understood what the Christian life is all about. Paul writing to the people in the Church at Eph-11th esus in the 4th chapter beginning at the 13kk verse wrote, (read verses 11-13). are to be instructed, to grow in the instruction and the knowledge of God to the "Stature of the fulness of Christ." Why? (Read verse 14), so that we are not following wrong doctrine, but that which is of God. And again we must ask "Why?" (Read verses 15-22, and explain.) All of this brings us to what we should be and Paul tells us to, (Read verse 24). That should be the end rerult which lets us understand completely what xxxxxx Jesus was and is trying to say.

(Illustration of robber and priest, and no cigar because gave up for Lent)

Do we really understand that we are made free from living to the letter of a set of Laws? Do we understand that it is the spirit of the Law we are to observe? Do we ask ourselves perhaps when we lie down at night, "Have I lived my life today in a way which honored and glorified **Xim God? Has there been any thing in my life which has been or is **x not Christlike? Is what we do merely a discipline, a form of religion at a certain time, a certain way? Do I pray at a certain time each day, or indulge in a ritual which does nothing to **INEXEM** increase my hunger and thirst for the things of God?

If our worship together is nothing more than a mechanical thing we cannot live as Tesus wants us to. If my preaching is nothing more than fuff fulfilling a task to supply a sermon, and not to present the Gospel of Jesus Christ to help you and I to know Him better and to love Him more, kww it may be the thing that will damn my soul. God forbid that we should turn our lives into just a mere religion or following of rules and regulations. "The letter killeth, but the spirit giveth life."

Marsteller, Rickard,

Gebhardt and Reed, Inc.

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ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST Butler, Pennsylvania
Sixth Sunday After Epiphany February 14, 1982
The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Pastor
Mr. Harry Cunningham, Organist and Choir Director
Mr. Roland Thompson, Saxophonist
Danny Mangel and Chris Andrews - Acolytes Prelude "Lamento" Peeters
*Processional Hymn No. 325 "All hail the power of Jesus' name! *Exhortation *Confession (In Unison) "Lord God, our Saviour, you have been faithful in your promise to deliver us from the guilt of our sins, and make us acceptable to you and your kingdom. But too often I have not been faithful in following my promise to obey your will, and I have not loved my neighbors and enemies. I humbly ask forgiveness Lord. In Jesus' name. Amen." *Assurance of Pardon *Pastor: Blessed be the Lord God! *People: And blessed be His Glorious Name forever *Gloria Patri Who's Who in the Pew Announcements Joys, Concerns, Prayer Requests Hymn No. 400 Call to Prayer "Have Thine own way, Lord!" Pastor: The Lord be with you People: And with thy spirit Pastor: Let us Pray Prayer Offering Offertory "D Minor" Handel Doxology 382 Anthem: "They Led My Lord Away" - Spiritual Scripture Matthew 5:21-26
"HAVE YOU HEARD OF MURDER?" Sermon: rayer

*Closing Hymn No. 345 "Crown Him with Many Crowns" *Benediction Postlude "Christ Jesus Lay in Death's Strong Bands" ++++++ * Congregation Standing ++++++ The Lovely Flowers on the Altar have been placed by Mr. & Mrs. Charles Fleeger to the "Glory of God" Serving Ushers today are: *Dutch Bowser, Marie Henry, Jean Pflugh, and Diana Hollefreund. Mr. & Mrs. Rudolph Bowser will greet the Congregation at the door this morning.

Robin Knauer will have charge of Nursery today.

Hospitalized: Mrs. Margaret McClymonds, Mrs. Bernice
Nicholas, Mrs. Rex Jewell. If you have not picked up your Yearbook - please do so today. so today.

Menday - 6-8 Aerobics

Tues. - 6-8 - Aerobics

Wed. - 7:00 - Budget and Finance Committee Meeting

Wed. - 7:15 - Chancel Choir; 6:00 Youth Choir

Thurs. - 6:30 - Butler Area Layman's Dinner at St. John's. Coming up on Wed. 24 - - Ash Wednesday Service in Rehcboth Hall. Holy Communion will be served. Don Wogan and Dave McMillin will be visiting the Hospital this week. The Love Loaves will be given out at the Ash Wednesday Feb. 19th - Ski Trip to Hidden Valley.

Easter Egg forms are being passed out - if you think you can sell any see Virginia Mangel - Eggs will be made soon. 2 new flavors - price drop to \$4.25

The attendance last Sunday was 219.

Elders and Deacons get your list of names back as any other and the processing the content of the process of quickly as possible.

Pancake Day is March 13 - contact Dick Mangel if willing to help.

Three of the most significant words in anyone's life are, "I Love You." We all are in need of love — and to give it. It is only in giving our love that we can experience the true joy of living; and we give our love, not in words, but in deeds. God, Himself, has set the pattern in Romans 5:3

"Have You Heard Of Murder: Scrip: Mt. 5:21-26 Las wk had ovrvu 21-48, includ R 6segments M Code Ma hav tendency 2 lk thez, lik Beats, as nic sayings but no 4us; but R 4us & wil C specif they 2 aply us Sumtins may B painful 4U & 4 me as wel, but mus pray 4gu nc; I wud ask U 2 read this Scrip B4 ea Sun, pray bout it, & ask G direc ea us 2 C His Truth unfol (Prayer 4 specif directin thez 4th cum mesags) Hav U Herd Of Murdr? Js sed U did, in fac, sed U herd is was sed by them of old time, then Bgin 1st of 6 ex Wat is it U herd? Thou shalt not kil-of 10 C's=MCode But S & P reduc 2 simpl=Kil, murdr, & Jew word jus tha Law 4 kil spel out Num 35:30-31, & if so why S & P wrong? Wat Js try 2 say? vs 21=Judgment=23 man council mos town & punish mete was deth strangulatin, or Bhead 2 S & P this ment=Murdr only,& rite of cours, but had reduc law 2 local men & G no entr in2 it; if no murdr had kept law=But Js say not so,& vs 20 emphasiz this Js now interp as G want & so say authorty as G,I SAY vs 22=This judgmen of G,& not jus man; this dif lite But Js knu mos peop ther had bin/wer/stil wud B ang sum1 lit1 no caus & so add 2 this; 22b=RACA=worthles felo; term use Tpers despis nothr & hol persn in contempt=(Illus Rabbi & RACA) Js sed this serious & whol Council deal=72 Sanhedrin & was Supreme Cort Jews; but stil 1 step furthr; 22c=FOOL=Moros & mean mor than jus fool, mean moral, or imoral persn; 2 brand sum1 thus in effec destroy reputatin; & man do this do mor damag persn than kil Charactr assinatin giv dangr hell fire e=Gehenna=SW Jeru Hinnom Valy; deep ravin K Ahaz introduc fir worship heathn god Molech; sacrif littl childrn by burn in fire=2 Chron 28 K Josiah reform & decre valy polut 4evr & rubish, garbag Jeru dump & burn; burn constant, thik smok & Js use depic fire of hell vss 23-24=Js canng neg 2 positiv; examp man cum sacrii stol sumthin; if pries kno, not maderestitutin, he 2 remov sacrif & no accpt=pt Js mak=man reconcil man, B4 canB reconcil 2 God=G no hear worship 1 not rt with feloman Is our worship beneficl? Duz seem G no hear? Perhap mus B reconcil sum1 ordr 2B made rt B4 God! Vss 25-26=Js add yet nothr dimensin; He say shud mend fences B4 Bcum 2dificul & then cost dearly Gud posibilty He say=get strait 2Day, Bcuz 2morro way nevr cum; mus not put off oportuns mak rt B4 it

1 mos sorry statmen I hear at pass of luv 1=If only I had dun such and such The same aply 2 reconcil selvs with feloman R we lik S & P's this pt,lk livs,lk M Code & s , I nevr kil anyl, therfor, I no brok law?

But perhap hav thot sum B Bneath us, Blow our statur; But perhap hav thot sum1 Bneath us, Blow our statur; perhap hav ruin sum1 reput xm by spred rumo osip Hav we made selvs lk big & othrs smal? (Illus preachr, gosip & feathrs from pillow)
I kno preachr this happen 2 & hurt, harm it caus G says 2 thoz in Ch 2day, I cleans U & made U whol. I tuk U in Ur dirty filthy livs, & I made U mine. & yet, here R many of U 2day within My very Ch acting superior, & smug, & un4giv 2 one anothr. Can't we C 2day that we need 2 lk at selvs & thoz aroun us in nu way? aroun us in nu way? 4 thoz we may feel or sonsidr less than us, let us feel & Bliev, "Ther, But For The Grace Of God Go and then let us reach out 2day & mend fences, let us B reconcil 2 one another & this then we can kno wat it is 2 hav our riteness exceed that of the S's & P's & so entr Kingdom of Heaven

"Have You Heard Of Murder?"

Scripture: Matthew 5.21-26 Hanuartin

Marsteller, Zickard,

Here were heard of the dealer and dealer and dealer and dealer and the control of the best and the control of t

ble of instruction encomples and ich diex middle sive of a the stank. A preservance as the approximation of the stank and the st

Last week we gave an overview of this section of Scripture from Matthew 5:21 through 5:48. Within each of these segments we will see how Jesus deals with this Moral code, but we will see specifically how it is a vital part of our lives as well. We have a tendency as we pointed out with the Beatitudes, to look at this Sermon on The Mount as something which contains some nice little illustrations of how Jesus taught, but these ideas are somehow outdated for us and the day in which we live. Nothing could be further from the truth. One thing which I note in this chapter is that these examples are somewhat painful. They are painful to read, they are painful to apply to our lives, and they are partial to preach. There are some portions of Scripture which anyone doing any preaching would like to avoid. A few of these in our series are just that. But we are looking at God's Word and we must be faithful to interpret not just what we like to hear, but to interpret as well, that which we should hear perhaps above all others. I would ask you to specifically be in prayer about these messages not only for your own enlightenment on them, but for my enlightenement and direction in presenting them. I would also urge you to remember that I am striving to give to you as faithfully as possible the words of Jesus and what He actually said, xx and not my interpretation of what He said. There are some blanks which we do not have the complete answer for. In these instances I shall strive to present the facts as we know them and make as truthful an interpretation as possible. Let us seriously consider these examples as Jesus gives them seek God's opening of our lives to Him to live accordingly. Let us pray. (Prayer for direction in these messages forthcoming)

"Have You Heard Of Murder?" Jesus said you did. In fact, He said, "Ye have heard that it was said by them of old time," and then He goes on to begin the

first of six examples from the Moral Code, or the Ren Commandments as we know then. Whate is mit you have heard? ville adds that Law, one of the Ten, shalt not kill." This is what God had written for Moses and given to him on Mt. Sinai: 30A Butwasa had wheen done with the rest of these laws, 3 the Scribes and the Pharisees had reduced xxxxx this Law from its real meaning. The Law simply said, "Thou shalt not kill," and the Hebrew word for "Kill" meant specifically murder. But look at what Jesus says with this, look at that verse, "Thou shalt not kill; and whosoever shall kill shall be in danger of the judgement." Jesus is quoting what the Law actually said. He knew this and so did the Scribes and the Pharisees. The Law for killing is spelled out in Numbers 35:30-31. Now if this is so, why were the Scribes and Pharisees wrong? They were looking at the Law rightly at this point, but unfortunately it was their attitude which was mostly wrong. What this verse literally means is that anyone who does murder shall stand before the judgement.andxkhexjudgemenkxwasxxXhisxdoesnkkxmean in each town Las was a literal court usually made up of 23 members and they meted out punishment to those who were guilty with a verdict of death by strangulation, or beheading. To the Scribe and the Pharisee "Thou shalt not kill" meant actual of course, but they had reduced this commandment to something to be judged by local men, and God didn't enter into it at all. If they didn't murder anyone, then they had fulfilled the Law. But here is where Jesus is pointing the people as we said in the 20th verse of this chapter. We read, "WMXEXXXXXXX Except your righteousness shall exceed the righteousness of the Scribes and the Pharisees, you shall in no case enter the kingdom of heaven." They were to be better people than the Scribes and the Pharisees and Jesus is going to give them

specific examples how to do that.
interprets it correctly.

Sus now addsxkaxix; look at verse 22, "But I say unto you." Here is God
giving the complete interpretation of this Law. Was And this is what He says,
"That whosoever is angry with his brother without a cause shall be in danger of
the judgement." This isn't the judgement as administered by the small Budicial

council of a whom or a village. This is the judgement of God. That puts all of the insa different dight. But Jesus knew that almost anyone He was speaking to either had gotten angry with someone for notitle or noticause. Therefore, took this two steps further, and look what He says in that 22nd verse, "And whosoever shall say to his brother, "Raca," or "Raca," shall be in danger of the council." To call someone "Raca" was to call that person a "worthless fellow." It is a word which is given by one person who despises another person, and holds that person in comtempt.

(Illustration of Rabbi Simon Ben Eleazar and calling man Raca) Jesus said this was serious to the extent that the council may have to deal with it and the council was the entire Sanhedrin, or the Bupreme Court of the Jews. But Jesus carries it one step further and says, "But whosoever shall say, 'Thou fool, shall be in danger of hell fire." The Greek word for fool here is MOROS. I it means more than just fool, it means a man who is a moral fool, or an immoral person. To brand someone with a name such as this is to take his reputation away from him, it in effect destroys his name, his reputation and is more severe than if that person making the remark actually took that pether person's life. An individual guilty of this type of character assination is in danger of hell fire. The word for hell fire here is "Gehenna" and it was something the people were familiar with. On the southwest side of Jerusalem was what was known as Hinnom Valley. This was a deep ravine where King Ahaz introduced fire worship to the heathen god Molech. This fire worship consisted of sacrificing little children by burning them in the fire. We read of this in 2 Chronicles 28. King Josiah not only reformed Israel from this evil practice, but he decreed that forever after this valley was unclean and polluted. After this, the rubbish and refuse of Jerusalem were dumped waxxxix hill and burned. The fire burned almost constantly night and day, with dense thick smoke coming from the valley. Jesus used this to depict the fire of hell.

But as always, Jesus turns the negative into the positive. Look at the 23rd werkerx (readx this and the 24th verses, (read these). If a man came to the

Temple to offer a sacrifice for his sin and let's say he had stolen something.

It the priest knew the man had not returned or made restitution for what was stolen, the priest was to remove his offering from the altar. It wasn't acceptable. The point Jesus is making is that man must be reconciled to man, before he can be reconciled before God. God is not going to hear the worship of one who will not get himself right with his fellowman. Is our worship beneficial to us when we come to God? Or does it seem as though He doesn't hear us? Perhaps we need to become reconciled to someone in order to be made right before God.

Jesus added one other dimension to this as we see in the 25th and 26th verses, (read these). He is saying that we should mend our fences before it becomes so difficult for us, that it is going to cost us dearly for that reconciliation. It is also a good possibility that Jesus is saying, "take care of getting thing straightened out today, because tomorrow may never come." We must not put off another time the opportunities we have of making things right before it is too late. One of the most sorry statements I hear is at the passing of a loved one, "Oh if I had only taken the time to do such and such." The same applies to reconciling ourselves with our fellow man.

Are we like the Scribes and the Pharisees at this point as we look at our lives
Do we look at the Moral Code and say, "I've never killed anyone, so therefore,
I haven't broken that law?" But have we perhaps thought of someone else as
being beneath us, or below our stature and we have helped to ruin their reputation in other's eyes? Have we spread gossip or rumors about others because
of how it makes us look big and others small?

(Illustration of preacher, woman gossip, and feathers from pillow)

I know a preacher some years ago this happened to and the hurt and harm it aused. God says to those within the Church today, "I cleansed you and made you whole. I took you in your dirty filthy lives and I made you mine. And yet My here are many of you today within the very Church forwahient acting superior and unforgiving to one another." Can't we see today that we need to look at

ourselves and those around us in a new way. For those we may free want to consider as being less than what we are in the church, let us feel and believe "There, but for the Grace of God go I."

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E X P R E S S 1 - 1 6 1 6

MEMBER AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF ADVERTISING ACENCIES

ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST
Butler, Pennsylvania
Seventh Sunday After Epiphany February 21, 1932
The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Fastor
Mr. Harry Cunningham, Organist and Choir Director
Mr. Roland Thompson, Saxophonist
Heather Covert and Dianne Zavacky - Acolytes *Ascription *Confession (In Unison) "Our Father, in this season of self-decipline, when we are giving thought to our discipleship, make us aware that being a disciple means to follow Jesus Christ as He seeks to be a servant of all. Thus we would remember: all our sins that keep us apart from you; all of the things we have omitted to do in our lives; all of the chances we have missed to help others and to seek them for your kingdom. For all of these things as well as others that may separate us from your love, we ask forgiveness in His name. Amen." *Assurance of Pardon *Praise *Pastor: Blessed be the Lord God! *People: And blessed be His Glorious Name forever *Gloria Patri Who's Who in the Pew Announcements Hymn No. 442 "O Master, Let Me Walk with Thee" Pastor: The Lord be with you People: And with thy spirit Pastor: Let us Pray Offering Offertory "O Sinner, Come Thy Sin to Mourn" Bach Doxology 382 "Kyrie Eleison" Dieterich

Sermon "HAVE YOU HEARD OF SIN?" Prayer *Closing Hymn No. 422 "Dear Lord and Father of Mankind" *Benediction Postlude "Verset 5 ('Grand Jeu')for the Kyrie" + + + + + + + + *Congregation Standing + + + + + The Lovely Flowers on the Altar have been placed by Mrs. Roy Pflugh in loving Memory of her "Husband" Serving as Ushers today are: *Rob Vinroe, Robert Dellen, Randy Dellen and Brian Kennedy. Mrs. Rebecca Shearer will have charge of Nursery today. Mrs. Virginia Mangel and Ms. Marlene Riemer will be visiting the Hospital this week. Mrs. Bernice Nichola: Monday - 6-8 - Aerobics Monday - b-3 - Aerobics
Tuesday - 6-8 - Aerobics
Tuesday - 8 - Tables and Chairs will be set up in
Rehoboth Hall for the Ash Wednesday Service. #FLP
Wed. - 6:30 P.M. - Chancel Choir Rehearsal
Wed. - 7:30 - Ash Wednesday Service and Holy Communion.
Thus Thurs. - 6-9 - Aerobics in Rehoboth Hall The Love Loaves will be given out at the Ash Wednesday Deacons and Elders please get your lists in as quickly as possible. Don't forget Easter Eggs will be made soon - contact Virginia Mangel if you want eggs or get forms from her. Price is \$4.25 Forms must be returned Feb. 28th. Pancake Day is March 13 - contact Dick Mangel if willing to help. Yearbooks are available in the Office in the back of the Sanctuary. Finance Committee Meeting - Monday - 6:45 P.M. This is an important meeting - be sure and be there.

Questionnaire will be distributed today - please fill out and either put in the offering plate or leave it on the seat. These will be turned back in to proper place from the office.
Ms. Marlene Riemer and Ms. Debby Melton will greet the Congregation at the door this morning. The attendance last Sunday was 195.

New Members will be received into the Church on Palm Sunday. If you are interested in joining - slip a note in the offering plate or let the Pastor 'now.

Scripture

"Have You Heard Of Sin?" Scrip: Mt. 5:27-30; Tex: Mt 5:28b="IN HIS HEART" Hav U herd of sin? Js sed U hav & this AM we go 21k 2nd examp part M Cod as brok dwn & giv prop interp Js 2day lk wat sin is; nex wk charactr of sin Tex:=las part vs 28=IN HIS HEART tur 2 OT & Gen 2: Observ las wk Coman=No Kil & Bgin C M cod mor than Don'ts; went deepr, & peop strug liv 2letr law Js try 2 sho wat all this ment=Captl S=SIN Vss 15-17=(Read) G creat man, entrus butiful gardn no dif wher gardn etc=wat import G creat man pef/env Giv respons ovrsee but=Vs 17 no touch; Adam knu as pas tree oft, rite no touch/wrong touch read on & C G creat mate 4him, est marag 3:1=(read)=(Illus SS quest & boy try it & ate whol th Indirct wat boy say tru=vss 2-7=They ate whol th, whol pakag & this=SIN; no dy phy, but sp; no liv etern G & so brot phys deth, & deth separat from G But peop 2day no want hear; Bcum so enliten this SIN is resul poor breed, environ, slums etc.
chang environ, elim slum, breed beter, educat & elim SIN
G say NOT SO=listn scrips=153, bak Thomp Chain Ref B Thez jus few many cud read & shud help sho foolish ME Evolutin theory=teach everthing evolv Bettr, bettr lk man=if this case, 2day wud B without sin Sum1 say=evr day I get beter, & beter & this falacy We chang liv conds, illitracy, envoron & stil kil, steal covet, cheat, hate & al thing M Cod say wrong Pt Js mak L was gud; pt man rt direc, but go Byon jus Thou shal no comit adultry; lik Kil S & P's liv law They rt, but Js say mor than jus comit act; it lk/thot He say=persn thot, lk, desir as bad as 1 who do deed bu no mean Bcuz this mus carry through Bcuz law bro He systhis IN HIS HART P wrestl this & ques why no matr how hard do rt, alway end up do wrong; sed B4 knu law no sin Bcuz unknown But wen lern law idea cum in2 hart & brok L, unabl do Rom 7:19-25=read chap this wk 4 self; He say kno wrong kil, steal, etc this law, but sinc knu wrong, thots, idea desirs, feelings cum & he liv wretched lif (Illus Índian & conscience) We all same boat; but prob not so much we sin, but fool ourselvs we can ovrcum sin & this the dangr=Ex=erly Ch & monstaries etc. Lik S & P's can say=I Nevr Comit Adultry=but true? How many read papers lurid accts divorc adultrys of othrs? Thats why papers print Bcuz we re d, mag, s same & so we comit adultry by proxy
This thot drov P 2 pt say=Vs 24=Who Indee... (Illus minister & snow white flowr in coal mine) Clean in a dirty place

lk snow lef Bhin aftr thaw sev wk ago, white, clean, now dirty, sooty
ou live lik this; G bring 4th worl, hav sin insid, but as yr add 2 yr, Bcum spot by worl & if norml lik
P cry out=Who can delivr from dirt & filth?

Js held out anser & anser stil valid 2day,
He sed we cud no ovrcum dirt, filth roun us no tr how hard striv eradicat, it stil ther That wat sels newspapers, bks, mags, this wat create big busnes many ways But Js sed cud striv liv clean, dirty place & anser thru Him P say vs 25a=It only thru Him we can lik remaindr vs say as P duz R U strugl as I am 2 underst & kno rt/wrong? R U wrestl thing this worl as oppos thing of God?
We cant liv any part law apart from Xp
It mus B thru & in Him that we hav guid & direc 4 livs Hav U Herd Of Sin? I trus that along with me U can say, "Yes I hav thru Js Xp & He teach me ea day 2 liv thru His xxxx strength in me.

Scripture: Matthew 5:27+30. HORUSETTIG

To to Matthew 5:28b m "In his heart."

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"Have You Heard Of Sin?" Jesus said you did and this morning we are going to look at the second example of part of the Moral Code as it was broken down and given the proper interpretation by Jesus. But the issue at hand concerning sin is such that we will look at what sin is this morning and next week we will look at the character of sin.

We are going to use the last three words of the 28th verse as our text for this morning. We read there, simply this, "In his heart." Now before you close your Bibles and settle back, let us instead turn to the Old Testament book of Genesis, the second chapter. From what we observed last week concerning the Commandment, "Thou shalt not kill," we are beginning to see that this moral code was more than just a list of don'ts. It went much deeper than that and this is exactly what Jesus was pointing out to these people who were struggling with their spiritual lives and realizing that they were incapable of living the "Letter of the Law." So in order to understand what will continue to unfold, we must look at the very essence of that which was prompting Jesus' remarks. Underlying all of this is "Sin" with a capital "S," We will look today at the origin of sin along with some other things about it, and next week we will look at the "Character of Sin," and how we are to deal with it.

Let us look at the 2nd chapter of Genesis and we read in the 15th through the

Let us look at the 2nd chapter of Genesis and we read in the 15th through the 17th verses, (read these). Here we see that God has created man and has entrusted to him the keeping of this beautiful garden. It doesn't make any difference where this garden was, or many of the other circumstances we want to know about. What is important atvithis point is that we realize God created man as His special creation. Mancwas made perfect, in a perfect invironment. He exgiven the responsibility of overseeing all that God had made. But there we one provision given to him, "He was not to eat of the one tree in the garden, the "Tree of the knowledge of good and evil."

Adam must have traveled back

and forth in that garden countless numbers of times, and each time he passed to tree he had the remembrance of what God had told him. He knew that it was right to pass up the fruit of the tree and he in what God wanted if he partook of it. DN 12179 BV QA As we read on in this chapter God decides to create a suitable companion for him and we read of this creation, plus the establishment of marriage which is an altogether different topic or series of lessons. As we look at the first verse of the 3rd chapter we read, (read this).

(Illustration of Sunday School teacher asking question:
The class had been studying the creation and the teacher asked the question,
"What did the serpent say to Eve in temption her to eat the forbidden fruit?"
One little boy who had perhaps watched too much television answered, "Try
it; you'll like it."
This was not exactly what the teacher wanted so she explained that the urging
of the serpent caused them to partake of the fruit of the tree. Then she
asked, "After they ate of the fruit what pappened?" The same little boy
raised his hand, and wanting to give him a chance to perhaps redeem himself
with the proper response she let him answer. He replied, "Adam said, I can't
believe we ate the whole thing."

I directly, what the little fellow was saying was true. Hear what it tells us

as recorded in verses 2 through 7, (read these). They ate the whole thing." They bought the whole package and this was sin, spelled with a capital"S". Rukxwexdont They didn't die, as promised by God. At least their death wasn't physical at this point. But they died spiritually, and this spiritual death separated them from God. They could no longer live eternally with God, and this is what brought on physical death and death is the penalty for sin, and sin and death separate a person from God. But today people don't want to hear this. We have become so enlightened that Sin in any shapre and form is considered to be the result of breeding, or environment, or upbringing. Change the slums and you will not have violence and crime, which are fancy words for sin. Breed the perfect individuals by selective parenting or some such means, and you will wreate the right people r society. But God says "Not so." He points out in His Word over and over again the presence of Sin in the life of every human being. Listen to some of the things we read of Sin as recorded in different book of the Bible: (Page 133 #3340 of Cyclopedia of Thompson Chain Reference Bible)

Those are just a few of the many we could read on the subject. This should he us stored the foold shades of aximizing the theory of evolution. Evolution teaches that everything started out at one point and eracually avoided into the present thing or type of that thing which we have I today. This includes man. But evolution also teaches that the thing we have the representation of today is that much better and improved over what it started out to be. Is this true of man? Can we say man is much, much better today than when he first started out? Someone once said that every day in every way I am getting better and better. This is a complete fallacy. We can change living conditions, we can change illiteracy, we can change the complete environment of man, and he will still and steal and cheat, and hate, and covet and all of the things which the Moral Code teaches are SIN.

The point that Jesus was making was that the Law was good. It pointed men in the right direction. But it goes beyond just saying, "Thou shalt not commit a ltery." The Scribes and the Pharisees tried to meticulously keep the Law. They could for the most part say, "I haven't committed adultery, I have kept the Law." And they were right. But Jesus said it went far beyond just committing the actual act. Jesus said that anyone who had a lustful look toward another, or a lustful thought about someone else, had demexible same was broken the Law just as surely as if they had carried the thought or desire to its fulfillment. By the reverse point, He didn'+ mean that because of this the person should go out and fulfill the act, because that Law had been broken. But He was saying that all of this is "In his heart."

Paul wrestled with this and questioned why it was that no matter what he tried to do what was right, he always ended up doing the wrong thing. He said that before he knew the law, he didn't sin in many directions because it was unknown that many of these things were sin. But he went on to say that when he learned the law, those ideas came into his heart and so he broke the law and was unable to keep it. **Exak** Turn to the 7th chapter of Paul's letter to the Romans and look at how he sums it up. When you have a chance perhaps today or this week, read this chapter in its entirety. But let's just look at verse **Pax** 19 to the

end of the chapter. (Read verses 19-25). He is saying that he knows it is wong to kill, er to steal, or to commit adultery, or to covet. These were the desires and Law. But since he knew they were wrong, then wrong thoughts and ideas came to him and he was this living a wrteched existence.

We are all in the same boat. But the problem is not so much that we Sin, but we can make efforts to overcome sin and sins and even fool ourselves that we have done so. This is the danger. The people of the early Church thought that one way to do this was to live in monasteries and cloisters away from everythin and everyone who would or could cause them to sin. But it was soon discovered that locking xxxx a man away from all women did not make him forget about them but instead, made him devote more thinking in that direction. This is exactly what Jesus was saying. We have done this very thing in our society and world today in another way. Like the Scribes and the Pharisees we can look at our " ves and say, "I have never committed adultery," and make this statement whether we are man or woman. But is it absolutely true? How many of us read in the newspaper or magazines all of the lurid details of juicy divorce cases involving movie stars, or celebrities? How many of us savor the intimate details of a murder orccrime of passion, involving xxxxxxx several men or women? I believe that all of us, whether we read cheap novels of murder, immorality, incest, or what have you, are committing adultery by proxy. And this is exactly what Jesus was saying, and this all comes from the heart. This thought drove Paul to the place where he asked, "O wretched man that I am, Who shall deliver me from the body of this death?" Romans 7:24. Who indeed?

I read an illustration of a minister who was being shown through an underground coal mine. At the entrance of a passage deep underground he noticed a weautiful white flower growing. Its white petals were completely white even though all around it was the sooty dust created by the coal. He asked, "How can it bloom in the midst of this dirt?" One of the miners said, "Throw some dust on it and see for yourself." He did so and the dust just slid right off its petal surface was so smooth that the dust could not adhere to it. The minister daid it made him think that this is how the life of the Christian should be. Clean in a dirty place.

This past week I was looking out our living room window at a large portion of snow which had not completely melted like the rest. When the snow fell severa

weeks ago it was absolutely white. It saw it then and it was beautiful. Now, so ralsweeks later it was dirty and black and had absorbed the soot and grime from the atmosphere. Our lives are much like this 9 We start out in this life a story unquitten. Although we are born with sin in us, four lives are somewhat like the new fallen snow. But as year adds to year we become spotted by the world around us and if we are in anyway normal we have times when like Paul we cry out, "Who can deliver me from this dirt and filth?" Jesus held out the answer, and that answer is still valid today. He said that we could not kaik overcome the filth and dirt around us, because no matter how hard we strive to eradicate it, it is still there. That is what sells newspapers and magazines. That is still what creates big business in many ways. But Jesus said we could strive to live to be clean in a dirty place. And the answer was through Him. Paul says it in this 25th verse, "I thank God through Jesus Christ our Lord." It is only through Him that we can say the remainder of this verse as he does, (and rest of verse).

Are you struggling as I am to understand and know right from wrong? Are you wrestling with the things of this world, as opposed to the things of God? We can't live any part of the Law apart from Christ. It must through and in Him that we can *** have the guidance and direction for our lives. Have You heard of Sin? I trust that along with me you can say, "Yes, I have through Jesus Christ, and He is **seaching me each day to live through His strength in me."

ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST Butler, Pennsylvania
February 24, 1982

ASH WEDNESDAY

The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Pastor
Mr. Harry Cunningham, Pianist and Choir Director
Mr. Roland Thompson, Saxophonist

SUPPER WITH OUR LORD

"Go to Dark Gethsemane" Prelude *Call to Worship

when thou givest a feast, call the poor, the maimed, the lame, the blind, and thou shalt be blessed. Go out into the highways and hedges, and compel them to come in, the Lord wants His house to be filled.

Pastor: Come, let us worship God. People: He created the world and everything in it. People:

He created me. Let us celebrate the Good News together. People: God has come in Jesus Christ, to reconcile and to make new.

Pastor: Let us feast at His table.

Unison: He calls us to share and celebrate His presence; to love and serve others; to proclaim life through Him. "My Faith Looks Up to Thee"

*The Invocation (in unison)
Oh God, you sent Your Son that we might have life. Oh God, you sent Your Son that we might have life. He gave an invitation to His disciples to share a meal with Him and together they broke bread and drank the cup. He invited them to receive His gift of love and the offering up of Himself; and He invites us now to receive that same gift of grace. May we be drawn together by this meal and know the joy of sin forgiven. O Thou, who called us from deathto life, may we give support to You, and to the love and fellowship of ourselves to You, and to the love and fellowship of Your Son, Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

The CALL To Confession: Matthew 26:20-25, 30-35 Hymn 246 "Man of Sorrows," What a Name!" Prayer of Confession (in unison)

Almighty God, like the disciples we have made promises we have tkept. We confess to You our frailties,

our doubts, our fears. We are driven by dreams and ambitions, confused with cares and concerns. We are ruled by our motives and desires. Hear us as we come seeking your cleansing and forgiveness. This we ask in the name of our Saviour, Jesus Christ. Amen.

God makes new, for God is love. There is no fear in love, but perfect love casteth our fear, because fear hath punishment. He that feareth is not made perfect in love. We love Him because He first loved us, and in love. We love Him because He first loved us, part of that love was and is forgiveness. Amen. The Need for Friendship: Luke 22:39-46

Pastcr: Just as Jesus needed His friends, so do we.
Our call to friendship is not always easy. It involves remembering, caring, sharing

and understanding.
People: To believe in God, is to believe in someone you can trust. To believe in someone you can trust, is to have a friend. To be a friend

is to give your life.
Pastor: Jesus said, "Greater love hath no man than this, that a man lay down his life for his friends." He did this for us and calls us His friends. Let us share that friendship with each other now, (shake hands with your

neighbors). Our Sharing Through Giving

Our Shar Offertory "Jesus, I Will Ponder Now"

Doxology 382
Anthem "There's a Quiet Understanding"

(Mr. Roland Thompson, Saxophonist)
Communion Meditation "Dough, Loaves and Bread"
Communion Hymn 30 "Break Thou the Bread of Life"
Consecration and Institution of the Elements

Distribution of the Bread Distribution of the Cup Prayer of Thanksgiving

Distribution of Love Loaves
* Hymn 256 "The Old Rugged Cross"

Benediction: Jesus said, "I will not leave you confortless; yet a little while and the world seeth me no more; but ye see me. Because I live, ye shall live also.

The grace of our Lord, Jesus Christ and the love of God and the fellowship of the Holy Spirit be with you all.
Unison: Amen.

Postlude

"Dough, Loaves And Bread"
Texts: Lk 6:38; Ecc. 11:1(efoup dzinif)=bbs ed nedT Texts: Lk 6:38; Ecc. 11:1(e100p helmit/e100p sent for one misseup 3 viz ew for one misseup 3 viz ew Shar vs NT & vs OT=(Read lk 6:38) ethis princpluxp lift for one misseup sent can stil enjoy taste that bred; but 3 stages gonthru 1st ingreds mix 2gethr & bring 4th=DOUGH, this start then let rise & form in2 loAVES=stil not fin product Then bake & short time=BREAD=at last finish product Bred alway synonmous lif=Bred cal Staf of Lif x litx kinnerex berdx roynike been kneinden knunch knik Watevr form this tak=grain/bred esential 2 lif Js knu valu this & sed=I AM BRED OF LIF, elaborat on this & say ANY1 CUM 2HIM NEVR HUNGR OR THIRST=ment of cors thru Him persn fd G & satisfy But stil 4mula 2day=Dough, Loaves, Bred Lk slang use 4 mony=DOUGH=wages earned recently nu expressin say=BREAD & mean same It taks DOUGH 2buy, & it taks emning of Bred 2buy BREI This lent we involv nu ventur; idea not nu, but nu concept 4 cong; we ask 2 tak loaf, (Hold up) may tak as many as want, & during lent we 2 plac our DOUGH/Bread 2 help hungry peopl thruout world Js sed=Lk 6:38=READBcuz we hav mor than enuf we shud giv, & Js say wen do wil receiv mor than giv This principl worl no underst Bcuz defy law of lif That law say & sho=giv away,it gone & no replac=TRUE But Xpian law it work dif Bcuz U bles & receiv mor thea U giv an if giv 100=get 200 bak, may cum as odd job & this mor than pay bak; cudB helth & no Dr bills; may cum many way But G prom & He no go bak on proms We may B sceptic; but if nevr try, nevr kno wat G can do But motiv shud notB jus 4 reward; insted, 4get reward & let G surpris in His way Ecc 11:1=(READ), yng lady ask wat mean? My mothr quot but quote wrong & say=Cas UR bred upon watrs; & aftr many days wil return un2 U=wrong, but mean same
Hav evr watch Sea go out low tide? Evr wondr wher
watr U C go? I wondr if Europ, S. Amer, atlantic coast Solmon writ this cud B think pagn festivl 2 Adonis He od vegetatin, espcil corn; & wat cal gardns Adonis pots fil erth & grain, vegetbls plant in; wen sprout, scattr in2 Sea, or springs & this suppos produc harv Bib scholar Dr. Jebb say this vs=(Illus this)

Then he add=(finish quote) | | We giv & questin who get, was givn rt, who benfit?etc but mus giv in luv eme repay in Vluv mor than we wild Let us being selected and a problem of the selected and the selected are controlled as the se Then bake & short time=BREAD=at last finish product Bred alway synonmous lif=Bred cal Staf of Lif Xukinenustendendendedendendendendendenden Xukitx Watevr form this tak-grain/bred esential 2 lif Is knu valu this & sed=I AM BRED OF LIF, elaborat on this & say ANY1 CUM 2HIM NEVR HUNGR OR THIRST=ment of cors thru Him persn fd G & satisfy But stil 4mula 2day=Dough,Loaves,Bred Lk slang use 4 mony=DOUGH=wages earned recently nu expressin say=BREAD & mean same It taks DOUGH 2buy,& it taks earning of Bred 2buy BREI This lent we involv nu ventur; idea not nu, but nu concept 4 cong; we ask 2 tak loaf, (Hold up) may tak as many as want, & during lent we 2 plac our DOUGH/Bread 2 help hungry peopl thruout world Js sed=Lk 6:38=READBouz we hav mor than enuf we shud giv,& Js say wen do wil receiv mor than giv
This principl worl no underst Bouz defy law of lif
That law say & sho=giv away,it gone & no replac=TRUE
But Xpian law it work dif Bouz U bles & receiv mor the U giv No an if giv 100=get 200 bak, may cum as odd job & this mor than pay bak; cudB helth & no Dr bills; may cum many way But G prom & He no to bak on proms
We may B sceptic; but if nevr try, nevr kno wat G can do
But motiv shud not B jus 4 reward; insted, 4get reward & let G surpris in His way Ecc 11:1=(READ), yng lady ask wat mean? My mothr quot but quote wrong & say=Cas UR bred upon watrs; & aftr many days wil return un2 U=wrong, but mean same
Hav evr watch Sea go out low tide? Evr wondr wher
watr U C go? I wondr if Europ, S. Amer, atlantic coast
Solgen writ this cud B think pagn festivl 2 Adonis
He it vegetatin, espeil corn; & wat cal gardns Adonis pots fil erth & grain, vegetbls plant in; wen sprout, scattr in 2 Sea, or springs & this suppos produc harv Bib scholar Dr. Jebb say this vs=(Illus this)

Scripture? Ecclesfastes 91:15 "Thy break upon the waters for thou shalt find it after range days."

SS Hanke 6:78, "Give, and it shall be given unto you; good measure

a rate of pressed down, and shaken together, and running over,
shall men give into your bosom. For with the measure that ye mete withal it shall be measured to

I want to share with you one verse from the New Testament and along with a verse from the Old Testament amplify the words of Jesus.

In the Gospel of Luke the 6th chapter Jesus gives some guidelines for living the spiritual life. One of these is found in the 28th verse and we read, (Read this verse). Here is a principate for the life of the Christian. One of the things all of us can enjoy, especially as we add years to our lives, is the pleasure of recalling some of the good things which we have experienced. Who hasn't at one time or another said, "I can remember when, " and then add whatever it was that we remembered. I can remember as a boy observing a process over and over again which never ceased to enthrall me. Exemptatex And at was my mother making bread. Even today if I happen to be passing a bakery and the operations of the baker are visible, I will stop to watch the process of bringing forth bread. Perhaps the reason behind it invloves the eating of that fresh delicious product. If I just close my eyes and think back to those days I recall coming home from school and the kitchen would be very warm, and the smell of that delicious bread was mouth watering. I can still smell it. But all of this involved a process to bring it about.

First some ingredients had to be gathered together, like flour, and water and eggs and yeast. All of this was mixed together and formed "Dough." The dough was then set aside to rise and when this had taken place it was made into loaves and the loaves were placed in the oven and baked. The finished product which came forth was then bread.

Bread has always been synonomous with life. Bread has been called, "The staff of life," meaning of course that it was necessary to sustaining life. In whatever form it is consumed, whether bread or just the grain itself, bread is essential for life. Jesus knew this when He was preadhing and so He used the

illustration that He, Himself was "The bread of life" He elaborated on this would never hunger and thirsts. Hex meant of course that it was through Him that a person found God and that hunger and thirst was satisfied by this. But it is still the same formula today. First, it is the dough, then the loaves are produced from the dough, and the bread comes from the loaves. Look at the slang which we use to denote wages or money. For many, many years we have spoken of money earned by working as "Dough." It has only been in the recent past that waxkawe the term "Bread" has come to denote wages earned. The connotation is the same. It takes "Dough" to buy bread, and it takes the earningo of "Bread" to buy Bread. And so significantly we are involved this year in a new venture. The idea is not new, but it is a new concept for our congregation at this point. We are asked to take loaves, (hold up loaf), for our families to use during lent, These should be placed in a place where we ca see them each day to be reminded of their purpose. Into these "Loaves" we are to place "Dough" or "Bread" so that others may have the help which we as Christians should give.

Jesus said, (read Luke 6:38). Because we have more than enough, we should give but Jesus said that when we give, we will receive more than we have given.

This is a principle the world cannot understand because it defies the law of life. That law says that when you have something and you give it away, you no longer have it and it is gone. But in the Christian life this law does not apply. If you have something and you give it away, you receive more in return than you had. If we have never tested this law we are sceptical. But it does not mean that if we give away a hundred dollars we are going to get more than a hundred in return. It may come back to us in the form of an odd job which permits us to make more than that hundred. It may come in new health through winter of normally colds and flu and large doctor bills. It may come in the form of many things. But God promises this and He doesn't go back on His promises. We will never know it if we never try it. But we should not just

give with othe sthought othat we will be rewarded. no hought for reward and God will take care of the reward in His own way. There is a Scripture verse a youngxlady asked me about one day which points this up very vividly. It is faunta found in the book of Ecclesiastes the 11th chapter, the 1st verse. The verse reads, "Cast thy bread upon the waters: for thou shalt find it after many days." My mother used to quote this verse to me, but like many of us do so often, it didn't have all of the correct words. She would say of giving, "Cast thy bread upon the waters; and after many days it shall return again unto thee." The meaning is still the same although the wording is not. Have you ever stood and watched the ocean at low tide? Everytime I see the ocean receding I wonder where that particular amount of water I am watching will end up. Will it be hundreds of miles away that someone will see that same water coming up on the beach? Will it end up in Europe, or South America? And what this verse is saying, is that if you cast your bread upon t' water, at another time, another place, you will get it back. As Solomon was writing this, perhaps he was thinking of the pagan festival which was held in honor of the god adonis. He was supposedly the god of vegetation, especailly corn. The What was called, "The gardens of adonis," were merely pots of grain and vegetables growing until the seeds sprouted. Then the contents of the pots were flung into the sea, or into springs and this action was to produce a good harvest sometime in the future.

A Biblical scholar named Jebb writing on this said, (Quote illustration from The Treasury of Scriptural Knowledge).

Then he adds, (conclude quotation). We give and quite often we question our giving. Was it given rightly, who really benefited from it? And so on.

But if we give it in love, God will repay it with His love in kind, more than we would ever dream possible. Let us always use our "Dough" to produce "Loaves others may have "Bread." "Cast thy bread upon the waters: for thou shalt find it after many days."

ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST Butler, Pennsylvania
First Sunday in Lent Feb. 28, 1982
The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Pastor
Mr. Harry Cunningham, Organist and Choir Director
Mr. Roland Thompson, Saxophonist
Heather Covert and Dispute Taylor Accepted. *Processional Hymn No. 337 "Praise to the Lord, the Almighty" *Ascription *Exhortation *Confession (In Unison) "O God, you know how we are exposed to the world's temptations, but you also know that we would like to be righteous. Grant us the strength to follow our Master down the road of discipleship, even thought we know we shall surely meet the cross at the end of that road. Forgive us for all sin that prevents us from following Him rightly, through the same Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen." *Kyrie *Assurance of Pardon *Praise *Pastor: Blessed be the Lord God! *People: And blessed be His Glorious Name forever *Gloria Patri Who's Who in the Pew Announcements Joys, Concerns, Prayer Requests Hymn No. 399 "Jesus Calls Us o'er the Tumult" Call to Prayer Pastor: The Lord be with you People: And with thy spirit Pastor: Let us Pray Prayer Offering *Doxoffertgry "When Sinners See Their Lost Condition" Installation of Ray Covert, Elder Anthem: "God Can See Us" Carmichael

(Mr. Lloyd Link, solcist)

e: Matthew 5:29-30
"HAVE YOU HEARD OF SIN'S CHARACTER?"

Scripture:

Prayer *Closing Hymn No. 407 "Lead Me to Calvary" **Benediction

Postlude "O God, Look Down from Heaven and View" Bach

+ + + + + + **Congregation Standing + + + + + + +

The Lovely Flowers on the Altar have been placed by

Mr. & Mrs. William Johnston in memory of Mrs. Johnston's Father - Harry Peters. Serving as Ushers today are: *Richard Mangel, Don Kingsley, Art Carney and Gary Penar. The Attendance last Sunday was 203 Mr. & Mrs. Charles Penar will greet the Congregation Monday - 7:00 - Follow-up Committee meeting.

Monday - 7:30 - Women's Mary Prugh Circle Meeting.

Monday - 6-8 - Aerobics in Rehoboth Hall

Tues. - 6-8 Aerobics in Rehoboth Hall

Wed. - 7:00 - Council Meeting Thurs. - The Newsletter will be published - please have all material in by Wednesday to Bea. Thurs. - 6-9 Aerobics
Thurs. - 7:15 - Chancel Choir Rehearsal. > If you did not get a Love Loaf on Wednesday - you can still pick one up in the Narthex or the Office.

Forms must be returned today for orders for Easter Eggs Contact Virginia Mangel - Price \$4.25.

Pancake day is March 13 - contact Dick Mangel to see where to purchase tickets. Donations accepted. Yearbooks are still available in Office and in back of Sanctuary. New Members will be received into the Church on Palm Sunday - if you are interested in becoming a members -drop a note in the Offering plate or give to the Pastor or Bea. There are still a lot of lists out with the Elders and . Deacons that have not been returned to the office -please get them back as quickly as possible.

"Have You Heard Of Sin's Character?"

Scrip: Mt. 5:29-30; Text: Romans 8:15

Hav U Herd Sin's Charactr? Js sed U hav & red this

Scrip: Pel.ap bakup brief lk vss 27-28=Look with me=READ

Js say this part M Cod & peop 2whom spk had herd it

Scrip: The wer swar of it, & last of all U & I hav herd

But Js pt out agin, it no jus liv letr Law, but intent

Wedhad lked Sin in gen. & how Sin by proxy inadvert

May no comit actul sin, but read, hear & thots desirs

R wrong & sin in our harts; spok how worl no want accr

Sin & say man victim upbring, environ & if chang so

wil man

Js say=NOT SO; man born in2 sin & inbred, part natur

& sinc we kn this mus deal with Sin

Js want ever1 kno how deal Sin & ther4 pt Charactr

Thus far hav seen not jus act adultry, but thot, desir

1as bad as othr & wen S & Fh's boast, I NO Comit,

they wrong, Bcuz jus as human as any1 els; thots/desin

Man maynot C inmos thots/desirs, but G duz=He Knows

vs 29a, & 30a=rt eye/hand(1k this) WAT HE MEAN?

Cut off hand, pull out eye? Maim body 2B free Sin?

Thoz erly Ch do this; why rt eye/hand? Tim Js it

thot mor import than left-try tel left handr that

Js use this vivid illus get pt acros

Lk both vss-word pik out=OFFEND & Gr=SCANDALON &

get Eng=SCANDAL & wat mean stumbl blok; bait stik of

trap: also pit covr branch, dirt, man fal in2

Offend/Scandalon=anythin use trip sum 1 up

Js ident eye/hand as stumbl blok lif

Eye C's=improp thots, desirs; Hand reach out tak, touch

& so man fal

R wat hapn wen tak eye/cut hand off? Stil othr eye

& Land & so pluk othr eye/cut off othr hand & Solv

Rite? Wrong! Ther stil mind 2remem & continu think

wrong thing & Js use as drastic mean prov pt.

Gist=do away wat bring 2 ruin; dispos Bcuz stumbl kx

blok, an offence 2 U

He no mean liv cave Bcuz knu stil wud sin, insted want

peopl kno horibl consequenc sin; He use illus 2 sho

that = vss 29b & 30b=READ=Word Hell=Gehenna=V of Hin

SW gate Jeru, Garbag dump burn continu, verm breed,

worms, decay, jakls feed & Sin caus sep from 6, Hades

Mus think cons

sag on cros; bleed, sweat, insec bothr, no brush off 2/
All this Js Xp do 4 ea us
no prety pictur, nevrles 'need imprint minds if go
'no Charactr Sin
So juest is=How deal Sin wen all aroun us is Sin & es
easier sed than dun? Js knu this & go bak 2 vs 20
I rit is & simpl, but mus say not much anser & isn't
But Js sed B4 lef scene=I NO LV U COMFORTLES, Wil Cum
Did this sevrl way & 1st thru peop lef Bhind who
add & tel how lern 2B rite B4 G
1 man lik this=Paul & Lettr Romans 8 chap tel this
This chap giv direct 4liv Xpian lif, but also pt out
Js fulfil prom no lv comfortles=H Sp
Bgin chap comp lif flesh & Law=uunsav persn
& liw spirit, which mean hav Xp Sav, & H Sp liv/direc
He mak compar Btween Sav & Unsav; 1ded, othr aliv;
'at war with G othr liv 4 God
vs 13=ALL REAN, LK=mean if continu liv aftr thing of
worl lead 2deth, separ from G, but thru H Sp mus
mortify=put 2 deth things we want 2do & wud keep us
from G, this in turn giv lif w/God
This strong lang P use, & need stres this
MORTIFY mean subj body 2almos abusiv punish 2get in
shap or propr form
Analogy is pound body until blak & blu if necess 2
hav physic fit; but this 2B dun thru Sp
Means=H Sp 2B sot 4 directin & help; guid, led by G's
H Sp 4 decisins of life
Thoz sav/born agin hav H Sp but we may seek silenc
H Sp by do wat we want 2do
If we seek 2liv livs pur/riteous B4 G,H Sp mus empowr us & we prom this

(no mortfy, put deth thots/desir own str=musB H Sp
But as stan crosroad in our lk at Sin,2 thing we
kno=1=Sin in ea us & striv 2eradic, canno do own
2=Charactr Sin such we unabl B apart from it, roundus
It not easy & agin P pt this out=Phil 3=lets lk
He talks want kno wat kno Xp really mean & striv 2
attain 2 that
vs 12=no attain, butno giv up; vs 13=continu 2 workat
vs 14=Evn tho stubl, fal, continu 2striv 2ward mark
Mus kno Xpian lif not easy, Js nevr sed wud B, but
if striv liv lif acord ruls, regs, no can keep; mus
1st kno Js Xp as L & Stv, then let H Sp mov, direc ea
day we liv; stumbl/fal, but pikup & press on; lk 2
cros & 1who gav self ovrcum Si

"Have You Heard Of Sin's Character?"

Scripture: Matthew 5:29-30 · HORUBETTIS

look at this morning.

Marsteller, Rickard,

1: t: Romans 8:13 TTIGE BUILDING . DIVID

"Have You Heard Of Sin's Character?" Jesus said on pave and this is what we read as sour Scripture of or othis morning. Perhaps we med togjust backup briefly and look at the 27th and 28th verses, (XERRIXXIEEE let's look at them again, (read theses verses). Now from this Jesus was saying that this was thexeen a part of the Moral Code. Xxx The people to whom He was speaking had heard it, the Scribes and the Pharisees present at this time were aware of it, and last of all, you and I have heard it. But Jesus was elaborating on this to the extent that He pointed out it was not just the living of the letter of the Law which was important. But that it was the intent of the heart which needed to be dealt with. Last week we spok of Sin in general. We looked at how it came into being and how we inadvertantly sin by proxy. We may not commit the actual sin, but by reading the intimate details of an illicit romance and divorce, we sin our hearts and minds with thinking wrong thoughts and having wrong desires. We spoke of how the world doesn't want to accept such as thing as Sin and desires that we man't should instead see that man is a victim of his upbringing, his roots perhaps, or his environment and if we change these things, man will be without the problems caused by these circumstances. But Jesus says, "Not so." Man is born into sin and it is a part of his very nature. But since we know these things we must know how to deal with Sin. Jesus wants everyone to know how to deal with Sin and therefore He went into detail to point out the very character of Sin. This is what we are going to

Thus far we have seen that Jesus is saying that it is not only the act of Adultery, but the thought and the desire as well which is sinful. One is as bad as the other. Therefore, the Scribes and the Pharisees who could boast, "I haven't committed adultery, and therefore I have kept the law," were wrong, because although they may have kept the letter, they were just as human as anyone else and had improper thoughts and desires as well. Man may not see and know our

inmost thoughts and desires, but God does. He knows. Hook again at Jesussisenow telling how to deal with sin and its character. what He says. In the beginning of the 29th verse 90 says, In the right eye offend thee, pluck it out and cast it from thee ! I In the beginning of the 30th verse He says, "And if thy right hand offend thee, cut it off and cast it from thee." What did He actually mean? Was He advocating the maiming of our bodies in order to be free from sin? There were those in the early church who did take this literally and plucked out an eye, or cut off a hand. But why the right eye, and the right hand and not the left? At the time of Jesus the thinking was that the right eye and the right hand were more important than the left. Try telling that to someone who is lefthanded. But Jesus is using this as a vivid illustration to get His point across. Look at both of these verses! The word we need to pick out of the beginning of each one is the word, "Offend." In Greek this word is SCANDALON, and it is from this word we derive our English ord "Scandal." What it meant was a stumbling block. But more definitively a bait stick of a trap. A trap set to catch an animal had a stick on which the bait was attached. When the animal touched the stick to get the food, the trap snapped shut and the animal was caught. Things of this nature we used to capture men as well. A pit would be dug in the ground and covered over with stick and a thin layer of dirt. When the man would step on this he would be thrown into the pit below. So the word "Offend," or, "Scandalon" meant, anything which was used to trip something or someone up. Jesus identified the eye and the hand as being that which was a stumbling block of life. The eye sees, and desires and causes thoughts to come forth which are improper. The hand in order to carry out those thoughts and desires, reaches out and both cause a man to stumble and fall. But the question remains what happens after you dispose of one hand, or one eye? There is still the other eye and hand and they can see and act. So the answer is to cut xxxxxxxxx the hand off and pluck out the other eye and it solves the problem. Right? Wrong! There is still the mind to remember and to continue to think the wrong things. So Jesus was using this as a

drastic means to prove His point. The gist of this is to do away with that which can bring ayour to ruin. Hubispose of those things which are an offence, or a stumbling block to you. He didn't mean to give up and live in a cave somewhere, or bea completely isolated in from weverything and everybody. VHe knew that even in solitude sin would prevail. Instead, He wanted everyone to know of the horrible consequences of sin. He used the illustration as we see, in both these verses, "For it is profitable for thee that one of thy members shall perish, and not that thy whole body should be cast into hell." The word for "Hell" is Gehenna, and referred to the Valley of Hinnom just outside the southwest gate of Jerusalem. It was a continual burning dump of refuse and garbage. It was here the jackals gathered to eat the garbage, and vermin bred such as ugly worms. Not a pretty sight. But Jesus was striving to prove His point of that the dire consequences involved with sin. As we think of sin we must always think what it cost. We tend to think of sin in terms of morality and we lump them into big Bins and little sins. The Law calls them felonies and misdemeanors. We do this too. There is murder and adultery, and fibs and little white lies. But all of this large and small brought something to bear which should always be uppermost in our mids and that is what it actually cost. What was the price of sin? That price was a human life. It was what caused a man to sweat drops of blood; it was what caused that same man to be arrested and questioned almost all night, while His questioners spit on Him and pulled xxxx out the hair of His beard, and smacked Him in the face; it was what caused Him to stand trial the next day and to be mocked and spit on again, to be called names, and to be cruelly beater with a whip; it was that which caused Him to drag a heavy wooden crossbeam of His own cross to a hill waxxix outside of Jerusalem and there to be nailed to that cross and bleed from thorns on His head, to be wracked with pain from the sagging of His weight on that cross, to bleed, to sweat, to be bothered with the flies He couldn't brush off. All of this was what cuased Jesus Christ to die, and He did it for each of us. Not a pretty picture, but nevertheless one which we need to imprint upon our minds if we are to know the "Character of Sin.

The question then remains, "How can we deal with this when all around us is s. and it is easier said than done? "Jo Jesus knew all of this and it goes back once again to the 20th verse of this chapter. Me read there Winkcept your righteousness shall exceed the righteousness of the Scribes and the Pharisees, ye shall in no case enter the kxix kingdom of heaven." There it is! Just as simple as that. That righteousness can only come from being first made righteous before God, and then seeking to follow after that righteousness. Now that may not seem like much of an answer and it isn't. But Jesus promised ix just before He departed the scene, "I will not leave you comfortless, I will come to you." This He did in several ways. First He left behind people who could add to what He was striving to tell and we can learn from these people by looking at what they have to say. One of these was a man named Paul. So let us look at the 8th chapter of xxx Paul's lettercto the Romans to add to this. It is in this chapter that Paul gives directions for living the Christian life. But also he points that Jesus fulfilled His promise of not leaving His followers comfortless, by coming to dwell inside of them in the form and person of the Holy Spirit. He begins this chapter by comparing the living of the law in the flesh, that is as an unsaved person, to living it in the Spirit which means having Christ as Saviour and the Holy Spirit within directing and guiding life. Verse 5 he makes the comparison between the unsaved person and the saved. In verse 6 he adds to this and points out that the carnal or unsaved man is separated from God, dead spiritually; but the spiritual minded have eternal life. In verse 7 he speaks of the unsaved man being at war with God and because of this he adds in verse 8, the unsaved cannot do the things God wants from them. A person must be seeking spiritual things in order to be pleasing God. In the next warms Paul makes the womapra comparison between the saved and the nsaved. He points out the saved have eternal life, and the unsaved have eternal deakhxer separation from God. His main point in these early verses is that in the believer is God's Holy Spirit seeking to guide and direct that life. Look at verse 11, he says, (read this). He means that if God who raised Jesus from the dead, if His Spirit is living in you and He will give your now physical

from the dead, if his spirit is living in you, He will give your physical body w lifesthroughethat Holly piritavi He adds that we no longer are obligated to live after the flesh, or live worldly lives and the reason is given in the next verse. * (Read *verse 15) wand this means that if we continue to live Cafter the things of the world it will lead to death, or separation from God. But through the Holy Spirit we must mortify, or put to death the things we want to do that would keep us from God, and this in turn gives us life with God. We need to stress that what Paul is saying here is very strong language. It may not come off that way, but it is. We The word he uses, "Mortify," means to subject the body to almost abusive punishment to get it in shape or into its proper form. The analogy is that of physically pounding the body until it is black and blue if necessary to have the body physically fit. But this mortification, or physical abuse of the body to bring it under control is to be done "through the Spirit." That means the Holy Spirit is to be sought for direction ad control. It means that the person is seeking to be directed by God's Holy Spirit guidance for the decisions of life. Those who are saved, or born again, or who know Christ as Saviour, have that Holy Spirit seeking to guide and direct in all things. But it may be that we seek to silence the Holy Spirit by always doing what we want to do, when we want to do it. If we are seeking to live lives which are pure and xxxxxxx righteous before God, His Holy Spirit will empower us. We are promised this. We cannot mortify, or put to death our wrong desires and feelings, and thoughts in our own strength. It can only be

As we stand at this crossroad in our look at Sin there are two things we know.

We know that Sin is something which is in each of us and strive as we may, we cannot eradicate it in our own power. We also know that the character of sin is such that we are unable to ever be separate and apart from it. This brings us then to two basic questions each of us must answer. The First is, "Do I know Jesus Christ as my Lord and S viour? **Xmx** Have I really made this decision or am I still living this life in the flesh apart from God? The second question

done through God's power and that is His Holy Spirit.

ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST
Butler, Pennsylvania
Second Sunday in Lent
March 7, 1982
The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Pastor
Mr. Harry Cunningham, Organist and Choir Director
Mr. Roland Thompson, Saxophonist
Holly Covert and Beth Hartley - Acolytes
++++++++++++++++++++++++
ORDER OF WORSHIP - 11:00 A.M. Prelude "Set Me as a Seal Upon Thine Heart" Warner *Processional Hymn No. 528 "God of grace and God of glory" *Ascription *Exhortation *Confession (In Unison) "Mighty God, by your power is Christ raised from death to rule this world with love. We confess that we have not believed in Him, but fall into doubt and fear. Gladness has no home in our hearts, and gratitude is slight. Forgive our dread of dying, our hopelessness, and set us free for joy in the victory of Jesus Christ who was dead but lives, and will put down every power that hurts or destroys, when your promised kingdom comes. Amen." *Kyrie *Assurance of Pardon *People: And blessed be His Glorious Name forever *Gloria Patri Who's Who in the Pew Announcements Joys, Concerns, Prayer Requests Hymn No. 458 "Take My Life, and Let It Be Consecrated" Call to Prayer Pastor: The Lord be with you People: And with thy spirit Pastor: Let us Pray Prayer Offering Offertory "O How Cheating, O How Fleeting" Bach *Doxology 382 "O Perfect Love" Anthem: Barnby ipture Matthew 5:31-32

Sermon: "HAVE YOU HEARD OF DIVORCE?" Prayer *Closing Hymn No. 411 "Am I a Soldier of the Cross?" *Benediction
Postlude "God of Grace and God of Glory" ++++++++ *Congregation Standing ++++++
The Lovely Flowers on the Altar have been placed by
Mrs. Ann Williams in memory of "Loved Ones"
Serving as Ushers today are: *Charles Penar, Dan Bosko, Don Wogan and Dave McMillin. Mrs. Robert Sheppeck will greet the Congregation at the door this morning. The attendance last Sunday was 219
Nursery will be provided today by Pauline Fencil & Ti A
Monday - 6-8 Aerobics
Tucsday - 6-8 - Aerobics Wed. - Youth Fellowship Wed. - 6-7 - Youth Choir; Wed. - 7:15 - Chancel Choir Thurs. - 6-9 Aerobics Saturday - Pancake Day - See Richard Mangel. Tickets are available. > New Members will be received into the Church on Palm Sunday. If you are interested in joining the Church let the Pastor or Bea know, or just puta, in the Offering plate. Offering plate.

There are additional Year Books and Love Loaves in the back of the Sanctuary. The Love Loaves will be collected on Easter Sunday (instead of the One Great Hour of Sharing) this year. It will be given to World Vision International - 100%.

Contact Virginia Mangel if you still want to orier Easter Eggs. Frice is \$4.25. Remember 2 new flavors this year. All profits go on the Principal of Beboth Hall this year. Al Rehoboth Hall. Rob Vinroe and Bill Pflugh will be visiting the Hospit this week.

Meeting of Head Ushers in the Office between Sunday School and Church - Important that you be there.

Don't forget Vacation Bible School is just around the corner - June 14-13. Ginny Mangel and Pamela Tait are Co-Chairman on this project. They need Teachers and Helpers. Let them know now if you can help.

"Have You Heard Of Divorce?" Scrip: Mt.5:31-32; Text: Jer 3:1 Hav U herd of div? Is sed U did, Sed U not only herd, kno it as brk M Code & B Sin Mus confes inad deal subj; Bliev any1 regardles ed. complet qualify as expert this subj; U herd much this st; but who complet kno mind Js Xp? Any volunteers 2preach this AM? (Illus ad paper El Paso bout news, & complete dope) Think long thez lines, Alex Pope say=Fools rush in wher angels fear to tred=So let us not rush but look Wat Js say vs 31?=Wher get this? From Mos Cod & this Moral Code gud Jew liv by,adher 2;so let us lk Mos C Deut 24:1=Js tuk words from here; it no 2B tak litely stil say marag cer=Mar no entr lite, but rev, discreetl
This from Mos Code; 2B unmarry aftr 20(cept study Law
considr same brk comandment Bcuz G say creatin=B frutfl & mult & thoz singl kil posterity He want (Ex bil divorcment)=2B givn front 2 witnes & divorced May seem vs 1 broden reasns 4divorc, insted narrow Men div friv reasn=no salt, burn meal, no houskeep etc Uncleanes=as specify in Law; not adultry Bcuz kil 4it Vss 2-4=womn remary, divorc, but no remary 1st hus marag sacred & G no recind=Ex Ad & Eve, lv f & M, clea Man & woman 2B link 2gethr, insolubl bond & no step in & out at wil; marag no whim, or feeling 4 moment Mt 19:3-6=S & Ph cum agin & Js interp lik L Deut Marag no entr lite, indiscreet, hol rev, hi esteem Vs 7=S & Ph no tak & ask=Why Mos Command? notic=Comman Did Mos comand? Corse not=say if unclean, only then S & Ph tak libral vu=Marag lik cafteria, pik wat want & pay 4later; & if no lik thro way & replac This wivs, childrn victmize by thoz fulfil lust/desir Vs d=Js anser Comand, this wat U want 2do, no jiv G want vs 9=marag 4lif, this Ideal, this G want=excep untru This no mean we say Js say this=BUT, no But at all Mus 1k wat Js do wen confront by situ, ho react Jn 4:=Js travl Samria, unusul 4 Jew 2do; Jac wel woman unusul noon=bad woman/prost; Js ask drink=unusul Js tel giv watr no thirst=she ask 4it; ment sp quench vs 16=anser 17a & Js anser vss 17b,18=she reveal adultres & siner & this reasn no accept by twn women She turn convers roun/Js giv spirit ansers her life vs 25=spk Mes 2cum & Js anser vs 26 vss 28-29=result; no complet story; woman accpt Js as Mesiah, mean her Sav & she hav salv & 4givnes Js 1 condem; He pt sin & wen go hom she tel this Was she 4giv? Concl luv Js=Yes; did she alter lifstyl? Dont kno, only G duz let me shar illus aspect may no lk at mattr divorc (Illus Dear Abby, mothr 36 yr old son, divorc etc)

How fit picutr? This way: we liv age easy liv, do won thing, if no work, out, do sumthin els & this atitud 2ward marag
Best examps marag R thoz last/endur thru thik/t' n
We mus instruc yng peopl marag perm arrang & we
entr on pik & C basis 21ate 2deal with 36yr old infant at this pt. mothr shud hav dun 30 yr ago & same hold tru 4 a ts our socity 2day But thoz us adults & influ yng minds, let us tel them about G & wat says bout marag/divorce As pt out, no easy subj deal with, but nun us dare pt fingr & declar sum1 gilty of sin Div not un4givbl sin, jus many othrs nor either Jer writ 3rd chap, vs 1, bott natin Israel compar 2 man/woman involv divorc & adultry I wud lik 2use as illus 4 persnal livs & not 2 natin G's Word 2us & 4us Vs 1=Quote vs 1a & then he add=Vs 1b=Quote Invite ther 4 any & all 2cum 2Him, 2repent, 2receiv His 4givnes 4any who find selvs this situatin 2day, pleas kno & claim that 4givnes from G 2day 4 any us no involv this situ need 2claim=Ther But For The Grace Of God Go I
The mesag from G thru Js Xp is,& always wil B,4 all who cim 2 Him=Thy faith hath made thee whole,go and sin no more.

Scripture: Matthew 5:31-32

xt: Jeremiah 3:1

Have You Heard Of Divorve? Jesus said you did. In fact, He said that you not only heard of it, but that you know of it as breaking the Moral Code and being sin.

I must confess this morning the inadequacy of dealing with this subject. I do not believe there is anyone regardless of education who is completely qualified as an expert along this line. You have all heard many different positions taking regarding divorce. Some of them are given and have been given very dogmatically as Gospel. But who among us could ever completely fathom the mind of Jesus &xxxix Christ? That is why I must confess inadequacy. I have never asked for a volunteer to preach a sermon for me, but if we have one this

Thinking along these lines then, let me add that Alexander Pope xxixxxxx penned the famous lines, "Fools rush in where angels fear to tread." So first let us look at what Jesus was saying in these verses, We read in the 31st verse, (read this). Where did He get this? It came from the Mosaic Code. The Moral Code which all good Jews were to live by and adhere to. To better understand this we need to look at it from three directions. So let us first look at in the context of what the Mosaic Code said. To do so we need to look at this as it is found in the book of Deuteronomy. Let us turn to chapter 24 of this book and see what that Code said. In the 1st verse we read, (read this). Here then we see the words from which Jesus took His words. To the Jew marriage held a place of very high value. It was not to be taken lightly. We still say today to a couple to be married, within the marriage ceremony, "Marriage is not to be entertd into lightly, but reverently and discreetly." This is where it comes from, and that was the Mosaic Code. To be unmarried after the age of 20 in the nation of Israel, except for a person who was study ing the law was considered to be on a par with breaking a commandment. God ha

said at the creation, "Be fruitful and multiply," and anyone who remained single ; in a sense killing the posterity which God wanted him to bring forth. XX ***** If a man decided that he not longer wanted to be married he wrote out a bill of divorcement and handed it to his wife in the presence of two witnesses and she was considered divorced. This is what that bill would say: "Let this be from me thy writexwritexwfxdixwrxement writ of divorce and letter of dismissal and deed of liberation, that thou mayest marry whatsoever man thou wilt." It may seem that this first verse boradened the reasons for divorce, but instead it narrowed them. Men were getting divorced from their wives for the most frivolou of reasons. If a man wife ruined a man's supper, or didn't keep house properly, or any such trivial reason, men were divorcing their wives. Thus the enlargemen on this part of the Law. So before a man could divorce his wife in the sight of the law he had to prove some uncleanness in her as uncleanness was specified in the law. This did not include adultery, because the punishment for adultery was ath and naturally if a woman was executed for adultery, there was no need for a divorce.

But then the law went another step further. We read in verses 2 through 4, (x (read these). These verses spell out that a woman who is divorced could remarry and even be divorced from the 2nd mate, but it was forbidden for the first husband to remarry his ex-wife. The reason for it being that God had ordained marriage as something sacred. He never rescinded that. After God created Eve from Adam He seid that a man was to leave his father and mother and take a wife and they were to be one flesh. Man and woman were to be linked together in a physical bond which was to be inseparable. This is what Gos wants and it is contrary to what the world has taught since and continues to teach. So what the Mosaic Code was saying was that once that bond is severed, it cannot be rejoined between the same two people because marriage is not something which is stepped into, and out of of, and into again at will. This is what the Mosaic Code taught and it made of marriage a permanent thing, not just a whim or feeling for the moment.

Now we must see just what it was the S ribes and the Pharisees taught to see

what Jesus was trying to say. To comprehend this we must look at another pasge of Scripture in which this subject is brought again to Jesus. It is also found in the Gospel of Matthew in the 19th verse. Let us turn to this and look at what is taking place. Matthew 19, beginning with the 3rd verse. We see that once again the Scribes and the Pharisees initiate the conversation as we begin with the 3rd verse. Look at what it tells us. (Read verses \$ 3 through 6). Now this is exactly what the interpretation of the Law as we read it in Deuteronomy. The same thought prevails and that is, marriage is not to be entered into lightliy or indiscreetly. It is to be held in reverence and high esteem. But the Scribes and the Pharisees could not take this as an answer and so we read in the 7th verse, (read this). Notice what they said. The question was, "Why did Moses command." Did Moses command that a man should divorce his wife? Of course not. He wrote that if a wife is unclean according to the Law, then and only then could a man divorce her. But the S ribes and the Pharisees ere taking the liberal stance that marriage was like a cafeteria, "You pick out what you want and pay for it later." And if you don't like what you picked out you throw it away and go back and get something to replace it. So what was taking place at this point in time was that marriagexand divorce were was a common everday fact of life. Wives and children were being victimized by those who wanted to fulfill their lusts and desires without taking care of their obligations which marriage entailed.

So now we must look at what Jesus had to say about this. He first answered their reasoning that it was Commanded by Moses to get a divorce by saying in the 8th verse, (read this). He said this is what you have wanted to do and it does not jive with what God wants you to do. Then He explains in the 9th verse, was (read this). What Jesus was saying was that marriage for life except a partner was physically, or sexually untrue, This was the ideal. This was and is what God wants. We are to know this and strive to live up to it. But we must carry this one step further. This does not mean we are going to say this is what Jesus said, "But." Not at all. We must look at how Jesus handled the situation when He was xxxfxxxx actually confronted by it, and what He did about it.

We need to look at the illustration which is given in the 4th chapter of the spel of John. In this chapter Jesus was traveling through Samaria which was not proper frm a Jew to do because Jews were to avoid Samraitans. At Jacobs well a woman came to draw water and since it was about noon, this would indicate she was not accepted by the other women because kine all of the other warman women of the town drew their water at 6:00 A.M. Therefore, she was either a prostitute, or one who was undesirable and we see the latter is the case when we we understand her circumstances. Jesus asked her for a drink of water and she questioned why a Jew would speak to a Samaritan. Jesus then tells her that if He gave her of the water He had to offer she would never have a thirst again. He meant of course the spiritual thirst of her soul would be satisfied because He could take care of that. At this point she requests that water from Him and His instructions to her are found in the 16th verse. He says, "Go, call thy husband, and come hither." Her reply is, "I have not husband," vs 17a. She how you view her circumstances. The answer Jesus gives is that He knew her situation as we read in the remainder of verse 🛪 17 and 18, (read this). At this point she is revealed as an adultress, a sinner, which made her unacceptble with the town women. Then the conversation gets turned around because she wants to through Jesus off the main subject which is her personal life, but Jesus answers her tactics by giving her spiritual answers for her life. So we read that she speaks of the Messiah to come in verse 25, (read this). The answer Jesus gives to her is simply recorded in the 26th verse, (read this). The result of all of this is recorded in the 28 and 29th verses, (read these). These verses do not include the whole story. If this woman accepted Jesus as The Messiah, then He wax became her Saviour and she was saved and forgiven. We do not read of Jesus condemning her. He pointed out her sin and when she went back home and made mention of this to the men of the town. Was she forgiven? On the basis of the love of Jesus for all sinners, the conclusion has to be yes. Did she alter her life style and live a married life as she should?

We don't know. Only God knows that.

let me share an illustration with you to point out an aspect we may not be looking at in this matter of divorce.

(Illustration of Dear Abby and widow with 36 year old son, divorced etc)
How does this fit this picture? In this way. We are living in an age of easy
living from the standpoint of if things don't work out we can go in another
direction. This is the attitude of many toward marriage. But the best example
for marriage is those marriages which last and endure through thick and thin.
We must begin instructing our young people that marriage is a permanent arrangement and nothing we enter into on a pick and see basis. It is too late to deal
with a 36 year old infant at this point in time. That mother should have done
that 30 some years ago. The same holds true for the adults in our society
today. But those of us who are adults and who are influencing young minds, let
us tell them what God says about marriage and divorce.

of us dare point the finger and declare someone guilty of sin. Divorce is not MERK the unforgivable sin khanxmanxxekhark just as many others aren't either. Therexixxxxxxxxxxx The prophet Jeremiah writing in the 3rd chapter, the 1st verse was speaking of the nation Israel. He compared this to a man and a woman involved in divorce and adultery. Trixxxxxxxx I would like to use it not as an illustration of the nation Israel, but as God's Word to all of us. This is what Jeremiah was inspired to write: "They say, if a man put away his wife, and become another man's, shall he return unto her again? Shall not that land be greatly polluted? but thou hast played the harlot with many lovers;" and then he ends the verse by saying, "yet return www.xxx again to me, saith the Lord." The invitation is there for any and all to come to Him and to repent and to receive His forgiveness. For any who find themselves in this situation, please know, and claim that forgiveness from God today. For any of us not involved in this situation we need to claim, "There but for the Grace of God Go I." The message from God through Jesus Christ is, and always will be, "Thy faith hath made thee whole, go and sin no more."

ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST Butler, Pennsylvania

Third Sunday in Lent March 14, 1982

The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Pastor
Mr. Harry Cunningham, Organist and Choir Director
Mr. Roland Thompson, Saxophonist *Processional Hymn No. 557 "Christ is made the sure foundation" *Ascription *Exhortation
*Confession (In Unison) "Father Almighty, We know that
we have gone into hidding, even though we have been
made for thy glory. We have tried to keep away from
thy presence. Forgive us and bring us once again to
the place where we may see thee and sing praises to thy
majesty; through Jesus Christ. Amen." *Kyrie *Assurance of Pardon *Praise: Blessed be the Lord God!

*People: And blessed be His Glorious Name forever
*Gloria Patri Who's Who in the Pew Announcements Joys, Concerns, Prayer Requests Hymn No. 467 "Take Thou Our Minds, Dear Lord" Call to Prayer Pastor: The Lord be with you People: And with thy spirit Pastor: Let us Pray Offertory "Jesus, I Will Ponder Now" *Doxology 382
"Trust and Obey"
5:33-3 Matthew 5:33-37
"HAVE YOU HEARD OF OATH TAKING?" Scripture: Sermon: Prayer *C ring Hymn No. 256 "The Old Rugged Cross"

*Benediction Fostlude "Stand Up for Jesus" Webb
+++++++ * *Congregation Standing ++++++
The Lovely Flowers on the Altar have been placed by
Mrs. Ellen Bauer in memory of "Loved Ones"
Serving as Ushers today are *Alta Kradel, Ann Williams,
Lois Wogan and Grace Riddle. "Stand Up for Jesus" Mr. & Mrs. Harry Davis will greet the Congregation and Visitors at the door this morning. The attendance last Sunday was 165 (where ch where were you) Mursery will be provided today by Mrs. Cyndy McWilliams and Michelle Henry. Mcnday - 6-3 - Aerobics Tuesday - Aerobics Wed. - Youth Fellowship Wed. - 6-7 - Youth Choir; Wed. - 7:15 - Chancel Choir Wed. - 7:30 - Golden Circle - Bring lap robes to be finished. Thurs. - 10:30 A.M. - Mary Martha Circle Meeting at Dru Rensel's. Thurs. - 6-9 - Aerobics Debby Melton and Karen Link will be visiting the Hospital this week. Now Members will be received into the Church on Palm Sunday, April 4th. If you know of anyone who is interested in joining the Church - put their name in the offering plate on a slip of paper and they in the offering plate on a slip of paper and they will be contacted.

Have you signed up to help with Vacation Bible School this year. It will only take 5 evenings out of your time. June 14-13 - Ginny Mangel and Pamela Tait are Co-Chairman on this project. They need Teachers and helpers. Let them know now if you can help. If you have not picked up your Year Book please do so. They are in the back of the Sanctuary. The Love Loaves are also in the box in the back of the Sanctuary. They will be collected on Raster Sunday. This offer-They will be collected on Easter Sunday. This offering will take the place of One Great Hour of Sharing. It will be given to World Vision International - 100%. Easter Lillies will be \$4.50 for 5 and 6 blooms. Place your order today with Bea for sign up in Narthex.

"Have You Heard Of Oath Taking?" Scrip: Mt. 5:33-37; Text: Mt 5:37 Hav U herd of oth tak? Js sed U did; that U who kno G ha herd of it & came from M Cod, the Morl Cod of G Lev's C wat Js actul sed=Vs 33=4swear mean=perjury Ex 20:7=3rd C,& this pervert, by S & Ph's & contrar G 19:12; Num 30:2 thez proclams G & how cud B contra V= 34=No swear & simpl solu=Vs 37
Do U C wat say?=if liv Xpian lif no need tak oath
Gud examp=Mt 26:69=(bakgr)Pet & Las Sup & prom stik Js say not so; Js ares & Pet outsid H Pr vss 69-70=Deny & this 1st step refinment of oaths vs 71=mov, vs 72=Deny with oath=2nd step=May G so such Vs 73=mov agin, vs 74=Deny & curs=extrem means prov truth; who wud do if lying? R all oths 4bidn? Quakrs say so, no dart oths But Js no say this & vs 63=this prov Js no condem Reasn=G brot in2 absolut bind & prov serius, if G name use, mak G partner in transactin But Jew ldrs adept sort out oths, which use G name & which don't Mt 23:16-17=swear by altr=no bind; by gift alter=bind swear by templ=no bind; by gold templ=bind Can U C wat Js get at? Vss 18-22=He say no mattr wat transactin G present in it & transactin deman truth/honesty Scrip:vs 34=No swear+not by hvn=G's throne & this ment no swaer Holy things Vs 35-no swaer erth, G's creatin also not by Jeru=G's city, home of King=Messiah Js Xp vs 36=not by hed, Blong 2 G; not by hair=it G's & only He mak w/bl, or bald V 37=this wat 2Bdun & no act contrary 2it (Lus:sugestin box & teachr anser questin 3reasons) Govt few yr ago & campaign truth in advertising Mu bin disturb Js day peop mak oths & no mean 2keep But same our day/age & hear it all time Ever hav sum1 say=Wil do such & such, count on me,& wen cum time 2delivr, no do=hapn me jus this wk Hav U ever dun it? (Illus rash proms 2 G dif things; runer 4 dottr liv til 5; emmy winner & wil B gud 4 yr) Cannot expec G 2B part this bargining; insted shud say OK G,I try liv truth/honestly as can, but need guid & help; if liv worthy cal Js Xp no need swear, Bcuz peop kno us 4our word & it truth; Kpian word shub B bond It .o easy do this 2day socity Bcuz encourag cheat "Everbody do it"=but mus remem wen dishones/untruth griev H Sp indwel & seek bring truth; let examin selvs & resolv=Vs 37 & peop kno t/h & G B glorfy; C Xp in us

Scripture: Matthew 5:33-37

I t: Matthew 5:37

"Have You Heard Of Oath Taking?" Jesus said you did. He said that those who knew of God had heard it and it came from the Mosaic Code, the Moral Code as it was given by God.

But since it may be confusing in some instances let us look at what Jesus is actually saying. As we read verse 33, Jesus said, (read this verse). The word "forswear" actually means to perjure onesself, or to commit perjury. The 3rd Commandment as given in the 20th chapter of Exodus the 7th verse, tells us, "Thou shalt not take the name of the Lord thy God in vain; for the Lord will not hold him guiltless who taketh His name in vain." Once again this is one of the commandments to be lived by but it had been perverted and the Scribes and Pharisees were teaching contrary to what God wanted xxxxx taught. Thus at this point we know what the Law actually said. But it is spelled out more than just once these Jewish leaders should have known what God wanted from them concerning this matter. In Leviticus 19:12 for instance we read, (readthis verse). Then in Numbers 30:2 we read, (read this verse). Xx With these proclamations from God kow could anyone act contrary to what the Law said? Well there were some established methods involved in making oaths and this is why Jesus added in the 34th verse, "But I say unto you, Swear not at all." His simple solution for (read this verse) this is found in the 37th verse. Do you see what He says? If you are living the Godly life, people will know you and take your word for what you promise and there is no need of any oaths to prove to someone that xxxx something else is needed beyond your word.

A good example of what not to do is to be found in Matthew 26; starting at verse 69. While you are turning to that let me give the background on this. Peter with Jesus at the Last Supper with the other disciples and during the meal Jesus had told of His coming arrest, trail and death. Peter had spoken out that though everyone turned from Him, he would not. Jesus had predicted that before the night was over, he would deny Him three times. So we pick the story up at

this point and we see that Jesus has been arrested and Peter is outside of the lace of the high priest. (Read verses 69 & 70). The first thing he did was to deny any association with Jesus. This was the first step in the refinement of oath taking as it was practiced among the Jews. That first step was the denial of any wrong doing, or the affirmation that this was true and correct. Then read as we read on in the 71st verse, (read this). He has moved from where he had been recognised before and so he is at a different spot. But again he is at the end of the 71st verse identified as we read inxthexp2nd verse, (read this). What happens as we read the 72nd verse? He denies Jesus again, but this time it is with an oath. We do not have the oath recorded. But the usual oath was something along the lines of, "May God do such and such to me if I am not speaking the truth," and there were many variations along these lines. The next thing we see is that Peter is approached the third time concerning his dx identity with Jesus as we read in the 73rd verse, (read this). Then www what is said of him? (Read verse 74). Sucthat may lotered by mean that he used curse words. But the most critically explanation is that he called a curse upon himself if he wasn't being truthful. This was the third part of oath taking. It was an extreme means of showing that what was being said or done was the whole truth and nothing but the truth. After all, who would be foolish anoughxioxaxxioxxxxx enough to tell a lie, then to call down a curse upon onesself if what was said was a lie? Perhaps we need to ask at this point if all oaths are forbidden by what Jesus is saying? The Quakers have taken this quite literally and will not swear or take the oath in a court of law. But Jesus was not condemning oath taking as such, He was instead, condemning the use to which it had evolved. While we are in this 26th chapter of Matthew look at the 63rd verse. The high priest at this point in order to emphasize that this is knexmountxxxxxxxxxxxxxx a most serious matter, asks Jesus if He is the Christ. He does so by taking an oath. Do we see Jesus take him to task for this. No. He accepts this oath because evidently it was proper and not contrary to what God had commanded concerning oaths and oath taking.

The reason bekind this was that an oath legitimately containing the name of God s absolutely binding. The thought behind this was that if the oath used God's name in it, God was somewhat like a partner in the transaction. So the Jewish should leaders had become quite adept at sorting out what oaths km include God's name and which oaths should not.

Jesus was getting at the evasive tactics which separated oaths into major and minor oaths. If we look at the 23rd chapter of Matthew the 16th through the 22nd verses we can see what He was getting vat. (Read 16 and 17). If a person badaxanxwathxh swore an oath by the altar it was not binding; but if you took an oath by the gift which was on the altar, that oath was kindings absolutely took an oath by the gold of the temple, that was binding. Can you see what Hesus was getting at? Jesus explained this more fully in this 23rd chapter as we read in the 18th through the 22nd verses, (read these). He was saying hat no matter what the transaction was, God was present in it and the transaction demanded Truth and Honesty. Back in our Scripture for this morning in the 34th verse He says, "Don't swear at all," or don't make oaths. Don't swear by heaven, because it is God's throne. He meant that swearing by God's creation was touching Holy things, and was not needed. He xxix in verse 35, (read), the earth is another part of God's creation and is likened to a place where God rests His feet. Therefore it is His and not to be taken lightly. Nor by Jerusalem because it is God's Holy City, the city of the great king. They may have interpreted this as being King David, but Jesus was also implying the gret King to come from the Davidic line, namely, Jesus Christ, the Messiah. In verse 36, (read), He says not to swear by your head, because it belongs to God, nor by your hair because only God can make it grow, (or even fall out). But what is to be done is to, (read verse 37). There it is. Do not act in anyway contrary To what is truthful and honest.

(Illustration of truth and honesty: Suggestion box & teacher answering question)
Just a few years ago the government started a campaign to eliminate what had

coclaiming them as jumbo size, or extra large size while actually they were more box than product and made to look super-duper-size. It must have been very disturbing to Jesus to see these people of that time making oaths they had no intention of keeping. We hear it all of the time in our day. Perhaps you have been on the receiving end of a promise from someone who tells you, "I'll do so and so, you can count on me," and when xxx it comes time for them to deliver whatever it may have been they promised, they are either not home, or make yet another excuse. Have you ever found yourself doing exactly the same thing?

Or how about the rash promises which are made to God if only He will do a certain thing?

(Illustrations of man who would run 300 miles in 5 days if his daughter would live to see her 5th birthday. Or the Emmy award singer who said afterward she had prayed and prayed and if God would let her win she would be extra good this next year?)

We cannot expect God to be a part of this bargaining. Instead we should be saying, "OK God, I'll try to live truthfully and honestly as I can, but I can't do it on my own, I need your help and guidance."

If we are living lives worthy of the calling of Jesus Christ, we don't need to swaer to anything, or make an oath because people should be able to take a Christian at his word. His word, should be his bond. This is all that God desires, and this is what He wants from us. We know that it isn't always wasy to be truthful and honest, especially in a society that invites us to be dishonest because, "Everybody is doing it." Butvwe must remember that when we are untruthful, or dishonest in our dealings with others, we are grieving the Holy Spirit which indwells us and seeks to bring us into all truth. Let us each examine our lives and resolve that as Jesus commands and demands of us, we "Let our communication be yea, yea; Nay, nay," so that people will know we are Thristians by the truth and honesty which they see in us. In this manner our Heavenly Father may be Glorified bacause they see Christ revealed in us, as opposed to those who are of the world.

ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST PAUL'S UNITED CHOROL.

Butler, Pennsylvania

March 21, 1982 Fourth Sunday in Lent Man
The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Pastor Mr. Harry Cunningham, Organist
Mrs. Ginger Harbison, Youth Choir Director
Mrs. Roland Thompson, Saxophonist
Valerie Hartley and Brian Hollefreund - Acolytes *Ascription *Exhortation *Confession (In Unison) "Have mercy upon us, O God, according to thy loving-kindness; according to the multitude of thy tender mercies blot out our transgressions, and our sin is ever before us. Purge us and we shall be clean; wash us and we shall be whiter than snow. Create in us clean hearts, 0 God, and renew a a right spirit within us. Cast us not away from thy presence, and take not thy Holy Spirit from us. Amen." *Kyrie *Assurance of Pardon *Praise *Pastor: Blessed be the Lord God! *People: And blessed be His Glorious Name forever *Gloria Patri Who's Who in the Pew Announcements Joys, Concerns, Prayer Requests Hymn No. 456 "My Jesus, I Love Thee" Call to Prayer Pastor: The Lord be with you People: And with thy spirit Pastor: Let us Pray Praver O Dearest Jesus, What Law Hast Thou Broken?" Offertory *Doxology 382 "The Greatest Thing" Anthem: Matthew 5:38-42 pripture:

*Closing Hymn No. 260 "And Can It Be That I Should, *Benediction Postlude + + *Congregation Standing + + + + + + The Lovely Flowers on the Altar have been placed by Mr. & Mrs. Earl Kennedy in memory of Robert R. Tait. Serving as Ushers today are *Robbie Vinroe, Robert Dellen, Randy Dellen, and Brian Kennedy. Mr. & Mrs. Edward Walker will greet the Congregation at the door this morning.
The attendance last Sunday was 219
Nursery will be provided today by Mrs. Pam Kaylor and Miss Sharon Pfabe.
Donald Kennedy and Ray Covert will be visiting the Hospital this week. at the door this morning. Monday - 6-8 - Aerobics Tuesday - 6-8 - Aerobics Tuesday - 7:30 - Board of Christian Education. Barb Andrews, new Superintendent, requests that all Teachers please be present. Wed. - Youth Thursday - 6-9 - Aerobics Thursday - 6-9 - Aerobics
New Members will be received into the Church on Palm
Sunday, April 4th. If you know of someone who is
interested in joining the Church - put their name
and address on a slip of paper and put it in the
offering plate. They will be contacted by the Pastor.
Easter Lilies are \$4.50 for 5 or 6 blocms. You can
sign up in the Narthex or in the Office. We will
be calling our order in scon. be calling our order in scon.

There are lots of Love Loaves in the Office and scme in the Sanctuary at the back of the Church. These will be collected on Easter Sunday. Additional Year books are also in the box in the back of Sanctuary. Vacation Bible School need teachers and Helpers vacation Bible School need teachers and Helpers Contact Ginny Mangel or Pamela Tait. Sessions start
June 14-18 from 7-9 o'clock each evening.
There are two new memorial plates on the Board in
Rehoboth Hall - in memory of Mr. Wilmer Pfabe and Renoboti nail - In memory of Carla Bosko.

Peg McClymonds would like to thank everyone for Cards, and Get Well wishes, and Prayers while in Hospital.

"Have You Heard of Retaliation?"

Sermon:

"Have You Heard Of Retaliation? Scrip: Mt. 5:38-42; Text: Mt 5:39 Hav U herd of retal? Js sed follos herd, & includs us illus Js givs regard M Code
Ey Ey, tuth 4 tuth fd=Ex 21:24; Lev 24:20; Deut 19:21
Here part wat Js refer 2, but this no wat actul 2B plac ever instanc, Bcuz this giv 2avoid excess Law cam dwn Hamurabi, reign 2285 BC, oldes law & call LEX TALIONIS, law Retaliatin, we kno as Tit 4 Tat Misunderstud & Js felt need 2 deal with it abus many peop=Sc & Ph's & taut wrongly Purp=curb exces lik adultry & divorc was 2do Ex=man steal bul, sheep; retaliate & tak mor than stoln Do mor 2 him than he do 2me; this law 2B giv by judg Js thus cum unpoplar rendr of law & Js sed not so Scrip 3 parts & deal each separate, nex 3 weeks Vs 38=lik othr lessns, had pervert, twist & Js say= vs 39=peop tak 2mean no armies, no polic, no magistrat this thot=no resist, it go away & worl Bcum riteous But lik stik hed sand, it no go way & js no teach Say=RESIST NOT EVIL & then giv exampl: grtest insult slap face=rt hand, bak hand & return palm & Js say no duck, juke, let happn He no say xxxx literl, mean figurativly; This mean=B insult, no insult bak, no retaliat; accpt & 4get it P pt out Rom 12=Lets Lk this= vs 9=1v all peop, no distinc; no luv sum, hate othrs vs 10=add 2 vs 9 vss 11-13=practic1 thing Xpians shud B do sho 4th luv vss 14-17=enlarg wat Js say expres Xpian luv (at vs 18 say??? IF IT B POSIBL AS MUCH LIETH IN U. DIV PEACABLY WITH ALL MEN mean striv liv peachl lif & accpt things no do bodly harm No mean let sum1 murdr famly membr, or self but no retaliat simpl things=insults, slurs, slites so on (Illus Billy Bray, ex-fiter, & coal mine aftr convert)
This actin G want from us: Why? vs 19=not up 2 us 2 play God; He the 1 to tak actin & aveng us, His child vs 20=second reasn:hav u evr try this? It dificul, & not easy Bcuz norml retaliat, but this not G's way (Illus Alex Grt & Gen. Clitus)
G seeks &usl2rul selvs, B4 we rul othrs & conq Bgin individ harts: P celos chap vs 21=Can only cum chang hart as us: P we will 2chang harts as that retained. hart ea us: R we wil 2chang harts so that retaliat is uch that=WHOSOEVR SHAL SMIT THEE ON THY RT CHEEK TURN 2 HIM THE OTHER ALSO?

Scripture: Matthew 5:38-42

ext: Matthew 5:39

Have you heard of retaliation? Jesus said that His followers had heard of it and that includes all of us. This is the 5th illustration Jesus gives in regard to the Moral Code. The well known, "Eye for an eye, tooth for a tooth," statment is found in three places in the Old Testament. In Exodus 21: 24, we read, (read this); in Leviticus 24:20 we read, (read this); and in Deuteronomy 19:21 we read, (read this). Here we have the part of the Law Jesus was referring to. But we should point out that this was not what was to actually take place in every instance. This was given to avoid the excesses and abuses was not just in operation for the people of Israel, but was a part of the code of Hammurabi who reigned in Babylon in 2285 B.C. This is the oldest known law in the world and is called Lex Talionis, and is the law of retaliation. It wax most misunderstood laws ever to come into existence. So it is not surprising that Jesus felt the need to deal with it. It was being abused by many people and particularly because the Scribes and Pharisees were teaching wrongly on it. The main purpose of the law was exactly the same as the laws against adultery and divorce and that was to avoid the excesses man is prone to go to. For instance, suppose a man ix robbed of a bull or a sheep. When the robber was caught, the offended party wanted to take all of the robbers sheep or animals to retaliate for what had been taken from him. But we have the same thing today. If any harm is done to us, our immediate instinct is to hit back, but more than just hit back, but to do more to the other person than was done to us. In the Old Testament days it was a normal thing that retaliation took the form of killing, or seeking to kill the offender. So the practice had to be curbed. Thus, the law we know as "Tit for tat." But this law was to be meted out by judges and not by the individual. This kept it from becoming a personal vendetta between individuals and tribes. In savage areas if a member of a tribe is killed, that tribe then goes to the offending tribe and kills as many as they

can. So it is easy to understand how this retaliation had to be halted.

once again Jesus comes along with an unpopular rendering of the Law as it was interpreted by the Scribes and Pharisees. They were teaching that it was essential that the Law had to be administered in an "Eye for an eye, and a tooth for a tooth," manner. But Jesus said, "Not so."

Jesus began this dissertation by saying as we read in the 38th verse, "Ye have heard that it hath been said, "An eye for an eye, and a tooth for a tooth." As we said before, this came down from the Law of Moses and that is where they kear heard of it. But like so many other features of the Mosaic code they had perverted it and twisted it to make it say what they wanted it to say. So we read 1 in the 39th verse, Jesus went on, "But I say unto you that ye resist not axix evil." Now people have taken this phrase to mean anythingxfromxpacifixm that we should not have armies, or police, or magistrates, or anyone who would go agains evil. The thought behind it is that if evil is not resisted it will go away, because it will not profit anyone and the world will become good and righeous as it was meant to be. But that is the same as sticking one's head in the sand and ignoring that which is still there. Jesus was not teaching this. In other points of Scripture He spoke of governments and things of this nature, but it is not a part of this Scripture. What Jesus was saying *** does not mean that we are never to resist evil. He says, "Resist not evil," and then He goes on to give an example which shows how to react in a certain circumstance. One of the greatest insults which one man could give to another was to slap him on the right cheek. This came about because to do so, meant that the person doing the slapping had to deliberately reach across the other person to do it. Most people are right handed. Thus, a right handed man facing another would have to reach far to his left and in order to slap that man's face, he would use the

back of his hand. Then to add insult to injury, he would return his hand and with his palm slap that man on the left cheek. This is what Jesus is saying. If someone wants to slap you on the cheek, don't juke, or duck, but let him give you a slap on the other side. He didn't mean this literally. He meant it figuratively. His meaning was that if you are insulted, don't retaliate and return an insult back. Accept the insult and forget it. His meaning is made more clear when we read what the Apostle Paul has to say on this as it is found intx in the 12th chapter of Romans. Let's look at this Scripture. Beginning with the 9th verse he says, (read this). He meant to love all people without making a distinction between them. We are not to love a few people very well and then show hatred to many others. In verse 10, he spells this out further, (read this). Then he gives some practical things Christians should be doing to show forth this love as we read in verses 11 through 13, (read these). Then in the 14th verse we read an enlargement of what Jesus was saying in this portion of Scripture we have been looking at, (read this verse). He adds to this a few more thoughts of expressing Christian love as we read in verses 15 & 16, (read these). Then it is back to the same thought in verses 17 & 18, (read these). Do you see what he says in verse 18? It is "If it be possible, as much as lieth in you, live peaceably with all men." That means you strive to live a peaceable life and accept things which cannot do you keekik bodily harm. But this doesn't mean that you have to submit to someone who feels he wants to cut you up with a knife, or murder a member of your household In situations like this we have the right to defend our families , our homes, and ourselves. But we are to get into the habit of non-retaliation to those things which are not going to cause bodily harm. (Illustration of Billy Bray and man striking him after he was converted). This is the action God desires from each of us. Why? There are two reasons as Paul points out in the next verses of this 12th chapter. The first is found in the 19th verse, (read this). It isn't up to us to play God. He can and will take care of all abuses and insults we may receive at the hands of

others. He is the one to return vengeance upon those who cause harm to His

children. The second reason is found in the 20th verse, (read this). Have not ever spoken kindly to someone who is angrily telling you off? It isn't an easy lesson to learn because the normal reaction is to retaliate. And not only to retaliate, but to get back at the other fellow far beyond what he has inflicted upon us. But that isn't God's way.

(Illustration of Alexander the Great and General Clitus)

God seeks for us to rule ourselves before we rule others. This conquest begins in the individual heart. Paul closes this chapter with the words, "Be not obercome with evil, but overcome evil with good. This can only come about by a change in the heart of each of us. Are we willing to change our hearts so that our retaliation is such that, "Whosoever shall smite thee on thy right cheek, turn to him the other also?"

ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST Butler, Pennsylvania Fifth Sunday in Lent March 28, 1982 Sunday in Lent March 28, 1982
The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Pastor
Mr. Harry Cunningham, Organist and Choir Director
Mr. Roland Thompson, Saxophonist
Valerie Hartley and Brian Hollefreund - Acolytes "Lenten Prelude on 'Hear Our Entreaties, Lord'" Chauvin Prelude *Processional Hymn No. 385 "Holy God, We Praise Thy Name" *Ascription *Confession (In Unison) "O Lord, whose way is perfect, whelp us, we pray thee, always to trust in thy goodness; that, walking with thee and following thee in all simplicity, we may possess quiet and contented minds, and may cast all our care upon thee, for thou carest for us; for the sake of Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen." *Kyrie *Assurance of Pardon *Praise

*Pastor: Blessed be the Lord God! *People: And blessed be His Glorious Name forever *Gloria Patri Who's Who in the Pew Announcements Joys, Concerns, Prayer Requests Hymn No. 457 "Take Time to Be Holy" Call to Prayer Pastor: The Lord be with you People: And with thy spirit Pastor: Let us Pray Offering "When I Survey the Wondrous Cross" . Bunjes Offertory *Doxology 382 "Lonesome Valley/Swing Low" Traditional Matthew 5:38-42 Scripture: "HAVE YOU HEARD OF THE UNEXPECTED?" rayer

*Closing Hymn No. 455 "I Am Thine, O Lord" *Benediction Postlude "Fughetta" + + + + + + + + + *Congregation Standing + + + + + +
The Lovely Flowers on the Altar have been placed by Mrs. Jennie Nohach and Beverly in loving memory of Husband and Father - Nick Nohach. Serving as Ushers today are *Richad Mangel, Don Kingsley, Art Carney and Gary Penar. The attendance last Sunday was 226 Mr. & Mrs. Martin Henry will greet the Congregation and Visitors at the door this morning. Nursery will be provided today by Mrs. Theresa Palmer and Rense Brown. and Renee Brown.

Monday - 6-8 - Aerobics

Tuesday - 6-8 - Aerobics

Wed. - YOuth Meeting
Wed. - 7:00 - Council Meeting
Wed. - 7:15 - Chancel Choir

Thurs. - The Newsletter will be published. Please
have all material in by Wednesday.

Paul Campbell and Art Snyder will be visiting the Paul Campbell and Art Snyder will be visiting the Hospital this week.

Next Sunday is Palm Sunday. Along with the Confirmation Class - new members will be received - if you know of anyone interested in becoming a member. - put their name and address on a slip of paper and put it in the offering plate or give it to the Pastor. Kenneth Weitzel and J. Walter Harmon have tickets for the Good Friday Fellowship Breakfast at 6:00 at YMCA Youth Good Friday Service will be held in the Phillips Room at the YMCA at 3:00 A.M.

This is the last chance to order Lillies. I will be calling the order in on Monday. Let me know today This is the last chance to order Lillies. I will be calling the order in on Monday. Let me know today or sign up in the Narthex or Office; you would like to have a Lily. \$4.50 for 5 or 6 blcoms.

There is left over chocolate - anyone wanting to make their own Easter candy - here is a good opportunity to purchase chocolate by the pound at \$1.75 a lb. See Virginia Mangel, Money for Eggs to be in by Apr. 4.. The Council meeting will be held one week early due to all of the Services next week. All reports will be ready.

ready.

Js made impac on worl & want us 2do same in our cornr of worl
Car U mak an impac?
I r thoz quikly say NO I CAN'T Bouz think of no worth or valu, or no1 hear Bouz not noted
But this Bouz we no realiz G giv ea us abilty 2B of vr 'i & worth no mattr wat circumstanc of lif
L J NO Bouz also easier drift w/worl & socity, than 2b dif from it
(Illus 2 men argu impac & formulatin of QUIZ)
our impac can B such that peop wilB questining jus wat mak us dif from ever1 els
But our questining this morn shudB own harts/livs=
Do I Hav Corag 2Bgin Liv Out Thez Words Js Xp?
& Do I Hav The Corag 2 Start Rt Now, 2day?

"Have You Heard Of The Unexpected?"
Scrip: Mt. 5:38-42; Text: Mt 5:40-41; 1 Pet 2:11-24
Hav 'I Herd Of Unexpec? Js sed lisners herd Reataliatin & Jv anser lk las wk:Now tel wat do 2distinc case involv peop mak demands upon them
vs. "3#Ye hav herd,"then elab wat sed;find OT Mos Code
2 Idest law in world-Law Retaliatin=but nu meaning
vs 40-add=But I Say Un2 U=Read Vs=this add 2 preceed of turn othr cheek
if Xpian striv 2liv Beats,turn othr cheek=this add2
wen insulted
Cloak OT Ex 22:26-27=outr coat by day/blanket nite
tak as pledg durin day,giv hak end work day
(Ex=work pay money day,pledg coat; mus giv bak evn tho debt no pay off,illeg do otherwis)
Jew merch impatint get mony,no pay soon enuf,tak 2 cort & innr coat=wear all tim,award 2 him
Merch deman rts=Js say no so Xpian; shudB las persn seek rts
Xpian mus not evn suffr injustic 4it=G aveng,repay us 2day many seek rts=Elderly,welfar,gays,womn lippers ea grp individ ax 2grind=specil rts & privlegs
But wen sed,done,do we actul hav rts in site of G?
Duzn't everthin Blong 2 Him,& we only tenant liv short time here? Ar not sojourn,strangr & subj His wil & wants?
Sum1 sed=we lik auto,subj recal by maker
Wat R our rts,& who we 2 demand them?
We as Xpians 2sho peop & worl,we dif breed cat from them
Vs 41=Persins & postal rte;simlar Pny Expres;ea stage f 1,wstr,fresh hors,hay;no ther=cud deman sum1 prod Roh_ns refin this & flat spear sholdr,mean carry or mov=examp Simon of Cyrene & Js Cross
Compel=2 INPRESS,Press in2 serv & Js sed do joyfully Can U pictur avg persn do this? Ex=teenagr our hous DO I HAV 2? Sound familir?
How acomplish? word Js brief,mus compar Scrip vs Scrip 1 Pet 2:11-14=submit authorties,G ordain & use,no lk 2wat rts R,deman anythin;sho wat Xpian is & duz vs 15-16=wHY? Bcuz sho Xpliknes & silenc critics peop sidlins pok fun,jeer,sneer,no underst how Xpians luv mid hatred,hateful unluv worl
vs 19-20=Elaborat previus & accpt gracius buffet falts & buffet do wel;G want this & gav examp as read====
vsf 21-23=cam bout Bcuz sinles man B punish abus,yet at

"Have You Heard Of The Unexpected?"

Scripture: Matthew 5:38-42

xt: Matthew 5:40-41; 1 Peter 2:11-24

Have you heard of the unexpected? Jesus said that His listeners had heard of retaliation and He gave the answer for that as we looked at it last week. Now He tells them what to do in two distinct cases involving people making demands upon them. Let us look at these verses once again as they are found in our Scripture lesson.

As we look at the 38th verse, for the 5th time Jesus begins by saying, "Ye have heard that it hath been said," and He goes on to elaborate what had been said. We had said how this was found in the Old Testament Mosaic Code and was actually the oldest law in the world. The law of retaliation. But Jesus gave a new meaning to this. So let us add the beginning of the 39th verse to the beginning of the 40th verse and we find that would read, "But I say unto you, if any man will sue thee at the law, and take away thy coat, let him have thy cloak also." ais is an addition to the preceeding statmement of turning the other cheek. If a Christian is striving to not retaliate when he is insulted, here is another opportunity to do just that. We read about the cloak and its use in business transactions in the book of Exodus 22:26-27, (read this). What this means is that it was legal to accept a man's cloak as a pledge for payment of money, but the cloak could not be kept from him after sundown. The claok was the long sleeved, heavy, outer robe which by day was a robe and by night it was his blanket. The inner garment was called a "Coat." it was a long robe also but it was made of cotton or linen. Thus it was lighter in weight. During the day a man could work without his cloak and so if he was working for someone to pay off a debt, he could give the man to whom he owed money his coat as a pledge that when he was paid at the end of the day he would settle his affairs. But suppose he didn't have enough money to complete his debt? The man he owed money may get angry and demand that it was either the rest of the money, or the cloak. But this was illegal. He could demand the man's coat, or inner robe, but he could not deprive the man of his blanket to keep warm with at night.

Ordinarily, many of these Jewish merchants were not too tolerant of the people owed them money. So if it seemed as though a man was not paying fast enough, the merchant could take the man to court and if he won, he would get the man's inner coat. The merchant was in the right to demand his rights. But Jesus is saying that this is not to be the action of the Christian. If a man insists that he is going to sue, settle the case out of court by not only giving him your coat, but give him your cloak as well. A Christian should be the last person to be demanding "Rights." A Christian must not insist upon legal rights even though it may mean that he must suffer injustice because of it. Once again we must remember that vengeance belongs to God and He will repay us many times over for being obedient to Him, and not obedient to our own selfish demand for what we feel or believe is rightfully coming to us. We can see that a part of the problem of our society today is caused by so many demanding their so called, "Rights." The welfare recipients are demanding "Rights." The so called "Gay hts" people are demanding their "Rights." The elderly are demanding their "Rights." The ERA and women's libbers are demanding their "Rights. Each group has an individual axe to grind demanding "Special Rights and privileges." But when all is said and done do any of us actually have any "Rights" in the sight of God? Doesn't everything belong to Him, and we are only tenants of Wix all of this? Aren't we only sojourners and strangers here on this planet and subject to what He wants and wills? Someone has wisely said something to the effect that all of us are like the automobile to the extent that we are subject to recall by our maker as well. What are our "Rights" and who are we to demand them?" Jesus was pointing out that God knows who is in the roles of judging and being magistrates but we are to be restrained from appearing before them. We are to show people that a Christian is a different breed of cat, from the st of the world.

But then there is another side to this issue as well. Jesus said in the 41st verse, "But I say unto you, whosoever shall compel thee to go a mile, go with him twain." The Persians had set up a rather unique postal system. It was

somewhat like our old Pony Express of years ago. Each road was divided into ages which took a day to get to. At each stage there was food, water, and feed for the horses, and fresh horses to travel to the next stage. But if a man delivering the baggage or whatever it was, came to a station without food, or water, or other supplies, he could commandeer anyone to supply what was needed. The Romans refined this even further and at anyplace on any road a Roman soldier could walk up to a Jew, place the flat head of his spear on the shoulder of the man, and compel him to carry or deliver whatever was being moved along that road. This is how Simon the Cyrene was made to carry the cross of Jesus. The word "Compel" comes from a word which means "To impress," or to "press into service." Jesus said if this should happen to you to not only go the one mile, but to go a second mile as well. Can you picture the average person complying with this? What is our normal reaction when we are asked to go out of our way for someone? I remember the reaction of certain teen-agers in our use when asked to do something extra. "Do I have to?" Sound familiar? But how can we accomplish this, because the words of Jesus are very brief with not too many words used here. Once again we must compare Scripture with Scripture to see how God wants us to live this out in our lives.

Let us look for our comparison to the first letter of Peter, the second chapter. We will begin at the 11th verse. We read in verses 11 through 14, (read these). Here Peter is explaining that we must obey the civil authorities regardless of who they are. God knows them, and God has appointed them as the leaders. Good bad, or indifferent, God is aware of them and they are to be obeyed, especially by followers of Jesus Christ.

Then Peter begins to tell why as we read in verses 15 and 16, (read these). In other words, Christlikeness silences critics. There are those who stand on he sidelines jeering and poking fun at those who want to live the Christian life. They cannot understand how Christians can strive to love in the midst of a hateful and unloving world. This is what Peterelaborates on as we read in the 19th and 20th verses, (read these). We are to accept graciously when we are

buffeted for our faults as well as accepting being buffeted when we do well.

is is what God wants from us and He gave us the example for this as we read
in the 21st through the 23rd verses, (read these).

All of this came about, a sinless man being punished and abused and yet He was able to xxxx live the example He was striving to xx tell us about in this Sermon on the Mount. Peter closes this chapter with the words of the 24th verse and tells in the 25th verse why, (Read these).

There can be no question whatever that Jesus made an impact upon the world and it has never been the same. He wants us to make an impact in whatever little corner of the world we are living in. Can you make an impact? There are those who would answer very quickly **** "No I can't make an impact," because it is easier to drift with the world and our society than it is to be different from it.

(Illustration of two men arguing about making an impact and formulation of QUIZ)

ar impact can be such that people will be "Questioning" just what it is that
makes us different from everyone else. But our questioning this morning should
be within our own hearts and lives. And that questioning should be, "Do I have
the courage to begin living out these words of Jesus Christ starting today?"

ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST PAUL'S UNITED CHOICE.

Butler, Pennsylvania

April 4, 1982 Palm Sunday Sunday APT11 4, 1982
The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Pastor
Mr. Harry Cunningham, Organist and Choir Director
Mr. Roland Thompson, Saxophonist
Julee Vargo and Traci McMillin - Acolytes Exhortation Confession (In Unison) "Our Father, now that we have seen and known the manifestation of your Son and our Lord, we pray that it may become evident in our lives. Refute the prejudice that makes us hate others; upset the selfishness that blinds us to the debt we owe our fellowman; disturb the complacency that keeps us from your service; and cleanse us from all that would offend you. We pray all this in the name of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ. Amen." Kyrie Assurance of Pardon Praise *Pastor: Blessed be the Lord God!
*People: And blessed be His Glorious Name forever Gloria Patri Who's Who in the Pew Announcements Announcements
Joys, Concerns, Frayer Requests
Hymn No. 279 "Savior, Thy Dying Love"
Call to Prayer
Pastor: The Lord be with you
People: And with thy spirit
Pastor: Let us Pray Prayer Offertory "Let Me Be Thine Forever"
Dexology No. 382
No. 482
No. 484
N J. C. Bach Young "HAVE YOU HEARD OF SELFLESSNESS?"

Prayer *Closing Hymn No. 248 "Hosanna, Loud Hosanna" *Benediction "Fugue in D-minor" Postlude + + + + + + + + *Congregation Standing + + + + + +
The Lovely Flowers on the Altar have been placed by Mrs. Eleanor Sandbach in loving memory of her "Husband" Harold Sandbach. The Palm Crosses are in memory of Mr. & Mrs. John J. Sweeney by the Alvin Tait Family. You may take them as you leave the Sanctuary. Serving as Ushers today are *Charles Penar, Dan Bosko, Don Wogan and Dave McMillin. Nursery will be provided today by Cheryl Metrick and Mr. & Mrs. Gottlob Kradel will greet the Congregation and Guests at the door this morning. Ann Williams and Dutch Bolam will be visiting the Hospital this week. If your youngster is in School they should not be in Nursery. Next Sunday the Love Loaves will be turned in. Please put your name on a slip of paper in the Loaf and you will be given credit for it on your statement. Monday -6-3 - Aerobics
Monday 7:30 - Women's Mary Prugh Circle Meeting
Monday 7:30 - Promotion and Activities Committee Meeting.
Tues. -6-8 - Aerobics
Wed. -7:15 and Thurs. 6:45 - Chancel Chair Rehearsal Wed. - 7:15 and Thurs. 6:45 - Chancel Choir Renearsal
Thursday - (Maundy Thurs. - 7:30 - Service and Holy Comm.
Friday - 7:30 - Service and Holy Communion. NELCOME
After the Maundy Thurs. Service - Receiption for Old
and New Members in Rehoboth Hall. New Members being received today: Letter of Transfer-Mr. Russell Swartzlander, Jr. Profession of Faith -Mr. Russell Swartzlander, Jr. Profession of Faith Mrs. Emogene Massey and Mrs. Cathy Hasychak. There is still about 5 lbs. of chocolate left if you want to make any candy. See Virginia Mangel today.

Tickets for the movie "Chariots of Fire" Won as the best picture of the year - tickets are available in the office \$2.50 each. This is quite a savings that you will pay at the box office. BEGINS APRIL 9

"Have You Heard Of Selflessness?" Scrip: Mt 5: *2 38-42; Text: Mt 5:42; 2 Cor 5:14-15 Herd Of Selflesnes? Js sed folos had sinc also part Mos Code; it gru out desir 20 thoz poor of Isite: had optunty 2 rise abuv poverty
This las insite Js partic blok Scrip 38-42 42=(read)admonitin direc wat Mos shar peop Is. vss 7-8=say evn 7yr cancel no giv rt refus poor vs 9=cudB nex yr 7th & so no giv/no los money vss 10-11=Mos apeal 2B sympthet & wil get reward Mos knu div of inherit, but knu sum unscrup felos cud/wud tak inhertanc sum1 & lv sum1 poor prevent this tel frankly wat needB dun Remark=poor always=Js sed wen anoint perfume & so we C poor always no mattr wat, but Mos pt out responsbilty thoz means 2 seek provid thoz need 2grtest Kings Is spk bout this=Dav Ps 37:25-26 read Solmon Prov 19:17(read Explain both)
Lk bak Bgin Serm Mt & Beats C how fit wat Js say now vs 42=Merciful & wil sho concern othrs & cum bak 2us MusB stwards wat G giv & use wel; this no mean giv indiscrimnatly any & all causes Ex:inebriate man, no giv Bcuz mor drink, but sum1 need help, not jus financil, shud rendr it Ask: Wat if I do & persn use wrong? Is sum1 ask & U determin legit, & use wrong, on his hed G knu Ur motivs & why gav, & He bles U 4it Heb 13:2=Read; this sum tot1 wat Js say Mt 25:31-40 Conversly say thos who no do wudB cast away presenc Mus remem wen rendr asistanc othrs, rendr 2 Js Xp P wrot Ch Cor & 2 Cor 5:14-15 14=P say luv Js compel, control, grasp us so much we realiz He dy 4us & thru Him Blivrs hav dy 2sin vs 15=Bcuz compulsiv,grt luv 4 Js Xp shud all hav, we no liv 2selvs & own devices, but liv 4 Him & lik Him; that mean lif selflesnes; lif no wrap self & wat we want with worldly whims & fancies (Illus misnary Arthur Tylee & grav spk loudr lif) Exact was Js sho by deth our Bhalf
Our examp 4 all lif=Him & that examp is lif was completly divest of self,& Bcuz gav lif our Bhalf This wat ask of us as wel:2B abl turn othr cheek, go 2nd mil, giv clok as wel as coat, & giv 2 thoz ask, only posibl from lif dy 2 self Wor 3 Js musB herd by any & all who name name & prof 2B Jllo of Him=But how far willing 2 follo? It it all way? Or only so far, Lord, only so far? Vs 42=G is ask of U & me & wants 2 boro aleganc & livs whil liv this lif. Wat is our respns 2 Him?????

"Have You Heard Of Selflessness?"

Scripture: Matthew 5:38-42

ext: Matthew 5:42; 2 Corinthians 5:14-15

Have You Heard Of Selflessness? Jesus said His followers had since it also was a part of the Mosaic Code. It had grown out of the desire to see that those who were poor of the Israelites had the APPORTUNITY to rise shove their poverty. This is the last insight of Jesus in this particular block of Scripture and in a sense it ties Allxofxkhesexx verses 38 through 42 together.

But as we now look at it xxx separately we see that Jesus said, (read verse 42) His admonition at this point is taken directly from what Moses had shared with 7 and 8, (read these). But what Moses is saying here is that even though every 7th year all debts were to be cancelled, this didn't give anyone the right to refuse help or assistance to a poor man. He explains this further in the 9th verse and we read, (read this verse). What could conceivably happen was that a cunning individual could delay giving assistance if it was near the 7th year. In this way he wouldn't have to give anything and so with the year of release, he wouldn't xemityxbe have really lost anything. But Moses appeals to not only their sympathy for the poor and needy, but to the reward which God would certainly render to them because they had opened their hearts to others, as we read in verses 10 and 11, (read these). Moses had known of the division of the inheritance and how everyone was supposedly taken care of by what lay before them in the promised land. But he also knew that there just may be some unscrupulos fellows who could or would take the inheritance of someone else and thus there would be poor among them. To prevent this, he speaks to them very frankly about what needed to be done. But it is interesting to note that he tells them, there would always be poor among them. Jesus made this same remark when someone commented that the perfume used to anoint Him shortly before His death could have been used to help the poor. From this we can

understand that poverty would always be present in the world. But Moses was uick to point out that it was the responsibility of those with means, to seek to waxx provide for those without. Moses speaks of the rewards which will come to those who are compassionate and we find that two of the greatest kings of Israel spoke of this very thing. In axx the 37th Psalm of David verses 25 and 26 we read, (read these verses). David says that in his lifetime he has not seen those who seek to be righteous and to strive to do the righteous thing, to be forsaken or without, nor has he seen their family, wives, children and grandchildren without food. Those he has observed are people who gave what they could so others waxxidanxxxxxxxx without these things had them provided. He is saying that there is a special blessing reserved for those who give to the needs of others. His son, Solomon, in his book of Proverbs tells us in the 19th Proverb, verse 17, (read this verse). In effect, he is saying, when you give to the poor it is like lending it to God and God in turn will payxxxxx

If we look back at the beginning of the Sermon on the Mount at the Beatitudes we can readily see that each statement which Jesus made following them, built one upon another. With each statement we can go back to those Beatitudes and pluck one out which will fit the purpose and meaning of what Jesus was saying. When we look at this 42nd verse we can go back to the Beatitudes and pluck out, "Blessed are the merciful, for they shall obtain mercy." When we are willing to show concern and care to others it will come back to us in many other ways. But we must add to this that we are to be good stewards of what God has given us and to use it well. This means that we do not just indiscriminately give to any and all causes. A good example would be an obviously inebriated man who sought a handout from you. It wouldn't be wise to help that man because it would mean that more than likely he would use the money for further drinking But someone who seemed to obviously need help, if it is within our means to give help, and not necessarily financial help, then we should render it. But you may ask, "What if I do give to someone and that person is not legitimately

in need?" If someone asks help of you and you honestly believed that person to in need and renedered assistance, and that person used that help wrongly, that sin is on his conscience. God knew your motives and why you gave and He will bless you for it. But we must always remember what the author of Hebrews tells us in chapter 13, verse 2, "Be not forgetful to entertain strangers; for thereby some have entertained angels unawares." This is the sum and total of what Jesus said as recorded in the 25th chapter of the Gospel of Matthew beginning with the 31st verse, (read verses 31-40). Conversely He says those who didn't do this would be cast away from His presence. We must remember that as we render help and assistance to others, we are rendering it to Jesus Christ Himself.

Paul wrote to the people at the Church in Corinth and we find his elaboration on this principle in his 2nd letter, chapter 5, verses 14 and 15, (Read verse 15) x 14). Paul is saying that the love for Jesus Christ compels us, or controls of the such a grasp upon us so much so, that we realize that He died for us and through Him all believers have died to sin. But he goes on to say in the 15th verse, (read this). Because of this compulsive, or great love for XXXX Jesus Christ we should all have, we don't live to ourselves, and our own devices but instead, we live for Him, and like Him. That means a life of Selflessness. A life that is not wrapped up in ourselves and what we want and all of our worldly whims and fancies.

Is it all the way? Or only so far Lord, only so far? "Give to him that asketh hee, and from him that would borrow of thee turn not thou away." God is asking of you and me, and He wants to borrow our allegiance and our lives while we live in this life. What is our response to Him?

ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST Butler, Pennsylvania Easter Sunday
The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Fastor Mr. Harry Cunningham, Organist and Choir Director Mrs. Ginger Harbison, Youth Choir Director Mr. Reland Thompson, Saxophonist Julee Vargo and Traci McMillin - Acolytes Prelude "All Glory, Laud and Honor" Teschner *Processional Hymn 209 "Christ the Lord Is Risen Today" *The Call to Worship Pastor: Why seek ye the living among the dead?
He has risen! People: He has risen indeed! Pastor: Let us worship God. *Invocation (in unison) Almighty God, our Father, we praise Thee for turning the despair of the disciples into a time of Spiritual joy through the resurrection of Jesus Christ. Give us the faith to believe that every good which seems to be overcome by evil, and every love which seems to be buried in darkness and death, shall rise again to life immortal, through Christ the risen Lord. Amen. *Fraise Fastor: Blessed be the Lord God! People: And blessed be His Glorious Name forever *Gloria Patri Who's Who in the Pew Announcements Joys, Concerns, Prayer Requests
Youth Choir Anthem "Morning Sun"
Easter Prayer - Apple OFFE James Ward Offering Offertory "I Know That My Reedemer Lives" Weinhorst *Doxology 328 The Easter Anthem "Festive Alleluia" Young (Miss LaDonna Lynaman, trumpet)
Scripture: Matthew 5:43-40
Sermon: "Have You Heard Of Christian Love?"
LOVE LOAF OEDICATION

Sermon Prayer *The Hymn of Triumph 292 "Because He Lives" *The Benediction *The Postlude "Christ The Lord Is Risen Today" Markworth + + + + + + + *Congregation Standing + + + + ++++++++ *Congregation Standing ++++++++ Serving as Ushers today are: *Dutch Bowser, Marie Henry, Evelyn Kennedy and Diana Hollefreund
Mrs. Dutch Bowser will greet the Congregation at the door this morning. We are happy to welcome Miss LaDonna Lynaman as our trumpet soloist this Easter morning. LaDonna comes trumpet soloist this Easter morning. LaDonna comes to us from Slippery Rock.

Monday - 6-3 - Aerobics

Tuesday - 6-3 - Aerobics

Wed. - Youth Choir; 7:15 - Chancel Choir

Thurs. 6-9 - Aerobics

Thursday - 10:30 - Mary Martha Circle Meeting at

Zitt Thompson's Home.

Please take your Lily with you after the Service this morning. If you want them to go to a shut-in leave it and it will be taken.

Nursery will be provided today. Nursery will be provided today The attendance last week was 237
Bob Dollen and Chet Stauffer will be visiting the Hospital this week. The Activities Committee and I would like to thank The Activities Committee and I would like to thank all those who helped make Easter Eggs and to sell them. A total of \$1,626.51 was made from the sell of these Eggs which will go on the Frincipal of the Building Fund. We wish to thank Jane Weichey - she sold 95 eggs plus a lot of the left over candy. Thanks --- Ginny Mangel.

We welcome all those visiting with us this morning and hope you will be back again real scon. Tickets are available in the Office for "Chariots of Fire"for the Plaza Theatre at a cost of \$2.59

/Did you know - a smile cost nothing, yet creates much. It enriches those who receive, without impoverishing those who give.

"Have You Heard Of Christian Love?" Scrip: Mt. 5:43-48; Text: Mt. 5:44 (Illus Xpian son execut & Father luv Communist) Wat ad B Ur ract sum1 murdr membr famly? Wud U B wil sho kindnes 2 killr? We no kno wat wud do & dif quest But Hsv U Herd Kpian Luv? Js sed folos hadnt & pract ht 'ed insted luv This last oprincipls 1k Serm Mt Js tak Mos Code & clarify, & sho wat G want insted wat man mak 2B But wher Js get statmen?=Read Vs 43 & surely G no say Lev 19:18=Ther tis, spel out & wher peop misinterp? Anser=how interpr who neybor was Ex=Js, lawyer & who my neybor? Gud Sam=heresy Lev/Pr Jew was taut only Jew was neybor, othrs same as dogs This wher get luv neybor, hate enmy vs 44=Jews abhorent 2thmm, 2think othrs same lite as J Vs 45=they that they childrn, chosen & Js talk infurat vs 45b=peop pray G send wrath/destruc thoz unrite etc G bles unrit, atheist, hater of him & may rais most butiful flowrs, crops=But G's judg reserv latr time if no repent & turn from wikednes quest:vs 46=Publicns=Gr=TELONAI=J's colect taxes unclean=Bcuz contac Gentils; brk Sabath & ostraciz Quest:vs 47=Publicns-Gr=ETHNIKOI=ethnic Eng thez stricly Gentils, thoz non-Jewish Tax colectrs luv same; Gentils luv Gentils=J luv Jews Questin is=U no dif othr peop,U jus lik thoz U hate This hand dwn gen 2 gen & ex peop Butlr hate 4noreasn (Illus Plains Georgia=Millard Fuller, ex lawyr, milaire Luv In Mortr Joints=book & from UCC) (Rose Belle & Willie mov hous & all OK=OH NO THIS HOUS AINT GOT NO PROBS. WE'RE SO HAPPY 2B IN IT. MR.MILARD BI 'G IN THIS HOUS IS LIK WE WAS DED & BURY & GOT DUG UP Nothr famly Dunnings=Tom/Ethel liv shak farm wh lady White lady call phon, cum 2 hous nex morn=did do & harang til midaft, Ethel lv in tears Bak hom, watr shut off; 2 mos haul water buckets from neybor hous; wh lady call=son/wif cum home bak cakes? Wud B glad 2, but no watr; U cum 2hous & bak
Mr. Milard U kno wat I did? I went ovr ther & work all day bak cakes & I didnt say nothin bout nothin I bak & bak & B nic as cud B=U know wat? 2do that Youse got 2B dug up This mesag=2B G's persn mus B dug up, transform, chang born-agin, & this wat mak posib B mercful, turn othr ch k,go 2nd mile, luv insted hate (Illus boy, rabit, no add) wat cud multply? Wat cud add? nothin cept 2liv it & expres our livs: Hav U herd Xp Luv? Now U hav, in fac 2day U can say U kn of Him who

not only talk bout it, did it thru rex deth & resurec Bcuz He liv, we 2 can liv & we can & shud luv, Bcuz His luv Thanks B 2 God 4 victry thru L & Sav Js Xp He not in tomb, He is Risn! He Is Risen Indeed, thank God.

"Have You Heard Of Christian Love?"

Scripture: Matthew 5:43-48

rt: Matthew 5:44

(Illustration of execution of Christian's son & his love to that Communist)
What would be your reaction is someone murdered a member of your family?
Wouldy you be willing to show kmi kindness to the killer? We don't know how
or what we would do. That is a very difficult question to ponder and much
harder to answer. But "Have You Heard Of Christian Love?" Jesus said that
His followers hadn't because they were practising more hatred than love. This
is the last of six principles we have been looking at from this portion of the
Sermon on the Mount which Jesus had taken from the Mosaic Code and which He
clarified to show how God wanted them to be lived instead of being what man
had caused them to become.

But just where did Jesus get this statement which He makes in the 43rd verse?

Ye have heard that it hath been said, 'Thou shalt love thy neighbor and hate thine enemy?" That surely wasn't what God had set forth in His Law. That just doesn't quite sound like what God would hand down as His Word for life. We find recorded in the Law, in the book of Leviticus chapter 19, verse 18, a summation of various things pertaining to neighbors. We read there, "Thou shalt not avenge, nor bear any grudge against the children of thy people, but thou shalt love thy neighbor as thyself; I am the Lord." There it is, spelled out so just where did these people get their attitude and teaching of loving your neighbor and hating your enemy? The answer is simply how they interpreted who their neighbor was.

You may remember when x which x w

other half-breeds were no better than dogs. They were scum and not to be ealt with in any way shape or form.

So this is where they got their bit of loving their neighbor and hating their enemy. But as in previous utterances about the Law, Jesus gives a clarification about this. He adds, "But I say unto you, love your enemies, bless them that curse you, do good to them that hate you, and pray for them which despitefully use you, and persecute you." These words to the Jews who heard them must have sent shudders through their physical bodies. Any and all of this was absolutely abhorrent to them. To even think of anyone who was not a Jew brought thoughts of hatred coursing through their brains.

But Jesus adds to this and says, "That ye may the children of your Father which is in heaven." They already believed they were His children, simply because they were Jews. They were His chosen people. And for Jesus to tell them they were not God's children because of their attitudes must have infuriated them.

And then Jesus told them something which must have made them livid with rage. He said, "For He maketh His sun to rise on the eyi; and on the good, and sendeth rain on the just and on the unjust." These people literally prayed that God would send His wrath and destruction upon those whom they considered as being the unrighteous, the unchosen people.

(Illustration of person writing to newspaper editor and quationing a person planting on Sunday. Answer: God doesn't pay His accounts in October)

The person who chooses to curse God with the most vile names, is an individual who is capable of raising prize winning beautiful flowers. Because God doesnot withhold His blessings from these people. But God's judgement is reserved for them at a later time if they do not repent and turn from their wickedness and atheism.

So after making these statements, Jesus now asks two questions. Both of the questions speak of two groups of people the Jews literally hated. The first question wax in verse 46 asks, "For if ye love them which love you, what

reward have ye? do not even the publicans do the same?" The "Publicans" Jesus referring to ix were called "Telonai" in Greek. These were not necessarily Gentiles, but were quite often Jews who collected the taxes for the much hated Romans. They were hated because in collecting taxes, they had contact with Gentiles which made them unclean, and they broke the Sabbath by comlecting taxes on the Sabbath. So these people as a result of being ostrcized by much of the population found friendship and companionship among themselves. The second question Jesus raised is much like the first, he asked, "And if ye salute your brethren only, what do ye more than others? do not even the publicans so?" The word "Publican in this instance is from another Greek word which is "Ethnikoi," and as you might guess it is where we get our English word "Ethnic" from. The word was used in conjunction with strictly Gentiles, or those who were not Jewish. Jesus was asking, ** Townsk Isn't it true that taxcollecters love other tax collecters? And isn't it true that those who are Lot Jews love others who are not Jews? So what difference is there if you only love Jews? You are just like those you hate." But this isn't just something which was isolated in history and peculiar to the time of Jesus Christ. It has been handed down from generation to generation and is still with us today. I know people in our Butler area who hate people simply because they are of another race, or their skin is another color. Many of these people have never had any real contacts with people such as this, they hate them because a prejudice has been handed down to them. I'd like to share an illustration with you that has happened right in the hometown of an Ex-president in Plains, Georgia. In this town has existed what may be perhaps some of the worst slums in the south. An ex-lawyer, ex-millionaire, who gave up both to kwik buy property, build new low-cost housing and sell it to ppor people interest free has been working to change those slums. His name is Millard Fuller and he is a member of the United Church of C, rist. In his book, "Love In The Mortar Joints," he tells of two incidents I would like to relate this morning. A black family, Willie and Rose Belle had one of

ey moved into it, because their old shack leaked in every storm, and was impossible to heat in the winter. Mr. Fuller stopped the next evening to see if anything needed to be done to the house. He was ushered in and proudly shown their new house. When he asked if there was anything else that he could do and if the house was OK, Rose Belle replied in her poor speech, "OH no. This house ain't got no problems. We're so happy to be in it. Mr. Millard, being in this house is like keing we was dead and buried, and got dug up." She was expressing a theological truth without even knowing she had xxxxxxixx expressed a significant truth.

Another family, Tom and Ethel Dunning had been living in a shack on a farm owned by a white lady. When the white lady heard they were going to move into one of the new houses she contacted Ethel and told her she wanted to talk to her. The morning next dax Ethel went to her house and the white lady harranged her until midfternoon and Ethel left in tears. When she reached her shack home, she discovered that their water had been shut off. Forctwo months the Dunning family had to haul water, by filling buckets from a neighbor's house. One day shortly thereafter, the white lady contacted Ethel by phone and said she had a problem. "Ethel," she said, "my boy and his wife are coming to see us this weekend. Would you mind cooking us some of those special cakes you bake so well?" Ethel said, "Yes, Ma'am, I'd be glad to cook em - but you know I ain't got no water!" "Oh. Ethel. that's right. I'd forgotten. Well, could you come over here to my house and bake them?" Ethel telling the story paused and said, "And Mr. Millard, you know what I did? I went over there and worked all day long baking those cakes. I didn't say nothin bout nothin. I just baked and baked and was as nice as I could be." "But do you know what? she asked. "To do that you'se got to be dug up!" This is the message. To be God's person we must be "Dug up," transformed, born-again, changed. This is what makes it possible to be merciful, to turn the other cheek, to go the second mile, to love instead of hate.

Illustration of little boy and rabbit that couldn't add).

Can we multiply any of these things we have been talking about? Can we add

) ik? this? Nothing, except to live it and express it in our lives.

"Have You Heard Of Christian Love?" Now you have. In fact, today, you can say that you know of Him who not only talked about it, but did it, through His death and His resurrection.

Because He lives, we too can live and we can and should love, because of His love. Thanks be to God for the victory through our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ. He is not in the tomb! He is risen! He is Risen Indeed, thank God.

ST. FAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST Butler, Pennsylvania Second Sunday in Eastertide The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Pastor Mr. Harry Cunningham, Organist and Choir Director ORDER OF WORSHIP - 11:00 A.M.

Prelude "Variations on 'O Sons and Daughters, Let us Sing'"

*Processional Hymn No. 299 "He Lives" *Exhortation *Confession (In Unison) "Father, give us the spirit Your Son has promised us; to make us honest people again; to know and face the truth; to see ourselves and cease from laying our defections at your door; to see your only goodness in our desperate need for you. Forgive us through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen." *Kyrie *Assurance of Pardon *Praise *Pastor: Blessed be the Lord God! *People: And blessed be His Glorious Name forever *Gloria Patri Who's Who in the Pew Announcements Joys, Concerns, Prayer Requests Hymn No. 607 "Where He Leads Me" Call to Prayer

Pastor: The Lord be with you

People: And with thy spirit Pastor: Let us Pray Prayer Offering Offertory "Jesus Christ, My Sure Defense" J.S.Bach *Doxology 382 Anthem: "But Still He Loved Me" Wyatt (Howdy Bolam, Soloist) Scripture Matthew 5:48 Sermon: "HAVE YOU HEARD OF FAMILY LIKENESS?" Prayer "Closing Hymn No. 298 "Christ Arose"

*Benediction
Postlude "Festival Intrada on 'Ellacombe'" Bailey
+ + + + + + + + + + + *Congregation Standing + + + + + +
The Lovely Flowers on the Altar have been placed by
Mr. & Mrs. Goerge Pflugh in loving memory of their
Daughter - Famela Jean Pflugh.
Serving as Ushers today are: *Rob Vinroe, Robert Dellen,
Randy Dellen and Brian Kennedy
Nursery will be provided today
Mr. & Mrs. William Thompson will Greet the Congregation ar
Visitors at the door this morning.
Don Wogan and Dave McMillin will be visiting the Hospital
this week.
Monday - 6-8 - Aerobics
Monday - 7:30 - Fidelity Rible Class
Tuesday - 6-8 - Aerobics
Tuesday - 7:30 - Board of Christian Education and Teachers
Please plan to attend this meeting.
Wed. - 6-7 - Youth Choir Practice: 7:15 - Chancel Choir
Thursday - 6-9 - Aerobics in Rehoboth Hall
Mr. Raymond O'Cock, Professor of organ at Westminster
College, will perform a dedication recital this evening
beginning at 7:30 at the Hill U. P. Church on Second and
Brady St.
Mrs. Lula Penar would like to thank the people for the
beautiful cards, prayers and get well wishes. As special
thanks to Rev. Link.
The Elders and Deacons class began today for a five week
period in Rehoboth Hall. If you would like to take the
Class - there is still time to catch up.
Rol Thompson will be with us again next Sunday - we left
him take a day off.
Hospitalized - Mr. Norman Lippold - BCMH; Mrs. Melvin
Rex - St. Margaret's; and Mrs. Jane Swartzlander,
Armstrong General, Kittanning, Pa. - Russell and Jane
Swartzlander had a new baby girl - Congratulations!!
The attendance last Sunday was 277 with 51 Visitors.
If you love someone you will be loyal to him no matter

what the cost. You will always believe in him, always expect the best of him, and always stand your ground

in defending him. 1 Cor. 13:7

"Have You Heard Of Family Likeness?" crip: Mt. 5:48; Text: Mt. 5:48 persn may say Bliv in G but if no Bliev Js Xp R not childrn of G

Hr G 2them but nothing els:G is not Fathr of nonwen start serys Srm Mt. sed prob serm no giv at 1 tim
The Bcuz length & Mt prob use sequenc 2 giv record
Wat matters is teaching & wat we do with it
Vs 48 bring us end chap & particelement of preach
the last verse sum total everthing which gon B4
Serm Mt & effect has awg persn:
B4 mos peop convinc code 4 lif is 10 C's
then long cum Js & interp law, insted simpfy, harder
Who cud posib do all thez thing & also keep 10 C's?
This paradox mos peop if concern liv Xpian lif
But 4 Xpian no mattr law harder keep, insted it way
21iv law & no B tied ritulistic keep of law X an & we need 2 remembr this s 17a=means all which Blong Js Xp ours Bcuz we childrn of G is how can absolutly say G is our Father, & if G is our Father, we hav H Sp within us & we cannot B lik anybody else, we mus B different Why is this important?
Mus lk why wud B important
(Illus poor father & boy in troubl Bcuz of it)
G is not a poor Father=He is ultimate of wat Father Sut 4 Aplan no mattr law harder keep, inseed to way 2liv law & no B tied ritulistic keep of law Js no dispens law, reinterp, gav simpfy examps how liv thus all 5th chap, sumup las vs:if striv liv Beats; B salt; B lite; pure hart; turn othr cheek; clok & coat: 2nd mi etc, then striv fulfil wat Js sat last vs Js say=B YE=& this mean suposed foloers, I say supos shud B G wants us 2B perfect lik Him, Bcuz He luvs us & wants very best 4us
Think human father, or parents=do we want childrn turn out wrong?
Why not? Bcuz they ours,a part of us & same with G So Js say=The tills mean supposed rollers, say supposed rollers, say say folo Js Xp, but aftr profes do nothing furthr 2permit growth tak plac livs
So Js say=Thoz U claim 2B folors & He add Ther4,
which mean=Now U herd thez things, it time U do sumtl We made in Image of God=ther is His likmes in us & He wants us 2 hav that relatinship which mak us His childrn thru Js Xp This wat Js striv 2sho & giv 2us He say=Vs 48=& Why? Vs 45 tel this=Read it All cum 2 final quest which Serm Mt try elicit from Adds word=PERFECT=& imediat peop bak off Bcuz think persn mus no do this, that, can hav no fun anymor But wrong concept Js add=Lik Ur Fathr who is in heavn is perfect but Js add-Lik Ur Fathr who is in heavn is perfect but this no mean we attain in this lif Perfect=Gr noun=TELOS & mean 1stag end, nothr Bgin But Js use Adj=TELIOS, & only foun here & mean=THAT WHICH HAS REACHED ITS GOAL, COMPLETE Anythin which reach pt is TELOS, complet 1stag, & at at pt is TELIOS, =COMPLETE & ready 4 nex stage It mean no jus accpt Xp & stop; insted mean that stag we Telos & shud B pres on 2B TELIOS

NT pt out sevrl plac we 2B eat meat & not stop milk But meanin is deeper & has 2do with G Himself Wat do we kno of G? 1st C He luv, & creat everthin gud & perfect; man ult creatin, but turn & din & sepa G stil perf. but man not as 1nce bin Ordr 2restor G mad posib thru Js Xp & wen any1 ackno & acc pt Js Xp as Bav & L, persn Born in2 fam of G T is pt H Sp cmm in2 hart, lif persn & mak posib that persn hav guidanc, directin 2war gro Xpian lif P say this Rom 8:16 us Use Cuest: Is ther sumthin specil bout U?

I no ask if U read Bibl, tho that import
" " " " say Ur prayers, that import 2
" " " " " cum 2 church reglar, tho import 2,
Ther peop do all thez & stil not Xpian
(it is ther sumthin of G about U?
Can peop aroun U C famly Liknes 2 Ur Father in
Hvn? May G grant ea us mayB seen sumthin of uniques which separat us from othrs, but which sho 4th & proclaim we childrn of our Father who is in Hvn A Say this som of the data thru relatship Js Xp the ratship with Father restor, we now childrn & this .t separat Xpain & Non-Xpian

Matthew 5:48

xt: Matthew 5:48

When we started this series of sermons on the Sermon on the Mount we had said that in all probability this was not a sermon which laked was given all at one time. The reason for this is because of the length of it and its contents. In all probability Matthew wrote this down in this sequence not striving to prove what Jesus said, but to give the record of His preaching. It really doesn't matter much whether He delivered it all at once, or over an extended period of time. What matters is the teaching and what we do with it.

With this 48th verse we come to the end of the 5th chapter and also an end to this particular element of preaching. Jesus has covered a great deal of ground in this chapter and this last verse is the sum total of everything which has gone before.

But perhaps before we look at that verse we should note the effect the Sermon on the Mount has on the average person. Before hearing this Sermon on the Mount, most people are convinced that the code by which we are to live is the Ten Commandments. Then along comes Jesus Christ with these interpretations of the Law and it appears as though instead of simplifying life, He does nothing more than make it harder to live. Who could possibly do all of these things He was saying as well as keeping the Ten Commandments? This is the paradox most people find themselves in if they are at all concerned about living the Christian life. But for the Christian it isn't a matter of the Law being made harder to keep. Instead, it is the way to live the law without being tied to the ritualistic keeping of the Law. Jesus didn't dispense with the L, w, He re-interpreted it and gave simplified examples of how to live that Eaw. Thus everything which we have dealt with in this 5th chapter is tied up in this last werse. If we are striving to live the Beatitudes, if we are striving to be the salt of the earth, and the light of the world; if we are striving to be of a pure heart; if we are striving to turn the other cheek when we want to retaliate; if we are striving to give up our cloak as well as our coat if anyone wants to take it; and if we are striving to go the second

mile and all of these other little details which Jesus has given, then, we are riving to fulfill what Jesus was saying in this last verse. But in order to understand just exactly what Jesus was saying, we must examine the verse more closely.

Jesus begins by saying, "Be ye," by this He means those who are His supposed followers. I say supposed because there are many who say they will follow Jesu Christ, but after making the profession they do make nothing further to permit growth to take place in their lives. So Jesus is in effect saying, "Those of you who claim to be my followers," and He adds, "Therefore," which means, "Now that you have heard all of these things, it is time for you to do something about all of this."

He adds the word "Perfect." That word causes some people to immediately wack off. The reason of course is that we think of "perfect" as being someone who is restricted from all of the things of life and who can have any fun if all Jou can do is sit and twiddle your thumbs? But that is the wrong conception of the word "perfect." It is true that Jesus adds, "Even as your Father, who is in heaven is perfect," but that doesn't mean that we are expected to be like that especially in this life. The word "Perfection" is from the Greek word Telos. The word originally means, the point at which one stage ends and another begins. But the word which Jesus used here is the adjective, "TELIOS" This is the only place in the New Testament where this word is used. At this point it means "that which has reached its goal, complete." Anything which has reached its TELOS, or the completion of one stage, is walked TELIOS or "Complete" at that point. So Jesus is telling His followers to grow from stage to stage. To be TELOS and be considered as TELIOS. That means that we don't just come to acknowledge and accept Christ and stop at that point. It means instead that that is the first point and we are TELOS, or have just completeted a stage and should be pressing on to become TELIOS. This is where we read in other parts of the New Testament that we are to be feeding on meat and not stopping our growth at milk.

But the meaning of this goes much deeper than the fact that Jesus wants His 1 lowers to grow in their fatth faith. The deeper meaning has to do with God Himself. What do we know of God? First we would probably say that God is love and that because He is love, He created everything good and perfect. But of all of His creation, man was the ultimate but man turned from God and sinned and thus destroyed the prefection which God had meant for him to be and to live in. This meant then that man was separated from God. God was still perfect, but man was water no longer perfect as he had once been. In order to restore that relationship, God made it possible through Jesus Christ. When anyone acknowledges and accepts Jesus Christ as Lord and Saviour that person is born into the family of God. At this point the Holy Spirit comes into the heart and life of that person to take residence there making it possible for that person to have guidance and direction toward growth in the Christian life. The Apostle Paul shared this with the people in the Church at Rome and we read _a the 8th chapter the 16th verse, "She Spirit Himself beareth witness with our spirit that we are the children of God." This means that The Holy Spirit works with our spirit, or our lives to indicate to us that through this new relationship with Jesus Christ the relationship with our Father has been restored. We are His children and this is what separates Christians from skins people who are not Christians. Those who may believe in God, but are not actual Christians are not "Children of God." He is God to them, but nothing else. God is not the Father of the non-Christian and we need to remember this. Paul goes on to add, "And if children, then heirs, heirs of God and joint heirs with Christ." This means that all which belongs to Jesus Christ is ours because we are an heirskhraugh because we are God's children. This is how we can absolutely say with a certainty that God is our Father. And if God is our Father, we have His Holy Spirit within us and we cannot beclike anybody else we must be different. But why is this important? Perhaps we can understand it better if we look at it from another direction.

(Illustration of man coming to church to discover if his name is still on the church role. His son was in a gang which held up a liquor store etc.)

From this example I think we can get an inkling of what why God would want us -2 be seeking perfection as Jesus said we should. If we think of it this in our own humanness we know that for those of us who are parents, we don't want our children to turn out wrong, do we? Our children bear a tikene physical resemblance to us in one way or another. We want the best for them, and we certainly don't want them to make the same mistakes which we made. That is the reason for correction, for concern, for anguish when things they act in a manner contrary to what we want.

It all comes down to this final question which this first part of the Sermon on the Mount is striving to bring elicit from each of us. That question is this: Is there anything special about you? I'm not asking if you read your Bible, and that is important and I urge you to do so; I'm not asking if you say your prayers, or whether you go to church regularly. There are people who do all of these things and they aren't Christians. But is there something of God about you? Can the people around you see a "Family Likeness" to your Father in heaven? May God grant that in each of us may be seen something of the uniqueness which separates us from the the children of our Father who is in heaven.

ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST Butler, Pennsylvania Third Sunday in Eastertide Ar The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Pastor April 25, 1982 Mr. Harry Cunningham, Organist and Choir Director Mr. Roland Thompson, Saxophonist Chris Andrews and Amy Vargo - Acolytes *Exhortation *Exhortation
*Confession (In Unison) "Lord God, our Saviour, you have been faithful in your promise to deliver us from the guilt of our sins, and make us acceptable to you and your kingdom. But too often I have not been faithful in following my promise to obey your will, and I have not loved my neighbors and enemies. I humbly ask forgiveness, Lord. In Jesus' name. Amen." *Kyrie *Assurance of Pardon *Praise

*Pastor: Blessed be the Lord God!

*People: And blessed be His Glorious Name forever Who's Who in the Pew Announcements Joys, Concerns, Prayer Requests Hymn No. 515 "We Give Thee but Thine Own" Call to Prayer Pastor: The Lord be with you People: And with thy spirit Pastor: Let us Pray Prayer Offering fering Offertory: vology 382 "Beautiful Savior" Arbatsky *Doxology Anthem: "Share His Love" Reynolds Scripture Matthew 6:1-4
"KINGDOM LIVING: RIGHTEOUS ACTION" Sermon: aver ' osing Hymn No. 574 "Revive Us Again"

*Benediction Postlude Postlude
+ + + + + + + + + + + + *Congregation Standing + + + + +
The Lovely Flowers on the Altar have been placed in
Loving Memory of Roy Andrews, Sr. by His Family. His
Birthday would of been April 28th.
Serving as Ushers today are *Richard Mangel, Don Kingsley, Art Carney and Gary Penar. Mrs. Ann Williams will greet the Congregation and Visitors at the door this morning.
Mrs. Gloria Walker and Valerie Hartley will be in charge of Nursery today. Mrs. Virginia Mangel and Ms. Marlene Riemer will be visiting the Hospital this week. Mon. - 6-8- Aerobics Mon. - 6-8- Aerobics
Tues. - 6-8 Aerobics
Wed. - 6-7 - Youth Choir; Wed. - 7:15 - Chancel Choir
Thurs. - 6-9 Aerobics
Hospitalized: Donnie Shearer (Son) of Mr. & Mrs. James
Shearer. -BCMH; Mr. Coyle Fowler - BCMH; Ruth Custead
The attendance last Sunday was 217 with 14 Visitors.

Keep Pennsylvania Beautiful Day" on Saturday, May 1. Further details on Bulletin Board in Narthex.

Mrs. Melvin Rex - St. Margaret's Hospital - Ho ME VACATION BIBLE SCHOOL - coming up June 14-18

Growing Up Process.... I see children as kites. You spend a lifetime trying to get them off the ground. You run with them until to get them off the ground. You run with them until you're both breathless...they crash...they hit the rooftop...you patch and comfort, wind and assure them that someday they'll fly. Finally they are airborne: they need more string and you keep letting it out, but with each twist of the ball of twine, there is a sadness that goes with joy. The kite becomes more distant, and you know it won't be long before that beautiful creature will snap the lifeline that binds you together and will soar as it is meant to soar—free and alone. Only then do you know that you did your job.

"Kingdom Living: Righteous Action" Scrip: Mt. 6:1-4; Text: Mt. 6:2b As d prev Serm Mt prob no prech all 1time But interst thing canB seen hand mastr Craftman & He plac propr sequenc; I Bliev G inspir Mt 2 pen lik If 1k Serm, mastrpiec desine Prin fundys, at beg; cud equat lern Alphabet, then wen in form leters, then sentec, paragraph etc & this how serm compos Hav complet basic fundys in 5, now at pt hav sum basic areas Xpian lif pt out,& instructs how 2liv thez area As lk chap 6-C deal 2aspec lif=Vss 1-18 relig part 30-endeal erthly aspec livs vs 19=enddeal erthly aspec livs 1st sec=Js deal 3 thing=2day Rite Actin.prayr,fast Thez 3 play import rol thos Js adres, but 2us as well vs 1=ALMS in Gr Riteous & 2 Jew Riteous, Alms go 2geth But also spk rewards & rewards cum 2dif ways They eithr cum from man, or cum from G Js say=pay attentin wat bout 2say. No perf ritenes so outward sho 4man 20, Bcuz if do wil hav reward Vs 2=Js spel mor fully=READ They no employ trumps But way practic giv may as wel Phars espec want peop 20 giv in colect box, or wen help sum1 in dire need, mus B seen (Illus man buy watr & ask 4 bles Bcuz did so) This wat Js condemn, outward sho piety 4aplaus/admira Wen deeds dun so, Js sed wud hav reward Reward=Gr=MISTHOS & mean=recompens, paymen in ful such as wages This mean persn mak outwar sho & win aprovl man, that his reward & no othr; that it, pd in ful by crow Need emphasuz Bcuz Js striv sho wen paymen made by man, no futur paymen by G=it 1shot deal t if persn unself, quiet, no fanfar, publicty do riteous deed & sumhow publiciz, ther stil reward G, Houz G kno hart of man & intent But 2set out 2win Butlr Humantarian award 82, receiv reward of man & not G Js cal hyposrites & in Gr mean=Actor, play role Vss 3-4=READ=say let ritenes, giv B dun secret & no But shud no mak list sho who giv mos/least sed G reward openly 4giv & this may cum this lif Js sed G reward openly 4giv bot definit wil cum in next s B mindful rewards & no seek liv ern them Wil cum se eternty & B awar this, but do ritnes 2 Glpry of G

Ther in serm idea G watch & C everthin go on our 1 livs (Illus littl Boy & that all G do is watch)
Perhap shudn't lk at this lite But shud B awar G watch & C wat do This eithr strik fear harts, or driv 2deepr luv 4 Him & this depend on livs & wat we do with them Bcuz this suprem principl 4 our livs 2realiz we not in worl 2 pleas men, not 2 pleas selvs, but 2 pleas God
If that motiv 4 liv, then ea day livs direc 2 ward
riteous actins whthr seen by othrs or not
But G C & G kno all we do & say 2 His Honor & Glor
Clasic examp 1 liv 2 Glorift G everthin=Js
He no liv so men C how wunderful He was, or 2 pat
Him on beloom giv teasmonial diname AHim Him on bak; or giv tesmonial dinnrs 4Him His lif liv complet as our examp of how 2liv 4 G (Illus Blak preachrs widow, nu home, & prostute in it) How is Ur lif B liv comparsin 2lif Js Xp taut us & show us shud B liv? Mur remem words jus as tho they cum from Him this morn, Bcuz theyR=Verily I say unto U, they hav their reward

"Kingdom Living: Righteous Action"

Scripture: Matthew 6:1-4

mext: Matthew 6:2b, "Verily I say unto you, they have their reward."

We have completed the basic fundamentals which was the 5th chapter. Now we are the point of having some basic areas of a Christian's life pointed out, along with proper instructions of how to live in these areas.

As we look at this chapter as a whole, we can see that Jesus takes three very basic things with which a person must deal in his life and gives the spiritual directions necessary to do them. In this first section of Scripture He speaks of "Righteous Actions," and in the next section He deals with prayer, and in the third He

As we look at this chapter as a whole, we can see that it deals with two aspects of life. The first section found in verses 1 through 18 deals with the religious part of the Christian life and verses 19 to the end of the chapter deals with the earthly aspects of our lives.

In this first section, Jesus deals with three very basicthings with which we must deal in our lives. The first section which we are dealing with this morning has to do with "Righteous Actions," and the next kex deals with prayer, and the third deals with fasting. These were three basics played important roles in the lives of the people to whom Jesus was addressing these remarks. But we

must continually remember that He was also addressing these remarks to each of us as well.

As we look at this 1st verse we read the word "Alms." In the Greek this is a word which is used interchangeably with the word "righteous." Alms and Righteousness were synonomous with the devout Jew. To strive to be righteous was to give alms and to give alms was striving to live righteously. That is why some translations use the word "Righteousness." But Jesus is not only speaking of righteousness here, He is also speaking of rewards. Rewards come in two different ways. They either come from God, or they come from man. And there is a great difference between them, which we shall see.

Do not perform your righteousness so that it is an outward show for man to see, because if you do this you will have no reward from God for this type of action! Jesus spelled this out more fully in the 2nd verse as we read, (read this). At this particular point Jesus was using an illustration which was an exageration of the Jewish practices. They didn't actually employ someone to blow trumpets to show off **their** the practicing of their giving or their righteousness. But they may as well have done so. The Pharisees especially, made a big show of placing a large sum in the offering box, especially when a lot of people could see this. Or they helped someone who was in dire need, but usually when a group of people could see this action taking place.

(Illustration of man buying water for the poor and asking for blessing)

This is exactly what Jesus was condemning, the outward show of piety for the applause and admiration of men. When righteous acts or deeds are performed in this manner, Jesus said the person doing them has their "reward." The word "reward" is an interesting word at this point. It comes from the Greek word, "Misthos" and it means, "Recompense, or, payment in full, such as wages."

This means then that the person who wax makes an outward show of doing something which wins the approval of men, that is that person's reward and there will be no further reward. That is it, the reward has been paid in full by

acclaims and applause of the frowd. This needs to be mephaiszed because Jesus ras striving to show that when payment is made by man, there will be no future payment given by God. It is a one shot deal. Now if a person unselfishly and quietly without seeking fanfare or publicity does righteous deeds to help others and somehow it is publicized, the reward is still there from God, because God knows the intent of the heart of that person. But to deliberately set out to help people so that one may win the "Butler Humanitarian of the Year" award, receives the plaudits of man, but not of God.

Jesus called these people "Hypocrites" and that word comes from the Greek word which means "an actor." so a hypocrite is an actor, a person playing a role and actors look for applause, that is what keeps them going.

Jesus goes on to say in verses 3 and 4, (read these). He is saying that as much as possible let your giving righteousness, as well as your giving be donein secret without fanfare. This is why it is wrong to publish lists of the giving of members. We shouldn't be ashamed of our giving, unless of course we are robbing God and stealing from Him what should be rightfully His. But we need not make a list to compare who has given the most and who has given the least. Jesus said that God would reward a person openly. That may take place in this life in several different ways, but most assuredly it will take place in xxx eternity. We must becareful when wexxx speak of rewards. There is a tendencye to think of rewards as being something we are working at and piling up in heaven. We should be mindful of rewards that they will be ours in eternity, but that should never be the reason we strive to live righteous lives. Our motives should be to live for God and whatever rewards He may be placing to our account, will be His to distribute when we get to heaven. A part of what Jesus is saying here has to do with doing all to the glory of God. There is about all of this Sermon the idea that God is watching and seeing everything .hat goes on in each of our lives.

(Illustration of little boy and behaving because "God is watching." His reply was, "Humph, is that all He has to do all day is lay on His stomach and watch me.")

Perhaps we shouldn't look at it in this light. But we should be aware that God is watching us and He does see all that we do. That thought can either strike fear in our hearts, or drive us to a deeper love for Him, depending upon our lives and what we are doing with them. Because of this the suppeme principle for our lives is to realize we are in this world not to please men, not to please ourselves, but to please God. If that is our motive for living each day, then we are directing our lives toward righteous actions whether they are seen by others or not. But God is seeing, and God is knowing all that we do and say for His Honor and His Glory.

The classic example of One who lived to glorify God in everything was Jesus. His life was lived not so men could say how wonderful He was, or to pat Him on the back; or to give testimonial dinners for Him. His life was lived completely as our example of How to live for God.

(Illustration of black preacher's widow and new home, and prostitute in it)
How is your life being lived in comparison to the life Jesus Christ taught us
and showed us we should live? We must remember His words, just as though they
are coming from Him this morning, "Verily I say unto you, they have their reward."

ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST *Benediction Butler, Pennsylvania Fourth Sunday in Eastertide
The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Pastor Postlude May 2, 1982 + + *Congregation Standing + + + + + Mr. Harry Cunningham, Organist and Ch. Dir. Mr. Roland Thompson, Saxophonist The Lovely Flowers on the Altar have been placed by Mr. & Mrs. Edward Weichey in loving memory of Their "Parents" Desire" and Visitors at the door this morning.

The attendance last Sunday was 169
Nursery will be provided today by Mrs. Peg Covert and her Daughters - Holly and Heather.

Hospitalized: Mr. Coyle Fowler, Mrs. Ruth Custead, Hore the Paughters - Holly and Heather.

Pamela Tait and Diane Hollefreund will be visiting the hospital this week.

Tonight - Youth Fellowship
Monday - 6-8 - Aerobics; Mond - Women's Mary Prugh
Tuesday - 6-8 - Aerobics
Wednesday - 7:00 - Council Meeting and Youth Fellowship
Wed. - 6:00 - Youth Choir;
Thurs. - 6-9 - Aerobics; Chancel Choir 7:15
Thurs. - The Newsletter will be put out - Please have all material in by Wednesday. *Ascription *Exhortation *Exhortation *Confession (In Unison) "O Lord, whose way is perfect, help us, we pray thee, always to trust in thy goodness; that, walking with thee and following thee in all simplicity, we may possess quiet and contented minds, and may cast all or care upon thee, for thou carest for us; for the sake of Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen." *Kyrie *Assurance of Pardon *Praise

*Pastor: Blessed be the Lord God!

*Pastoring the His Gloric *People: And blessed be His Glorious Name forever *Gloria Patri all material in by Wednesday.

Our Sincere Sympathy to Mrs. Sophie Meier in the loss of her "Father" Mr. Zubik.

This week is "BE KIND TO ANIMALS WEEK" - the oldest Who's Who in the Pew Announcements Joys, Concerns, Prayer Requests
Hymn No. 439 "Sweet Hour of Prayer" This week is "BE KIND TO ANIMALS WEEK" - the oldest celebrated week in the nation.

Coming up! May 20 - Butler Area Laymen's Dinner.

Wives and also Widows of former members are invited to this dinner. See Chuck Penar, J. Walter Harmon, or William Pflugh for tickets. The Dinner is here at St. Paul's United Church of Christ

Next Sunday is "Mother's Day(Festival of Christian Home.)

May 12 - Wed. - Mother and Daughter Banquet

June 14-13 - Vacation Bible School for Youth and Adults.

Make plans now to attend from 7-9 each evening.

May 30 - Holy Communion (Pentecost (whitsunday) Call to Prayer Pastor: The Lord be with you People: And with thy spirit Pastor: Let us Pray Prayer Offering Offertory: *Doxology 382
*Doxology 382
Anthem: "The Longer I Serve Him"
Anthem: Matthew 6:5-8
Scripture Matthew 1.0VING: PR "Children's Prayer" Peeters Gaither May 30 - Holy Communion (Pentecost (Whitsunday) "KINGDOM LOVING: PRAYER, THE PREFACE" Prayer How strange that men fight for peace and work for leisure. *Closing Hymn No. 625 "Lord, Speak to Me" Congratulations to Mr. & Mrs. Dale Link - They had a new Baby Daughter - Alicia Sue Link.

"Kingdom Living: **M** Frayer, The Fretace Scrip: Mt. 6:5-8; Text: Mt. 6:6

This sectin scrip Js spk 2nd basic relig lif=prayr F k Scrip jus Prefac if wil 2 mor detail wks follo Js presen prefud ordr hearers Bcum aquaint prayr He giv 2examps=1st how not to pray 2 Jew nothin as import as prayr; Rabbis taut import Pi r cal SHEMA 2b pray twic day b4 3rd hr as erly as can tel btween blu/whit & eve B4 9 FM fd 3 scrips=Deut 6:4-9:171:75-21; Num 15:54-41
Shema mean=TO HEAR
Then SHEMONEH 'ESREH=18 prayrs & thes use in Synago Jew 2pray 9 AM,12 noon, 3 FM
But as oft hap, Bcum mere ritul, without mean, luv, mech This wat thex peop do, play rol & act 4 peop 2C Arrang st cornr near prayr tim & assum postur, pray May do this 4 3hrs & naturl peop lk & think riteous nothr way was do sam in synagog & outward show Js say=Hav reward & lik sed B4=reward man/God no bot Now Js giv 2nd examp & this how 2 pray=vs 6=READ Closet=Gr=privat rm, plac retirment, or privacy Js say get apart everthin & this seeret pray=separ If 2pray propr mus separ thing lif, no mean lok rm It cudB we do, but mean separ self site, sounds spk Gwen shut door=shut out everthin distrac Separ let prayr tak persnl relatship which G want Notic Js sed-wen Thou, Thy rm, Thy dor, Thy Father persnl pros & shud remind persnl encountr w/God & this 2nd principl Js want & that awarenes Who sum2 vs 6=Pray 2 F who secret,& reward openly We R 2B awar who G is,& He awar of us Vs 7=Js pt dangr; Heathns=Gr ETHNIKOI=Fublicns,Gentil Pagns use chants,same word/phras ovr & ovr say not propr pray 2 G lik this,beg.coax,etc (Illus Warren Wiersbe & phonograph record prayr) No mean no ask mor than Ince,but no beg.coax, vain reps We kno musB separ, musB awar who cum 2 & musB confid vs 6B=G grant ansers & no mean whol world kno,but mean U wil kno anser He giv=reward=Recompens,paymen watever ask G wil hear and anser (Illus St. P cathed,shoemakr, 'Ildstone & whisper) If only whispr,G hear & anser,but His way/time import underst G want bes 4 children & if kno this, remov fear may hav He no ca

COMMUNITY BIBLE CHURCH - SAGAMORE, PA. - SEPTEMBER 21, 1997 GREETIN S/JOYS/ANNOUNCEMNETS/PRAYER REQUESTS DOORS - BRIAN JOY ZAMO TUNA CLEAVING - ETC MRY - BI LO THEES 340 & 4TH & SAT APPLE AUTTER 9:00 A.M. 18TH - 6 AM PRAYER/OFFERING PASTORAL PRAYER HYMN SCRIPTURE: MATTHEW 6:5-8 SERMON: KINGDOM LIVING: PRAYER, THE PREFACE" ST. PAUL'S, BUTLER - 5/2/82 *BENEDICTION *POSTLUDE TWILL LALKO L015 PAUL

VS 6=JS NOW GIVS EXAMPL HOW TO PRAY

CLOSET GRK= MEANS PRIVATE ROOM, A PLACE OF PRIVACY

(TIUS SIR ISAAC NEWTON & TELESCOPE & PRAYING PROVATELY)

JS IS SAYING TEXERXY TH/SECRET OF PRAYER IS "SERARATION JS IS SAYING TEXERXY TH/SECRET OF PRAYER IS "SERARATION"
(EXPLAIN NEED NOT B APART FR/EVETHING, MUSS & MUS SEPRAT SELF
FR/FOOP RND U,SITES/SOUNDS, CLOSE MIND & PRAY - WHEREVER U R
VS "OTICE - PERSNL PRONOUNS - BUT T OU WEN THOU,THY THOU,THY
THE LEANS WE R ZHAV PERSNL ENCOUNTR W/GOD - JUS HIM & INDIVID
(ILUS ELIZABETH DOLE & HOW SHE STARTS HER DAY W/PRAYER)
IS IT ANY WONDER SHE IS SUCH A WONDERFUL PERSON? BUT ALSO NOTICE JS TALKS ABOUT "THY" FATHER
WE NEED AN "AWARENESS" OF TO WHOM IT IS WE R PRAYING
THIS ISN'T BIG BUDDY, THE MAN IN THE SKY, TH/GRT SPIRIT OF ALL,
THIS IS "OUR FATHER" G - O - D ETC
(ILUS BEN FRANKLIN AT TIME OF CONSTITUTIN)
OUR EMPIRE IS FALLING BUDZ WE HAV BOUM A NATIN OF RELYING ON
OUR SELVES - NOT A NATION OF PRAYING PEOPLE
WE AS PEOPLE WHO KNOW THIS NEED 2BCUM MOR PRAYRFUL VS8 7-8=WARNING HERE IS 2NOT B LIK HEATENS VSS 7-8=WARNING HERE IS 2NOT B LIK HEATENS
HEATHENS GRK= GENTILES, NON-JEWIDH PEOPLE AT THAT TIME
2DAY WID BHINDUS, MOSLEWS, FTC.
THIS DUZNT MEAN WE DON'T ASK GOD OVER AGAIN FOR HIS ANSRS
WAT IT MEANS IS THAT WE DON'T NEED TO CHANT OR REPEAT SUMTHIN
OVE & OVE LIK THACSARY, OR SUM SUCH THING
VS 8B=NOTICE - JS SEZ G KNOWS WAT WE NEED B4 WE ASK
(ILUS OF LITTL RED HEN & EGG A DAY FOR 18mos old DAUGHTER) THIS ONLY A SAMPL OF WAT GOD HAS KNIN DUN IN ANSR TO PRAYR NOTHR ILLUS OF THIS HAPPENED IN ST. PAUL'S CATHELRAL LONDON (ILUS OF WHISPER BY SHOEMAKER THERE & GIFT OF LEATHER) IF IT IS ONLY A WHISPER - GOD HEARS IT H. ANSRS IN HIS TIME IN HIS OWN WAY - BUT HE ANSRS (READ VERSE 6 & VS 8B TO CLOSE)

SCRIP: MT 6:5-8; SERM: "KINGDM LIVING: PRAYER, TH/PREFACE" INTRODUCTIN OF SERIES ON PRAYER - LORD'S PRAYER, FRAYING IN GEN (TLUS JAN REESER'S OBSERVATINS - CONF LIV, MAG OF BAK 2BIBLE) THIS SECTIN SCRIP IS "TH/PREFACE" 2PRAYR AS JS PRESENT 2DISCIPS WE HIS DISCIPS & THEZ MESAGS R DIRECTD 2WARD EA OF US J. W HERE ZEXAMPLS OF HOW TO PRAY FIRST EXAMPL - NEGATIV, HOW NOT TO PRAY VS 5-THEM MEN JS REFR TO WER SCRIBS, PHARS, & JEWISH LDRS NUTH WAS MOR IMPORT 2JEW AS PRAYR RABBIS TAUT PRAYR SHUD PLAY IMPORT PART LIF OF PEOPL SHEM= DEUT 6-4-9; ll:13-21; NUMBERS 15:37-41
READ DEUT. 6:4 -- SHEMA MEANS "TO HEAR"

THIS SCRIP WAS TO BE FRATED TWICE A DAY, MORN & EVE
IT WAS 2B SED AS SOON AS IT WAS DAYLITE ENUF 2DISTING TWEEN
BLUE AND WHITE, THE RABBIS SED

BUT HAD 2B RECITD B4 3RD HR WH/WAS 9 AM THEN THER WAS TH/SHEMONEH 'ESREH
THIS IN HEBREW MENT "THE EIGHTEEN" BOUZ IT CONSISTD OF 18
PRAYRS & THIS WAS A PART OF SYNAGOG EXERGE SERVICES ALONG W/THIS TH/JEW WAS REQUIRD 2PRAY 3TIMES A DAY 9 AM, NOON & 3 PM BUT THEZ RELIG LORS PERVERTO PRAYR & PRACTIC OF IT
PRAYR 4THEM BCAM RITIL - DUN W/OUT MEANING/LOVE/MECHANICL
THIS WAT JE TALK BOUT VS 5
S-HYPOCRITES - GRK IS "ACTOR" - PERFORM PUBLICLY
ARANG B CN STREET CORNR AS PRAYR TIME APROACH
UPLIFT, SPRED OUT ARMS, BOW HED & STAN AS MUCH AS 3 HRS FR/ONE
PT VIME 2 NOTHR
N. AUNCY PEO SAW & REMARK "HOW RELIGUS THEY WER, SUCH PIETY, ETC"
15 SED NO NOT B LIK THEZ ACTORS!

VS 5B=THEY HAV THER REWARD

MAY GET PLAUDITS FR/MANKIND, BUT NOT FR/GOD

GOD DUZNT WANT THIS FAIS WORSHIP OF PIETY

JS SED "DO NOT B LIK THEZ ACTRS"

"Kingdom Living: Prayer, The Preface"

Scripture: Matthew 6:5-8

Taxt: Matthew 6:6

In this section of Scripture Jesus now speaks about the second basic of a religious life and this is prayer. But this block of Scripture is merely the beginning, "The Preface," if you will, to a more detailed section on prayer which will follow in subsequent weeks. This is merely a prelude which Jesus presented in order for His hearers to become aquainted with how prayer was to be used. He does this by first giving two examples. The first example is how not to pray.

To the Jew, nothing was as important as prayer. The Rabbis taught that it was something which wax should play an important part in the life of the people. There was the prayer called the "Shema," and it is found in 3 short passages of Scripture. It is found in Deuteronomy 6:4-9; 11:13-21; and Numbers 15:37-41. The Shema derived its name from the beginning verse of Deuteronomy 6, and Shema mans "To hear." But this Scripture had to be prayed twice a day., morning and evening. It was to be said as soon as it was daylight enough to distinguish between blue and white as the Rabbis said. But it was to be recited before the third hour which was 9 A.M. In the evening it was to be said before 9 P.M. Twen there was the "Shemoneh 'esreh," prayers which were a part of the Synagogue service. The name Shemoneh 'esreh meant, "The eighteen," simply because it consisted of 18 prayers. But along with this the Jew was to pray at least 3 times daily and that was at 9 A.M., 12 noon, and 3 P?M. But as is so often the case, what started out to be sincere devotion to God quickly turned into nothing more than ritual. It was something which had to be done and so it was done without meaning, without love, and became completely mechanical. This is what Mesus was talking about. When He speaks of the hypocrites he was speaking of those who made a public show of prayer. The word "Hypocrite" in Greek eant "An actor, one who was playing a role." This is what these religious leaders were doing. They were performing publicly whenever possible. They would arrange to be on a crowded street corner as prayer time approached. So

the appointed time of prayer they would assume the prayer posture. This was to uplift and spread out the arms and to bow the head. Here they would stand for as much as 3 hours, from one prayer time to another. Naturally, there were many people who looked at this outward appearance and remarked how righteous these people were, when in actuality it was nothing more than an outward show of piety to impress others of this supposed piety. Another favorite way to pray was to arrange to be in the synagogue at prayer time and at the place where there were the most people to make this outward show before the crowds. So Jesus is saying do not be like these Scribes and Pharisees, these actors. verse5

He concludes with the remark, "Verily I say unto you, they have their reward."

As we said last week, rewards come either from man or from God. When the reward comes from man, it isn't forthcoming from God. Thus, when these people were praised and recognized by man, it was simply earthly praise and not coming from God.

Tesus now gives the 2nd example and this is how to pray. He says, (read verse 6). The word"closet" is from a Greek word which means a private room, or a place of retirement or privacy. In other words, Jesus isxsaying get apart from everything. This is the first part of the secret of prayer and that is SEPARATION. If we are going to pray properly we must separate ourselves from the things of life. This does not actually mean that in order to pray we must always be by ourselves privately locked in a room. That can and should be a part of our prayer life from when possible. But what Jesus is saying is that even in the midst of the busiest street you can pray. It means to separate yourself from the sights and the sounds around you and speak to God. XEXNE MEXICEAN This is what He meant by, "And when thou hast shut the door." We are to shut out everything which would distract us from contact with God. But this separation from everything lets prayer take on that personal relationhip which God wants with us. Notice what Jesus said: "When Thou prayest, enter into Thy room, and when Thou hast shut Thy door, pray to Thy Father." Those are personal pronouns and should remind us that this is a personal encounter with our Personal Father.

This is the second principle Jesus watned us to have and that is an Awareness of Who it is we are coming to. He pointed this out by saying in that 6th verse, "Pray to thy Father, who is in secret; and thy Father who seeth in secret, shall reward thee openly." We are to be aware of just who God is. He is our Father, but not only on a collective level, but that personal level as well. Just as we are to be aware of Him, He is aware of us. But there is a danger in this which Jesus points out as we see in the 7th verse. He says, "But when ye pray, use not vain repititions, as the heathens do; for they think that they shall be heard for their much speaking." The word, "Heathens" is the same word we spoke about several weeks ago. In Greek it is ETHNIKOI and was those who were gentiles, non-Jewish people. They were considered as being completely pagan and most of them were. But as pagans in their particular religions they used chants and words over and over again like some magical formula. Jesus said that praying in this manner is not proper to God. We cannot coax and beg, and coax and beg to receive from God. It doesn't Illustration Warren Wigrsbe and phonograph needle) mean that we cannot ask for something more than once. It just means we do not strive to believe that the more we coax and beg, xxx that this will effect an answer from God. We are to be aware as Jesus points out in the 8th verse, "Be xxxxx not ye, therefore, like unto them; for your Father knoweth what things ye have need of, before ye ask Him." In the midst of this we now know we must be Separate from the world and the things of everyday life and living to come before God in prayer; and that we are to be aware of who it is we are coming to. Now we need to understand that as we pray we are to have Confidence that God not only knows but He will answer The end of the 6th verse, Jesus tells us, "And thy Father, who seeth in secret, shall reward thee openly." God will grant us answers to our prayers and we should have Confidence that this will be so. Jesus said God will do this penly, but this doesn't mean that it will be out in the open that all of the world will see it and know it. It can happen that way. But Jesus is saying

that you come to God and ask for a specific answer. God will give you that

"payment," or that "recompense" openly. This means that you will receive the aswer and know it. Whatever you may ask, God will hear it and answer it.

(Illustration of shoemaker, Gladstone, and St. Paul's Cathedral)

If it is only a whisper, God hears it and answers. But His answers are in His way and in His time. This is important. If we understand that God wants the very best for His children, then the fear we may have of His not caring about us should be removed. And when this fear is removed we have Confidence to come to Him and ask of Him. This confidence in turn could very easily let the blessing fall from Him much like Dwight L. Moody received.

(Illustration of Moody and crying out, "Stop God.)

When we pray we must separate ourselves from the kningxxxxxxxxxx world, we must be aware of who we are coming to, and we must seek Him in confidence. Then the words of Jesus let us experience that Preface to prayer.

"But thou, when thou prayest, enter into thy closet, and when thou hast shut thy por, pray to thy Father, who is in secret; and thy Father, who seeth in secret, shall reward thee openly. For your Father knoweth what things ye have need of, before ye ask Him."

ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST Butler, Pennsylvania
Mother's Day (Festival of the Christian Home May 9, 1982
The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Pastor Mr. Harry Cunningham, Organist and Ch. Dir. Mrs. Ginger Harbison, Youth Choir Director Mr. Roland Thompson, Saxophonist Heather and Holly Covert - Acolytes Prelude "Two Marian Imitations" Kelder
*Processional Hymn No. 538 "A Christian Home" Keldermans *Ascription *Exhortation **Confession (In Unison) "Merciful Father, who willest not thy children to wander in darkness; pour the light of thy spirit into our minds and hearts, that we may discover what is thy holy will and discern the true from the false, the evil from the good, and that we may henceforth walk in the paths of wisdom, to the glory of thy holy name; through Jesus Christ our Lord, Amen." *Assurance of Pardon *Praise *Pastor: Blessed be the Lord God! *People: And blessed be His Glorious Name forever *Gloria Patri Who's Who in the Pew Announcements Joys, Concerns, Prayer Requests "Happy the Home When God Is There" Hymn No. 540 Call to Prayer Pastor: The Lord be with you People: And with thy spirit Pastor: Let us Pray Prayer Offering Offertory "My Mother's Prayer" exclogy 382 Weeden *Doxology 382
Anthem: "The Promise of the Rainbow" Johnson Youth Choir 1 Kings 1:5-7 Scripture:

"SOMEDAY, YESTERDAY, OR TODAY?" Prayer *Closing Hymn No. 530 "O Perfect Love" *Benediction "O Happy Home" Postlude Handel and Visitors at the door this morning. Rob Vinroe and Bill Pflugh will be visiting the Hospital this week.

Hospitalized, Mrs. Rebecca Kelly.

Mon. - 6-8- Aerobics
Tues. - 6-8 - Aerobics Wed. = 7:15 - Choir (Chancel) Rehearsal Thurs. - 6-9- Aerobics Wednesday - 6:00 - Mother's Day Tureen Dinner . women in the Church and their guests are invited to come and join in the fellowship. Bring your own table service and a tureen. Meat, dessert, and beverage will be furnished. Beth Taylor will be the featured entertainment. Mary Lou Davis will be serving as our new President of Women's Followship for a term of 2 yrs. and Sandy Sheppeck will be the new Vice President. There was \$1,142. collected for Love Loaves for World Vision. Vision. WE WERE APPROXIMATELY \$600. short in our Program of Progress Envolopes again this month.
Grounds around the Church. Work to begin on Monday
AnyOne wishing to go to Penn West Conference - Pitt
Campus in Johnstown - please let someone in the office know today. Room and Meal Reservations must be made. 10 tickets for Abused and Crippled Chilren were purchased in the amount of \$30.00 for them to go see a Magic Show. Head Start will store tables and some things during the Summer months. Tables may be used by Vacation Bible

BREND BOOKLETS DAILY BIBLE READINGS

School.

Sermon:

"Someday, Yesterday, Or Today: Scrip: 1 Ki 1:5-7, (NASB); Text: 1 Ki 1:6a 2day go2 depar from Serm Mt, but not Muthr's Day
Bl v mos serius prob 2day brkdwn famly structur
caus by ever1 seek Rites, Liberties
K Dav grtes K Is evr produc; Name stil rever spk glo to s wen talk charactrs OT no ros 2hgts at expen famly; may won wars, batles, made Is powrful, strong, but los war in own houshold
Day 70 yrs old in Scrip 2day; Adonijah oldes liv son He detrm tak ovr thron; Bliev he rite & Bcuz Fathr old, eld son suceed; He rite in this, but no consul Dad Vs 6a=Rais no f'thrly interven & events unfol Dav mus lk bak erlier days wen all this start 2 Sam 12=Comit adultry Bathsheba, got preg; try mak lk Uriah fathr; hav kil & now confront Nathan vs 9=Nathan spk 4 G & pt this out vss 10-12=add promis going 2 haunt Dav rest of life vss 13-20=consequenc thez deeds This only start probs=Amnon/Tamar=incest=Absalom kil Self-impos exil 3yrs; Joab arang cum hom; Dav agree but no C fac 2yrs; Ab arang Joab meet king & now plot ovrt Dav forc lv Jeru=Chap 15:30=angusih ovr this 16:22=fulfil Nathan sed 2 Dav Now Dav mus ovrthro Ab & arang do so=B gentl 2 men Ab rid undr tree, caut; kil by Joab send word 2 Dav 18:33=lament 4 Ab, but 2 late; bin busy carv Is, no time carv lif famly 2 carry on famly name This wher find selvs 2day socity Evr famly C parens/chilrn deal with this both parns mus work/chilrn fetch; sum Jus materil th & chilrn go own way norml time 4 2B 2gethr=eve meal=ea split & run Louatins choic mus B made & made 4selvs, not wat G want from us Parens/chilrn lk futur & say SUMDAY, SUMDAY (Illus Swindoll=Someday)=our sumdays hav habit cum 2pt wher 1k lif diff & hav oppor 1k presen & yestrday (Approaching autumn poem, Elise Maclay) cannot undo past, & may B lk wat may call=Sumday, kki think, Bliev wen ariv all probs gone May evn lk Yestrday & wish cud Reliv moments But wat hav is 2day=2day our oppor mak thoz Sumdays, or Yestrdays events can lk & B happy about 2day out moment 2captur luv G want ea us 2hav our famly. (I ite all cum 4ward, famly, no=famly, frends, mates etc "Someday, Yesterday, Or Today?"

Scripture: 1 Kings 1:5-7 New American Standard Bible

xt: 1 Kings 1:6a

Today we are going to depart from our Exadyxefxkkx continuing study in the Sermon on the Mount. But we are not going to be looking at Mother's Day wither. I believe khexmoskxxxxxxxxxx one of the most serious problems we face in society today concerns the family breakdown of the family structure. I believe that indirectly the concentration and pre-occupation with the observance of singling out a certain family member has were contributed greatly to the problem. I am referring to observing Mother's Day, Father's Day, and so on. This in turn has led to seeking so called "Rights" and "Liberties" for all sorts of individuals and groups. Much of this has done nothing more than create a break in the basic structure we have known as "The Family." King David was the greatest king that Israel ever produced. His name is still revered and spoken of in the most glowing terms when we think of the characters the Old Testament. But King David rose to those heights at the expens of his family. He may have won the wars and battles which made and kept Israel powerful and strong, but he lost the war in his own household. We just read a few verses from 1st Kings chapter 1 as our Scripture this morning and this Scripture points us to several others. As we look at this parion portion of Scripture we discover that David is about 70 years old. The beginning of the chapter tells us that he was old and advanced in age." David had a son named Adonijah and he was the oldest living son. In this Scripture we read that he was determined that he was going to take over the throne. He believed that he was right in seeking this. First of all, his father was olde and had to step down. Then he was the oldest son and the oldest son succeeds his father on the throne. So he set about making provisions to do just that. There ix only one problem with this, he had never consulted his father David about it. But the interesting thing we read of him is spelled out in the first part of the 6th verse. We read, "And his father had never crossed him at any time by asking, 'Why have you done so?'" He was raised without the fatherly

intervention of David in his life. As these events began to unfold before the

some

aged monarch his mind must have wandered back to many earlier days in his life hich at the time were nightmares just like this one which was was starting. RayixThexfirsk The beginning of David's problems we find recorded in 2 Samuel the 12th chapter. David had committed adultery with Bathsheba the wife of one of his soldiers. She had gotten pregnant and when David could not resolve the problem by making her husband look like the father, he had him killed in bat-Nathan speaking for God tle. Now he is confronted by the prophet Nathan. points out to David as we read inxihu starting in the 9th verse, (read this); Then he adds the promise which was going to haunt David the rest of his life in verse 10 through 12, (read these). Then we read of the consequences of his deeds in verses 13 through 20, (read these). But this is only the start of his problems. David had a son named Amnon and he became involved in an incestuous relationship with his sister and Absalom, Tamar's brother killed him for this. David made no move to take action against Amnon and this started his problems with his son Absalom. So Absalom goes into self-imposed exile for 3 years. Absalouxmakesxarrangementaxthroughxaoabxtox rakurnxkoxdernsalemxxbuxxxingxdavidxwilkxnoxxpernikxhinxkoxconexinkoxhisx Joab makes arrangements through a woman speaking to David to have Absalom return to Jerusalem. David permits this, but on the condition that Absalom is not welcome in the presence of his father. For two years Absalom lived in Jerusalem without being able to see or talk to his father. So he arranges through Joab to have an audience with his father the king and with this recognition he sets about seeking to overthrow his father. David is forced to leave Jerusalem and we read in the 15th chapter verse 30 of his anguish over this turn of events. (Read this verse). So Absalom is now in control of his father's household and we read of the fulfillment of part of what Nathan had said to David as found in the 22nd verse of the 16th chapter, (read this). It now becomes necessary that Absalom and his army be overthrown and David makes the necessary arrangements to do so. He passes out orders for his men to deal kindly with Absalom. In his flight, Absalom's horse runs under a tree

with overhanging branches and Absalom is caught by the head in the branches

and this is how David's general Joab finds him. So he kills Absalom and sends ick word to King David. When He is informed of this turn of events we read of King David in the 18th chapter of 2 Samuel, verse 33, (read this). But it is too late. Any parental guidance or instruction is now too late. David had been so busy carving out Israel as the major military power of his time, he neglected to carve out a family to properly carry on the family name. This is where we find ourselves in our society today. In every family there are the telltale signs of parents and children trying to deal with our modern day problems. All sorts of things are calling and vieing for our attention that can or will divide us and separate us as families. The pressure of work is exerted very strongly. There are many legitimate cases where both parents must work and this causes many children to fetch for themselves. There are just as many other cases where both parents do not need to work and the mother is doing so simply to have more of the material things of life. This needless to say is ausing an equal number of problems. Then there is the press of outside activities, not only for the parents but for the children as well. What normally was the time when most families got together, ment the evening meal time, is now a time of split and run. In all of these situations choices must be made and too often the choices are not made according to what God would have us do, but instead what we ourselves want to do.

All of this is leading modern day parents, and even children to look to the future and say, "Someday, someday." Dr. Charles Swindoll wrote am a book which he entitled "Where Life Makes Up Its Mind," and in that book is an excerpt he calls, "Someday." I'd like to share that with you. (Read this article) Our somedays have a habit of coming to the point where we are looking at life differently and we have the opportunity to look at the present as well as some "Yesterdays" too. Elise Maclay wrote some poetry in a book called, "Approaching Autumn," in which she depicts a man of seventy speaking and then his wife. This is how it goes, (Read "He" and SHe" from this).

We cannot undo the past, and we may be looking at what we may call "SomedayE

thinking or believing that when they arrive all problems will be gone. We may ven be looking back at yesterday, wishing we could relive those moments. But what we have is today. Today is our opportunity to make those "Somedays," or "Yesterdays" events that we can look at and be happy about them. Today is our moment to capture the love that God wants each of us to have in our family. You may not have any family you can identify with, but you have the family of God. I'd like to ask for us to close our service with out last hymn and during that hymn if you's like to recommit yourself and your family toothe Lord to please come forward. We can do this as husband and wife, or parents and children, or just individuals to God.

ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST Butler, Pennsylvania Sixth Sunday in Eastertide The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Pastor May 16, 1982 Mr. Harry Cunningham, Organist and Choir Director Mr. Roland Thompson, Saxophonist Dianne Zavacky, and Tracy McMillin - Acolytes *Processional Hymn No. 1 *Ascription *Exhortation *Confession (In Unison) "Almighty God, who hast gathered "Almighty God, who hast gathered thy people throughout the ages and in all the world into one Church, forgive us the painful divisions and wounds which we thy children have inflicted upon thy household of faith. Grant us the grace to overcome our human errors and prejudices that we may walk together in the unity of our one Master; in whose name we pray. Amen." *Kyrie *Assurance of Pardon *Praise *Pastor: Blessed be the Lord God! *People: And blessed be His Gloricus Name forever *Gloria Patri Who's Who in the Pew Announcements Joys, Concerns, Prayer Requests Hymn No. 440 "The Lord's Prayer" Call to Prayer Pastor: The Lord be with you People: And with thy spirit Pastor: Let us Pray Offering Offertory "Our Father, Thou in Heaven Above" Praetorius *Doxology 382 Anthem: "I Walked Into the Garden" Matthew 6:9a "PRAYER: TO WHOM?" Sermon: rayer

*Closing Hymn No. 98 "Great Is Thy Faithfulness" *Benediction "Postlude on 'Jefferson'" Postlude + + + + + + + + + *Congregation Standing + + + ++ The Lovely Flowers on the Altar have been placed by
Mr. & Mrs. Paul Campbell in loving memory of
Mr. & Mrs. James P. Christy - Joan's "Parents"
Serving as Ushers today are *Rob Vinroe, Robert Dellen, Randy Dellen, and Brian Kennedy Elder and Mrs. Raymond Covert will greet the Congregation at the door this morning.

Nursery will be provided today by Theresa Palmer, during the Church Worship Service.

Hospitalized: Mrs. Ann Woitzel - REGICIA KELLY Debby Melton and Karen Link will be visiting the Hospital this week. Hospital this week.

Tonight - Youth Fellowship

Monday - 6-8 - Aerobics

Tuesday - 6-8 - Aerobics

Wed. - 7:15 - Chancel Choir

Thurs. 6:30 - Butler Area Layman's Dinner here at St.

Paul's. Wives, Sweethearts and spouses of Late Members

are invited. Any man in the Church is considered a

members of the Ruller Area Layman are invited. Any man in the Church is considered a members of the Butler Area Layman Sunday May 30th is open for Flowers for the Altar May 24 (Monday after next) there will be a meeting of the Property Committee at 6:00/ This is a very important meeting, please plan to attend.

Vacation Bible School Pre-Registration will be held next Sunday, May 23rd in Rehoboth Hall after Church. Sunday, May 23rd in Remototh Hall after Church.

J. Walter Harmon, Chuck Penar and William Pflugh have
tickets for the 3etler Area Laymen's Dinner. Don't
forget to pick them up today outside the Sanctuary,
or in the Parking Lot. We had an attencance last week of 192 including 14 Visitors. If you have someone graduating from College, Community College, or High School - please let the Office know now. We have no way of knowing unless you tell us. To know God's will is man's greatest treasure, to do His will is life's greatest privilege.

We would like to thank Harry Cunningham for his solo last Sunday - a lot of comments - everyone enjoyed it.

2=OUR FATHER, WHO ART IN HEAVEN?

*HYMN
PRAYER/OFFERING
*DOXIGOUS
*DOXIGOUS
*SERVEN: MATTHEW 6:7-9A
SERMON: "KINGDOM LIVING, PRAYER: TO WHOM?"
ST. PAUL'S, BUTLER - 5/16/82
*HYMN
*BENEDICTION
*POSTUDE
*HYMN
*BENEDICTION
*POSTUDE
*MAYNE
*BLAD
*BL

SCRIP: MT 6:7-9A; SERM: "PRAYER: TO WHOM?" 4VSS PREV TEXT TODAY JS GAV PRELUD & NOW BGIN GIV MODEL 4PRAYR THIS PRAYR GIVN 2DIF OCASIN - LK TEL JS GIV RESPONS 2REQUEST BY DISCIPS 4LESSN ON PRAYR WIL LK THIS MODEL & EXAMIN PART BY PART FIRST PART=CUD CAL SALUTATIN & FIND DEF THINGS NEED KNO BOUT PRA V 9A=HERE IS EXAMP HOW TO PRAY IS WAT JS SAY RE JS DEAL W/POSITIV WHE B4 DELT W/NEGATIV TO TH/JEW PRAYR HAD DEVELOP INTO NEGTIV THING FOR THEM G NO WANT THIS WAY, BUT THEZ JEWS HAD EVOLV PRAYR THIS WAY

2THEM G LKD UPON AS NATINAL G & NOT PERSNL ONE
IN OTHR WORDS, G WASTH/GOD OF TH/NATIN
HE CONCERN W/KEEP TH/DESTINY OF ISREEL BUT FOR GOD 2B PERSNLY INVOLV IN LIVS INDIVID JEWS - UNTHINKBL G HAD BCUM REMOT & JUS MENTIN HIS NAM - JEHOVAH WAS BLASPHEMY SO WEN JS CAL HIM FATHER, JS ACUSD OF BLASPHEMY BUT THRU EARLY YRS JEWS HAD PERSNL RELATSHIP W/GOD EVIDENCE=ABRAHAM, ISAAC, JACOB, MOSES, PROPHS, ETC. BUT LOST THIS PERSNL IDENTY DWN THRU YRABS SO JS CUM ALONG & SAY - VS 9A OUR FATHER=NOT BLONG ONE PERSN OR ONE GROUP GOD IS OURS, COLECTIVLY WORD=OUR, DISTINGUISH JUS WHOS GOD HE IS NO ONE WHO NO KNO JS XP AS SAV SHUD DARE PRAY THIS THIS IS PRAYR OF THOZ WHO R CHILDRN OF GOD & ONLY BCUM CHILDRN WEN REBORN INTO FAMLY THRU FAITH IN JS XP LIBRLS HAV TAUT G EVRBODYS FATHR, SO WE ALL CHILDRN OF G, BROS PARTIALY TRU BCUZ THRU CREATIN G FATHR OF EVRONE BUT IN SENS TRULY BLONG FAMLY OF GOD, HE FATHR ONLY OF THOZ WHO R TRUL HIS
BUT WAT IS PURPOSE OF PRAYR? WHY SHUD WE PRAY?

JAMES 4:3 --- READ THIS & EXPLAIN

PRAY BUT NO GET RESULTS ---- WHY???

BCUZ LIK FISHRMAN BLIEV PRAYR IS 40UR BENEFIT

IF THINK/BLIEV THIS WE R MISS PT BCUZ THEN WE R PRAY 4SELVS ONLY

TH/RESN 4PRAYR & REASN WHY G ANSRS IS AS JN TEL US IN 14:13

"AND WATEVR YE SHAL ASK IN MY NAM, THAT WIL I DO, THAT TH/FATHR

MAYB GLORIFIED IN TH/SON."

G HEARS, G ANSRS SO HE MAYB GLORIFIED

(TLUS CLASLERN BOUT PRAYR & ONE CRY OUT "HELP")

20FT THIS CNLY WAY SUM C REASN FOR PRAYR

WE CANOT FORCE GOD, OR PESTER HIM IN DOING ANYTHING

WATEVR HE DUZ IS 2B DUN 4HIS GLORY, NOT OURS

FIRST & FORMOST IN LERNING BOUT PRAYR IS THAT WE BGIN BY ACKNOW
LEDGE WHO IT IS WE R CUMING TO

JS TAUT ---- READ TEXT MT 6:9A AGIN (TURN BAK TO SCRIP)

(J'US FISHERMAN & PRAYR NOT BOTHR G FOR 15YRS, ETC)

JAMES 4:3 --- READ THIS

VS 9A=AFTR THIS MANNR THERFOR PRAY YE: "OUR FATHER"
WE MUS ESTABLISH A RELATIONSHIP XXEXED W/GOD
THIS IS WAT PRAYING "OUR FATHER" DUZ
(ILUS DR. ARMSTRONG MAK HOUS CAL & MOTHR PRAYING 9 to 10)

TH/RESULTS THAT MORRHS PRAYRS WIL NEVR B KNOWN IN THIS LIF,
ONE THING WE DO KNO G WAS GLORIFIED BOUZ HE HAD A PROMNENT
PLACE IN THAT FAMLYS LIF

VS 9A=BUT JS THEN ADD TO OUR FATHER -- "WHO ART IN HVN"
THIS IS NECESARY TO SHO G IS SUMTH SPECIL
HE NO CONFIND TO ERTH WH/WUD LINIT HIS POWER
NOR IS HE CONFIND TO HVN ONLY

BY SAY "WHO ART IN HVN" IT IDENTFY THIS G FRON ALL OTHRS
HEATHNS WORSHIP STONES, TREES, ANIMALS, ALL SORTS OBJECTS
ALL OF THEZ R SEEN, BUT G ALMITY IS UNSEEN & IS SUPRNATURLY
RULING & REIGNING OVR ALL

WAT JS WANTO UNDESTUD WAS TH/RELATSHIP WH/WAS 2B ESTAB THRU PRAYE & ZWHOM IT WAS B ESTAB

2PRAY AS JS WAS TEACH MAY MEAN WE HAV 2REARANG OUR PRAYR HABITS 2CONFORM 2HOW G WANTS US 2APROACH HIM HE WANTS EA US 2C HIM GLORIFYD BY WAT HE WILING 2DO THRU

BUT 4THIS 2TAK PLAC WE MUST PRAY
THIS IS REASN 4TH/L'S PRAYR,IT IS OUR PATTERN 4ALL OUR PRAYING

DO U PRAY EA DAY % NOT JUS AT MEALTIMES????

R U SEEING GOD BEING GLORIFYD THRU TH/ANSRS 2UR PRAYRS?????

PERHAPS IF NO CAN ANSR AFIRMATIVLY WE NEED MAK ADJUSTMENTS
IN OUR PRAYR LIVS

SUMONE WROT AN ARTICL ENTITLED "YOU AND THE LORD'S PRAYER"

[EA PT HE WROT SUMTH PERHAPS SUM OF US, OR MANY OF US MUST ATTIM AS WELL

WE WIL SHAR THEZ PTS EA WK FOR THAT PARTIC PART OF L'S PRAYR WE R LOOKING AT UNTIL WE HAV COMPLETD THIS PRAYR

POSIBLY THEZ PTS MAW HELP US CHANG TH/DIRECTINS OF OUR PRAYRS & OUR PRAYR LIVS.

DO WE PERHAPS HAV TO SAY AS THIS PERSON WROTE:

I CANNOT SAY OUR, IF MY XPIANTY HAS NO ROOM 40THRS & THER NEED

I CANOT SAY FATHER, IF I DO NOT DEMONSTRAT THIS RELATSHIP IN MY DAILY LIVING

I CANOT SAY WHO ART IN HVN, IF ALL MY INTERESTS ARE IN ERTHLY THINGS

WAT CAN WE SAY IN RELATSHIP TO "OUR FATHER, WHO ART IN HVN?"???

"Prayer: To Whom?"

Scripture: Matthew 6:9a

Text: Matthew 6:9a

Jesus had explained in the 4 previous verses to our Scripture for today a prelude to actual prayer. Then He proceeds to give a model, or a pattern for prayer. This prayer it is believed was given on two different occasions. The account in Luke is given by Jesus in response to a request by His disciples for a lesson on prayer.

We are going to look at this prayer and examine its parts separately rather than lump it together. As we look at the first part of this prayer, which perhaps we could call the salutation, there are some definite things we need to know about prayer which these words will reveal to us.

Back in the 5th verse Jesus began by saying, "And when thou prayest," and then He went on how not to pray. In this 9th verse He states, "After this manner therefore, pray ye." Here is the example of how to pray. The first 5th verse nd following verses stresses the negative, and here we are dealing with the positive. This is important from the standpoint that to the Jews, prayer had developed into a negative thing for them. It wasn't because God wanted it that way, it is just that they had evolved prayer to this status. To the Jew God was looked upon as being a national God rather than a personal God. In other words He was the God of the nation; it was He who was concerned about keeping the destiny of Israel on the right track. But as for being personally involved in the lives of the individual Jew, this was unthinkable. God had become more and more remote until the very mention of the name YAHWEH, which is what He was called, or perhaps Jehovah, the mention of His name was considered blasphemy. That is xwhy when Jesus called God, "Father" they were shocked. They had had this relationship many years before in the lives of Abraham, Isaac, Jacob, Moses and so on. But they had lost that personal identity with God through the years. So Jesus states, "After this manner therefore, praye ye; Our Father." We should take note that the preceeding Scripture talks about the things others did and now Jesus is not talking about how we

should dress, or how we should position ourselves for prayer, or what where we should pray. He merely states, "when you pray, say, Our Father." But we must define our terms at this point. Jesus taught to pray, "Our Father." This means that He is not to be looked upon as belonging to anyone person personally. By that I mean He is not just mine, or wours individually that I mean He is not just mine, or would be the is ours collectively. In all of this prayer, the personal pronouns do not appear. It is "Our" and "Us". But the word "Our" is used to distinguish just whose God He is. No one who doesn't know Jesus Christ as Lord and Saviour should dare to pray this prayer. This is the prayer of those who are the children of God, and we only become children when we are reborn into the family through faith in Jesus Christ. Thisxxhouldxproxx For years the liberals have taught that God is everybody's Father, so wer we're all children of God and thus all brothers. WEXER In the sense of creation, yes, God is warxwarker the Father of everyone. But in the sense of belonging to the family, He is only the Father of those who are His hildren. We need to distinguish this and understand it for what it means. But we should also know the purpose of prayer. Just what does it do? James gives us an interesting sidelight on this in the 4th chapter the 3rd verse. We read, "Ye ask, and receive not, because ye ask amiss, that ye may consume it upon your lusts." He says we pray but we don't get results. Why? Because many people believe that prayer is for our benefit and when we think this we are missing the point, because then we are praying for ourselves. The reason for prayer and the reason God answers is for God to be glorified. His glory is the issue. John 14:13 tells us, "And whatever ye shall ask in My name, that will I do, that the Father may be glorified in the Son." We cannot force God, or pester Him, or con Him into doing anything. Whatver He does is to be done for His glory, not ours. If you read the prayers of the saints of the Old and New Testaments you will discover that they didn't just come to God and start requesting things from Him. Instead, they came praising His name and this is what Jesus was striving to show what prayer should be. His suggestion for prayer begins by acknowledging just who it is we are coming to. Coming

to God in this manner, "Our Father," establishes a relationship and this is "at our prayers should be all about.

(Illustration of Billy Sunday story, minister & little girl, mother 9 to 10) We may not know any results of what the praying of this mother did, but one thing we can be certain of and that is God was glorified because He had a prominent place in that family's life.

But Jesus added to, "Our Father," the words, "Who art in heaven." This was and is necessary to show that God is something special. He isn't confined to the earth which would make Him limited in power. Nor is He confined to heaven either. The Jews understood that what they bermed the heavens, were the home of God. It didn't mean that He was confined to one place but that He was in all and through all. This separated God from the heathen practices and worship which took place around them. For those who worshiped many gods, they were trees, and birds, and animals, and objects that could be seen usually. But HE God is seen as living in heaven and supernaturally reigning and ruling over all.

What Jesus wanted understood was the relationship which was to be established through prayer and to "Whom" it was being established. To pray as Jesus was teaching may mean that we have to re-arrange our prayer habits to conform to how God wants us to approach Him. God wants to establish a relationship with each of His children. He wants each of us to see Him glorified by what He is willing to do through answered prayer. But for this to take place we must pray. This is the reason for the "Lord's Prayer" it is our pattern for all of our praying.

Do you pray each day and not just at meal times? Are you seeing God being glorified through the answers to your prayers? Perhaps if we cannot answer affirmatively we need to make some adjustments in our prayer lives. Someone wrote an article entitled, "You and the Lord's Prayer." For each part of it he wrote something perhaps some of us, or even many of us must affirm as well. We will share these each week until we have completed the Lord's Prayer

and possibly they may help us to change the directions of our prayers and our rayer lives.

Do we perhaps have to say as this man wrote:

I cannot say Our, if my Christianity has no room for others and their need.

I cannot say Father, if I do not demonstrate this relationship in my daily living.

I cannot say Who art in heaven, if all my interests and pursuits are in earthly things.

What can we say in relationship to "Our Father, who art in heaven?"

ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST Butler, Pennsylvania
Seventh Sunday in Eastertide May
The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Pastor May 23, 1982 Mr. Harry Cunningham, Organist and Choir Director Mr. Roland Thompson, Saxophonist Dianne Zavacky and Tracy McMillin, Acolytes *Processional Hymn No. 7 "Great God, We Sing Your Mighty Hand" *Exhortation *Exhortation
*Confession (In Unison)"O God, it is easier for us to call you Lord than it is to do what your Lordship requires. We enlist in your causes but find ourselves giving in to fear. We want to be sensitive but fund it easy to be hard. We fail to see and take advantage of great opportunities surrounding us. Forgive us, our Father, take our limitations and turn them into possibilities for service. Grant us this grace through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen." *Assurance of Pardon *Praise *Pastor: Blessed be the Lord God! *People: And blessed be His Glorious Name forever *Gloria Patri Who's Who in the Pew Announcements Joys, Concerns, Prayer Requests Hymn No. 591 "Just a Closer Walk with Thee" Call to Prayer Pastor: The Lord be with you People: And with thy spirit Pastor: Let us Pray Prayer Offering Offertory "Allegretto Cantabile" Peeters *Doxology 382 "Hallelujah, Praise Jehovah!" Kirkpatrick Scripture Matthew 6:9b

"PRAYER: WHAT'S IN A NAME?" Praver *Closing Hymn No. 2 "How Great Thou Art" *Benediction Postlude + + + + + + + + *Congregation Standing + + + + + + + The Lovely yellow roses on the Altar have been placed by Mr. Donn Miller in loving memory of his "Mother" Mrs. Dorothy Kalb Miller. Serving as Ushers today are *Richard Mangel, Don Kingsley, Art Carney and Gary Penar.

Hospitalized: Mrs. Ann Weitzel and Mrs. Rebecca Kelly.

Donald Kennedy and Raymond Covert will be visiting the Hospital this week. Monday - 6:00 - Property Committee meeting - Please plan to attend. Monday - 6-8 - Aerobics Tuesday - 6-8 - Aerobics Wed. - Youth Fellowship Wed. - No Choir Rehearsal Thurs. - 6-9 - Aerobics Registration for Vacation Bible School will be in Rehoboth Hall right after the service today. Take a minute and go sign up now with your Family. Vacation Bible School will start June 14 - 18 from 7-9 daily. Next Sunday is Graduation for the Confirmands
June 6 is Recognition of Seniors. If you have a
son or Daughter who is graduating from High Schoo, College or . Business School - Please let us know - that is the only way we will know. Holy Communion will be observed next Sunday. CONF.
We had 163 in attendance level next Sunday. We had 163 in attendance last Sunday with 10 Visitors. Bonnie Vensel and Valerie Hartley will take care of the Nursery this morning. Education is the ONLY thing people are willing to pay for and not get.

Church in the Park and Family Ficnic - Sponsored by the Lay Life and Work Committee will be at Butler Memorial Park June 27 - Large Shelter. Mark it on your calendars.

COMMUNITY BIBLE CHURCH - SAGAMORE, PA. - OCTOBER 5, 1997

PRELUDE GREET ONE ANOTHER GREETINGS/JOYS/ANNOUNCEMENTS/PRAYER REQUESTS

LORD'S SUPPER - INVITATION TO ALL OCOTBER 11, - OCTOBERFEST

NEED LOTT OF HELP ALL SHAME LINDONS FRI - 9:00 AM. & SATI

VEG SOUP 3.00 gl. 1.75 (1 PT) ADDRESS SHEET PASS FOR PROF READON

PRAYER/OFFERING

* DOXOLOGY

PASTORAL PRAYER

HYMN

SCRIPTURE: MATTHEW 6:9
SI DN: "PRAYER: WHAT'S IN A NAME?"
E LORD'S SUPPEST. PAUL'S, BUTLER - 5/23/82
*HYMN

*BENEDICTION

*POSTLUDE

MABEL

HELEN -SUGAR PAUL -ATTIMA

JIM - VLCER B. R.

MANGARET

DALE

UNIPOREN JEAN

"Prayer: What's In A Name?"

Scrip & Text: Mt. 6:9b

Hal B Thy Nam al Js say aftr declar=Aftr maner pray ye:Our Father, who art in hvn. Simpl isnt it? Or is?

"ts In A Name we may wel ask

(E. mps modern names & wat mean)

O" time nam persn mor serius than 2day;2name was 2 tof essentil charactr persn:reveal sumthin & also that 2 influenc the bearer

Jew quit oft want son identfy with G & tho no spok persn! name 4 God, wrot=YAHWEH as sed las wk

Short 4 this=JAH & use sufix name=Hezekiah,Jeremiah Adonijah & many,many more(Elijah,Isalah)

Evr wondr why G pur genolgies? I Bliev Bcuz individs 2 G R import=G say 2 Moses=I kno thee by name

(Illus boy,I's prayr & How Did U Kno My Name?)

He spk truth,& truth is has persn! intrest ea us Shud fil sens awe=2 kno G of univers kno us by name & want persn! relatship with us which spok las wk

But 2 Jew word "NAME" ment mor than jus title 4 God Ment=Essenc;charctr;entir Being;all attributes

Ot word=SHEM,mean NAME 864 times;Ps 107 spk Specil (Ex_mps of thez from Psalms)

Ea thez NAME sigfy all G is,which G,Jehov,Yahweh cannot contain

In serch suitbly describ Him,amthrs Of dif names:

(Illus Names for God in OT)

Grtest Name histry 4 God=Js Xp & mean=Sav,Mastr,King Evn tho we no refus name G,Js sed shud use cert way Hippy cultur=Daddio, Laddio, & the Spook=sacrilegus This no 2B our approach Js sed we R 2 pray: Our Fath Who art in hvn,HALLOWED B Thy Name

Halo=mean 2B Holy,set apart & cum Gr=Hagios=Holy A lievr 2B seek holines,or seek 2B Hagios

This no 2B sur bush=Put shu off feet,plac wheron thou standest is holy ground

It set apart;it holy;it hallow grouns;It HAGIOS Implicatin Js giv is recogniz name G set part ordnary Has much,much,mor than jus tak in vain;mean cum 2Him in revrenc & this expec of us & 2 revrenc mean kno thou standest is holy ground

It set apart;it holy;it hallow grouns;It HAGIOS Implicatin Js giv is recogniz name G set part ordnary Has much,much,mor than jus tak in vain;mean cum 2Him in revrenc & this expec of us & 2 revrenc mean kno ever on same plane

Can only glorfy G by how liv livs
Wen pray=Hallowed B Thy Name, we recogniz Holines of
God
We recogniz He set apart everything, everyone;
" all attributes separat Him from all else
that 4us His Name luved & revered
an we honestly say this?
Is G all of this 2us?

Author unknown & article point by minn point bout
Hallowed be Thy Name=EXAMFLE of it
How do U stan in relatship 2=Hallowed B Thy Name?
R U striv 2B holy as He is Holy?

SCRIP: MT 6:9B; SERM: "PRAYR: WAT'S IN A NAME?" WEN JS SPK HEATHNS HE SPK OF KEX DIF TWEEN TRU GOD & THEZ PAGAN HALLOWED B THY NAME - IS ALL JS SAED AFTR DECLAR VS 6A - READ SIMPL ISNT 1797 OR IS 177? WAT'S IN A NAME WE MAY WEL ASK????? (ILUS MODERN NAMES AND WAT THEY MEAN).
O.T. TIMES NAM OF PERSN TAKN MOR SERIUSLY THAN 2DAY WEN OF SEA HEATINGS HE SEA OF ALL DEF THEM TO GOD BY THEM FAGARITHOUS THEZ GODS NO DIF THAN PEOPL & CUDNT/SHINT B REVERENCE BCUZ THEY NO DIF THAN TH/PEOPL WHO WORSHIP THEM THEY SUPCEDLY KIL ONE NOTHR, COMIT ADULTRY & IMORAL ACTS PEOPL & THER GODS BOTH TH/SAME, NO DIF PLANT ALMITY GOD SUPOS 2TEL SUMTH OF PERSN, ALSO THOT 2INFLU PERSN WHO HAD NAM ALUS NAMES 12 SONS OF JACOB - 12 TRIBES OF ISRAEL) IS TRUTH COMPLETELY HE IS LOVE & WANTS BEST FOR THOZ WHO LUV HIM
HE SEEKS THOZ WHO LIV EVIL WICKD LIVS
THEZ ATRIBUTS OF GOD GIV US TH/EVIDENC WE NEED TO REVERENC GOD EXPLAIN AGIN NAME OF JAHWEH & HOW JEWS IDENT W/GOD W/NAME JEWS WUD USE J - A - H - SHORTN FORM JAHWEH- JEHOVAH JEREMIAH, ADONIJAH, HEZEKIAH = EXAMPLES OF THIS BUT ALONG THIS LINE WE MUSB OBEDIENT TO GOD & HIS WIL 4OUR LIVS 2REVRENC HIM & THEN DISOBEY HIM NULLFYS TH/HALOWING OF HIS NAME WHY GOD & GENEOLOGIES???? G DUZ KNO US BY NAM & WE SHUDB FILLD W/AWE ZKNO WE CAN HAV THIS PAUL WRITES IN 1 COR 10:31="DO ALL TO TH/GLORY OF GOD" DR. JN MAC ARTHUR WRITES= "TRU WORSHIP BGINS W/GOD, FORGETS SELF AND GLORIFIES HIM." WE CAN ONLY GLORIFY GOD BY HOW WE LIV THEZ LIVS

WEN WE PRAY, "HALLOWED B THY NAME" WE R RECOGNIZING TH/HOLINESS
OF GOD PERSNL RELATSHIP WITH GOD TO TH/JEW "NAME" MENT MOR THAN JUS A TITL FOR GOD IT MENT TH/ESSENC, CHARACTR, TH/ENTIR BEING OF GOD TO TH/JEW "NAME" MENT MOR THAN JUS A TITL FOR GOD

I'T MENT TH/ESSENC, CHARAGTR, TH/ENTIR BEING OF GOD

ALL OF HIS ATRIBUTES
SHEM IN O'T IS FND 864 TIMES & MEANS "N A M E".

IN PSALMS ALON IS FND 107 TIMES & SPES OF GOD SPECIL WAY

(ILUS FEW THEZ REFERENCES FROM THE PSALMS)

MORD "N A M E" SIGFY ALL GOD IS & CAN NO B CONTAIND WORD LIK

"GODD"WLABHOVAH". OR "LAHWEH"

IN O'T AUTHORS CALL GOD BY DIF NAMES 2DESCRBIE HIM

(ILUS OF NAMES OF GOD AS FND IN O.T.)

BUT GRTES NAME IN HISTRY IS - JESUS CHRIST

IT MEANS= SAVIOR, MASTER, AND KING.

BUT EVN THO WE NO REBUS 2USE TH/NAME OF GOD, JS TAUT WE R

"USE IT IN A CERTIN WAY

"IPPY CULTUR USED= DADDIO, LADDIO, & THE SPOOK

THIS SACRILEGIUS & NOT WAT JS WAS TEACHING

WER TO PRAY = OUR FATHER - GIV HIM SPECIL PLACE OUR LIVS

WHO AFT IN HUN= RECOGNIZ HIM AS ABUV/BYOND MERE MORTALS

HALLOWED B THY NAME= HIS NAM IS ABUV ALL NAMES - HOLY

HALLOWED MEANS HOLY - GRK WORD-HAGIOS - SET APART

BLIEVES R 2B HOLY, SEEK HOLINE

G SPOK MOSES FR/BURN BUSH & SED TAK OFF SHOES GRND IS HOLY

THIS MEANS 2CUM B'4 GOD WE MUS RECOGNIZ WHO HE IS & REVER HIM

JS IS TEACH WE MUSB AWAR WHO IT IS WE R DEALING WITH

HEB 11;6-WHE THAT COMETH TO GOD MUST BLIEV THAT HE IS!"

IF WE DONT BLIEV HE EXISTS, OR DOUBT HE WIL HEAR/LISTN/ANSR,

WE CANOT REVERENC HIM WE R RECOGNIZING THAT HE IS SET APART FR/EVETHING & EVERONE
WE R RECOGNIZING ALL OF TH/ATRIBUTES WH/SEPRAT HIM FR/ALL ELSE
WE R RECOGNIZING THAT HIS NAME IS TO BE LOVED & REVERED CAN WE HONESTLY SAY ALL OF THIS 2222 (ILUS UNKNOWN AUTHR OF "YOU AND THE LORD'S PRAYER") (READ THE WHOLE THING THUS FAR) HOW DO WE STAND IN RELATIONSHIP TO "HALLOWED BE THY NAME??????" ARE WE STRIVING TO BE HOLY AS HE IS HOLY???????? WE CANOT REVERENC HIM

"Prayer: What's In A Name?"

Scripture: Matthew 6:9b

mext: Mk Matthew 6:9b

"Hallowed be Thy name," iw all that Jesus said after declaring, "After this manner therefore pray ye: Our Father, who art in heaven." Simple isn't it? Or is it? "What's in a name?", we may well ask.

(Examples of modern names and what they mean if possible)

It is interesting to note that in Old Testament times the naming of persons was taken more seriously than it is today. To name them was not just to give them something which made it possible to tell one from the other, but instead, to tell of the essential part of the person so named. The name of the person revealed something about that person, but also was thought of as influencing the bearer. The Jews quite often wanted their sons identified with their God whom they worshiped. The personal name for God which was not **matrix** spoken but was written and known was "YAHWEH" as we said last week. The shortened form of that was "Jah," and quite often was the suffix of a sons name. Hezekiah, Jeremiah, Adonijah, are examples of this. There are many more examples which we could add to this list. But the names had meaning and purpose. But did you ever wonder why God in His Word had those records of geneologies put

But to the Jew the word "Name" meant something other than just a title by for God.

Which XERRENCE XIX KREWAX It meant the essence, the character, the entire being of God. All of His attributes. In the Old Testament we find the word "Shem" which mean "Name" 864 times. In the Psalms alone it is found 107 times and ix it speaks of God in their own special way. Here are just a few of those 107 references. (Read from Psalm 5:11; 7:17; 8:1,9; 9:10). In each of these

the word "Name" signifies kww all that God is, which cannot be contained in job to simply the Name God, or Father, or Jahweh, or Jehovah.

InxthexRiblex&mdxixxcelledxbyxmanyxdifferentxnamexx In their search to suitably describe Him, the authors of the Old Testament books called God by many differe These are some of them, (Examples of these names) ent names. But the greatest name in history which God has ever been given is "Jesus Christ." The name means, "Saviour, Master, and King." But even though we do not refuse to use the name of God, Jesus has said that we should use it in a certain way. During the time of the hippie culture, an irreverent hippie supposedly addressed the Trinity as, *** Aradia; x and x hex % pook "Daddio, Laddio, and the Spook." That is definitely not to be our approach to God. Jesus said we are to pray, "Our Father, Who art in heaven, Hallowed be T name." The word "Hallowed" has a special significance. It means "to be Holy, set apart." It comes from the Greek word "HAGIOS" which means Holy. A believer is to be seeking after holiness, or seeking to be HAGIOS. You may recall the story of God appearing to Moses in the burning bush. The instructions given to Moses at that time were, "Put your shoes off from your feet, for the place whereon thou standest is holy ground." It was "set apart," it was "Holy," "Hallowed ground." The impication in what Jesus is telling us is that we recognize that the Name of God is set apart from the ordinary. It has to do with much, much more than just taking His name in vain. It means that we come to Him in reverence and that is what is expected of us. To reverence God we must know who He is. That is what Jesus was saying when He told us to pray, "Our Father," and that is who He is. Hebrews 11:6, says, "He that cometh to God must believe that He is." If we don't believe that He exists, or we doubt tnat He will listen, or answer, or is even concerned, we cannot reverence Him.

To the pagans surrounding Jesus their gods couldn't be reverenced because they

were on the same plane as the people. They supposedly killed one another, were alous, committed adultery and other immoral acts and so on. How could a god such as this be reverenced. But do you know of Almighty God being like this? He is Truth. And truth is absolute. He is Love and love wants the best for those who are loved. These attributes of God give us the evidence we need to reverence God.

But we are to also be obedient to God and His will for our lives. To reverence Him and then disobey Him is to nullify the Hallowing of His name. Paul tells his first us in khm letter to the Corinthians 10:31, "Do all to the glory of God.2 Dr. John MacArthur says, "True worship begins with God, forgets self and glorifies Him." **Toxidoxidaix** We can only glorify God by how we live these lives. When we pray, "Haldowed be Thy name," we are recognizing the Holiness of God, that He is set apart from everything and everyone; We are recognizing khakxim all of the attributes which separate Him from all else; that His Name for us loved and revered.

Can we honestly say all of this? Is God all of this to us? The author who wrote the article we used last week and which we will use every week while studying the Lord's Prayer, also has another gem for us to look at this week. He says, "I cannot say Hallowed be Thy name, if I who am called by His name, am not holy." How do you stand in relationship to "Hallowed be Thy name?" Are you striving to be holy even as He is holy?

ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST Butler, Pennsylvania Pentecost Sunday May 30, 1982 The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Pastor Mr. Harry Cunningham, Organist and Choir Director Mr. Roland Thompson, Saxophonist Dianne Zavacky and Tracy McMillin, Acolytes Clarke Prelude "Trumpet Voluntary" Clark (Miss LaDonna Linamen, Trumpeter) *Processional Hymn No. 547 "The Church's One Foundation" *Ascription *Exhortation *Prayer of Confession: (In Unison) "We pray Father, that this day we may be aware of our membership in the whole body of Christ. Give us a complete sense of what this means by forgiving others, as we also wish to be forgiven. Pandon us for seeing the speck in our brother's eye while neglecting to see our larger sins. Grant us Your forgiveness for the many things we have said and done and thought, which have caused us to be sorry and wish we could undo them. These things we ask in Jesus' name. Amen. *Kyrie *Assurance of Pardon *Praise Pastor: Blessed be the Lord God! People: And blessed be His glorious Name Forever *Gloria Patri Who's Who in the Pew Announcements Joys The Rite of Confirmation: The Charge: The Vows: *The Apostles Creed - (Page 137) Congregation and Confirmands The Confirmation Prayer: The Confirmation Offering Offertory "E *Poxology No. 382 "E Phrygian" Krieger Scripture: Matthew 6:10a
Sermon: "Prayer: Whose Kingdom?"
ymunion Hymn No. 30 "Break Thou the Bread of Life"

*The Call to Communion
*The Institution and Consecration of The Elements The Distribution of the Bread and Cup (please retain Elements until all have been served. *The Prayer of Thanksgiving
*The Hymn of Departure 557 "Christ is made the sure *The Benediction *The Postlude "Pentacostal Power" Gabriel
+ + + + + + *Congregation Standing + + + + + + + +
The Lovely Flowers on the Altar have been placed by
Mr. & Mrs. Robert Stanley to the "Glory of God"
The Elders and Deacons will Usher this morning as well as Serve Communion. Our trumpet soloist is Miss LaDonna Linamen from Slippery Rock. We are happy to welcome her on this Pentacost Sunday as she returns to participate in this service. Our congratulations to Mr. & Mrs. Paul Harbison. They had a little Boy this week. Next Saturday at 8:00 - there will be a clean-up day around the Church. All men of the Church are invited to help make the grounds more beautiful. Work will be also done on the roof. See Bill Pflugh. Paul Campbell and Art Snyder will be visiting the Hospital this week. Mrs. Sharon Schmittlein and Tina Groves will have charge of Nursery today. Northers Cody.

Hospitalized: Don Wogan - Allegheny General

Tues. - 6-8 - Aerobics

Wed. - 7:00 - Council Meeting - Cancelled for this Wed.

Wed. - No Choir Rehearsal Thurs. - 6-8 - Aerobics
Tues. - 7:00 - Lay Life and Work Committee meeting
Those being confirmed today are: Renee Brown, Valerie Hartley, Michelle Henry, Jeff Knauer, Lisa Lafferty Michelle Panei, David Vinroe, and Tracy Groves. If you are visiting at our Church today - Fill in the name of your Church and address and it will be forwarded so that you can receive credit. Have a safe Memorial Day Weekend. Remember Vacation Bible School - June 14-18 - Adults and children from 7:00 to 9:00 P.M.

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COMMUNITY BIBLE CHURCH - SAGAMORE, PA. - OCTOBER 13, 1997
     GREETINGS/JOYS/ANNOUNCEMENTS/PRAYER REQUESTS
        MUMS
       CIDEN - GAL & & &
    CHEKEN
     APPLES
     APPLE BUTTER
       THANK ALL WINK/BONNIONS ETE & THANK GOD
 *HYMN
 PRAYER/OFFERING *DOXOLOGY
     PASTORAL PRAYER
 PASTAGE PASTAG
*BENEDICTION
*POSTLUDE
    PAPRICIA - HEART
   MABEL
   LANCE - RMENTHING - DOUG = LEG SOME
   HELEN
 HELEN
   BONNIE
     Roy - STROKE
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Scrip & Text? Matthew & Ingoom? Mt. 6:10a Our Thus far Js tol folos wen pray 2 G.& identfy as Fathr add=Who art in Hvn,2 sho wher definitly is,

"=Hallo B thy Name, indicat G holy, sep apart
No Add=Thy Kingdm Cum,& her mere 3 words Eng/Gr & ym yet no covr dzns serms; mos do scratch suff & ea us wre-tl thru livs complete meaning
BL I keThy K Cum, direc 2 OT & K Dav, desur bild Temp G no permit Bcuz man of blud, but Solomon promis
2 Sam 7:12-19-son 2cum Dav line reign 4ever
This prom Messiah, Anoint one, 2B King as Js was Js ask ovr & ovr. R U The King 2 Cum?
Kingdom in GreBASILEA & mean RULE or REIGN
word sumtim los tru mean in translatin & prob shud read=THY REIGN COME
As resul we no underst wat this mean, we oftn ask G 2 lwt our plans, ideas, litl kingdms B advanc/furth Times we liv identfy as=ME Generatin & this Bcuz ever thing base, focus individ RITES/PRIVLEGES
This basic selfish motiv man; Me 1st, ever' secondary But who shud B bonor? Glorify by livs lived?
Us? Or God? & of corse it God
He no creat us 2 towr abuv Him in powr & glory; He creat that thru us, our livs, He wud B glorfied
Wat prayr say throut? Thy Nam, Thy King, Thy wil, but as long continu seek self whim/desir, praying
THY go agin grain
G sent Js Xp estab Kingdm & 3 aspects of it
FIRST=The past=Mt. %x 8:11=Includ Abe, Is, Jake; kingdm includ them & othr saints G's hostry Is.
SECOND=Kingdm present=Luke 17-21=Kingdm within lif of Blievr; it alredy cum in 1 respect
THT*0=Kingdm 2B futur seen by Scrip=10a=it ask 4, & it a lcipat arrivl & all tru Blievrs shud B anxios await arrivl Js Xp 2 ovr thro present G this world, & 2 establish perfec kingdm on erth
But mos import aspec of Kingdm is how concern us pers No mattr how try avoid persnl, alway mus cum bak 2 it Js cum aftr Jn Bap & both spk-Repent 4 kingdm Hvn at hand=ea individ lk lif & do sumthin bout
This an act of wil & Mark 12 Scrib ask bout Comms Js sed=Thou art not far from the Kingdom
Ment=U hav hed knowledg, & wat bout, but no hav hart kn This how many us; kno S's anser Kpianty, but no Kp h
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HERE GOD IS PROMIS SON OF DAY WUD RILD HOUS, HAV KINGDOM & REIGN 4FVR
HERE IS PROMIS OF TH/MESIAH 2CUM
MESIAH MEANS =ANCINTED ONE
THYS WAS 25 A KING & THIS IS WAT JS WAS
RE BR STORY OF WISHEN CUMING 2C JS & ASK "WHER IS HE THAT IS BORN KING OF TH/JEWS?"
JS WAS ASKD MANY TIMES IF HE WAS TH/KING TO CUM
WORD WH/TRANSLATS AS "KINGDOM" IN GRK IS "BASILEA
FROM IT WE GET ENGLISH WORD "RASILICA"
GR WORD MENT "RULE" OR, "REIGN"
BASILICA FORMERLY MENT "A FALAGE"
SO WE CAN READILY C IT HAS TO DO WKINGSHIP, REIGNING
SO BASICLY WAT JS WAS ASKING US TO DO IS TO PRAY:TNATX TO GOD,
"THY REIGN COME"
SO "THY KINGDOM COME" SHUDB TH/WAY WE PRAY
BUT 20FT OUR PRAYRS R THAT HE LETS OUR PLANS, OUR IDEAS, OUR
LITTL KINGDOMS B ADVANCD & FURTHED
IN OUR GENRATIN THIS BUCZ EVETH B FOCUSD ON INDIVID RITES &
INDIVID PRIVLEGES
WE R LIV IN TH/ME GENRATIN - EVETH IS 4 ME & MY HAPINES & WEL B
THIS IS TH/BASIC SELFISH MCTIVATIN OF MAN
TAK CARE OF SELF FIRST & EVRONE/EVETH ELS IS SECONDARY
WHO SHUD B HONORD & GLORIEVED BY THEZ LIVS WE LIV???
IS IT ME OR US? OR IS IT GOD???
GOD OF-CORS IS TH/ANSR
HE DINT CREAT US SO THRU OUR LIVS HE WUDB GLORIFYD
WAT DUZ FRAYR SAY THRUGUTT??
IS IT MY KINGDOM COM?? IS IT MY WILB DUN?? OF CORS NOT
IT IS THY NAME, THY KINGDOM, THY WIL & SO ON
GOD SENT JS ZESTABLISH THIS KINGDOM WH/ME R 2PRAY 4

butxwexmenthrakextrakex

(Illus Tommy Tarrants)
This illus far 2 many Xpian ch 2day
We hav takn comitment Js Xp 2 litely & then expres
amaz livs not much dif ungodly peop C aroun us
But all can chang if wil 2 lk selvs this lite
repent, turn aroun & trul ask G, & mean it, Thy
Kingdom Come
Lk wat unkno writr say agin, & let us ask oursel
bout this
(Illus I cannot pray etc)
Can we honsetly pray, Thy Kingdom Come, because it
truly is a part of our livs?

JS INSTRUCTING THUS FAR ON HOW TO PRAY ARE: PRAY,
OUR FATHER - WHO HE IS,
MHO ART IN HEAVEN - WHER HE IS,
HALLOWED BE THY NAME - HE IS SET APART, OUR HOLY HVNLY FATHR
NOW HE ADDS - THY KINGDON COME LK 17:20-21 JS IS SAYING THAT TH/KINGDOM IS WITHIN TH/LIF OF TH/BLIEVR IT HAS ALREDY CUM IN ONE RESPECT TH/KINGLOM OF GOD CUMS EA TIME A PERSN IS CONVERTD & ACCPTS

VAP AS LORD & BAVIOR

LT EXISTS IN TH/HARTS & MINDS OF THOZ WHO BLONG 2 JS XP MEE | THREE WORDS, YET CAN ONLY SCRATCH SURFAC OF MEANING IN ONLY ONE SMALL SERMON WEN TRY ZUNRSTAN WORD "KINGDOM" MUS GO BAK ZBGIN AND THEN FROM OUR SCRIPTUR THIS MORN WE C THAT IT IS FUTUR,
THAT IT IS YET TO CUM

WE R 2PRAY, "THY KINGLOM COME"

WE R ASKING ROR IT, & PRAYING IN ANTICIPATIN OF ITS ARIVAL

ALL BLIEVES SHUDB ANXIOUSLY AWAIT TH/OVETHEO OF god OF THIS

WORLD BY OUR SAVIOR JS XP & ESTAB HIS KINGDOM ON ERTH. K DAV WANTD 2BILD TEMPL 4 GOD, BUT GOD NO PERMIT BOUZ BLUDMAN 2SAM 7:12-13 - (TURN TO THIS & READ IT) TH/MOST IMPORT ASPECT OF TH/KINGDOM IS ON PERSNL LEVEL

JN BAP PR-REPENT, 4KINGDM OF G IS AT HAND

JS ALSO PRÆREPENT, 4KINGDM OF HVN IS AT HAND

BOTH, SPK OF NSED OF INDIVID LK AT HIS LIF & DO SUMTH BOUTIT

THAT DEMAND ACT CUR PART - (EXAMPL SCRIB & JS TEL U R NOT FAR

FROM TI/KINGDOM - OHE ASK WAT MUSDO COMMANS ETC)

JS INDICAT THIS MAN HAD HED KNOWLEDG & WAT ALL ABOUT, BUT NO

HAV HART KNOWLEDG

MANY XPIANS LIK THIS-KNO SS ANSRS ZQUESTS OF XPIANTY BUT NO HAV

JS YP BEION IN OUR HAPTS

(ILUS TOMMY TARRANTO & HIS CRIMINAL ACTS & BCUM PREACHR)

ILUS OF FAR TOO MANY IN TH/CHURCH ZDAY

WE HAV TAKN TH/CONTEMENT TO JS XP ZLITTELY & THEN WE EXPRES

AMAZMENT OUR LIVS NOT-MUCH DIF FR/UNGOLLY PEO AROUND US

BUT ALL THIS CAN CHANG IF WE WIL ZLK AT SELVS IN THIS LITE &

THEN REPENT OF OUR PRESENT LIVS & BGIN HEALY ASK G, TH/MOST IMPORT ASPECT OF TH/KINGDOM IS ON PERSNL LEVEL 3/ MT 8:11 JS IS SAYING TH/KINGDOM INCLUDS ABE ISAAC, JACOB & ALL OF TH/OTHR SAINTS OF G'S HISTRY IN ISRAEL THEN JS SHOWED THAT TH/KINGDOM IS PRESENT THY INGDOM COME AND REALLY MEAN IT (ILUS UNKNO AUTHOR & "YOU & TH/LORD'S PRAYER" FOR TODAY) IN LK 17:20-21 - WE READ OF THIS CAN WE HONESTLY PRAY "THY KINGDOM COME" BOUZ IT TRULY IS A PART OF OUR LIVES???????

"Prayer: Whose Kingdom?"

Scripture & Text: Matthew 6:10a

and He identiifes Him as, "Our Father."; He has added "Who art in heaven," to show definitely Who this is; then He added, "Halbowed by Thy name," indicating that God is Holy and set apart from *** everything else. And now He adds to that prayer, "Thy kingdom come." Here are merely three words both in the English and in the Greek and yet we could not begin to cover it completely in dozens of sermons. The most we can do is to scratch the surface and let each person wrestle with its complete meaning.

When we begin to look at "The Kingdom" we must direct our thinking back to the Old Testament. King David was moved to build a Temple for God. But God would not permit him to do so because God said he was a man of blood. Bukkundadid

PROMINGALMENTALEMENTALEMENTALEMENT In 2nd Samuel 7:12-13 we read, (Read). Here God is promising that a son would come from David's line who would reign

rever. He would establish a kingdom which would never end. This is the promise of the Messiah which means "The anointed one." This was to be a King He and this is exactly what Jesus was. This was asked over and over again, "Are you the king which is to come?" To make this clearer to what God's plan may have been we can look at one of these words in Greek and have a better understanding of the entire phrase. The word which is translated "Kingdom," in the Greek is Basilea and it means "Rule," or, "Reign." Words often lose their true meaning in translation and it may well be that Jesus was saying we should pray, "Thy Reign come." Of course we can't be dertain of this, but it would make more sense since this is what we are looking toward.

As a result of not understanding this properly our prayers sometimes take on the aspect of asking God to let our plans, our ideas, our little kingdoms be advanced and furthered. The times in which we presently live have been identified by some as the "Me generation." This is because everything is being focused on individual "rights" and privileges. This is the basic selfish motivation of man, to take care of himself first, and everyone else is secondary.

But who should be honored and glorified by these lives which we live? Is it

? Or is it God? God of course is the answer. He didn't create us for us
to tower above Him in power and glory. He created us so that through our lives
He would be glorified. What does the prayer say throughout? Is it My name to
be hallowed? Is it My kingdom come? Is it My will be done? Of course not.

It is THY name, THY kingdom, THY will and so on. But as long as we continue to
seek our own selfish whims and desires praying THY goes against the grain.

God sent Jesus Christ to establish this kingdom at which we are to pray for.

But Jesus showed that there are three aspects of this Kingdom. First He
showed that it embodies the past. In Matthew 8:11 we read, (Read this). He
includes Abraham and Isaac and Jacob. The kingdom includes them and all of the
other saints of kkm God's history in Israel.

Then Jesus showed that the Kingdom is present. In Luke 17:21 we read, (read this). The kingdom is within the life of the believer. It has already come one respect.

Then Jesus showed that it is to be future as indicated by our brief Scripture this morning, the first part of the 10th verse. "Thy kingdom come," asking for it, and anticipating its arrival. All true believers should be anxiously awaiting the arrival of Jesus Christ to overthrow the present God of this (JESUS CHRIST'S) world and to establish His/Aperfect kingdom on earth.

But the most important aspect of the "Kingdom" is that which should concern each of us personally. It always comes back to the personal level no matter how much we may wish to avoid this. The preaching of Jesus followed closely on the heels of John the Baptist. If you recall John the Baptist preached, "Repent, for the kingdom of heaven is at hand." Jesus came preaching, "Repent, for the kingdom of heaven is at hand." Both of them were speaking of the need for an individual to look at his life and to do something about it. That demands an act of our will. In Mark 12 there is an example given of a Scribe asking Jesus about the commandments. Because he is able to show an understanding of them, Jesus said to him, "Thou art not far from the kingdom." What He

was actually saying was, "You have the head knowledge of what this is all bout, but you don't have the heart knowledge." This is how it is with many of us. We know the patvSunday 5 hool answers to the questions of Christianity, but we don't have Christ reigning in our hearts. This is what we are actually praying when we pray, "Thy kingdom come." We are asking Jesus to come into our hearts and our lives and take up residence there. We are to be converted. This means we repent of what we once were and turn around and go in the opposite direction which would be toward God. We should never pray, "Thy kingdom come," if we are refusing to have Jesus Christ reign in our hearts. (Illustration of Tommy Tarrants)

This is the illustration of far too many in the Christian Church today. We have taken the commitment to Jesus Christ far too lightly and then we express amazement that out lives are not much different from the ungodly people we see around us. But all of this can change if we are willing to look at ourselves in this light and then to repent of our present lives and begin to really ask God, "Thy kingdom come," and mean it.

Let us look at it from the personal viewpoint of our unknown author with his thought for this portion of the Lord's prayer, "I cannot say Thy kingdom come, if I am unwilling to give up my own sovereignty and accept the righteous reign of God."

ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST Butler, Pennsylvania Graduation Sunday June 6, 1982 Mr. Roland Thompson, Saxophonist
Meredith Hewis and Danny Mangel - Acolytes "Fantasy on 'If Thou But Suffer God to Guide Thee!" Bruin Prelude *Hymn No. 4 "God Who Made the Earth and Heaven" *Ascription *Exhortation *Confession (In Unison) "Most Merciful Father, like the prodigal we come before thee to confess that we have sinned and are no longer worthy to be called thy children. Against thee we have rebelled. Yet in our distant land thou through thy Spirit doth say to us, "Come home." By that same Spirit make us clean, that we may stand before thee once again to affirm our sonship, through Christ Our Lord. Amen." *Kyrie *Assurance of Pardon *Praise Pastor: Blessed be the Lord God! People: And blessed be His glorious Name Forever *Gloria Patri Who's Who in the Pew Announcements Joys, Concerns, Prayer Requests Hymn No. 466 "What a Friend We Have in Jesus" Offering Offertory "Thy W *Doxology No. 382 Scripture Mat "Thy Way, Not Mine, O Christ" Kindermann Matthew 6:10b "Prayer: Whose Will?" Sermon: Closing Hymn No. 314 "What a Day That Will Be" Benediction Choral Benediction "Have Thine Own Way, Lord" Postlude

The Lovely Flowers on the Altar have been placed by Mrs. Ann Williams in loving memory of Husband "Woody" Serving as Ushers today are *Charles Penar, Dan Bosko, Dave McMillin

We want to Congratulate our Seniors who are graduating this year. We wish you the Best in any direction that you might take. Those graduating that were reported to us are Danny Bosko, Amy Burns, Mary Dellen, Brian Kennedy - from Butler Area Senior High School. Dodi Kradel is graduating from Karns City High School. CHURCH SCHOOL IS NOW STARTING AT 10:00 A.M. FOR THE

SUMMER MONTHS. fr. & Mrs. Howard Bolam will greet the Congregation and Visitors at the door today.

Ann Williams and Dutch Bolam will be visiting the

Hospital this week.

Our deepest Sympathy to Mrs. Von Maloney, Karen and Family in the recent loss of their Husband and Father. James Malonev.

Mrs. Lois Pennington has transferred her Letter back

to St. Paul's. Tues. - 6-8 - Aerobics Wed. - Youth Fellowship

wed. - Youth Fellowship
Thurs. - 6-9 - Aerobics
VACATION BIBLE SCHOOL STARTS 14-13 from 7-9 P.M.
Open for Adults and children as well. Registration
forms are available from Virginia Mangel, Pam Tait,
or from the office.

or from the office.

June 27 - 11:00 A.M. Church in the Park. No church is School that day. Rotary Shelter at Butler Memorial Park (large one in the back) will be available.

Come and enjoy a day of fellowship. Please bring enough food to feed your family. Beverage and dessert will be provided by the Lay, Life, and Work Committee
Betty Carney, Chairman.

The attendance last Sunday was 174 with 9 Visitors. If you would like to have Flowers for the Altar for the rest of the year - please fill in the Flower the rest of the year - please fill in the Flower

Chart Trust In The Lord with all thine heart: and lean not unto thine own understanding. In all thy ways acknowledge him, and he shall direct thy paths.

Prov. 3:5,6

*HYMN
PRAMER/OFFERING
*DOXOLOGY
PASTORAL PRAYER
HYN

LETURE: MATTHEW 6:9-10B
SERMON: "PRAYER: WHOSE WILL?"
ST. PAUL'S, BUTLER - 6/6/82

*HYMN
*BENEFICTION
*POSTUDE

*HELD
*BUTLER
*BU

"Frayer: Whose Will?"

Scrip & Text: Matthew 6:10b

Js add 2prayr & giv phras by phras wen takn out contex cour concern; this Bcuz wen lk sep we C tru mean detail / pray 4yrs, yet did/duz hav mean 4us? or merely p. /r use stopgap measur 2end meets, spirtul occasins? Js detrm hears 2B awar 2whom prays-Father

Fathr need 2B understud-Who art heavn, halow B thy Name prayee had 2hav sumthin 4which 2pray-Thy Kingdum Cum Now cum 2enigma=Thy wil B dun; How determ this???

Worl giv simpl anser=G reveal self thru Ch=folo Ch & wil kno Wil of G; sumthin lik folo leadr

(Illus Calvin Coolidge & Vt. frends visit dinner)

This pted examp folo ldr can lead astray; G giv Ch, yes, butmusB individ & constan striv 2liv livs acord G want, not wat individs cong extol us 2do

G wil 4me, maynot B compl G wil 4U; simlar pts, but dif Here dangr pray L's prayr as grp; musB takn individly 2Bgin undrstan G wil, mus detrm wat G wil is, Can U kno it? Can U determ individ wat it is?

Aposl P pt out Rom 12:1-2

vs 1=Say surendr self complet 2 G if want kno wil mean=offr bods liv sacs 2Him, giv complet/totl no hold vs 2a=Conform/transform=Metamorph=ex catpilr/tutrfly This mus hap 2Us, G want 4Us & purp in this is 2=

PRUV WAT IS GUD, ACEFTBL, PERF WIL OF GOD

But 2underst the determing of wil of G shud idea 2go bout it:examps G lik=Coca-cola-paus refresh; insuranc In Gud hands with Him; I say lik 3 A's=explain help ASK-lern by knowledg/experence & gain by seek help, ASK 2 i G's wil 4 livs we must ASK

(Illus Xpian ask kis fiance, brothr anser, play God) We admon Scrip 2 seek L, pray, pray no ceas & in this seek G's wil 4 livs we must ASK

(Illus Kpian ask kis fiance, brothr anser, play God) We admon Scrip 2 seek L, pray, pray no ceas & in this seek G's wil 4 livs we must ASK

(Illus Kpian ask kis fiance, brothr anser, play God) We admon Scrip 2 seek L, pray, pray no ceas & in this seek G's wil 4 livs we must ASK

(Illus Kpian ask kis fiance, brothr anser, play God) We admon Scrip 2 seek L, pray, pray no ceas & in this seek G's wil 4 livs we mu

VS 1=HERE P IS SAY MUS SURENDR SELVS COMPLETLY 2 GOD IF WE R GO TO KNO HIS WILL OFI BODYS AS SACRIFIC 2HIM & MEANS TOTLY/COMPLETLY GIV SELVS OVR TO HIM VS 2=NO CONFORM BUT B TRANSFORM (EXPLAIN METAMORPHOSIS - TRANSFORM LIKE CATRPILLR 2 BUTTRFLY) WHY DO WE OR SHUD WE DO THIS??? VS 2B=4US 2UNDRST WAT G'S WIL IS FOR US INDIVIDLY (ILUS G IS LIK THIS OR THAT FEW YRS AGO)
G IS LIK COCA-COLA, TH/PUAS THAT REFRESHES G IS LIK INSURANC - YOU'RE IN GUD HANDS W/HIM I WUD ADD "G IS LIK TH/THREE "A" - EXPL AUTO GRP - AM AUTO ASSN ASK=ONLY WAY 2FIND OUT SUMTH - WE MUS ASK (XPIAN YNG MAN PRAY BOUT KIS FIANCEE) ONLY WAY 2KNO WAT G DESIRS 4US IS TO ASK HIS WILL WE MUS PRAY & IF NEEDB PRAY W/OUT CEAS AS P SAYS & WEN ANSR CUMS & IT WIL, WE MUS ACCEPT=(THIS IS 2ND "A") (ILUS MAN CHANG JOBS, RAIS CHICKS & PLANT THEM)
WE MUS SET ABOUT 2DO WAT G'S WIL IS BCUZ WE HAV ASK & THEN WEN ANSR WE "ACCEPT" & DO IT WEN WISH 2DO WIL OF G WE KNO THAT WIL IS GO CONFLIC W/WORLD THAT MAY MEAN SEPRAT SELVS FR/SUM PEOP, SUM THINGS OF THIS WORL BUT WATEVR GIV UP 4THE LORD, HE WIL MOR THAN MAK UP FOR IT ACKNOWLEDGE= THIS IS TH/THIRD "A" JAMES TELS US IN HIS LETTR WE SHUD SAY "IF TH/LORD WILL" THAT MEANS HE HAS CONTROL OF OUR LIVS OF HIS WIL IS OPRATIV IN US THEN WE R WIL ZLIV EA DAY SAYING "IF TH/LORD WIL" - SO BE IT IT IS LIK ADDING AN AMEN ZEVRTH WH/LIF BRINGS WATEVR THAT MAYB HUMAN NATUR IS 2QUESTIN=WHY THIS HAPN? WHY DUZ G PERMIT THIS/THAD THIS NOMBAL & G DUZNT MIND IF WE QUESTIN LIFE BUT WAT HE REALY WANTS IS FOR EA US 2KNO THAT IN TH/MIDST LIF'S PROBS HE IS THER & CAN USE ANY FROM 4HIS HONOR/GLORY IT DUZNT MEAN G CAUSES DISEAS/SIKNE, BUT HE CAN USE THEM AS A VEHICLE 2BRING US CLOSR TO HIM (ILUS MISSIONARY, HER ILNES, OATMEAL, NO MONEY & LIF SPARED)
GOD KNOWS WAT WE NEED & IN MIDST WAT WE MAY FEEL IS MOST DIRE CIRCUMS HE IS THER & WIL PROVID GOD'S WIL IS WAT PRAY FOR IN THIS PRAYR JS TAUT, BUT WE MUS ACTULY SEEK IT IN OUR LIVS

(ILUS "YOU & TH/L'S PRAYR" ON "THY WIL B DUN")

ASK - ACCEPT - ACKNOWLEDGE HIS WIL IS FOR US 2FOLO JS XP THAT

HE MAY ---- - (READ ROMANS 12:2B)

"Prayer: Whose Will?"

Scripture & Text: Matthew 6:10b

Tus adding to this pattern for prayer gives us phrase after phrase which when taken out of the context of the entire prayer cause some concern. We All of us have prayer prayed this prayer for years, time after time, and yet how often have we questioned what it really means. Or more importantly, kew did it, or does it have any meaning for us when we do pray it? Or is it merely the prayer we use as the stop-gap measure to close meetings and end a so called, "Spiritual time of coming together."

Jesus determined that His hearers were to be aware of to whom they were praying. That is the reason for saying "Our Father." Then the Father needed to be understood from the context that He was special and so Jesus added, "Who art in heaven, Hallowed be Thy Name." Then the "Prayee," had to have something in his "Prayer" for which to pray. Jesus added, "Thy kingdom come," which we found to be not so completely easy to understand. This is now followed by something in the same which is equally an enigma and that is, "Thy will be done." How do we determine what is God's will?

According to the standard of the world, the answer is simple. Here is the formula: God has provided us with everything and down through history He has revealed the Church to be His guide for the lives of those who belong to Him. Thus, if we just follow what the Chruch tells us, or reveals to us then we will know the will of God. It is somewhat like playing "Follow the leader."

(Illustration of Calvin Coolidge, his friends from Vermont at dinner, and his putting his coffee on a saucer - for the cat).

This is a pointed example of how following the leader can lead us astray. God has given us the Church, yes, but we must be individuals in the Church and constantly strive to live our lives in accordance with what God wants, not what individuals within the organization extol us to do. At this point of knowing

becomes words, and nothing mrax more. Each time we pray it, the words should

the purpose of making us aware of what God wants for us individually and that is w^{μ} we should pray it.

To begin to determine how we can understand God's will for our lives and that we can actually pray, "Thy will be done," we must have some understanding of what God's will is. Can we know it? Is there a way of determining what His will is for each of us individually? I believe there is and the Apestle Paul has pointed this out in many Scriptures. But one which tells us this is found in the 12th chapter of Romans verses 1 and 2.

(Read verse 1). Here Paul is saying that we must surrender ourselves completely to God if we are going to know His will. That means we think of offering up our thery bodies as a sacrifice to Him. It means that totally, completely we give ourselves over to Him.

The next advice of Paul is that we are not in conformity to this world, but are transformed by the renewing of our minds. The Greek word for transform, or transformation is, "Metamorphosis," and can be likened to a caterpillar who weaves a cocoon and is transformed in that coccoon to emerge as a pretty butterfly. A metamorphosis or transformation has taken place. This is what must happen to us. We are to transformed into what God wants us to be. This must take place in the form of a dramatic change.

The purpose for all of is so that we may be able to "Prove what is that good, and acceptable, and perfect, will of God. But for us to understand the determining of the Will of God we should have an idea of how to go about it.

A few years ago all sorts of things were given to which God could be likened to. I had and probably still have in that maxe which is my desk at home, a list of these things people had compared God to. A few of them were, "God is like cocacola, He is the pause that refreshes; God is like life insurance, you're in good hands with Him," and so on. To that list I would add that God is like the rnree A's. Those who belong to the Three A's know that they may be out late at night and run out of gas, or have a flat tire and a call to the closest Three A station will produce help. Will God is like that and I submit that instead of the three A's standing to the American Automobile Association, they stand for

three words which may praduce a way of determining the will of God. Each of to am begin with the letter "A."

The first word of the formula would be knexwerd "AsK." We know that in every aspect of life we only learn by knowledge and experience and much of this is gained by seeking help, by asking. questions. Knowing God's will for our lives is much the same way. We must ASK.

(Illustration of Christian young man praying about kissing his fiance)
We are admonished in Scripture to seek the Lord, to pray and to pray without ceasing. In all of this we are to be seeking what God's will is for our lives.
We cannot do this if we have no conversations with God. God desires to reveal His will to us and if we are going to pray, "Thy will be done," we certainly must be serious enough about it to seek what that will is. We should Ask of God again and again and wait for Him to answer. When that answer, or those answers come, and they will, we must be willing to accept them. That is the second A,

(Illustration of man changing jobs, raising chicks, and planting them)

We must set about to do God's will and accept what that will is. Paul tells us in Ephesians 6:10, (read this). Thatxwillxwfxxxxx We can expect that the Will of God is not going to be according to the ways of the world and our present society. If we believe that we can do the will of God and still maintain all of the friends and all of the present relationships we may have, we are deluding ourselves. Jesus said that when we follow Him there are those who will want nothing to do with us. But if we really mean business for God, we will take those losses, we will Accept what He wants and forget what the world wants from us.

The third A is to ACKNOWLEDGE that will whatever it may be. James tells us in his letter the 4th chapter the 15th verse, (read this). If the Lord will, that is acknowledging that He has control of my life. It is His will which is operative in me and I am willing to live each day saying, "If the Lord will," so be it. It is like adding our Amen to everything which life brings whatever that

may be. Do you often question "Why did this happen," or "Why does God permit w and suffering, or disease," and so on? That's normal and God doesn't mind if you ask those questions. But what He wants is for each of us to know that even though these things exist and they happen to each of us, God can use them for His honor and His glory. It does not mean that God causes disease, or sickness, but He can use them as a vehicle to bring us closer to Him. (Illustration of missionary and her illness, oatmeal, no money and saved her lift God knows what we need. In the midst of what we may feel is the worst crisis we could ever be involved in, God is there and we need to acknowledge that. God's will is what we must not only pray for in the Lord's prayer, but we must seek it for all of our lives. In our weekly look at "The Lord's Prayer and You," we read, "I cannot say Thy Will Be Done, if I am unwilling or resentful of having it in my life." We must ASK for it, we must ACCEPT it, and we must ACKNOWLEDGE it. God's will is not a plan call to a plan, or to a place, or even to a special W. k. The will of God is for us to follow the Lord Jesus Christ. And as we follow and are obedient to His Will, the revelation of what we are to do and to be will come forth as He reveals it through His perfect, and acceptable will.

ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST Butler, Pennsylvania Second Sunday After Pentecost June 13, 1982 *Exhortation *Confession (In Unison) "We offer unto thee our Father, praise for the gift of thy Spirit. We ask for thy Spirit at the times when we are filled with doubt; when we are filled with hatred, when we are devoid of patience; when we show forth selfishness. In all circumstances which are contrary to thy will, send thy Spirit to help, to heal, and may we know thy forgiveness, through Christ, Amen." *Kyrie *Assurance of Pardon *Praise Pastor: Blessed be the Lord God! People: And blessed be His glorious Name forever *Gloria Patri Who's Who in the Pew Announcements Joys, Concerns, Prayer Requests Hymn No. 465 "Jesus, the Very Thought of Thee" Offering "A Miracle Happened to Me" Lange/Weisman Offertory (Miss Alice Jean Snow, Soprano)
*Doxology No. 382 Solo: "I Asked The Lord" Lange/Duncan (Miss Snow) Matthew 6:10c Scripture: Sermon "Prayer: Where?" Prayer Closing Hymn No. 71 "Faith is the Victory"

enediction

Buxtehude

+ + + + + + + *Congregation Standing + + + + + + + + +
The Lovely Flowers on the Altar this morning are in
Honor of Mr. & Mrs. Harvey Campbell's 55th
Wedding Anniversary.
Serving as Ushers today are: *Dutch Bolam, Mary Lou
Davis, Peg Nazaruk and Gloria Walker.
Mr. & Mrs. Charles Penar will greet the Congregation
and Visitors this morning. Or Golden
Hospitalized: Grace Riddle, Emma Schaeffer, Bernice
Nicholas and Elsie Kornrumpf. Ed Weichey - Cleveland C.
Bob Dellen and Chet Stauffer will be visiting the
Hospital this week.
Nursery will be provided today Robin Knauer and helper.
Confirmans please pick up your Envelopes in Narthex.
The attendance last Sunday was 168.
Monday - 7-9 - VACATION BIBLE SCHOOL BEGINS. Please
register in the Office. Cookies for Vacation Bible
School refreshment as well as fruits and vegetables
(carrots, celery, oranges, apples) for snacks. Sign
up in Narthex today if you can bring any of these.
Tues. - Friday - Vacation Bible School continues.
Rob and Cyndie Sybert's new address is:
Woodland Mobile Home Park, Lot #41 Mims Road
Hephzibah, Georgia 30815 Tele. (404) 592-4892
Coming up - June 27 - 11:00 A.M. Church in the Park.
There will be no Church, School that day. Rotary
Shelter (large one in the back) will be available in
Butler Memorial Park. Come and enjoy a day of
fellowship. Bring enough food to feed your family.
Beverage and dessert will be provided by the Lay,
Life, and Work Committer.
Wed. - Choir Rehearsal at 7:15 for anyone interested
in singing for the morning worship service at the V.A.
Hospital on June 20.
Miss Alice Jean Snow teaches Primary children at the
Washington Elementary School (Moniteau School District),
and she is a cousin of John and Sarah Snow of this

Church. We are happy to welcome her this morning as

Billy Graham film "The Living Word" June 20 at 7:30P.M.

at St. Mark's Lutheran Churc!

our Soloist.

COMMUNITY BIBLE CHURCH - SAGAMORE, PA. - OCTOBER 26, 1997

PRELUDE

GP TINGS/JOTS/ANNOUNCEMENTS/PRAYER REQUESTS

HAM DINNER NOV 15,
ANNUAL CONG MEETINGS & DINNER NOV 16

CLEAR CF TOEL 6:30

HAYRIDE /HOT DOELS ETC SURVAY AFT.
NEXT

**MEXT*

**MEXT

Scrip & Text: Matthew 6:10c

vs \chap 6=2 thots, insted \(\) as we brok dwn

I \(\text{liev} \) thots contain such import, need lk sep them

Sav 'instanc how much involv underst K of G

We do Bgin scratch surf 2 covr fuly, & last wk W B Duw
& agin, Wil of G no covr 1 short serm & so hav sevr 1

thot & made 2 & Scrip, mesag is 2nd part this thot
Js sed=IN ERTH AS IT IS IN HVN, but mus add prefix=

THY WIL B DUN, IN ERTH AS IT IS IN HVN; complet meaning

Ik patern prayr note we R &ray 4 sumthin=Ask, WHERE?

Where Take Place? Jus wat R praying 4?

As part of whol, mostly nothr phras-out contex it
complet thot & underst mor fully wen apart reg prayr

Sed=wen pray=Thy W B Dun, specif ask G's W B acomplish

This sep & distinct reques=But wher 2B dun?

Js say 2placs=Erth & Hvn

How can pray G's wil B Dun hvn? Can hones pray & EXEM

expec G chang sumthin ther 4Us? Corse not. Why?

Who mak decisin ther? G duz! He permit man chang &
alter thing ther? Corse not!

Gpermit man hav ful sway worl, but no let tampr hvn

Stil His perf, complet domain & pur, spotles, undefil

(Ex=Lucifr & angls rebel agin G, thro out=Isa 14:12ff)

Wat tak plac hvn? Neh 9:6=Levits prais G, ex=6b

This purp al thoz inhab hvn, this B our Joy sumday

Ps 105:20=angls prais G continuly

How amny wils in hvn? Only 1 & it G's Wil; His only

wen pray=Js no say=Thy Wil B Dun hvn as in Erth, jus

op & Bcuz G Wil no dun erth then, nor now & so mus

c' tinu pray that G's Wil B Dun, erth lik hvn

But f Bliev hav deeper meaning that we evr thot

(Illus welthy Texn & bird 4 mothr birthday)

He had 1 purp 4 bird, she nothr & I Bliev Js had 2

purps 4 us lk at this petitin

1st=vu pray G Wil erth-entir worl, planet liv on,

2nd Bliev mor import=lets lk Jer 18:1-4 (READ)

G showed Jer vesl mar & potr mak nothr=vs 4

But G spok Jer=vs 5 & say=vs 6

(Read Keller & pottr quest-fingr bowl)

I Bliev part pray=G's wil B Dun Erth=is 4 this ERTH,

our bodies; can we no C perhap main purp pray In ERTH?

Sur want 2pray 4worl, but isnt purp lif get this ERTE

this body; th

SCRIP: MT 6:9-10; SERM "PRAYER: WHERE?" JEREMIAH 18:1-4 - (READ) VS 10 ACTULY 2THOTS INSTED 3 AS WE HAV BROKN DWN
BUT I BLIEV THOTS CONTAIND IMPORT WE LK AT SEP

V'NGOM OF G, R WIL OF G, CANOT B UNDESTUD FULY ANY ONE SERMON
SO SHUD READ VS 10, AS A WHOLE 2- (READ VS 10)

VS 10=CNCE AGIN R ASK 45UMTH 2B DUN
BUT WHER? 4- JUS WAT R PRAY FOR??

UEN PRAY=THY WILB DUN, WE SPECIF ASK G'S WILB ACOMPL ALL THINGS
BUT WHER SHUD THIS WIL B DUN???
IN ERTH AS IT IS IN HVN IS WAT JS ADDS - TWO DEF PLACES!!! ()s PHILIP KELLER, LAYMAN, & QUOTE HIS BUK) G SHOWED JER VESEL WAS MARRD & POTTR MAD NOTHR VESEL FROM IT AS VS 4 pts out SAME THING HAPPN W/THIS POTTR IN PAKISTAN BUT IN BUK JEREMIAH G SPOK ZHIM & SED --- VS 6=(READ THIS) WEN WE PRAY "THY WIL B DUN IN ERTH" I BLIEV A PART OF THAT IS TO ASK FOR G'S WIL 2B DUN IN "THIS ERTH" - OUR BODIES CAN HONESLY PRAY G WIL CHANG SUMTH IN HVN FOR US???

OF CORSE NOT & ANSR SIMPL

WHO IS CHARG OF HVN???- GOD IS!

WHO MAKS THYDECISINS THER??? - GOD DOES!

IS HE GO TO LET MERE MAN CHANG THINGS THER??? - CORSSE NOT

G PERMIT MAN ZALMOS HAV FUL SWAY ON ERTH, BUT WILNOT PERMIT HVN
HVN STIL G'S PERF/COMPLET DOMAIN WH/IS PUR/SPOTLES/UNPOLUTBL CAN WE NOT C THIS IS TH/MAIN PURPOS FOR PRAYING "IN ERTH????" SURE WE WANT TO PRAY FOR TH/WHOL WORLD, BUT ISN'T IT TH/PURPOS OF THIEXELE LIVING THIS LIF, TO GET, "THIS ERTH" "THIS BODY, THIS LIFE" IN A PROPR RELATSHIP W/GOD? OUR SEARCHING LOOK AT OURSELVES TELLS US, (READ FR/U & L'S PRAY BY THOTS & DEVICES OF MAN ARE WE WIL EMERLY B A FINGR BOWL OR COMON PIEC POTTRY???? EXPLAIN; G CREAT HVNS/ERTH HE CREAT ANGELIC BEINGS SERV/WORSHIP G CREAT LUCIFER MOS BUTIFUL OF ANGLS
SOT CUPTURE G % OPES HIS PLAN % G EXPEL FE/HVN - ISA 14:12 ff
THIS RECORD OF SATAN % HE SINC THEN IS god THIS WORLD
THIS GIV PRUF G NO TOLERAT /PERMIT HIS ABOD B TAMPR WITH
WE SED G IN CHARG HVN, BUT WAT TAK PLAC THER? OR R WE SEEKING 2B A FINE PIEC OF CHINA???? LET US AS WE PRAY TRULY B ABL 2SAY, THY WILB DUN, IN THIS PIEC OF ERTH, SO THAT YOU O FATHER, MAY B ABL TO FASHIN IT AS U FASHIN UR WIL IN HVN. NEHEMIAH WRITES: "THOU, EVEN THOU, ART LORD ALONE: THOU HAST MADE HEAVEN, THE HEAVEN OF HEAVENS WITH ALL THEIR HOST, THE ERTH & ALL THINGS TH/MAN KNU PURP OF BIRD WAS STALK, MOTHR VU PURP NOTHR WAY I BLIEV JS HAD TWO PURPOSES 4US 2LK AT IN THIS PETITIN MAT R THERIN, TH/SEAS & ALL THAT IS THERIN, & THOU PRESERV-EST THEM ALL; & TH/HOST OF HVN WORSHIPETH THEE." NEH 12:6 FIRST PURPOS:

AY FOR G'S WIL 2B DUN IN ERTH, THAT IS,

A/ENTIR WORLD, THIS PLANET ON WHICH WE LIV TH/CLUE IS, TH/LAST PHRAS OF THAT VERSE
THIS PURPOS ALL THEZ WHO INHABIT HYM WITH GOD
THIS WILL OUR JOY SUPDAY ZOO LIKWISE
DAVIS WROT: BLES TH/L, YE HIS ANGLE THAT EXCEL IN STRNGTH,
DO HIS COMNOMENTS, HARKNING UNZ TH VOIC OF HIS W BUT I BLIEV THER MOR MEANFUL PURPOS AS WEL TO SEE THIS WE NEED LK AT PROPH OF JEREMIAH CHAP 18:1-4 HOW MANY WILS R THER IN HVN?? ONLY ONE - GOD'S WILL 103:20

WEN WE PRAY NO SAY, "THY WILB DUN IN HUN AS IN ERPH," JUS OPOSIT BOUZ JS KNU G'S WIL WAS B DUN IN HVN BUT NOT ON ERTH IT NO B DUN IN OUR TIME EITHR & SO PRAYR REALISTIC IN ASK G'S WILB DUN IN ERTH AS HE HAS HIS WIL IN HVN

BUT I BLIEV THER DEEPER MEANING ZTHIS PETITIN THAN WE EVER REALY THINK OR C IN IT **QTURN** TO THIS SCRIPTURE & READ) (ILUS WELTHY TEXAN, BIRD GIFT FOR MOTHR & RESULTS OF GIFT)

"Prayer: Where?"

Scripture & Text: Matthew 6:10c

The 10th verse of chapter 6 is actually two thoughts instead of three as we have broken it down. But I believe that the thoughts contained mx are of such import that we needed to look at them separately. We saw for instance how much is involved in striving to understand the Kingdom of God. We didn't even begin to scratch the surface on that one to cover it fully. Then last week we dealt with "Thy will be done." Again, the Will of God is something that one we could not possibly cover in a mix one short sermon. We have severed known thought and made it two thought and made it two thoughts for clarification and our Scripture for this morning is the second part of this thought. Jesus said, "In earth as it is in heaven." But let us make that thought complete and add the prefix to it so that we read, "Thy will be done in make earth as it is in heaven." In this manner we get the complete meaning.

WEXMUSEXABLE As we look once again at this pattern for MAK prayer we note that we are praying for something to happen. We must ask, "Where" is this to take place? Just what is it we are praying for? As a thought or idea located within the context of the Lord's Prayer it is just another phrase we repeat. But when we take it out of context we can see that it is a complete thought which we can understand more fully when we look at it apart from the total body of the prayer.

We had said that when we pray, "Thy will be done," we are specifically asking that God's will be accomplished in all things. This is a separate and distinct request. But "Where" do we ask that His will be done? The words Jesus added are, "In earth as it is in heaven." So we see then that there are two definite places where we are asking for God's will to take place. Now how can we pray that God's will may be done in heaven? Can we honestly pray that something may take place in heaven and God will change something in heaven for us? The answer is of course not. The reason is simple. Who is in **SUNKRI CONTROL OF heaven? God is! Who makes the decisions there? God does! Is He going to permit mere man to change and alter things there? Of course not.

God has permitted man to have almost full sway with the world in which we live, the is not going to let man tamper with heaven. That is God's still perfect and complete domain which remains pure and clean and spotless, unpollutable by the thoughts and devices of man.

When God created the heavens and the earth He created angelic beings to serve and worship Him. Among them was a leader named Lucifer, who we are told was the most beautiful of the angels. He organized xx a fallowing of angels and they sought to oppose God's plans and so God expelled them from heaven. We fin a part of this recorded in the book of Isaiah chapter 14:12 and following. This is the record of the one we call Satan. This is proof that God will not permit His abode to be tampered with. We should know something about God's heaven which perhaps we may never have thought about. We have said that God is in charge of it, but what takes place there? In the book of Nehemiah we read wixkexkexxexx that after the wall was repaired, the Levites began to aise God. In the 9th whapter the 6th verse we read, (read this verse). We are given a clue here that "All the host of heaven worshipeth Thee." This is the purpose of any and all who inhabit heaven with God. This will be our joy someday to do likewise. David wrote in Psalm 103:20, "Bless the Lord, ye His angels, that excel in strength, that do His commandments, hearkening unto the voice of His word." How many wills are there in heaven? Only one and it is THE will of God. So when we pray, Jesus didn't say, "Thy will be done in heaven as it is in earth." It was just the opposite because Jesus knew there was no doubt about God's will being done in heaven. But God's will xxxxxx was not being done wax in earth during Jesus' time, and it isn't being done in earth in our time. So the prayer remains a realistic asking that God's will may be

But I believe there is another deeper meaning to this petition than we ever really think about or see in it.

done in earth as He has it done in heaven.

(Illustration of wealthy Texan and gift of bird for mother's birthday)
The man who purchased the bird, knew the purpose of that bird was to talk, but

his mother viewed that purpose in another way. I believe that Jesus had two roose for us to look at in this petition. The first purpose I believe was to view the praying for God's will to be done in earth, that is, the entire world; the place here, this planet on which we reside. But I helieve there is a more meaningful purpose as well.

If we look at the prophecy of Jeremiah, the 18th chapter we read that he was inBeginning
structed to visit a potter. Exeking at the 1st verse we read, (read verses 1
through 4).

(Illustration of Philip Keller & story from book, "A Layman Looks At The Lord's Prayer," as read from MacArthur's, "Jesus' Pattern For Prayer.")

God showed Jeremiah that the vessel which was made was marred, and the potter made another vessel from it as verse 4 points out. Then God spoke to Jeremiah and said, (Read verse 6). "As the clay is in the potter's hand, so are ye in Mine hand," saith the Lord. When we pray "Thy will be done in earth," I believe a part of that is to ask for God's will to be done in this EARTH, which is our bodies. Rexee Can we not see that this is perhaps the main purpose for praying "In earth?" Sure we want to pray for the whole earth. But isn't it the purpose of living this life to get this "Earth" in a proper relationship with God? Our searching look at ourselves tells us, "I cannot pray say On earth as it is in heaven unless I am truly ready to give myself to His service here and now." Are we willing to merely be a finger bowl or common piece of pottery? Or are we seeking to be a fine piece of China. Let us as we pray, truly be able to pray, "Thy will be done, in this piece of earth, so that You O Father, may be able to fashion it as You fashion Your will in heaven."

ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST Butler, Pennsylvania
Third Sunday After Pentecost
The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Pastor June 20, 1982 Mr. Harry Cunningham, Organist and Choir Director Mr. Roland Thompson, Saxophonist Chris Andrews, Valerie Hartley - Acolytes *Hymn No. 9 "Teach Us What We Yet May Be" *Ascription *Exhortation *Confession (In Unison) "Father, give us the spirit Your Son has promised us; to make us honest people again; to know and face the truth; to see ourselves and cease from laying our defections at your door; to see your only goodness in our desperate need for you. Forgive us through Jesus Christ cur Lord. Amen." *Kyrie *Assurance of Pardon *Praise *Pastor: Blessed be the Lord God! *People: And blessed be His Glorious Name forever *Gloria Patri Who's Who in the Pew Announcements Joys, Concerns, Prayer Requests Hymn No. 461 "Jesus, we just want to thank You" Call to Prayer
Pastor: The Lord be with you
People: And with thy spirit
Pastor: Let us Pray Offering Offertory "When In The Hour of Utmost Need" J.M. Bach *Doxology 382
Baptism of Alicia Suzanne Link - Daughter of Mr. & Mrs. Dale Link. Duet "I Am Praying for You" Sankey Mrs.Nancy Dellen, Soprano and Mr. Lloyd Link, Tenor

ripture: Matthew 6:11 Sermon: "PRAYER: OUR NEEDS" Closing Hymn No. 220 "I've Found a Friend, O Such a Benediction Friend" "I Need Jesus" Postlude Gabriel + + + + + + + + *Congregation Standing + + + + + + The Lovely Flowers on the Altar have been placed by Joe and Ray Isherwood to the "Glory of God" Serving as Ushers today are *Rob Vinroe, Robert Dellen, Randy Dellen and Brian Kennedy.
Mrs. Ann Williams will be at the door this morning to greet the Congregation and Visitors. Hospitalized: Elsie Kornrumph, Mrs. Bernice Nicholas.

Mrs. Grace Riddle - Allegheny General Hosp. - Pitts.

Mrs. Edward Weichey - Cleveland Clinic. - Mrzong. Col. Kang.

Don Wogan and Dave McMillin will be visiting the Hospital this week. We are happy to have Nancy Dellen and Lloyd Link as our "special" duet team this morning. They also sang at the V. A. Hospital for their 9:00 A.M. Service. You are invited to attend the open church wedding ceremony of Lois Wogan and James Stokes to be observed Saturday, June 26 at 4:30 P.M. here at St. Paul's. The attendance last Sunday was 168.

Next Sunday is Church in the Park. There will be no Sunday School next Sunday. Come and enjoy a day of fellowship at Butler Memorial Park (Rotary Shelter) Large one in the back of the park. Bring enough for to feed tour family. Beverage and dessert will be provided by the Lay, Life and Work Committee. Bring enough food While you are enjoying your Summer don't forget the Church expense go on and on. The Church is always there when you need it and it needs you especially in the Summer months. Billy Graham film will be shown at St. Mark's Lutheran Church today at 7:30 P.M. Free will offering will be taken. Confirmation Class - don't forget to pick up your

envelopes in the Narthex today. Tues. - Aerobics from 6-8 Thurs. - Aerobics from 6-8 PRELUDE

GREETINGS/JOWS/ANNOUNCEMENTS/PRAYER REQUESTS

AHAM/TURKEY DINNER NOV 15 - BENEFIT WINDOW FUND

CONG DINNER/MEETING NOV 16 - BUSNES OF CH, INVITE ALL

// ATRIBE CANCELEO HATES NEXT WK

PLIENS/TURKET - PIE PAPER - (DINART MIKEO)

PARER KEEF SAKE OF OUTFRET

THANK KENTH & KON FON PLUCE

**HYMN **IPTURE: MATTHEW 6:9-11
SERNON: "PRAYER; OUR NEED"

ST. PAUL'S, BUTLER, 6/20/82

**HYMN **BENEDITCION

**POSTUBE

JEAN - CHEMO

ROY - HEALTH

PSG - UNIFORES

Now cum portin L's Pr contain 3 petitins:thus farace) w G & Who is; pray 4 kingdm & wil & now specifask why 3 put this ordr? Ask 4 phys need B4 spiritul? Lyod Jones-Bred fulfil body; 4giv debt fulfil soul; le d not temptatin fulfil spirit
2da] k phys requir 2B fed & easy underst Js day need But 2day wel stok, wel fed socity shud pray bred? ansers R startling wen examin closly
Bibl illus vivid=Ex 16 & Isites
Vss 1-3=Isites free 1 mth, no farm, gro, mus depen G anger Mos/Aron, actul rebel agin G
vss 4-5=6 herd cry & lovkindnes sho G SOURCe of suply Evn 2day wel stok cupbords, pantrys, acknow cum Him We no think this Bcuz we work/suply needs & Bcuz our efforts we hav
Sum1 sed wen mos peop Bgin liv city, 4get food cum from & think factry suply & not G
Wen pray=giv us Bred, acknow G,U AR givr my cloth, etc, & Bcum prayr recogniz Him as sorc of it all
Vss 15-14-fulfil prom bred morn, & meat eve vs 15-Manna & mean What's This; 40 yrs eat What This vs 16-Mos giv instructins
vss 17-18-ea hav enuf for selvs & fams; Omer aprox 7 pts; but no cud measur exact; gathr mor, stilexact amt in end G made it jus rt ant vss 19-20-stil thoz refus do wat rt vss 22-26-G mak specil prov 4 Sab, & wud stil rt amt, no mor, no les it was Ther Daily Bread & this wat G want us pray 4 & He promis it
He made posib stor, can, use refrig, freezr & shud B th kful & grateful 4 that
Buu lk G's provisin C peop worl starv, famin, imbalanc Ther R conditins prevail caus this & Ps 37 Dav giv vs 3-If U 1 who Bliev, seek 2B riteous U wil B fed ther proms 2 riteous & 2 unriteous vss 18-19=G reiterat His proms
Vss 25-2@-Dav saw this his liftime
Probs food in worl no caus Bcuz worl no produc enuf (Quote Indira Ghandi)=only 15% harvestbl land worl Bfarm, & only half of that evry yr
Prob not lack resourc; not 2many peop; it spiritul isu Ps 35:18=G has met need suprnaturl, also meet need of His peop, & othrs receiv Bcuz they aroun peopl Bliev India:660 Mil peop, 15 mil dy yr=no food? It Bcuz t' lr pagnism=250 Mil gamat gods, ever has 1 suprem gods=3-Vishnu, B

Kil cow wors canblism, hav rest bom cows no longr giv milk, not old peopl, jus cows or completely mile, but no kil mice cud B 1/2. food supply at by mice, but no kil mice cud B kil relativ Peganism cud ceth vast bords peopl india, elswher Peganism cud ceth vast bords peopl india, elswher Peganism cud ceth vast bords peopl india, elswher Cannot/Alont help beggr Beuz striv work way out of conditin & rice higher There no regard human lif, each 1 lk out 4 self 2 thoz acknowl G as Sourc lif, & Substanc, He supply need 2 may not may 2 eaknow this & that wat prayr is, whis all your pally Bread?" Perhap shud remind self it shud B, I CANNOT PRAY GIV US THIS DAY OUR DALLY BRED WITHOUT EXPENDIN HONEST EFFORT FOR IT OR BY IGNORING THE GEBRUINE HORSES OF WY FELLOWHEN Let us truly acknow G as Sorce all things & seek His provision on a day by day basis

VSS 15-14=HERE I A BREDLIK SUBS IN MORN & MEAT 4DINNR/SUPPR

VS 15=THIS IS INTRESTING FR/STANPT FOR 40yrs THEY ATE WAT THEY

DINNT KNO - NAMEMAINA ACTULY MEANS - "WAT IS IT?"

THEY DINNT KNO WAT IT WAS, BUT THEY ATE IT & LIVD

VS. 16= HERE IS THE INSTRUCTIN FR/MOSES ABOUT GATHRING "MANNA"

VSC 7-18=HERE IS TH/MIRACULUS OUTCUM OF THIS GATHRING "MANNA"

THEY EA HAD ERIUF FOR SELVS & FAMILYS

IF GATHR MOR THAN OMER STIL JUS RT AMT - (OMER 7 PINTS)

CUINT MEASUR SO HAD GESS & G MADE IT JUS RT AMT

HUT AS USUL THER THOZ WHO NO DO WAT SUPOS 2DO

VSC 19-20=HERE WE C THOZ WHO DISOBEY GOD EVN MADE SPECIL PROVISIN 4TH/SABATH
VSS 22-26-G PROVD HE WUD & CUD GIV WAT THEY NEEDED
NO MOR! NO LESS! JUS RT AMT

THIS WAT G WANTS US PRAY 4 & ENUF 4THIS DAY! HIS PROVISIN

WE HAV PERFEC BOXING/CANNING/STORING SO WE HAV CABINETS, CLOSETS ME HAV PERFO. STATEM STATEM WFUD
MER THAN WAT WE NEED 4EA DAY
MOR THAN "OUR DAILY BREAD" & WE SHUDB THANKFUL FOR IT

BUT AS WE LK AT RES OF WORL WE C THER THOZ NO HAV ENUF ZEAT THER R IMBALANCES & FAMINS & SHORTAGS OF FUD THRUOUT WORL

HOW EXPL THIS?? WE NEED UNDRSTAN THER CONDITINS WH/PREVAIL WH/CAUS THEZ THINGS

GOD SPKS OF THIS IN THE 37th PSALM

(TURN TO PSALM 37 & EXPLAIN BGIN WITH VS 3)

BUT HOW ABOUT US IN OUR SCOIETY TODAY????

PSALM 32:3
G INSPIR DAV TO WRIT THIS
IT MEANS IF U R BLIEVR & SEEK 2B RITUS, U WILB FED
IK AT VSS 18 & 19
VSS 18-19=FURTHR PROMIS TO THOZ TRUST/FOLLO TH/LORD
THEN IK WAT DAV FURTHR WRITES ABOUT TH/RITUS - VSS 25-27
VS8 25-27-(READ VS 25B AGIN)
TH. PSALM SPKS OF BLESING OF GODLY, & DEMIS OF UNGODLY
TH/PFOBS & CONDITINS OF WORL R NOT CAUSD BCUZ WORL CANCT PRODUCE
THE PURPLE WILD.

ENUF FUD

(ILUS WAT LATE INDIRA GHANDI HAS SAID)

THIS FR/WOMAN WHO LED NATIN IN WH/SEVRL MIL DY EA YR OF STARVATIN
WAT IS TH/PROBLEM???????

(ILUS DR. JN MACARTHUR FROM EXPOSITIN OF MATTHEW 1-7)
THUS WE CAN C THAT PROB OF FAMIN/STARVATIN IS CAUSE BY THINGS

OTHE THAN GROWING PROBS

OPER THAN GROWING FROMS
DAVID WRIT NOTHER PSAIM: 33:18
BROLD TH/EY OF TH/L IS UPON THOZ WHO FEAR HIM, UPON THEM THAT
HOPE IN HIS MERCY 2DELIVE THER SOUL FE/DETH & ZKEEP THEM ALIV IN

SCRIP: MT 6:9-11; SERM: "PRAYER: OUR NEEDS"

NOW CUM PORTIN THIS PRAYR WHER JS TEACH 2ASK 4THINGS BUT ISN'T IT STRNG 2ASK 4MATERIAL THINGS B4 SPIRITUL????? (ILUS DR. LOYD MARTIN JONES & EXPLANATIN OF THIS)

SO LET'S LK AT PHYS REQUIR 2B FED
COMPAR SOCIETY TIME OF JS & OURS 2DAY

L FR/THIS CAN WE CONCLUD IT NECESARY THEN BUT NOT NOW
2ASK FOR DAILY BRED??????
IS THER STIL A NEED 2ASK 2DAY?????

THER VERY VIVID ILUS G GAV MANY YRS B4JS SPOK THEZ WORDS

THIS FND IN EXODUS CHAP 16 TURN TO EXODUS CHAPTER 16)

2/

EXODUS 16:1-3
ISITES BIN FREE APROX 1 MNTH

VSS 1-X=THEY NO STOP BGIN SETTL/BILD ON WAY 2PROM LAND

MEANWHIL, G WAS 2PROVID & THEY WER 2B DEPEND ON HIM

VS 2=THEY ACTULY ANGRY W/GOD, BUT NO HAV NERV CURS/SWEAR AT HIM

VS 2=THEY ACTULY ANGRY W/GOD, BUT NO HAV NERV CURS/SWEAR AT HIM SO TAK OUT ON MOSES & AARON

THER RATINS WER CUT TIME AFTR TIME, & THER NEVR WAS ENUF,
LET ALONE CHOICE EXTRA FOOD

VSS 4-5=G HERD THER CRY & IN LUVKINDNES SED WUD SUPLY IN SPITE
OF THER ANGER/FRUSTRATIN

GOD IS TH/SORCE OF SUPPLY EVEN IN OUR DAY & AGE

(EXPLAIN: WORK, GET MONEY, BUY EUD PAKAGD/PREPPD & BCUZ WE WORK FOR IT, WE HAV PROVIDED)

SUMONE HAS SED: WEN MOR PEOPL WER FARMRS IT WAS EASIER TO KNO
TH/FOOD CAME FROM GOD
BUT WEN WE BCAM MOR CITY DEWLLRS, GO TO STOR BUY
FOOD PREPD/PAKAGD IN FACTRYS TEND MAK US 4GET
WHER IT ORIGNATES FROM

EVN THO WE MAY NOT GRO IT, & EVN THO IT NOT PLACE DIRECTLY ON OUR TABLES BY TH/HAND OF GOD IT STIL CUMS FROM HIM

WE PRAY "GIV US OUR DAILY BRED" WE ACKNOWLEDG THAT

WE R PRAYING, "G, YOU R TH/SORC OF EVRTH, U HAV GIVN ME LIF,

MY FOOD, MY CLOTHING, EVRTHING & IT BCUMZ A PRAYR OF THANKS

BCUZ WE RECOGNIZ HIM AS TH/SORCE OF IT ALL

SO MOSES/AARON PAS ON THIS INFO - THEY 2GET BRED MORN/MEAT EVENING SO WE READ VSS 13-14= (READ THEZ)

"Prayer: Our Needs"

Scripture & Text: Matthew 6:11

The Prayer has thus far been one of acknowledging God and who He is; praying for His kingdom and His will; and now we come to the part where specific things are asked of Him. As we look at these three petitions we may wonder why Jesus put them in this specific order. It's ratherestrange that He would have us ask for physical needs before we ask for spiritual ones isn't it? But Dr. Llloyd Martin Jones suggests that it fulfilles the requirements of our lives. The first petition, "Give us this day our daily Bread," fulfills the requirement of the body. The second petition, "And forgive us our debts as we forgive our debtors; fulfills the requirement of the soul. And the third petition, "And lead us not into temptation," fulfilles the requirement of the spirit.

This morning we are going to look at the physical requirement to be fed. It is easy for us to understand the need to me utter this prayer in the time of sus because there were many who lacked daily bread. The times and the conditions were radically different. In our well stocked and well fed society is it natural for us to pray, "Give us this day our daily bread?" It is true that many during the time when Jesus uttered these wrods were needy, and it is true that today things are altogether different. But is it true to say there was a need then to pray in that manner, but there is no need today? The answers to these questions are rather startling when we examine this petition closely. The Bible gives us a very vivid illustration of God answering a petition such as this many years before Jesus me spoke these words. The illustration is found in the lives of the ancient Israelites as they were traveling to the Promised Land. Let us turn in the Bible to the 16th chapter of Exodus and look at this illustration.

The Israelites had been free of Egypt for approximately one month when this incident took place. This is where we pick the story up, verse 1 through verse 3 tells us, (read these verses). They were not in a position to stop and begin to settle into the land, because they had to reach the promised land first.

So they were dependent completely upon the providence of God. But at this raint they were lashing out in anger at Moses and Aaron. Actually, they were rebelling against God, but they didn't have the nerve to shout and curse at Him. But God heard their cry and we read of His lovingkmindness to them in spite of their anger and frustration. In verses 4 and 5 we read, (read these). We see from this that God is the source of food. He knew of their need and He pre was going to provide for it. God is the source of the supply. Even in our day of well stocked shelves and pantries in our homes we need to acknowledge that all of it comes from Him. We don't think of it in this light because we work at some trade or occupation, get paid for that work, take part of that money and buy the food necessary to feed ourselves and our families and it has been our efforts which have produced all of this. Someone has said that when more people were farmers it was easier to know that the food came from God. But when we became more dity dwellers ** going to a store to buy the food and knowing ne food was processed and produced in factories tends to make us forget where it originates from. Even though we may not grow it, and even though it is not directly placed on our tables by the hand of God, it still comes from Him. When we pray, "Give us this day our daily bread," we are acknowledgin that, "God, you are the giver of my life, my food, my clothing, everything," and it becomes a prayer of thanks at this point because we recognize Him as the source of it all.

But there is another element to this which God also dramatically proved to these Israelites. Moses and Aaron passed on the information to the people which had been given them by God. They were going to get bread in the morning and meat in the evening. This was the promise from God. So we read in the 13th and 14th verse, (read these). In the 15th verse we read they questioned what it was, (Read this). The name "Manna" means simply that. "What's this?" For 40 years they were supplied with "What's This?" and they ate it and lived. Moses gave the instructions as we read in verse 16, (read this). But the miraculous thing about this is what verses 17 and 18 tell us: (read these). They each had

enough food for themselves and their families. If they gathered a little more an an Omer, in the end it was just the right amount. They couldn't stand in the field with a scale or a measuring device to get the exact amount. An Omer was about 7 pints. So if a fellow took 7% or 7% pints, in the end God made it just xight the right amount.

But as usual there were those who refused to do what they were supposed to do and we are told this in verses 19 and 20, (read these). But God even made special provision for them because of the Sabbath and we read of this in the 22nd through the 26th verses, (read these). God proved to them that He could and would give them just the right amount needed. No more, no less. It was their "Daily bread." This is what God wants us to pray for and this is what He promises. It isn't more than we can possibly use, it is enough for today."

But we can see the bountiful blessing of God when we can see that He has made it possible for us to kake store food in cans and boxes, or refrigerators and reezers. This is more than "Our daily bread," and we should be thankful and grateful for that.

But as we look at God's provision we also see that there are those in the world who do not have enough to eat and there are famines and imbalances of food in the world. How can we explain this? We should understand that there are conditions which prevail which cause these things. In the 37th Psalm, David gives us a good picture of this. In the 3rd verse we are told, "Trust in the Lord and do good; so shalt thou dwell in the land, and verily thou shalt be fed." If you are one who believes and you seek to be righteous, you will be fed. There are promises to the trighteous and the promise for the unrighteous is judgement. The 18th and 19th verses tell us this, (read them). David states in the 25th through the 27th verses, (I have been young, and now am old; yet have I not seen the righteous forsaken, nor his seed begging bread. He is ever merciful, and lendeth; and his seed is blessed. Depart from evil and do good; and dwell forevermore."

The problems and conditions in the world are not caused because the world cannot produce enough food. Indira Ghandi has said, "There is enough resource

in India to feed that nation entirely and then export two-thirds of all that it randuces." Only 15% of the harvestable land of the world is being farmed and only half of that every year. The problem is not lack of resources, it is not too many people, it is a spiritual issue. Psalm 35118 tells us, "Behold, the eye of the Lord is upon those that fear Him, upon them that hope in His mercy, to deliver their soul from death, and to keep them alive in famine." God has met the needs of people in supernatural ways. But usually He meets the needs of His people through other people. In our nation not everyone is a Christian. But because of our Christian roots we seek to feed even those who are not Christian and they receive blessing because of Christians. In India for instance Hunduism is the main religion and of the 660 million people there, 15 million die each year. Is this caused because of lack of food? No. They have as many as 330 million deities. Everyone has his own. The supreme one goes by 3 names Vishnu, Brahma, or Siva and under them comes xxx an abundance of gods rsonified in the cows. The cows are supposedly incarnations of the gods. They are then the center of worship. Everything which comes from a cow is sacre including its excretions. To a Hindu, to kill a cow is worse than canibalism. Cows eat 20% of the food supply in India. They have rest homes for cows who no longer can give milk, Not for old folks, just cows. And cows eat enough for AND PATS seven people. 15% of the food supply is eaten by mice and you can't kill mice because you might be killing a relative. What is causing death by of vast hordes of people in India is not lack of food, it is paganism. Hinduism is a person striving to work from one level to another until finally Nirvana is reached. You cannot and do not help a beggar because each person is supposedly working their way out of their condition. There is no regard for human life. So it is paganism which is causing their problem and this is true of many parts of the world. To those who acknowledge God as the source of life and substance, He supplies their needs. Each day is a new day to acknowledge this and that's what the prayer is, "This day, our daily bread." Can we pray, "Give us this day our daily bread?" Our search within our hearts (9 LLUSTRATION WIDOW, GROCER, BROKEN SCALE & "PAILY BREAD")

should be ax "I cannot pray say Give us this day our daily bread without exrding honest effort for it or by ignoring the genuine needs of my fellowmen."
Let us truly acknowledge God as our source of all things and seek His providence on a day by day basis.

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COMMUNITY BIBLE CHURCH - SAGAMORE, PA. - NOVEMBER 9, 1997
  PRELUDE GREETINGS/JOTS/ANNOUNCEMENTS/PRAYER REQUESTS
                                                                                                                                                 CHURCH DINNER NOV 15 -
        ANNUAL CHURCH MEETINGS & CONG DINNER NOV 16
   MIKE BY GENE HAYS
                                                                                                                                               Prelude
*Ascription
*Hymn No. 31 (Favorite Hymns) "Trust and Obey"
*Call to Worship:
Pastor: Great is the Lord and greatly to be praised in the city of our God.

PPeople: I was glad when they said unto me,
Let us go into the house of the Lord.
All: Blessed are they that dwell in Thy house they will still be praising Thee.
*Invocation
                                                                                                                                                *Invocation
Hymn No. 18 "Pass Me Not, O Gentle Saviour"
                                                                                                                                                   Morning Prayers
                                                                                                                                                   Announcements
                                                                                                                                                  Offering
Offertory
Scripture: Matthew 6:12, 14, 15
Sermon: "Prayer: Our Pardon"
Prayer
*HYMN
PRAYER/OFFERING
*DOXOLOGY
PASTORAL PRAYER
HYMN
                                                                                                                                               Prayer "Hymn No. 26 "Amazing Grace"

*Benediction

*Postlude "There Is a Church in the Wild Wood"

*A++++++++++++++++++++++++++++

Serving as Ushers today are *Richard Mangel, Don Kingsley, Art Carney and Gary Penar.

Virginia Mangel and Marlene Riemer will be visiting the Hospital this week.

Tues. - 6-8 - Aerobics

Wed. - Youth Fellowship

Thurs. - 6-8 - Aerobics
NYPURE MATTHEW 6:9-12, 14-15
SERMON "PRAYER: OUR PARRON"
ST. PAUL'S, BUTLER 6/27/82
*MYMN
*BENEDICTION
*POSTLUDE
JEAN
LANCE - TESTS
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Scrip: Mt. 6:12, 14-15

Now cum subj this patern Js giv 4 prayr which caus pr s 4 ever1 & has do with 4givnes
I Bliev all us tak bakward glanc in livs which caus us 2 remem pas sins, but if rest secur in L kno H 4giv th / sins & remem nomor
but if no kno this hav gnaw feels of gilt which rob us of joy shud B ours
Med Bc invest many ills thot caus by gilt
Hd lrg Br hosp say=Cud dismis %patints 2morow if cud B assur of forgivnes
This sad in lite wat G has dun & can do thoz livs 2 examps of Scrip shar hopfuly help as wrestl with FORGIVE US OUR DEBTS
1st K Dav, fal sin, teribl sin=adultry, murder writ Ps 51 ask 4 forgivnes; Dav luv G, Bliev, redeem vs11-G presenc stil with Dav also H Sp,& he knu it He ask G nevr lv, desrt
vs 12=Knu G no tak salv, ask agin mite hav Joy 2B found that relatship
Dav giv examp wat necesary & that=confes sin, repent, receiv forgivnes that sin/sins & with forgivnes hav Joy B free weight gilt of sin
2kno 4givnes of G & continu wory bout pas sins is 2 mak G a liar; He say=wil 4giv, remem no mor, & shud Blie (Illus elderly man, accident, gilty, judge pay fine)
This viv illus wat G dun 4 ea us thru Js Xp
We st gilty B4 G; gilty sin/wrong; G judg gilty; but get off bench, pay penalty thru Bod/Blud Js Xp
But mor 2 Forgiv us our debts; mus add=as we 4giv debt / 'ks G's 4givnes conditinal, it no mean we get sav on get salv Beuz we 4giv sum Bcuz we can no 4giv any1 if we not Xpian; How can do ritous act/unrit natu So Js add=vss 14-15
Indidental=dif tween debts/trespas=mater formalty Trespas mor clasic way say debts; Mtmor in line Jew peopl not only ment owe mony, but repponsbilty ther 4 go much deepr than jus obligatin
vss 14-15 reiterat vs 12 & 4 Blievr, but warn unbliev Mt 18=gud exampl:vs 21=Pet & specif quest/lenient vs 22=Js amend
vss 25-24=talent=1 thousan dolar & serv scoundrl Bcuz owe king 10 milion(pre-inflatin)gamble debts probly vss 25-27=4givn ask. receiv & return=vss 28±00 conditions of the probly vss 25-27=4givn ask. receiv & return=vss 28±00 conditions of the fill of the probly vss Scrip: Mt. 6:12, 14-15 CRIP: MT 6:9-12, 14-15; SERMON: "PRAYER: OUR PARDON MRS MILLER & OTHRS ABOUT 4GIVNES, & BRIT HOPS QUOTE) ZEXANDS FR/SCRIP HOPEFULY WIL HELP AS WRESTL W/PHRAS, LIVE US OUR DEBTS, AS WE FORGIVE OUR DEBTORS" /S 12=WAT DUZ IT SAY??? 4GIV US OUR DEBTS, AS WE 4GIV OUR DEBTRS
THIS MAKS G'S 4GIVNES CONDITINAL AS WE LIV OUR DAILY LIVS WE R 4GIVN OUR SINS THRU XP ONCE AND FOR ALL THEN WE BGIN TH/XPIAN LIF & XPIAN LIVING EA DAY WE COMIT SIN, BUT ALSO PEOPL COMIT SINS AGIN US HOW DO WE HANDL THIS?????

JS RDDED AS WE READ IN THE 14th & 15th VSS (READ THE?)
WHIL WE TALK BOUT "DEBTS & DEBTORS" SUMTIMS DIF CHURCHES IT
IS 24GIV US OUR TESPASEES AS WE 4GIV THOZ WHO TRANSPAS AGIN US
(ILUS LITTL BOY PRAY "4GIV US OUR TRASH BASKETS, ETC) "TRESPASSES" JUS MOR FOMRAL, CLASICL WAY OF SAY "DEBTS"
MATTHEM MOR IN LINE W/COMON PROPL & SIMPL WORD "DEBTS/DEBTES"
DEBTS/DEBTES MENT MOR THAN JUS OME MONY, IT MENT RESPONSBILY
IT MEANS. IF WE HAY BIN '4GIV'N, WE R WIL & MUSB WIL '4GIV CTHRS
IF WE DONT, WE P ASKING GOD ZNOT '4GIV US U C IT IS CONDITINAL - IXXIX PLEAS 4GIV ME MY DEBTS, AS I AM WIL 2 - 4GIV THOZ WHO DO THINGS AGIN ME IS IS ONE TH/MOS DIFFICULT THINGS WE CAN PROPOS 2DO LETS LK AT GUD EXAMPL WAT JS WAS TALKING ABOUT AS FND MT 18 (TURN TO THIS CHAP & BGIN READ VS 21) vs 22=3s amend
vss 25-24=talent=1 thousan dolar & serv scoundrl Bcu;
owe king 10 milion(pre-inflatin)gamble debts probly
vss 25-27=4givn ask, receiv & return=vss 28-50
vs 51-55=no get away with=Who King? God! serv? Us!
parbl hav do unsav, but discips ther 2 & demons huge debt we owe 2 G & He has 4givn thru shed blud Js Xp ea us personaly

with 4givnes, we in turn need 2B 4giv 2 all who owe with 4givnes, we in turn need 2D 4giv 2 and who us a debt
(Illus blak girl & 4giv skul kids)
R we wil 2 do this?
Evn if peop no let us seek 4givnes, we can stripray 2 G for 4givnes for them & us
Can U & I pray this part of Js pattern 4 prayer')
Or mus we say=(I cannot say etc, etc,) PSALM 51:1-3 - (READ THEZ VERSES) DAV HAD FALLN INZSIN, TERIBL SIN
HE HAD COMIT ADULTRY & BOUZ TRY COVR THIS UP, COMIT MURDR VS 11=G'S PRESENC WAS STIL W/DAV & HE KNU THIS
HE ALSO KNU G'S H. SP RESTD W/HIM, & HE ASKS THAT TH/SPIRITS
PRESENC WUD NOT LV HIM
BASICLY HE WAS ASKING, "GOD, PLEAS NEVE LV ME NOR 4SAK ME" IN VS 12, HE ASKS (READ THIS VS) VS 12=HE KNU G HAINT TAKN HIS SALV FR/HIM
WAT HE WANTE WAS EKNO TH/JOY ONCE AGIN OF THAT SALVATIN
2KNO THAT EUPHORIC FEELING THAT NO MATTR WAT LIF MAY BRING
4TH, G CUBE CALLD UPON 8 RELYD ON
HE WANTD 2FEEL TH/JOY FND IN THAT RELATSHIP W/GOD HERE DAV HAS GIVN US THEXAMP OF WAT NECESARY & THAT IS: WITH CONFESIN & REPENTENC, (TURNING ARND), WE RECEIV TH/4GIVNES OF THAT SIN, & ALONG W/TH/4GIVNES HAV TH/JOY OF B FREE FROM TH/WEIGHT & GILT OF SIN ONCE KN 0 4GIVNES OF G MMX % CONTINU WORRY BOUT PAST SINS IS 2 MAK G-A LIAR 103 PSAIM READ=AS FAR AS TH/EAST IS FR/TH/WEST, SO FAR HATH HE REMOVED OUR TRANSGRESINS FR/US H. GIVS & REMEMBRS THOZ SINS NO MOR (ILUS ELDERLY MAN, JUDGD GILTY, & JUDG PAYING FINE) THIS VIVID ILUS EXACTLY WAT G HAS DUN 4US THRU JS XP GOD JUDGS US GILTY, THEN GETS OFF TH/BENCH & PAYS TH/PENALTY OF OUR SIN THRU TH/SHED BLUD OF JS XP BUT LETS LK AT OUR SCRIPTUR AGIN * (TURN TO MT 6))

VS 21=PETR THINKS HE B GENRUS IN 4GIV 7 TIMES

VS 22=JS MUS HAV STARTL ALL BY STAT TO X 7 = 490 TIMES CAP Y PECTUR 4GIV SUMONE THAT MANY TIMES????

2 V HIS PT JS THEN GIVS A PARABL BGIN AT VS 23

VSS 23-24=TALENT WORTH BOUT 10,000 DOLLARS SO OWE KINGBOUT 10 MILLIN (WUDB STAGGR DEBT WAT THAT MONY CUD BUY W/WAT WUD BUY 2DAY)

2AMASS SUCH A DEBT HE PROB WAS GAMBL W/KINGS MONY

VS 25KING TAKS ACTIN 2GET HIS MONY BAK VSS 26-27=SERV BEG 4GIVNES & RECEIV IT

THEN LK WAT SERV DUZ - VSS 28-30 HE HAD RECEIV 4GIVNES, BUT UNWIL 2 - 4GIV THOZ WHO OWE HIM

VSS 31-35=HE DIDNT GET AWAY W/IT

WHO IS KING THIS PARBL??? ---- IT IS GOD
WMM GUESS WHO TH/SERVANT IS ---- IT IS EA OF US

SUM THOZ WHO HERD THIS WER UNSAVD, BUT THOUSEIPS WER THER & TH/MESAG WAS 4THEM

THIS PARBL DEMONSTRATS HUGE DEBT WE GOD
BUT HE HAS 4GIVN ANY & ALL WHO CUM 2HIM THRU JS XP
THUS W/4GIVNES WE HAV WE IN TURN NEED 2B 4GIVING 2ANY & ALL WHO OWE US A DEBT

(ILUS LITTLE BLAK GIRL PRAYING 4HER TORMENTRS EA DAY)

R WE WILLING 2DO THIS ???

THER R THOZ WHO WIL NOT SPK ZUS SO WE CAN ASK THER 4GIVNES, PUT WE CAN MRAY 4THEM & EXPLAIN THIS 2 GOD

(LUS "YOU & TH/L'S PRAYR PART ON 4GIV DEBTS/DEBTRS)

MAYB SUMONE HERE NO SPK 2SUMONE BCUZ HOLD GRUDG - NEED SEEK

THAT PERSN OUT % ASK 4GIVNES
MAYB SUMON NO CUM CH BCUZ SUMTH U SED/DUN, NEED GO C THAT

IS WE LET THIS DAY GO BUY AFTR HEAR BOUT 4GIVING/4GIVNES, & LET OLD RESENTMENTS/GRUDGES/HATREDS CONTINU THEN WE HAVNT HERD WAT OUR LORD SAYS 2US THRU HIS WORD

"FORGIV US OUR DEBTS AS WE FORGIVE OUR DEBTORS," PLACES THE BURDEN SQUARLY ON OUR SHOUDERS INDIVIDUALLY R WE WILING SACPT THAT RESPONDILTY & ACT ON IT?????

Scripture: Matthew 6:12, 14-15

work come to a subject in this pattern Jesus has given us for prayer which causes problems for everyone. It has to do with forgiveness. Just this past week a young lady was asking me about knowing God's forgiveness. I believe that all of us take backward glances in our lives which cause us to remember past sins. If we rest secure in the Lord we know that He has forgiven those sins and remembers them no more. But if we don't know that complete forgiveness which He not only has provided, but assures us of, then we have gnawing feelings of guilt which can rob us of the joy that can and should be ours. Medical science is today investigating many illnesses from thexstandpoint that they are induced by guilt. The head of a large British hospital has said, "I could dismiss half of my patients tomorrow if they could be assured of forgiveness." This is sad when we can know and experience forgiveness because God has provided it.

that hopefully will help us as we wrestle with this phrase, "Forgive us our debts as we forgive our debtors."

The first example concerns King David. He had fallen into sin, terrible sin.

He had committed adultery and then had committed murder. David was inspired to write what we know as the 51st Psalm in which he asks forgiveness. David believed in God, he loved God, he had received redemption from God and in the 11th verse we read, "Cast me not away from Thy presence; and take not Thy Holy spirit from me." God's presence was still with David and he knew this and so was the Malyxapirik God's Holy Spirit. What he was asking was that God would never desert him or leave him. In the 12th verse he says, "Restore unto me salvation the joy of Thy salvation." He knew that God hadn't taken knak away from gim.

was asking that he might again know the joy that is to be found in that relationship. David har has given us the example of what is necessary and that is to confess sin, to be repentent and because of this to receive the forgiveness of that sin or sins and along with the forgiveness have the joy of being free from the weight and the guilt of sin. To know the forgiveness of God and then continue to worry about past sins is to make God a liar. God says that He will forgive and remember those sins no more and this is what He wants us to experience and to believe.

(Illustration of elderly man, judged guilty, and judge paying fine) This is a vivid illustration of exactly what God has done for each of us through Jesus Christ. We stand guilty before God. Guilty of sin and wrong doing. God judges us guilty, but then He gets off the bench and paid the penalty for sin through the body and blood of Jesus Christ. So we ask God to "Forgive us our debts," but there is more to it. We must add, "As we forgive our debtors." This makes God's forgiveness conditional. It doesn't mean that we get saved, or get salvation because we forgive someone. We actually cannot begin to forgive anyone kefere if we are not a Christian. How can we fargive do a righteous act before we have a righteous nature? So make this clear Jesus added to this phrase the thought that is found in the 14th and 15th verses, (read them). Incidentally, the difference between "debts" and "trespasses! is a matter of formality. Trespasses is mark a more classical way of saying "debts." Matthew who was more on line with the common Jewish people and the word "debt" not only meant the owing of money, but it meant also "Responsibility." Therefore, it goes much deeper than just an obligation. Verses 14 and 15 are waing a re-iteration of verse 12, and are for believers, but also are to serve as a xx warning to unbelievers. A good example of this is to be found in the 18th chapter of Matthew. Jesus gives an illustration of this very thing. Peter came to Jesus and asked Him a specific question about forgiveness as we read in verse 21, (read this). He probably had a specific case in mind. Peter probably thought he was being very lenient by offering to forgive 7 times. But Jesus amends this, (read vs 22). Then He begins by relating an interesting story, in the 25rd verse, (read verses 23 and 24). A talent was roughly worth about a thousand dollars. So on

this basis the servant was a real scoundrel for he owed the king approximately

ten million dollars. The debt is more staggering when we understand the buyg power of that 10 million in those days as compared to our day. In all
probability to amass such a debt a man would have had to be gambling with the
money. The point of the story is the enormity of his debt.

For this debt the king began to take action as verse 25 points out, (read this). But the servant begs forgiveness, (read verses 26 and 27), and receives it. But now we see what that servant does in return to someone else, (read verses 28-30). But he doesn't get away with it as we read the remaining verses of this chapter, (read verses 31-35).

Who is the king in this parable? It is God. And who guess who the servant is? It is all of us. A part of this parable has to do with the unsaved in Jesus' audience thatvday. But His disciples were there as well and the message was also for them. It demonstrates the huge debt that we owe to God, and He has forgiven that through the shed blood of Jesus Christ for each of us personally. with the forgiveness we in turn need to be forgiving to any and all who owe us a debt.

(Illustration of little black girl praying for her school tormentors each day). Are we willing to do this. Pometimes we people will not speak to us to even let us explain that we are forgiving. But we can speak to God and ask His forgiveness through prayer. Can we say I can pray this part of Jesus' pattern for prayer? Or must we say, "I cannot pray forgive us our debts as we forgive our debtors, If I continue to harbor a grudge against anyone."

ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST Butler, Pennsylvania Independence Day July 4, 1982
The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Pastor
Mr. Harry Cunningham, Organist and Choir Director Prelude "Prelude on an American (Jacob Kimball) Hymn" *Hymn No. 682 "This is my song"
*Ascription *Exhortation *Confession (In Unison) "O God, the Creator and Preserver of all mankind, we implore thy mercy in behalf of all classes and conditions of men, that it may please thee to visit them with thy most compassionate help, according to their manifold necessities and wants. Especially do we beseech thee to have pity upon all widows and orphans; upon all prisoners and captives; upon all sick and dying persons; upon all such as are persecuted for righteousness sake. Enable them to look unto thee 0 most merciful Father, and to call upon thy Name, that they may find thee a present Saviour in their affliction and distress. And let it please thee to deliver them, and raise them up in due time, giving them patience under all their sufferings, the rich comfort of thy grace here below, and eternal rest with thee in heaven; through our Lord Jesus Christ. Amen." *Assurance of Pardon *Praise

*Pastor: Blessed be the Lord God!

*People: And blessed be His Glorious Name forever *Gloria Patri Who's Who in the Pew Announcements Joys, Concerns, Prayer Requests Hymn No. 695 "My Country, 'Tis of Thee" Call to Prayer Pastor: The Lord be with you People: And with thy spirit Pastor: Let us Pray

Offering
Offertory "The Lord's Frayer" Isensee
(Mr. Cunningham, baritone)

*Doxology 382
Scripture Matthew 6:13
Sermon: "PRAYER: OUR PROTECTION AND PRAISE"
Prayer
Closing Hymn No. 692 "Battle Hymn of the Republic"
Benediction
Postlude "Ayre for the Trumpet on Two American Hymns"
Frischmann

Prayer

Frischmann
+ + + + + + + + *Congregation Standing + + + + + +
The Lovely Flowers on the Altar have been placed by
Mrs. Jenny Nohach and Beverly in memory of "Loved Ones"
Serving as Ushers today are *Charles Penar, Dan
Bosko, Don Wogan and Dave McMillin"
Mr. & Mrs. Richard Mangel will greet the Visitors and
Congregation at the door this morning.
Nursery will be provided today

Pamela Tait and Diana Hollefreund will be visiting the Hospital this week.

Tonight and Wednesday - Youth Fellowship

Togatay - 6-8 - Aerobics

Wednesday - 7:00 - Council meeting
Thurs. - 6-8 - Aerobics

Hospitalized: Mrs. Grace Riddle - Allegheny General Fittsburgh. Mrs. Emma Schaeffer - BCMH. Bob WICLENHWAW

July 18 and 25 is open for Memorial Flowers

Is and 25 is open for memorial Flowers

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I look for miracles ev'ry day
And I meet them all along the way
You, too, may find them most anywhere
When seed is planted in humble prayer.
His grace is sufficient to bring you thru
Believe His Word and what He can do!
With faith in God thru each trying hour
Hold fast to His Hand and feel His Power.
I cried unto Him my Friend Divine
The blessings came down and Heaven was mine!
Events took place to prove His great power.
Trust Him, dear friends, ev'ry day, ev'ry hour!

Scripture: Matthew 6:15 COMMUNITY BIBLE CHURCH - SAGAMORE, PA. - NOVEMBER 16, 1997 Hav now travl thru Discip Fr, actul patern 4 p which

Js v & we cal L's P.

Lk hras/phras now cum 2 conclus & actul 2 parts

1st art spk our protectin & it in 2 parts; 2nd= Prais

Fir. C dilema-vs 1/2=Rd Jam 1:13 & this bros Js & is

contradict Js?

then Jam 1:2=this now paradox=1han say no temp by G,

othr han we 2 rejoic temptatins Which is? Can riteous

G such Al Fathr tempt us, bring temptatin?

Js ask cup B remov, yet went thru & 4 Joy endur cros

So jus wat we pray 4?

We pray Bcuz recogniz we siners & we liv fallen worl

& we pray=L delivr me from all thez things

We seek G's protectin & Temptatin shud B=TRIAL, TEST

It word use sevrl time & mean dif thing dif times

Worl aroun us faling & continu colaps ea day, but dkst

worl is spititul & man turn from G & evil man contriv

beset us ea day & it from this need protectin

But not only outsid temptatins, but dangr from within

Ea us kno wher strong, & may not kno weakneses, may

kno but no admit, sweep undr rug & 4get bout them

Instanc=May C bros strugl sumthin no prob 4us & we no

underst why prob 4 him

P say=wen think we stan tak heed lest we fall

Our bros prob may not B ours, but we may hav prob no

othr has & givn rite circumstanc/optunty may sucumb

& so need pray=Lead Us Not Into Temptatin

(Illus breach grt wall Ghina)

Only protectin from temptatin any kind is God

Da- writ Ps 73:25-26-be recogniz own str cud do nothir

b. with G had all help & protectin he need

Second part=Delivr from evil=recogniz liv fal worl,

can fal within, but also fal victim Batan & in esenc

pray=Delivr us from Evil 1

We pray delivr from temptatins & from tempter

No mean nevr hav trial/tempts, but G use thoz 2 str

1 Cor 10:13=G nevr let hav mor than can bear, way out

provid & strenthen us thur it

Js clos pr with Doxology:Bib scholars say prob nevr

did & copyist add it

sum manuscrip hav sum don't & argumen Jew nevr clos

pr negativ note

Whethr U Bliev Js sed or no,I kno ther & choos Bliev

Js ed it Hav now travl thru Discip Pr, actul patern 4 B which GREETINGS/JOYS/ANNOUNCEMENTS/PRAYER REQUESTS
CONG DINNER AFTER CHURCH - ANNUAL CH MEETING AFTR THAT PRAYER/OFFERING *DOXCLOGY
PASTORAL PRAYER W/ANOINTING - (GENE HARRELSON) HYMN
SCRIPTURE: MATTHEW 6:9-13
SERMON: "PRAYER: OUR PROTECTION AND PRAISE"
ST. PAUL'S, BUTLER - 7/4/82 BENEDICTION POSTLUDE JACK & WIFF EMMA - CLOSE DETH HELEN - LEGS JEAN -THILA - EYER pr negativ note
Whethr U Bliev Js sed or no, I kno ther & choos Bliev
Js sed it It yum up this grt pr & giv me outlin 2 which I can lk any & all prayrs, 2 me it not jus stopgap prayr 2 plug in at Bgin/clos meeting; or prayr 2B utter folo serm & let peop kno time 2 go home

K Day short 34 deth assembl poor is 2gethr Jerusalem Gav final word concern son sol tol provisin made 4 Hous of God Then gav thanksgiv 34 all peopl.

1 Chronicles 29:10-kead
This clos Day if & reign & I Bliev Js chos end Fr in this manner
wat duz L's Fr near 2us?

We shud B abl pray las portin as wel as all of it Cr perhap need questin & say, I cannot saywetc,etc.
All that we need is available 2us this pray:
We acknowledge of six, thom sarile 2 Him wat riffully His; then ask 4 help, then Proise Him

We have the service of the

MORD FOR TEMPATIN HERE TEST/TRIAL & IF INSERT THIS IT READS:

(READ THIS VERSE)

G WIL NEVE GIV US OR PERMIT US ZBEAR ANYMOR THAN WE POSIBLY CAN
ZBLIEV OTHRWIS IS ZMISTRUST GOD'S LUV
ME WUS TRUS G COMPLETLY & INALL TRIALS/TESTS WH/CUM OUR WAY WE
WIL HAV STRUGTHNING OF OUR FAITH
WE NOW CUM TO CLOS OF L'S FRAYR & AS RECORD IN MT

(TURN TO MT 6:138AND READ THIS VERSE AGAIN)

"Prayer: Our Protection And Praise"

scripture: Matthew 6:13

have now traveled through the Diciples Prayer, the actual pattern for prayer which Jesus gave and which we call the Lord's Prayer. Phrase by phrase we have looked at the content of what Jesus was trying to say. We now come to the conclusion which is contained in this 15th verse of the 6th chapter. Actually it is kww in two parts. The first part speaking of "Our Protection," and the second part speaking of "Our Praise. As we look at the first part of this last petition we immediately see a dilemma. We read, "Lead us not into temptation." But in James chapter 1, verse 15, we read, "Let no man say when he is tempted, I am tempted of God: for God cannot be tempted with evil, maikek neither tempteth He any man." This is the brother of Jesus speaking and what he is saying seems to contradict what Jesus had said But then we read also in James chapter 1, verse 2, "My brethren, count it all joy when ye fall into divers temptations." This creates not only a problem, out a paradox. On one hand he says we are not tempted by God and on the other he says we are to rejoice in temptations. Which is it? Can a righteous God such as Our Father honestly tempt us and bring temptations into our lives? When we look at the example of Jesus we see that He asked to have His cup removed from Him when He knew that He had to suffer and die. Yet He went through that ctest and we read "He endured the cross for the joy that was set before Him." So just what is it we are praying for? are to We are praying this because we recognize that we are sinners and we live in a fallen world and we are actually praying, "Lord, deliver me from all of these We are seeking God's Protection at this point. things." The word "Temptation" should be translated "Trial." It means a test. It is a word that is used several times in the Scriptures and each time it does not mean exactly the same thing. The world around us is falling and continuing to collapse each day. But the darkest world is found in the spiritual realm. Here man is turned completely away from God and the evil that man can contrive is much of what besets each of us everyday. It is this that we are asking God's Protection from. We not only realize that the outside world can

and does bring temptations, but there is also the danger of the temptations which come from within. Each of us know fairly well what we are strong on but sometimes we may not be so aware of what our weaknesses are. We may know them, but we want to sweep them under the rug and forget about them. Ramixadama For instance, we may see a brother struggling with a problem which we know we do not have and we cannot understand how he can have that temptation since it is so that easy for us to avoid it. Paul admonishes us karkakanhandxkark when we think we are standing to take heed lest we fall. The temptation or trial our brother may have may never bother us at all, but we may have a temptation or trial which is no problem to some other people. Each of us has weaknesses and given the right opportunity and the right circumstances we may succumb to that weakness and this why we pray, "Lead us not into Temptation."

(Illustration of breach of Great Wall of China)

The only Protection we can have from Temptation of any kind is from God.

ring David wrote in the 73rd Psalm, verses 25 and 26, (read this). He recognized that in his own strength he could do nothing, but with God he had all of the help and Protection he needed.

But as in the other petitions, this one has a second part to it also. We ask of God, "Lead us not into temptation," but we also ask, "But deliver us from evil." We recognize that living in a fallen world, we can fall victim not only to its Temptations but we can fall victim to the ruler of this world Satan. So in essence we are asking, "But deliver us from the evil one." Our prayer at this point is to be kept from temptations and from the tempter. But it doesn't mean that we will never go through Temptations or Trials. But what we should also note is that God will use those Trials to strengthen us and let us grow through those trials. The Apostle Paul speaking about this very thing assured the people of the church in Corinth, and we find this in 1 Cor. 10:13, (Read this). God will never let us bear more than we can possibly bear. God will always provide the way out. We must trsut God to do that and accept the trials which come our way as a further strengthening of our faith.

And now Jesus closes this Pattern of Prayer with what amounts to a Doxology. Belical scholars have pointed out with evidence that Jesus probably never said this part of the prayer. It is quite possible that a later copyist added the words. Some manuscripts have it and some don't. The argument kmm in favor of Jesus saying this is that the Jews would never have closed a prayer on a negative note.

But whether you want to believe it was originally given by Jesus or not, makes no difference to me. All that I know is that I see it there, I believe that Jesus probably said it, and it has meaning for me. It sums up all of this great prayer and it gives me an outline to which I can look for any and all of my prayers. To me it is not just a stopgap prayer to plug in at the beginning or the close of a meeting. Or a prayer to be uttered following the sermon to let everyone know it is now that time of the morning to go home.

To me the proof of Jesus useing this doxology comes from the Old Testament.

Ming David, shortly before he died, had the people of Israel asembled together in Jerusalem. At that time he gave them his final words concerning his son colomon as his successort. He told them of the provisions he had made for the House of the Lord. Then he gave thanksgiving to God before all the people.

We read this in 1 Chronicles 29:starting at verse 10, (read this).

Then he begins a doxology as found in verses 11, followed by 12 and 15, (read kkm these). This closed David's life and reign and I believe that Jesus chose to close His prayer in this manner.

What does the Lord's Prayer mean to us? We should be able to pray this last part as honestly as we should the other portions. Or perhaps we need to question it and say that we cannot say, (remaining quotes from illustration).

All that we need is available to us in this prayer. We acknowledge God first then we ask for His help, and then we ascribe to Him what is rightfully His, our Praise.

ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST PAUL'S UNITED CHORO..

Butler, Pennsylvania

July 11, 1982 Sixth Sunday After Pentecost July The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Pastor Mrs. Betty Huselton, Organist Beth Hartley and Amy Vargo - Acolytes

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ORDER OF WORSHIP - 11:00 A.M.
"Invocation" Mendelssohn Prelude *Hymn No. 360 "You servants of God, your Master proclaim" *Ascription

*Exhortation
*Confession (In Unison) "We offer unto thee our Father, praise for the gift of thy Spirit. We ask for thy Spirit at the times when we are filled with doubt; when we are filled with hatred; when we are devoid of when we are filled with natred; when we are devoid of patience; when we show forth selfishness. In all circumstances which are contrary to thy will, send thy Spirit to help, to heal, and may we know thy forgiveness, through Christ. Amen."

*Assurance of Pardon

*Praise *Pastor: Blessed be the Lord God! *People: And blessed be His Glorious Name forever *Gloria Patri Who's Who in the Pew Announcements

Hymn No. 476 "More Love to Thee, O Christ" Call to Prayer

Pastor: The Lord be with you People: And with thy spirit Pastor: Let us Pray

Offertory "! *Doxology No. 382 Baptism: Matthew "Prayer"

Offering

Matthew John Vensel - Son of

John Frederick and Marjorie Leith Watterson Vensel ipture Matthew 6:16-18 cripture

"KINGDOM LIVING: GOD OR MAN?" sermon:

Beeethoven

Prayer Closing Hymn No. 452 "Living for Jesus" Benediction "Trumpet Voluntary" Postlude

+ + + + + + + *Congregation Standing + + + + + + + The Lovely Flowers on the Altar have been placed by Ruth Davies in loving memory of her Sister - June

Davies.

Vargo, Nancy Dellen and Karen Link.
Elder and Mrs. Robert Dellen will greet the Congregation and Visitors at the door this morning.
Nursery will be provided this morning.

Hospitalized: Robert Wickenhagen, Emma Schaeffer, Val Jean Nicholas and Dorothy Stewart. - BCMH Howard Bolam - West Penn Hospital

Attendance last Sunday was 114. Tuesday - 6-8 - Aerobics Wed. - Youth Fellowship Thursday - 6-8 - Aerobics Rob Vinroe and William Pflugh will be visiting the Hospital this week.

August 8, 15,22 and 29 are open for Flowers for the Altar. Should you want to have the Memorial Flowers fill in the chart in the Narthex or let Bea know.

The way to peace with God is like wearing an easy yoke and bearing a light burden because Jesus Christ carried the load—the whole load of our sins and their just deserts. We contribute nothing to the forgiveness of our sins or to the inheritance of eternal life. Salvation is God's outrig't gift. He asks only that we accept it by faith. This is not to say that grace is cheap, that we are going to heaven on a free ride, for our reconciliation with God cost Jesus Christ His life.

There are awards of grace for walking in Jesus' footsteps and for scaling the steep, rugged mountain with Him. You have a glorious view. You cannot help but admire the grandeur of the way on which Christ is leading you.

To follow Jesus is to take the high road.

Purcel1

"Kingdom Living: Fasting Scrip: Mt. 6:16-18; Text: Mt. 6:18b thi blok Scrip Js cum 3rd pt involv K Liv; Bgin chap Bga pt 3 basic=Riteous actins=Alms, Pray=now fast Ad remark 4givnes, stres import & now ritul observs vs roa=Hypos=Actors & this wat Phars, foloers do Jew Law 1fast=D of Atone=Yom Kippur, Gr day, The Day Lev 16:29-34=fast dawn, disting wh/blk thred, til sunset no eat, drink, entertain, buy, sel, nothing then evolv2 othr fasts=Purim=delivr tim Q Esther, & fal Jeru 586 BC 2 Nebuchadnezzar Then Phars say observ 2 fast wkly=Mon,& Thurs,& this Bcuz Moses ascend/descend Mt. Sinai Js no agin fast, jus how Hypos, actors observ
First=sad countenance, peopl C & kno Fast by looks 16b=color fac, white, ash heds, closhes disaray, gloomy, dwncast, mubl self & men C & kno fast 16c=Reward, giv by men/God; man of yr ete, from men/God Vs 17=anoint, no soap lik 2day=oliv oil wash hair, removahs, dirt, clean; wash fac no apear 2 fast=this gist vs 18=third tim Js say=F secret/reward open first with alms; then prayr; now fast, Js try impres hearers liv Xpian lif not sho piety so peopl can lk & say=My isn't riteous We lk Jew Js time & say=My wernt sup zealus impres peop riteous livs? Yet 2day many us act same way, no dif; forms, rituls in wors servs examps=sum say cert postur 2 pray,othrs cert form L's Sup only; othrs cert bldg worship only But wat duz G want from us wen cum 2wat He want us 2B1 Ist 8:1=tel Isa 2spk vs =Bgin relat how they bin acting; vs spk 4malism theirworshp atain, but only outward show vs 3a=equat wat dun & ask G why not bles thru it? vss 3b-4=G tel their worshp has bin affect them; they involv biker, fite within worshp & sanctury & no pleas G at all; duznt strik familir cord 2 read ancient peor B4 their G, & kno modrn conutrpart act exact same? vs 5=G questin wat really want from them, & wat hav recevs 6-7=tel wat He expect from them & from us as well. This exact wat Js striv 2 tel follors (Illus facing the music) entir them Serm Mt is that=Fac Music; We R 2examin our livs as liv daily & striv compar 2complet patern as giv by Js this sermon=How R we measur up? R ? wil 2chang, or wil B everth as usul Bcuz refus? (Illes Make Me like Joe)=R we wil 2 Bcum Joe's our livs, so peop C wat do/say/liv & cum closr L Bcuz us?
Or R only interest outward sho atend Ch & nevr B altror chang by anythin do/say/hear ther? Word Js stil
ours lik 2crowd, Hilsid Gal, sun, 2M Yr ago=Vs 18

"Kingdom Living: Fasting"

Scripture: Matthew 6:16-18

T t: Matthew 6:18b, "And thy Father, which seeth in secret, shall reward thee openly."

In this block of Scripture Jesus comes to the third point involved in Kingdom Living. If you will recall, at the beginning of this chapter He began by skeaks ingx pointing out that Jesus was giving the basics for righteous living. This we said was divided into three sections. There was first righteous actions. Jesus identified this as the giving of alms, and the outward show displayed by those who sought the praise of men. The second section had to do with prayer and we have just completed that by an indepth look at the Lord's Prayer. Now we come to another righteous action and this has to do with fasting. Jesus began this particular teaching by immediately following some added remarks about forgiveness. He had been giving the pattern for prayer with the Bix Disciples prayer which included asking for and giving of forgiveness. Then He edded additional words about forgiveness stressing the importance of it. And it is interesting to note that immediately following that He begins to speak of the ritualistic obeservance practiced by some people. He stated, "Moreover when ye fast, be not as the hypocrites, of a sad countenance." Jesus is not condemming fasting at this point, He is merely condemming the manner of doing it. The word "Hypocrite" in Greek means, "An actor, someone who is acting out, or playing a role." This is exactly what the Pharisees were doing. In the original Jewish Law there was to be only one day set aside for fasting in the km entire year. That day was the day of Atonement. XXXXXXXXX that xday In our society today wexealt this is called, "Yom Kippur," which means, "The Day," or, "The Great Day." This is observed in around the beginning of October. This is given in Scripture in the Old Testament book of Leviticus chapter 16, verses 29 through 34, (read this). The fast lasted from dawn, kenxfromxkhixxomexgeeakxday when it was light enough to distinguish khw a white thread from a black one, until sunset. There was to be no eating or drinking, no entertainment, nothing was to be done. From this one observance of fasting

it evolved that the Jews were required to fast on two other occasions. The next c ervance was the day before Purim which was the feast to celebrate the deliverance of the Jews during the time of Queen Esther. The third fast was to xxixbxxxxx commemorate the fall of Jerusalem to King Nebuchadnezzar in 586 B.C. So now there were three fasts to be observed. But then certain Jews who wanted to be more pious, in particular the Pharisees, decided that weekly fasts were Monday and Thursday the thing to be doing. So they began to fast on MandaysxandxThursdays of each week. Minaxkhaukhrauxmakimmakxfaukxdaxxx The reason being, this is when Moses Ascended and descended Mt. Sinai. This is the state of affairs regarding fasting which was prevalent in Jesus'ntime. He wasn't against fasting, He was merel; against the form and ritualism it had taken. He was speaking mostly against the Pharisees and their followers, the actors, or hypocrites and He gives the reasons for speaking against them. First, He said they were of a sad countenance. They deliberately looked sad and forlorn, so people knew they were solemnly serving not eating and drinking that particular day. Then He said, "For they disficure their faces, that they appear unto men to fast." They would color their faces with some sort of white powder or paint so that they stood out in a crowd. And this isxwhere they were to be found, in the crowd. Where the people were the thickest, that is where the Pharisees were to be seen wandering about, with ashes on their heads, their clothes disarranged, their faces whitened, looking sad and downcast, mumbling to themselves, and it was all to be seen by men. Jesus added to His comments, "Verily I say unto you, they have their reward." If you recall when we first started this chapter we told what this saying meant, and that was man receives either of two rewards. One is from God and the other is from man. If a man sets out to win the "Man of the year" aware, or some other public notariety, he may well receive it, But that is only reward from max man, it is not from God. We are eithered honored by God, or by man, and we get the xward reward we seek, "is what Jesus is saying. Now Jesus gives directions for fasting and He says, "But thou, when thou fastest, anoint thine head, and wash thy face." In those days soap and water were

not as plentiful for bathing as we have today. The means of washing the hair accomplished by applying olive oil to it and this is what Jesus ix meant by "Anointing" the head. The oil XEXEXXENDER clean the hair when rubbed in and wiped off, and would remove ashes if the person had been in mourning, and it would not give the outward show the person was fasting. And if the face was washed clean, with no paint or whitened appearance, no one would know that person was fasting. This is the gist of this verse.

And this is exactly what Jesus is saying as He continues and we read in the 18th verse, "That thou appear not unto men to fast, but unto thy Father which is in secret: and thy Father, which seeth in secret shall reward thee openly." Here is the third time that Jesus reiterates, "Thy Father which seeth in secret shall reward thee openly." He said it first about the giving of alms, then He daid it about prayer, and now He says it about fasting. Jesus was trying to impress upon His hearers that the living of the Christian life is not a show of lety so that everyone knews knows you are doing this and they can say, "Did you see Mr. So and So, my isn't he a righteous man." We can look at the Jews of Jesus time and shake our heads and say, My weren't they super zealous in trying to impress people with their righteous lives? When in actuality many of us today are acting in the same manner. The observance of Lent is a good example of what the Christian Church has done along these lines. Our forms and rituals in worship services are other exampes. There are those who believe that a certain posture must be attained in order to pray effectively; others believe there is only one way you can tak partake of the Lord's supper; still others believe that only worship in a recognized sanctuary is true worship, and the list goes on and on.

But what does God really want from us when it comes to being what He wants us to be? God answered kke His people and we find this in the 58th chapter of the book of the prophecy of Isaiah. Turn to that chapter and let's see what God said. He tells Isaiah to speak, verse 1, (read this). Then He begins to relate how they have been acting, verse 2, (read this). This verse speaks of

the formalism their worship had attained, but it was not true worship, it was m **lyxxxx** an outward show. They even got to the place where they equated what they had done, and asked God why they weren't blessed through it, verse 3a, (read this). But God tells them how their worship has been affecting them, verse 3b-4, (read this). They were involved in bickering and fighting within their worship and sanctuary and it wasn't pleasing to God at all. Doesn't it strike familiar chords to read of an ancient people before their God and to know their modern counterparts are acting exactly the same?

God then goes on to question what He really wanted from them and what He received inxxxx instead, verse 5, (read this).

And then He tells them what He expected from them, and what He expects from us as well, berses 6-7, (read them).

This is exactly what Jesus wasxstriving to teach His followers.

(Illustration of "Facing the music")

entire theme of this Sermon on the Mount is just that: to face the music. For us to examine our lives as we are living them daily and strive to compare them to the complete pattern as given to us by Jesus in this sermon. How are we measuring up? Are we willing to change, or will it be everything as usual because we refuse to dowhat God wants us to do?

(Illustration of "Make me like Joe)

Are we willing to become "Joe's" in our lives, so that people will see what we do and say and how we live and come closer to the Lord because of us? Or are we only interested in the outward show of attending church and never being altered or changed by anything we do or say ***there** or hear there? The words of Jesus are ours today just as they were to a group of people standing ****** or seated in the sun on a hillside in Galilee 2000 years ago. "That thou appear ot unto men to fast, but unto thy Father which is in secret: and thy Father, which seeth in secret, shall reward thee openly."

Butler, Pennsylvania Seventh Sunday After Pentecost The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Pastor July 18, 1982 Mr. Harry Cunningham, Organist and Choir Director Mr. Roland Thompson, Saxophonist Brian Hollefreund and Julee Vargo - Acolytes Prelude *Hymn No. 341 "Come, Thou Almighty King" *Ascription *Confession (In Unison) "O God, who hast brought us *Confession (In Unison) "O God, who hast brought us into this fellowship with one another through thy Son Jesus Christ; let us be one in thought and mind and spirit. Help us to strive not to be individuals but to be a group of fellow believers. Forgive us in our weakness of turning from thee. Give us strength as we need it in our times of turmoil and frustration. Help us to live in the world, but not to be completely wrapped up in all of it. Make our wills obedient to thine, for we ask it all in Jesus' name. Amen.

Verie *Assurance of Pardon *Praise

*Pastor: Blessed be the Lord God!

*People: And blessed be His Glorious Name forever *Gloria Patri Who's Who in the Pew Announcements Joys, Concerns, Prayer Requests Hymn No. 469 "Higher Ground Call to Prayer Pastor: The Lord be with you People: And with thy spirit Pastor: Let us Pray Prayer Offering Offertory *Doxology 382 Scripture Matthew 6:19-24

ST PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST

Sermon: "KINGDOM LIVING: GOD OR MAN?" Prayer Closing Hymn No. 636 "The Light of the World is Jesus" Benediction Postlude Postude + + + + + + + *Congregation Standing + + + + + + + The Lovely Flowers on the Altar have been placed by Mr. & Mrs. William Johnston and Family in memory of Mr. Harry Peters "Father" of Mrs. Johnston. Serving as Ushers today are *Rob Vinroe, Robert Dellen, Randy Dellen and Brian Kennedy. Mr. & Mrs. Mike Nazaruk will greet the Congregation Mr. & Mrs. Mike Nazaruk will greet the Congregation and Visitors at the door this morning.

Nursery will be provided today, by Mary Dellen

MONDAY - 7:00 P.M. - BUDGET AND FINANCE COMMITTEE MEET.

Mospitalized: Mr. Howard Bolam - West Penn Hospital;

Mr. Ed Weichey - Cleveland Clinic; Mrs. Rebecca

Shearer and Mrs. Emogene Massey - BCMH, Bob Wickenhage;

Debby Melton and Karen Link will be visiting the Hospital this week. The attendance last Sunday was 147 Tuesday - 6-8 - Aerobics Wed. - Youth Fellowship Wed. - Youth Fellowship Thurs. - 6-8 - Aerobics Mr. Gottlob Kradel would like to thank the Congregation for their Prayers, Visits and Cards. He would like to thank Rev. Link for all his visits and Prayers The month of August is mostly open - fill in the Flower chart in the Narthex if you would like to have memorial flowers for anytime in August. "There's a sweet old story translated for man, But writ in the long, long ago, The Gospel according to Mark, Luke and John, Of Christ and His mission below.

You are writing each day a letter to men Take care that the writing is true; 'Tis the only gospel some men will read, That gospel according to you."

Kingdom Living: God Ur Man: Scrip: Mt. 6:19-24; Text: Mt. 6:21 Js `aid grndwrk 4 wat cal=K. Living & His words hav bin givn 4 Blievrs, 4 thoz who R part His Kingdom Now go detail concern luv folor eithr has 4 God, or 4 things of man Blo Scrip lik many othrs contain welth materil; 2underst completly need underst G's creatin of man Wen ask Wat Grtst Coman=Js say=Thou shalt luv the L thy G with all thy hart, all thy soul, & all thy mind Priorty ordr thez thins not necesarly how G want Lern Scrip man creat imag of G=hav His atribs, likne 1thing man givn=Mind, & mind functin clos 2 G Ex=Adam/Eve kno G walk garden, this Bcuz=liknes of G Man fal, with fal mind no longr maj infl man life Wat tuk precedenc? It was hart & this wat Js say so man underst wat say=Luv G, all hart, all soul, all mind UC, hart tuk 1st plac & replac mind G want hav 4prior This Blok Scrip Js covr 3 areas=Hart, Mind, Will vss 19-21=Why Js say this? Bcuz mind nudg by hart man govrn by desirs=Js sed out hart cum murdr, adultr & all mannr evil & G no want this 1st 4 man G gav mind think thru, 2reasn, 2considr consequenc but man chang thru fal & let hart rul decisins, so Js say=let hart rul mak preps Byon this lif=4whr treas is etc=no spk jus mony, welth, posesins all kind UR treas mayB=wif, child, hous, car, anythin preced G vss 22=23=Spk term mind; thru Ey record much do P spk Twinkl Ey=Explain scientis & brain=butterfly This wat Js say=Lamp bod is Ey, thru Ey get gud actin, gud idea, & then livs ful lite; & revers=evil etc vs 23 Vs 24=nothr darknes & this darknes of Will p suit posesins=materilism, & this lead way from G Ther peop quot Godly thing, kno languag, may atend wor go thru motins, hav form Gliness, but actul liv 2 livs Ex=2 Kings 17:24-41 vs 24=Cities Sam inhabit Asyrins not Isites vss 25-26=Kny no had G & this why this happen vss 27-28=resolv situatin, But wat end result???? Vss 40-41=Knu G, wat had do, but stil hav othr g's too No wiling 2 let go this pt (Illus farmer, 2 cows, G's cow died) = humrous, but man Hear bad time, mony scarc & wher peop economiz? on G!
No continu try G & C wil continu bles gud/bad time This pruv G tak 2nd plac livs thez peopl & this Bcu sin part livs ou harts hav drken minds so canno reasn thru wat G desir of us & as resul Bgin liv 4 thing this worl in pref ovr G no mattr how many wasing possessins may hav, nevr complet satfy, & seek mor 2bring satis which nevr cum

Insted, push G furthr & furthr away from us & treas laid up this lif

Mus remem wil cum day wen ea mus depart this l' Everthin gain, amas, strugl 2 acumulat lef Bhind & lik welthy man Lk 6 ariv etern & realiz no treas ther Bcuz no striv hav acumlat ther G's eternty

Wat we luv is show by wat do with it
If luv thing this lif wil B show by complet atentio to thoz things

& if luv G & R seek His wil, wil B show dedic 2 Him This day, 2day, wher do we hav 2 say our treas is?
Wil it B fnd here on erth?
Or is it await arivl eternty Bcuz we sent on ahed?
Js sed= FOR WHER UR TREASUR IS, THER WIL UR HART B

Scripture: Matthew 6:19-24; Text: Matthew 6:21

; was has laid the groundwork for what we could call "Kingdom Living." His words have been given for believers, for those who are a part of His Kingdom.

He now goes into more detail concerning the love that a follower either has for God, or for the things of man. This block of Scripture like so many others contains a wealth of information which could be gleaned by many sermons. It is actually somewhat of an injustice to confine this section of Scripturecto just one general message.

Perhaps to understand this completely we need to understand God's creation of man. WextearaxfromxScripturexthatxmamxwasxcreatedxwithxaxbodxxxaxsoulxxandxa ***** When Jesus was asked what the greatest commandment was, He answered "Thou shalt love the Lord thy God with all thy heart, with all thy soul, and priority of order with all thy mind," Matthew 22:37. The EXMEX of these things is not really the way God originally intended them to be. We learn from Scripture that man was created in the image of God. This means that within man are some of God's attributes, or some of His likeness. The one things man was given was a mind, tw and with that mind he could function close to God. If you recall the life of Adam and Eve in the garden, they were able to discern God's presence and it is explained they heard "God walking in the garden." This awareness could only come about by having a likeness of God. But man fell and with that fall the mind was not the major influence in man's life.andxknexmindxxasxxxxxxx What was it now that took precedence over the mind? It was the heart. This is the order in which Jesus related the love man should have for God in a manner in which man could understand what He was saying. He said, "THou shalt love the Lord thy God with all thy heart, then with=all thy soul, and then with, all thy mind." You see, the heart took over first place in man's life and replaced the mind which God wanted us to have as our first priority.

Now in this block of Scripture Jesus covers these three areas and in the order in which they appear, we see them as, "Heart, Mind, and Will." First we read, (read verses 19 through 21). Now why does Jesus say this? As we said the

werned by his desires. Jesus said that out of the heart come murders, and adultery, and all manner of evil." This isn't what God first hadximxmimdx wanted from mx man. God gave man a mind to think things through; to reason; to consider the consequences. But man has axwaixed changed this through his fall to a matter of desiring something and letting his heart rule his decision. So Jesus is actually saying in these three verses, Let your heart rule in such a way that you are making preparations beyond this life instead of just being materialistic in this life." His words have deep meaning. "For where your treasure is, there will your heart be also." He isn't speaking of just wealth and money. He is speaking of possessions of all kinds. **Example treasure may be the family, your wife, or your husband; one of your children; a pet; your house; your car; anything actually that takes precedence over the complete living of this life for God. That is what Jesus is saying about reasure.

But then He goes on to speak in terms of the mind. We read of this in verses 22 through 23, (read these). It is through the eye that we record much of what we do. The eye is the organ through which the first thoughts and ideas originate and then our minds give the result or action of those looks. In Scripture Paul speaks of the "Twinkling of an eye." Do you know what a twinkling of an eye is? It is the precise moment when the eye registers something which it sees. It is faster than the snap of a finger, but at the precise moment that the eye registers something, just that fast, the brain takes that information and registers a response to the body in www. For instance you may look and see a pretty butterfly floating through the air.

At the exact instant that you see the butterfly, the eye relays this to the brain, and the brain in turn relays this to your intellect and you may exclaim, "How beaitiful that butterfly is." Yet, your mind was giving out that information long before you expressed it. This is what Jesus was saying about the "lamp of the body," being the eye. If through our eyes we are getting good

actions, good ideas, then our lives will be full of light. But if we get nothin evil through the eye, we shall be full of darkness, (6:23). In John chap3, verse 19 is saying to us, "And this is the condemnation, that light is come into the world, and men loved darkness rather than light, because their deeds were evil." This is the darkness of the mind.

But there is also in this another darkness and Jesus points this out in the 24th What He is talking about here is the darkness of the will verse, (read this). We are made aware here that the pursuit of possessions is materialism and materialism turns a person away from God. But there are people who can quote Godly things, they know the language, they may attend worship and go through the motions and have a form of godliness, but they are striving to live two lives. A good example of this is found in the Old Testament in 2nd Kings, chapter 17, verses 24-41. Verse 24 tells us, (read this). These cities of Samaria were being populated by Assyrians and not by Israelites. Then we read in verses and 26. (read these). They knew enough that they didn't have the God the Israelites had while living there. So they resolved the situation in this manner as pointed out in verses 27 and 28, (read these). But what was the end result? Verses 40 and 41 tell us, (read these). We can see from this that they knew about God, they knew what they had to do, yet they still continued holding on to their other gods as well. They weren't willing to let go at that point.

(Illustration of farmer and one cow for them and one for God; God's cow died)

We may find this humorous, but isn't this the way of mankind. We hear of times being bad, money being scarce and all sorts of scary things. And where is it that people economize? On the things of God. Instead of letting God prove that He will provide even in bad times and continue giving to Him what was riven before, the normal reaction is to wut the contributions to God so we can pay for our other things. Man proves by this that God takes second place instead of being number one.

All of this is because of sin being a part of each of our lives. Our hearts

have darkened our minds so that we cannot reason through what God desires of us.

A as a result we begin to live for the things of this mx world in preference over God. No matter how many possessions we may have, they never completely satisfy and we seek more and more to bring that satisfaction which never actually comes. Instead, it pushes God further and further away from us and our treasures are laid up for this life.

But we must remember that there will come a day when we each must depart from this life. Everything that we have gained, or amassed, or struggled to accumulate, will be left behind. And then like the wealthy man in Luke 6, we arrive in eternity and realize there is no treasure there, because we didn't strive to have it accumulate in God's eternal kingdom. What we love is shown by what we do with it. If we love the things of this life it will be shown by by our complete attention to those things. And if we love God and are seeking His will, it will be shown by our dedication to Him. This day, where do we we to say our treasure is? Will it be found here on earth? Or is it awaiting our arrival in eternity because we have been sending it on ahead? Jesus said, "For where your treasure is, there will be your heart also."

ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST Butler, Pennsylvania Eighth. Sunday After Pentecost July 25, 1982 The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Pastor Mr. Harry Cunningham, Organist and Choir Director Brian Hollefreund and Julee Vargo, Acolytes Prelude "Thanks Be to Thee" Handel (Miss LaDonna Linamen, *Hymn No. 338 "We sing the greatness of our God" trump *Hymn No. 338 *Exhortation *Exhortation
Confession (In Unison) "We offer unto thee our Father,
praise for the gift of thy Spirit. We ask for thy
Spirit at the times with hatred; when we are devoid of
patience; when we show forth selfishness. In all
circumstances which are contrary to thy will, send thy Spirit to help, to heal, and may we know thy forgiveness, through Christ. Amen." *Assurance of Pardon *Praise

*Pastor: Blessed be the Lord God!

*People: And blessed be His Glorious Name forever *Gloria Patri Who's Who in the Pew Announcements Joys, Concerns, Prayer Requests Hymn No. 432 "Softly and tenderly" Call to Prayer Pastor: The Lord be with you People: And with thy spirit Pastor: Let us Pray Offering Offertory "Savior, Like a Shepherd Lead Us"
(Miss Linamen, soloist) - Bradbury *Doxology 382 Matthew 6:25-30 Scripture Matthew 6:25-30
Sermon: "Kingdom Living: Anxiety"
Closing Hymn No. 96 "I know who holds tomorrow"

No matter what others are doing my friend, Or what they are leaving undone. God's counting on you to keep on with the job 'Til the very last battle is won.

He's counting on you to be faithful; He's counting on you to be true. Yes, others may work, or others may shirk, But remember --God's counting on you.

It will soon be soup time again. We are in need of string beams. Call Lois Stokes (282-1032) or Ann Williams (287-1430) if you have extra beans for the soup.

"Kingdom Living: Anxiety" Scrip: Mt. 6:25-30; Text: Mt. 6:25a (Illus automatic plane nothing can go wrong) (II s Why things go wrong) Wen spk anx all kno 1 form or nothr Js el awar this livs peop spk 2; knu cert portin cal ratrac lif, & pres survivl caus many scratch, claw 4 materil thing 2 exclusin of G
Scrip this morn add 2 las wk & start say=25a Tak no thot=Be not anxios; say shud B no anx lif Bliv: Vs 25b=3 esentils lif=food/drink/choth; no recomend disregard, but pt lif mor than thez things Vs 26=spk birds; list thing contrast man, but surviv They only creat thing of G,& mus pt Js spk 2 Blievrs Say=Ur Hvnly Father=Blievr only/unblievr not Father Vs 27=Cubit=18inch; how many peop want add? (short 1's This mean add 2 lif; no can do, G has timetabl 4 ea 1 Med Scienc say do, but compar hart surgry=1liv/1dy He spk food, lifspan & now nothr concern vss 28-30=Lily Js spk=Scarlet Anemones profus hil Pal 1day bloom, nex ded; clay ovn quik, hot heat dry grass, flowers So G feed bird no work, man unabl add 2 lif, lily giv buty, serv as fuel, sho G concern 4 children Evn assur by Js G care 4 own every circum stil Bcum anx bout 2morro ea face Js clos words=Shal He not much mor cloth U, O ye of littl faith & this wat caus anxios moments; anx=littl faith 1k at circums & seem insurmountbl Bcuz 1k thru world eyes & worry, fret, Bcum anxios t ovrlk Bouz no lk in faith=G wil provid, sustain his own (Illus providentilly late) How do U vu this? "My wat loss, how pay replace? Or respons="Thank G He lk aftr own that circumstanc" 2nd respns wat shudB & wat G want hav Apos P=Phil 4:6-7=READ midst al thing lif, giv thank 2 God 4 that time, & His Peace wil strengthn U in that time (Illus 4give me wen I whine) Wat R we whine about wen shud B thank G our probs, concerns so smal compar 2 othrs? Lets remem insted words Js wen Bcum anxios, fil anx. THERFOR I SAY UNTO U, TAK NO THOT FOR UR LIF, Bouz as He sed, Ur hvnly Father knos Ur evry need & will to care of it.

Scripture: Matthew 6:25-30

(Illustration of automatic plane, pilot, landing devices etc)

(Illustration of "Why things go wrong")

When we speak of anxiety, we can say we all know it in one form or another. Jesus was well aware of this in the lives of the people He was speaking to. He knew that a certain portion of them were caught up in the rat race of living and the press of survival caused many of them to scratch and claw for the material things of life to the exclusion of God. Our Scripture this morning is somewhat of an addition to that of last week. He begins by stating, "Therefore, I say unto you, take no thought for your life," and then He goes on to add those things of life for which no thought should be taken. (Read vs 25, the remainder). Here are the 3 essentials of life. Food, drink, and clothing. He is not advocating a complete disregard for these things, He is just pointing out that life is much, much more than just these material things. The phrase, "Take no thought," actually is better interpreted, "Be no anxious," and many of the newer versions have just that. Jesus was saying that there shouldn't be anxiety in the life of the believer and then He gives some illustrations of what He is striving to point out.

First, He speaks of birds in the 26th verse, (read this). Listed here are the things they do not do as contrasted to man and yet they survive. But the contrast is not between what they don't have to do but what they are as compared to man. Birds and other creatures walkyknow are only created things of God. But man knows God as more than his creator. Once again we must point out that Jesus is speaking only to believers. Notice He says, "Your heavenly Father," This is the relationship that exists only between those who are actual believers and God. God is their Father and theirs only. To the unbelievers, the unsaved, He is only a God of wrath and ultimate destruction. But for the believer there is that unique relationship of Father and Child. This is the difference between believers and created creatures.

on in the 27th verse. (Read this). A cubit was eighteen inches. The measurement here is not one of adding to height. How many people are concerned about adding eighteen inches to their height? (Only short people of course). The measurement here is that of adding to the length of one's life. We simply cannot do it. God has a time limit set for each of us and we cannot add to it but we can shorten it by abusing the physical bodies God has given us. Medical science is claiming to increase the lifespan. But how do we account for two people let's say, going through the same heart operation and one survives and the other dies? God's plan and timing is the answer. So Jesus is pointing out that all of our anxious moments of life will not increase the length of our lives one small cubit.

He has talked of food and lifespan and now Jesus speaks of another concern as verses 28 through 30 tell us, (read these). The lilies Jesus was speaking of were probably the Scarlet Anemones which bloomed profusely on the Palestinian hills in the summer. One day they would be in full bloom and the next they were dead. Clay ovens were used to bake and cook in. ** Dried grass and flowers were used as a fuel to heat the ovens quickly since this material gave off a very hot fire. It burned quickly and heated the oven quickly and so what was once a beautiful flower, became nothing more than fuel for the fire. The point Jesus was making in all of this was that if God showed a concern for the birds so that they were fed without working for that food; and if man is unable to add time to his life; and if the very flowers of the field were used to show first beauty and then serve as a means to cook meals with; doesn't all of this show the concern God has for His children? But even with the assurance by Jesus that God will care for His own in every circumstance we still have that tendency to become anxious about the tomorrows we each face. Jesus ended xxix these points with the words, "Shall he not much more clothe you, O ye of little faith? And there is what causes our anxious moments; our anxiety. It is "Little faith." We look at our circumstances and they seem insurmountable because we are looking at them through wedly eyes and we worry and fret and become anxious. What we overlook because we are not looking in faith, is that God will provide and sustain and keep His own.

(Illustration of providentially late, the church that blew up and choir spared)
How do you view something like this? Is your response, "My what a loss, how
would they ever be able to pay for the replacement of that church?" Or is your
response, "Thank God that He looked after His own in that circumstance?" The
second response is what we should have and what God wants us to have. The
Apostle Paul points this out in his letter to the church at Philippi in the
4th chapter the 6th and 7th verses he says, "Be careful for nothing; but in
every thing by prayer and supplication with thanksgiving let your requests be
made known to God. And the peace of God, which passeth all understanding, shall
beep your hearts and minds through Christ Jesus." In the midst of all things
of life, give thanks to God for that time, and His peace will strengthen you
in that time.

(Illustration of "Forgive Me When I Whine")

What are we whining about when we should be thanking God that our problems and concerns are so small compared to many others? Let us remember instead the words of Jesus when we become anxious or filled with anxiety, "Therefore I say unto you, take no thought for your life." Your heavenly Father knows your every need and will take care of it.

ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST Butler, Pennsylvania Sutler, Pennsylvania
Ninth Sunday After Pentecost August 1, 1982
The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Pastor
Mr. Harry Cunningham, Organist and Choir Director
Mr. Roland Thompson, Saxophonist Danny Mangel and Chris Andrews - Acolytes ORDER OF WORSHIP - 11:00 A.M. "Faith" Mendelssohn
"O Worship the King" *Hymn No. 336 *Ascription *Exhortation *Confession (In Unison) "Merciful Father, we acknowledge and confess our sinful nature; our short-coming and our offenses. We have betrayed not only our faith in you, but also your faith in us. We have spoken bravely of love and compassion, but we have acted out of selfishness and indifference. Forgive us, 0 God, through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen." *Kyrie *Assurance of Pardon *Praise *Pastor: Blessed be the Lord God!
*People: And blessed be His Glorious Name forever *Gloria Patri Who's Who in the Pew Announcements Joys, Concerns, Prayer Requests Hymn No. 122 "In the Hour of Trial" Call to Prayer Pastor: The Lord be with you People: And with thy spirit Pastor: Let us Pray Prayer Offering Offertory "Faith Binds Two Hearts in One" Warner *Doxology 382 Scripture: Matthew 6:31-33 Sermon: "Kingdom Living: Faith"
ClCsing Hymn No. 502 "I'll Go Where You Want Me to Go" Renediction

+ + + + + + + + *Congregation Standing + + + + + + + + The Lovely Flowers on the Altar have been placed by Mr. & Mrs. Gottlob Kradel in loving memory of their "Sisters" Serving as Ushers today are: *Charles Penar, Dan Bosko, Don Wogan and Dave McMillin. Deaconess Pamela Tait will greet the Congregation at the door this morning. Hospitalized: Paul Campbell and Art Snyder will be visiting the Hospital this week.
The attendance last Sunday was 104 > Our deepest sympathy to Mr. & Mrs. Howard Bolam, Family and Friends in the loss of Dutch's "Mother" Mrs. Westerman. Monday - 6:00 - Women's Mary Prugh Circle Tureen Picnic here at the Church. Wed. - 7:00 - Council Meeting and Budget and Finance Meeting combined. Mr. Ed Weichey would like to thank the Congregation for their cards and Prayers while he was in the Hospital. > We extend our sympathy to Mr. & Mrs. John Snow and Family and Friends in the passing of Sara's "Mother" Mrs. Mary Young.
The American Red Cross will be collecting Blood in our Church August 24. What if no one in our Community cared about giving blood andyou needed it? It is a fact that about every 12 seconds someone, somewhere, in the U. S. needs a life-giving transfusion

regularly. Won't you do your part and give? The Red Cross Bloodmobile will be at our Church on August 24, from 2 to 7 P.M. Sign up to give today. Butler Community College is offering another job training program fro the unemployed of Butler County. The class starts August 2, and another one will start August 23. If you know of anyone who may be interested the necessary information is on the bulletin board in the Narthex.

of blood. However, only about 4 percent of all the eligible blood donors in this country give blood

THEGOM TIATHE : LATE Scrip: Mt. 6:31-33; Text: Mt. 6:33 author Heb say chap 11:1=Faith is substanc things hope 4, +he evidence of things not seen=& then elaborat on Bi saints, examps their faith, & result acomplish three Portin Scrip Js spk of Faith, las wk partil deal Vs : = thez norml quest, but thez peop dire importanc Liv precarius time, uncert work; hi cost food; clothing undr Rom rul & tax mercilesly plus all frustrate: 2day same situatin & indicat probs not nu cert segment cope, majorty boom tranquilizr industry peop gulp pil record rate; or thru bottle=sumone say Tel how helthy man is by wat tak 2 at time=stair/pills Js striv teach anx/worry=ment by Tak no thot, B no and He pt out worry no anser to probs, & lak adeq faith is wat show by B anxious Js mak comparsin=vs 32=Gr Gentil=ETHNOS & refer non=J But amon hearers=Gentil, non Jews, but Blievers
So not Gentil as whol, jus unBlievr
U & I considr Gents by Jews, but we suposed Xpians This mak Blievr & seprat from othr Gents & Js add= This mak Blievr & seprat from other Gents & Js add=
4 Ur Hvnly F knoweth etc=profes nam Js,& He Saviour,
we born spirmtuly Famly G,& disting thos no mak profes
Now cover anx/worry/lak faith, now redy giv formla lif
vs 33=Js use 1 word set propr contex; He 1st teach
priorties; plans Blievr alway hav priortys
Bgin vs=FIRST & in Gr=PROTON,& Eng=PROTOCOL=1st/1st

PROGRAM many 1st above all else-(evamp pich rule sad) PROTON mean 1st, abuv all else=(examp rich rulr, sad) this normal reactin majorty Blievr=that stuf gud sum1
els, but giv tangbl, visbl pruf & I try it
Why? Bcuz mus say trus livs 2 care othrs insted G
Socil sec; medicar; pensin; othr programs; thez gud, but Who need G wen man can do 4 self? & we pas on 2 child & their childrn Oft hear=ther lite end of tunel=Cartoon M Yorker mag depic dwncast man cum out tunel, captin read=Discovring that lite at end of tunel is N Jersey=othr word, whethr New York/N Jersey stil pretty much same, not much help Js no spk direc thots, cares, 4 thing this lif 2 men. Insted=FIRST 2 G, His kingdm, ritnes & then wat hap?
ALL THEZ THING add=food, cloth, frink, etc
(Exampl Sol 1 Ki 3:5-14) do we tak as examp & likwis? Story Dr & man giv us anser=(Illus man & reduc bill) Paraphras=Wher my Sp lif concern, mony no object
But is it truth? Wat our faith bas on? Man or God?
Is j wat we can tak & use 4 selvs 2 exclusin of G? Upo wat do we stand?=On Xp solid rok I stan,othr gr sink sand, othr gr sink sand? Or mus anser=I stand on thing this worl 1st, & G 2nd; Js say=Seel ye 1st the Kingdm G, etc=vs 33

"Kingdom Living: Faith"

Scripture: Matthew 6:31-33

_xt: Matthew 6:33

The author of the book of Hebrews begins the 11th chapter with the words, "Now faith is the substance of things hoped for, the evidence of things not seen." He then goes on to elaborate a list of the Biblical saints and examples of their faith and what was accomplished through it. In the portion of this Sermon on the Mount Jesus is dealing with faith. In the preceeding verses which we spoke of last week, He was partially dealing with the issue of faith. But now He deals with it directly. He begins by stating, WTherefore take no thought, saying, 'What shall we eat? Or what shall we drink? Or wherewithal shall we be clothed?'" These are normal questions, but for these people they were questions of dire importance. They were living in precarious times. TRY WAR X MARGER KARR THE uncertainty of work, the high cost of food, and the high cost of clothing was a gnawing concern for the majority of the people. They were living under Roman rule and were being taxed mercilessly and all of the frustrations with the system kept them in a constant state of turmoil. Today in our own age people are asking"what shall we eat, what shall we drink, and what shall we wear?" This should indicate that these problems have been around for a long time. For a certain segment of society, there are those who can cope with these problems and maintain a balance in their lives. But for the majority it becomes too much and that is what has made the tranquilizer pill industry such a strong market. People of all walks of life are gulping down pills at a record rate. Others have sought to blot out these problems through a bottle. Someone has recently remarked, "You can tell how healthy a man is by what he takes two at a time - stairs or pills." Unfortunately, too many take the pills.

Jesus was striving to teach that anxiety, worry, and this is what is meant by, "Take no thought," be not anxious in other words. He is pointing out that worry is not the answer to the problems, and a lack of adequate faith is what is shown by being anxious. There is a comparison which Jesus makes at this

point which should have had a significance to those hearing Him then, and for twose of us who are to be His followers today. In the 32nd verse He said, "For all these things do the Gentiles seek!" The Greek word for Gentile is the word, "Ethnos" and it refers to those who are non-Jewish. But among His hearers were Gentiles, or non-Jews, but they were believers. So it isn't just Gentiles as a whole, but those who are unbelievers. You and I are considered Gentiles by Jewish standards, but we are supposedly Christian. This makes us believers and separates us from the other Gentiles in this respect. This is what Jesus was saying for He addsm "For your heavenly Father knoweth ye have need of all these things." There it is again as we painted out last week. To the believer, God is His Father, but to the unbeliever God is not his Father. There is a distinct difference and we need to know this. If we profess the name of Jesus Christ and know Him as our Lord and Saviour, then we are born, spiritually, into the family of God and this distinguishes us from those who have not made that profession.

Now that Jesus has covered the subject of worry and anxiety and lack of faith, He is now ready to give the formula for all of life. That is found in the 33rd 35th verse. He said, "But seek ye first the kingdom of God, and His righteousness; and all these things shall be added unto you." Once again Jesus includes one word which sets all of this in its proper context. Jesus spoke of priorities as no other Rabbi ever spoke. His plans for the life of a believer always had a set of priorities to them which would ultimately lead that believer in the proper direction if he was willing to so order his life. At the beginning of this 33rd verse Jesus said, "But seek ye FIRST." That word FIRST in Greek is PROTON, and it is from it that we derive our English word Protocol. **Ext Protocol means a certain set of priorities doing first things first, and then second things and so on. PROTON, First in Greek means that this is above all else, this is what takes precedence over everything. And this is exactly what Jesus was saying. This is what He was saying when He addressed the **EXEMPROTOR** gives the pound of the same of the pound of the same of the pound of the same of the pound of the pound of the same of the pound of th

poor and what happened? The young man went away sad for he had much possesswas and unfortunately this is the normal reaction for the majority of believers. That stuff may work for someone else, but give me tangible, xxx visible proof that this will work and I'll try it. And why is this so? A goodly portion of the blame must rest with trusting our lives to the care and keeping of others instead of God. We are and have been looking to the government to bail us out when we have needs. We look to social security to take care of our old age; we look to medicare to take care of our hospital needs; we look to a minimum lot of other programs to take care of this and that for us to the point where we exclude God from our lives. Who needs God when we have all the help available from man? And unfortunately, we have been and are passing these values on to our children and to their children. ARRHENNER A good illustration of this is the cartoon which appeared in the New Yorker magazine. We have heard the remark quite frequently, "There is light at the end of the tunnel." The cartoon depicts a man emerging from a tunnel very downcast and the caption reads, "Discovering that the light at the end of the tunnel is New Jersey." In other words, whether it is New York or New Jersey its still pretty much the same and doesn't appear as much help. Jesus was not speaking of directing our thoughts and our cares for the things of this life to the care and keeping of man. Instead, He was speaking of directing all of it, FIRST to God, His Kingdom, His Righteousness, and then what will happen? (ALL THESE THINGS,) food, drink, clothing, shelter, everything, shall be added unto you. Although Jesus spoke these words long after the men of the Old Testament lived, a classic example is to be found there in 1 Kings chapter 3, starting at verse 5. (Read verses 5 through 14). Solomon sought First to be God's man and since he didn't ask for wealth or fame, God added these things to him. But do we take this as an example and strive to do likewise? I believe the answer can be found in the story of a man who went to a very noted doctor in a large city for help. (Illustration of this man and doctor reducing bill from \$1000 to \$50.00)

Perhaps we could paraphrase this and say, **whenxitxcomesxtoxspiritual*xmattersx **wherexspiritual*xmattersx**xmattersx** "Where my spiritual life is concerned, money is no object." But would we be telling the truth? What is our faith based upon? Is it what man can do for us? Or God? Is it what we can take and use for ourselves to the exclusion of God?

Upon what do we stand today? Can we say, "On Christ the solid rock I stand, all other ground is sinking sand?" Or must we answer, "I stand on the things of this world first and God comes Second?"

Jesus said, "Seek ye FIRST the kingdom of God, and His righteousness; and all these things shall be added unto you."

ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST Butler, Pennsylvania Tenth Sunday After Pentecost August 8, 1982 "My Hope Is Built on Nothing Less" Van Hulse
"Versicle" Van Hulse Prelude *Hymn No. 595 "Lead On, O King Eternal" *Ascription *Exhortation *Exhortation

*Confession (In Unison) "ALMICHTY AND ETERNAL GOD, whose light doth shine in mortal darkness; reveal unto us thy presence in our souls, and thy judgment of all our actions, thoughts, and words. Manifest thyself to us in the movements of this present time. Open our eyes to thy glory all around us. Thou art ever coming to thy children, coming in manifold ways; by cherishing our serious and reverent spirit may we prepare ourselves to meet our God, through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen." *Kvrie *Assurance of Pardon *Praise *Pastor: Blessed be the Lord God!

*People: And blessed be His Glorious Name forever
*Gloria Patri Who's Who in the Pew Announcements Joys, Concerns, Prayer Requests "Sun of my soul" Hymn No. 62 Call to Prayer
Pastor: The Lord be with you
People: And with thy spirit Pastor: Let us Pray Prayer Offering "Consolation" Mendelssohn Offertory

Matthew 6:34

*Doxology 382 Scripture:

"Kingdom Living: Worry's Cure" Sermon: Closing Hymn No. 92 "Solid Rock" Benediction Postlude + + + + + + *Congregation Standing + + + + + + + + + The Lovely Flowers on the Altar have been placed by Mr. & Mrs. Kenneth G. Schmittlein to the "Glory of God" Serving as Ushers today are: *Dutch Bowser, Marie Henry, Jean Pflugh and Diana Hollefreund. Elder and Mrs. Robert Dellen will greet the Congrega-tion at the door this morning. Ann Williams and Dutch Bolam will be visiting the Hospital this week. The attendance last Sunday was 121 with 10 Visitors Special meeting - All members of Council, Budget and Finance Committee and Benevolence Committee, next Wednesday at 7:00 P.M. Please plan to be here. Next Sunday "Chet" Stauffer will be our Speaker. Let us all support our Guest Ministers while the Pastor is away on vacation. Sara Snow would like to thank all that sent cards and all the people who helped in anyway with the funeral dinner for her "Mother" Mrs. Mary Young. The Bolam's wish to express their thanks to everyone for their concern, and get well cards, cards of Sympathy, during Howdy's sickness and the death of Dutch's "Mother"

August 24 - The American Red Cross will be collecting Blood in our Church. Peg McClymonds and Lois Stokes are the Co-Chairmen. Please contact them or the Office if you are willing to donate Blood. Hospitalized: Mr. Edward Weichey - Cleveland Clinic. Finding time to listen in this hurry-up world of ours isn't easy, but it is well worth the effort. Momentto-moment listening is important, but it is good to set aside special listening times, too. There is something about a darkened room and a drowsy child that seem to inspire confidences. A child is much more likely to talk about anything that is troubling him or her at such a time.

"Kingdom Living: Worry's Cure" Scrip: Matthew 6:34 Js end discors anx, lak faith, concern thing this lif
F if lk wat sed didn't giv solutin las wk?
Didn't say anser vs 33? If that climax why vs 34?
If Ts atend semnarys 2day flunk Serm Prep #1.
Se =intro,3 pts, conclu: Js giv=intro,3 pts, conc, concl
But shud conv & not analys Boug mon manning numbers But shud copy & not analys Bcuz mor meaning, purpose Conclusin vs 33 suppos lead lk 2 God all circum lif Js knu peop worry present, but also futur; quest wat bout fud, cloth, watr, sheltr 2day & nexwk & so on He say 34 remin peop no jus present but futur days All us eithr hav worry, ocasingor worry all time Think sum1 worry constan=U try help, they say Yes BUT Ther always BUT & reasin Bcum bog dwn worry/fret & wen kno solutin refus stop wory/fret & caus by Satan Peop Js deal with worry, fud, watr, cloth then & futur He knu all peop do this But He no mean we not 2sav rainy day/insuranc etc Wat He pt out, lk stoks all time, worry pile more & mor & worry bout thing no can control Examp this=Lk 12:16-21 Not prob lk 2 futur, but liv complet 4 futur & G inter Js words=Vs 21=Rich 2ward G & not things of man Js also say ea day cum & bring probs of own so why worry bout othr days no face yet? Cros needles bridg no xxxx hav 2 cros (Illus M. Annette Greenberg, housewif & fear)
This wat all say 2 God wen continu fret, worry & solv by self Can't U pictur this afront 2 God? He big enuf 4 salv le Js dy crul deth, we 4givn, liv etern, but cannot tak But Mrs. Greenberg overcum=How? Read G's Word wat sa say & how do thru=Mos, Isites, Elijah, Peter, Tom, others Study G'S Word & insted wring hands say Wat can I do took Bib in 2 hand & G anser her need If we hav this prob, wen fac it, G can & wil anser & stil harts, giv peac by His Word (Illus Moody & Doubt) Heb 13:8=anser complet; Mark dwn kno wher find it 4gav sin past, wil do presen, continu do futur; tuk away pas doubt, continu tak 4 all eternty
Cur worry not-Drs, psychs, pil anythin els man/self Cur Worry is, has bin, always wilB Js Xp R U Wil stan 4 Him alon & on Him? R wil recogniz & wory 4 wat is=tool of Satan 2 separat us & God Realy want overcum diseas tak Joy out Xpian life, then 2day let ea us tak that stan upon Js Xp shud hav Let Him B Lord Ur lif

that person? Normally it will be, "What you say makes a lot of sense, BUT."

Pre is always that "BUT" which intervenes. The reason is that we can become so bogged down in our worrying, and frettting about things that even when we know the solution, we worry still more and refuse toxstop. There is that "But what if, this or that happens," or, "But there may be this taking place," and so on. It is like a disease that we cannot shake and it is caused by Satan continuously inserting doubts in our minds in all areas of life.

The people Jesus was dealing with had deep concerns about their day to day living. Food, water, clothing, shelter, all of these had to met and were questionable in many respects. These were present concerns. But Jesus knew they were thinking about them in regard respect to what tomorrow would bring and the days beyond these. We must first of all point out that what Jesus is saying in this verse does not mean that we should not put aside money for a rainy day, or that we should not buy a life insurance policy and things of this nature. Doing lese things is a wise use of what God has given us, becuase it helps take care of some future needs. But what He is saying is that if we become so bogged down in worrying which whether our stock is making as much money as it should, and reading the Wall Street Journal every waking moment, or if we worry if we will become incapacitated in old age if we will have enough to see us through to the end; these are the things Jesus is talking about. We cannot know the future. WE can only live today, this moment and we should use this moment to its best advantage and we cannot do that if we are all wrapped up in worry about what we have no control over.

The classic example of this is found in the 12th chapter of the Gospel of Luke.

Jesus told a parable and we start reading this in the 16th verse.

(Read and exposit verses 16 through 21). It was not a matter of the man making provision for the future, but it was his living completely for the future for his ease, his retirement. Everything he had was going into his future plans but God has a way stepping into a situation and bringing it about in a different direction. Jesus' concluding words for this parabe are what we should be seek-

ing. It is seeking to be Rich in the things toward God, and not rich toward rselves.

Jesus was also saying that as each day comes along it brings with it its own special problems and it is pointless to worry about problems that we are not even facing yet. Why spend needless time crossing bridges you may never have to cross?is what He is saying.

I read of a housewife named M. Annette Greenberg who told of her struggle with woory and fear. This is what she says: (Read this illustration).

This is what all of us are saying to God when we continue to worry and fret and then strive to solve those problems by ourselves. Can't you picture what an affront that is to God? He was big enough to provide for our salvation, to let Jesus die a cruel death so that we could be forgiven and live exernally with Him. But He cannot take away our worries and our doubts. But Mrs. Greenberg overcame her worries and her fears. Do you know how? By reading everyhing in God's Word that He has to say about this problem. She began to see that God has answers for it and He showed it in other people's lives like Moses, the people wandering in the wilderness, Elijah, Peter, Thomas and many others. She xxxx started to study God's Word. Instead of just walking around wringing her hands and moaning, "What shall I do?", she took into her hands her Bible and God answered her need. If we're having this problem, and when we face this problem, God can and will answer it and still our hearts and lives with His peace, His Word. But we must learn to go to it and seek those answers. The late evangelist Dwight L. Moody was once asked about this very subject. (Illustration of Moody and doubts)

The author of Hebrews gives us this answer in the 13th chapter the 8th verse.

Mark this down if you don't know where to find it, Hebrews 13:8. It says
there, "Jesus Christ the same yesterday, and today, and forever." That means
that if we believe in Him, He is the same always, He never changes. He forgave
us our sins in the past, will forgive them in the present, and will continue to
forgive them in the future. He took away our doubts and will continue to take

them away for all eternity. The cure for worry is not doctors, psychiatrists, pills, or anything else of man or of ourselves. The cure for worry is, has been and will always be Jesus Christ.

Are we willing to stand on Him and Him alone? Are we willing to recognize fear and worry for what it is and that is a tool of Satan to separate us from God? If we really want to overcome this insidious ties disease which can take away the Joy we should have in living the Christian life, then let us each one today, take that stand upon Jesus Christ we should have.

ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST Butler, Pennsylvania Rally Day September 12, 1982 The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Pastor Mr. Dave McClaine, Speaker Mrs. Barb Andrews, Church School Superintendent Walther *Hymn: "Praise Him, Praise Him"

Praise Him, praise Him, all ye little children,
God is Love, God is love;
Praise Him, praise Him, all ye little children,
God is love, God is love. Love Him, love Him, all ye little children, God is love, God is love; Love Him, love Him, all ye little children God is love, God is love. Thank Him, thank Him, all ye little children, God is love, God is love; Thank Him, thank Him, all ye little children God is love, God is love. *Call to Worship - Barb Andrews, General Superintendent Promotion of Students Hymn No. 681 "Le Who's Who in the Pew "Let There Be Peace on Earth" Announcements Concerns, Joys and Prayer Requests Dave McClaine Offering Offertory "Adoration" Peeters Scripture: Message: "Views on the satanic influences of today's rock music on young people" Prayer and Lord's Prayer "Pass it On" *Hymn 641 *Benediction *Postlude

The Lovely Flowers on the Altar have been placed by Mrs. Grace Riddle in memory of "Loved Ones"
Serving as Ushers today are: *Alta Kradel,
Ann Williams, Lois Stokes, Grace Riddle.
Ms. Marlene Riemer and Ms. Debby Melton (Deaconesses)
will greet the Congregation and Visitors at the door this morning.

Mon. - 6-8 Aerobics; Tues. - 6-8 Aerobics; Thurs. -6-8 Aerobics Wed. - 7:15 - New Singers are cordially invited to join our Chancel Choir this season. Wed. - Sept. 15th at 6:00 P.M. - Women's Fellowship Fall Meeting - Salad Smorgasbord for ALL the women in the church. There will be a short business meeting. Mrs. Anton Zotter will share her "Doll Collection" with us. Don't miss this event as she presents a very interesting program. Beverage and rolls will be furnished - bring salad and your own table service. Thurs. - 10:00 - Mary Martha Circle will have a picnic Thurs. Sept. 16th. Bring weiners and buns. Meet at Thurs. Sept. 16th. Bring weiners and buns. Meet at church at 10:00 A.M.

Thurs. - Sept. 16 - Budget and Finance Committee meeting at 7:00 P.M. (Please bring your work sheets new ones can not be made up yet.

Next Saturday - Sept. 18 - The Activities Committee will have a booth at the Ethenic Days event on Main St. downtown. They will be selling funnel cakes.

Sept. 26 - Congregational Dinner - 5:30 P.M. and meeting. Special program is planned. meeting. Special program is planned.

Sept. 29 - Hoagie Sale (sponsored by the Activities Committee. Order blanks are available in the Narthex or from Betty Carney and Evie Dellen. TOMATOES ARE NEEDED FOR THE SOUP AND SALAD DAY - We have not received any as yet. Call Ann Williams or Lois Stokes if you can donate any tomatoes. Mrs. Elsie Kornrumpf would like to thank those that sent cards, get well wishes and prayers while she was in the $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Hospital}}$. Hospitalized: Mrs. Mary Lou Davis, Mrs. Bernice Nicholas. Mrs. Betty Tressler will be going in

TUES SEAT 28 - TEACHERS MEETING)

Confirmation Class and Sunday School begins 19th at

Wed - to McGee Hospital.

ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST Butler, Pennsylvania
Sixteenth Sunday After Pentecost
The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Pastor
Mr. Harry Cunningham, Organist and Choir Director ORDER OF WORSHIP - 11700 A.M.
Prelude "Praise to Thee and Adoration" Kindermann
*Processional Hymn No. 328 "Begin, My Tongue, Some Heavenly
Theme" *Ascription *Call to Worship (Page 329 in Hymnal) *Praise Pastor: Blessed be the Lord God People: And blessed be His glorious Name Forever *Gloria Patri Who's Who in the Pew Announcements Joys, Concerns, Prayer Requests Hymn No. 601 "Savior, Like a Shepherd Lead Us" Call to Prayer
Pastor: The Lord be with you
People: And with thy spirit Pastor: Let us pray Offering Offertory "All Glory Be to God on High'
Soripture: Matthew 7:1-2
Sermon: "The Problem Spirit"
*Hymn No. 670 "Once to Every Man and Nation"
*Benediction "All Glory Be to God on High" Bach *Postlude The Lovely Flowers on the Altar have been placed by Mid Diefenderfer in loving memory of "Husband" Jack Serving as Ushers today are: *Rob Vinroe, Robert Dellen, Randy Dellen and Brian Kennedy.

Hospitalized: Mrs. Mary Lou Davis and Rebecca Shearer
BCMH; Mrs. Betty Tressler, Magee Hosp, Pgh.; Mrs.
Alma Rex, St. Margaret's, Pgh.— Hon E
Debby Melton and Karen Link will be visiting the Hospital this week. Campaign again for Sunday School to increase enrollment. Theme for this 6 weeks is the Family That Prays Together Stays Together. We need an Assistant Superintendent for Church School. If you can help with this project please see Barb Andrews, Superintendent or let someone in the Office know. Next Sunday will be the Congregational Dinner at 5:30 P.M. A special program is being planned for your entertainment.

Monday and Tuesday - 6-8 - Aerobics in Rehoboth Hall.

Wednesday - 7:15 P.M. New members are most welcome.

Wednesday - right after the Choir practice. - Music

wednesday - right after the Choir practice. - Music Committee meeting.
October 3 - World Wide Communion in the Pew Wed. - Sept. 29 - Hoagie Sale (sponsored by the Activities Committee. Order blanks are available in the Narthex or from Betty Carney and Evic Dellen.
TOMATOES ARE NEEDED FOR THE SOUP AND SALAD DAY...
Contact Lois Stokes or Ann Williams.

October 12 - Soup and Salad Day
Oct. 16 - Apple Butter Day
Oct. 17 - and 5 additional Sunday Evenings - film series on Family Life. Bring your friends and relatives -We would like to have a good attendance for this. The attendance last Sunday was 156 with 11 Visitors. Theresa Palmer will be in the Nursery today - in Rehoboth Hall.

Tickets are available from the different ladies of the Women's Fellowship. You can learn a lot from reading the Bible; you can

learn still more by practicing it.

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The Problem Spirit
   Scrip: Mt. 7:1-2; Text: Mt. 7:2
Now cum conclud chap Serm Mt:Js gon thru dif detail shu mark & separat Xpian/Non-Xpian
Now go in 2 study of doctrin & chap deal contrasts; cortrast wat hap wen sumthin dun 1 way/& resul if oth But t cum clear this chap=We R undr watchful eye God Ther4 Js teach import relatship 2 G, but 2 feloman Emphas not so much wat othr peop think us, but G thin Lrg measur probs fac du 2 fac we 4get lif Byon this 1 We liv as only 1 lif, & this only worl & lif Beum 1 lrg plan get al can,do al enjoy,& in proces run things our way
But if liv as tho only 1 step remov from lif Bvon.
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things our way
But if liv as tho only 1step remov from lif Byon,
wud tak lif mor seriusly
Js Bgin by say we no judg Bcuz we selvs B judged &
wat we do this erth determin judg us by G nex world
Thus imperativ Bgin put lif propr perspectiv
Wat duz word Judg mean? A prob in Xpian Ch, misunderst
Dictinary no help, we deal spiritul, not secular, but
mus lk seculr & C how apply 2 Church
Wat cud call age liv in? Now Gen; Me Gen; AGE OF APEASM
Mean we lk society 2day & waterr situ,go long/no wav
Drug=mari partic=no endorc=legliz
Pre-marital sex, free luv & sex choic shud B abl mak
Result=teen preg, unmarry preg=solv by abortin

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Rites=homos,crimnals=result=not rt infring fredom exp

No deth penalty inhuman evn tho slauter,butchr many

No rite find man gilty try asasinate pres=priv disag

Al this type apeasment brot bout hatred,dislik of man

who stan 4th,kno wat Bliev,& tak strong stan & man is

para off as 1 imposib get long with

I s hap smear pas pres,ldrs,continu 2day evn Church

we R 2 apeas,admit,embrac any/all who want cum in2

ch regardles wat Bliev,bcuz this their rite

2do otherwis is 2B gilty of judg & Js pregh aginit

But is this wat Js taut? No it isn't Bcuz Bibl fil

with wat ldrs Ch,Pastor,eldr etc 2do & that is 2stand

on & 4 certin doctrin regard wat othrs Ch say

gal 1:8-9=P sed;duz apply 2day? Of cors duz & any1

who disput tak actin agin sum1 lik this Bcuz it judg

that pers need 2B thrown out as wel

But is this all ther is? I Bliev wen lk propr lite,we

can C mak judgment deeisins in Ch & worl part of life

Mt. 7:2=Ex Js gav othr chaps was=Phars,but wer they J

Perhap word mor closly describ wat did=Condemning

" y knu Mos Cod,wat sed,wat prop liv it 2B,

at last they thot they did & so any1 act dif was not

So Js say=U gilty condemn sum1 4 sumthin,U R goin 2B

condemn as wel sam actin dish out/2B dight. So Js say=U gilty condemn sum1 4 sumthin,U R goin 2B

condemn as wel, sam actin dish out/2B dish a

Dangr Js pt out=kno al ansers, hav al solitins, but thoz ansers, solutins brot self-damation
Jf pk of kind of spirit in this matter
was self-riteous spirit Phars, othrs possess
They Bliev they rite, all othrs rong
B' nd all this is spirit of SELF
SELF-ritousnes, SELF-ishnes, Pride, the sins of Capital
SELF

This is The Problem Spirit & lie within ea us May no B as much trubl 4 sum as othrs, but neverles it stil ther within wait 2 cum 4th Tru test sum underly evidenc this spirit can B seen if wil 2 lk at selves & ask few questins Ask: Do I evr hav fealin of B pleas wen I hear xumf sumthin unpleasant bout nothr persn? Do I tak pleasur in misfortun sum1 I no partic fond

Do I spred stories or tel tales 2 sum1 evn wen I dont hav all the facts? Do I mak up my mind bout situation without listen 2 explanatin of all of circumstances?
Ther interest illus bout this found chap 9 Luke Vss 51-54=READ

Vss 51-54=KEAD
Then vss 55-56 anser giv 2them=READ
Js say in effect=This not Ur judgment 2mak, that
Blongs 2 God
This problem Spirit all us mus deal with & that is:
Taking the Authority & power which Blongs 2 God &
using it as our own
This duznt mean we mus nevr stan 4th & mak judgments
continuing singurates.

certin circumstances

Al. us wer yet sinners wen Xp died 4 us
He clens us & has provid way which we can pas from
deth 2 lif We R 2 liv 4 Him, & liv lik Him, realizing that it is His luv which shud keep us, & not the Problem Spirit of the world.

Scripture: Matthew 7:1-2

xt: Matthew 7:2

We now come to the concluding chapter of the Sermon on the Mount. Jesus has gone through all of the different details which should mark and separate a Christian from a Non-Christian. Now He goes into a study of doctrine. This chapter deals with contrasts; the contrast of what happens when something is done one way and what the result is if it is done another way. But the point which comes out more clearly perhaps in this chapter than the previous two chapters is that we are constantly under the watchful eye of God. Therefore, Jesus is teaching the importance of our relationship not only to God, but to our fellowman. The emphasis is not so much on what other people think of us, but instead, what God thinks of us. A large measure of the problems we face is due to the fact that we forget that there is a life beyond this one. We live as though this were the only life and the only world and thus life beomes one large plan of getting all we can from it, doing all we can to enjoy it, and in the process running things OUR WAY. But if we lived each day with the constant knowledge that we are only one step removed from the life beyond, we would take www these lives more seriously. Jesus opens this 7th chapter with the admonition that we are not to judge because we ourselves are being judged, and what we do on this earth is going to determine a judgement of each of us by God in the world beyond. Thus it is imperative that we begin to place our lives in the proper perspective. We first must deal with the opening thought of Jesus when He says, "Judge not, that ye be not judged." This is a statement which has caused and continues to within

that ye be not judged." This is a statement which has caused and continues to within cause much understanding and in particular in the Christian Church. What does the word "Judge" mean? We cannot define it by just checking it in a dictionary because those meanings are of no real help. We are dealing with a spiritual issue at this point and secualr thinking cannot help. But perhaps to understand this more fully we need to look at the secular life in order to see how it applies in the life of the Christian and the Church.

What could we entitle the age in which we live? Some have dalled it the "Now eneration, the Me Generation" and other names. But the title which fits this age better than any other perhaps is the "Age of Appeasement." This means that as we look at society today we see that whatever the situation may be, just go along with it and don't make waves. Drugs are a problem in particular mariuanja but since it is such a great effort to control it, legalize it we are told. Pre-marital sex and free love and sex are choices we should be able to make. Because of this immorality teen-age pregnancies are running at all time highs, as well as an increased amount of pregnancies among all unmarried women, the solution, legalize abortion and that solves the problem. Organized groups are fighting and struggling to preserve and protect the so called "Rights" of many groups including all sorts of criminals. It isn't right to stand in their way of freeedom of expression. It's considered inhuman to sentence someone to deat even though he may have slaughtered and butchered a dozen or so victims. It isn't right to find a man guilty who think tries to assassinate the president or someone else, it's his privilege to disagree in this manner. And all of this type of appeasement has wrenkxinkoxkhexchurchxandxwexarexaokxko brought about the hatred and dislike of any man who stands forth who knows what he believes and stands on those beliefs strongly, and that man is passed off as one who is impossible to get along with. This has happened in the smearing of our past presidents and leaders and continues today and yes, it is even taking plac in the church. We are to embrace and all who want to come into the church regardless of what they believe or what they stand for because that is their right. To do otherwise is to be guilty of judging and Jesus preached against that. But is that what Jesus taught? No it isn't. The Bible is filled with what government officials should what government officials should be doing in office. And by the same token, the leaders of the Church, the pastors and the teachers are to stand on and for certain doctrines regardless of what others in the church may say. Look at what Paul told the people in the Church in Galatia as recorded in the 1st chapter the 8th and 9th verses, (read this).

Does that still apply today? Of course it does and anyone who disputes that aking action against someone like this is judging that person needs to be thrown out of the church as well.

But is this all there is to this? I believe that from all of this we can see that making xudgementa judgement decisions in the church and the world is a necessary part of life. If we look at the second verse we can perhaps understand this much better. Jesus says, (Read this). The example He gave in the preceeding chapters was of the Pharisees. But were they really guilty of judging? Perhaps a word which would more closely describe their actions was that of condemning. They knew what the Mosaic Code said and what ix was involved in the proper living of it. At least they thought they did. So anyone who acted in a different manner than that Law as they saw it was not so much judged by them, but condemned for it. So Jesus is saying that if you are guilty of condemning someone for something you are going to be condemned and the same hak action you dish out is going to be dished out to you as well. The danger Jesus was pointing but was that of knowing all of the answers and having all of the solutions, but those answers and solutions brought self-damnation. Jesus was speaking of a kind of spirit in this matter. It was a self-righteous spirit which the Pharisees and others possessed. They believed they were right and everyone else was wrong. Behind all of this is the spirit of "SELF." Self-righteousness, self-ishness, pride, the sins of capital SELF. This is the "Problem Spirit" which lies within each of us. It may not be of as much trouble for as some as it is to others, but nevertheless it is still there within each of us. A true test of some of the underlying evidences of this spirit can be seen if we are willing to look at ourselves and ask a few questions. We need to ask, "Do I ever have the feeling of being pleased when I hear something unpleasant about another person? Do I take pleasure in the misfortune of someone I am not particularly fond of? Do I spread stories or tell tales of to someone even when I don't have all the facts? Do I make up my mind about a situation without listening to an explanation of the circumstances?"

ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST Butler, Pennsylvania
Seventeenth Sunday After Pentecost
The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Pastor September 26, 1982 Mr. Harry Cunningham, Organist and Choir Director Mr. Roland Thompson, Saxophonist Heather Covert, Chris Covert - Acolytes "Offrande" P.
*Processional Hymn No. 335 "Praise the Lord!" *Exhortation *Confession (In Unison) "O Lord Jesus Christ who didst give Thy life for us that we might receive pardon and peace, mercifully cleanse us from all sin, and evermore keep us in Thy favor and Love, who livest and reignest with the Father, and the Holy Spirit, ever one God, world without end. Amen." *Kyrie *Assurance of Pardon *Praise *Pastor: Blessed be the Lord God! *People: And blessed be His Glorious Name forever *Gloria Patri Who's Who in the Pew Announcements Joys, Concerns, Prayer Requests Hymn No. 399 "Jesus Calls Us o'er the Tumult" Call to Prayer
Pastor: The Lord be with you
People: And with thy spirit Pastor: Let us Pray Offering Offertory "I Am Thine, O Lord" Doane *Doxology 382
Baptism of Brian Matthew Isherwood, Son of Anthem: "Praise The Name of the Lord" Ivanoff
Scripture Matthew 7:1-5
rmon: "Self-Surgery"

*Closing Hymn No. 425 "Cleanse Me"
Benediction
Postlude
+ + + + + + + + + *Congregation Standing + + + + + +
The Lovely Flowers on the Altar have been placed by
Mrs. Peg McClymonds to the "Glory of God"
Serving as Ushers today are: *Richard Mangel,
Don Kingeley, Art Carney and Gary Penar.
Mr. & Mrs. Gottlob Kradel will greet the Congregation
and Visitors at the door today. OT
Hospitalized: Mary Lou Davis, ECMH! Betty Tressler,
Magee, Pgh, Florence MacKinney, Allegheny General,
Pgh.
Nursery will be provided today by Bonnie Vensel and
Michelle Herry.
WE NEED PEOPLE TO HELP SET UP TABLES AND CHAIR IN
REHOBOTH HALL RIGHT AFTER THE SERVICE FOR THE CONGREGATIONAL TOWIGHT AT 5:30 P.M. A special program is
being planned. Beverage and dessert will be provided.
Bring enough tureens to compensate for your family.
Mon, and Tues - 6-8 Aerobics in Rehoboth Hall.
Tues. - 7:30 - Teachers and Officers Meeting
Thurs. - 7:15 P.M. - Choir Rehearsal.
A Youth Choir Director is being sought. If you know of
someone who would willingly serve as a choir director
for our children, please ask him/her to contact Lloyd
Link or Harry Cunningham.
Are you a pianist? Would you consider playing in a
cantata this Christmas?Interested accompanists should
contact Mr. Cunningham to arrange for an audition.
We will be making hoagies on Sept. 29th (Wednesday),
starting at 9:00 A.M. Anyone willing to help would be
greatly appreciated. Men and women are both welcome."
We are still in need of Asst. Supt. to help with church
school.
Another campaign for Sunday School to increas enrollment. Theme for this 6 wks is the Family That Prays
Together Stays Together.
Donald Kennedy and Ray Covert will be visiting the

Hospital this week.

Thurs. Aerobics in Rehoboth Hall.

"Self-Surgery" Scrip: Mt. 7:1-5; Text: Mt. 7:3-5 Las wk spok Js defin Judg; only part Bouz elab furthr man time & this examp Scrip 2day J sed not our provinc 2 tak part of G, Judg 2B His & wen tak G's part, we 2B judg by Him in return We deal 2day situatin we all kno & we gilty of it in 1way or othr Bcuz it part our humanes (Illus man try convert frend & kno him bettr than G)
This may not B our intent, but times we play G & this exact wat Js point out Did evr read this Scrip & think humorous? It is & Js audenc mus roar laf=gud politic cartoon=explain Js pt sarcasm at Phars=Hypocrites=Explain Lk 18:9-14=examp wat Js say=sum tax col crooks=ALL R Thez conclusins worl reach Peop 1k 2day thru rubbl smash hopes, dream, & 1st time perhap lif tak sombr mean & they lk 4 values 4 life No C in busnes worl, or seculr & many turn 2 church Wat R they see? R peop name name Js Xp sho values??? Or R thez peop same as rest worl? We witnes sevrl wa (Illus woman NY & worn hands) R our hands worn 4 Js Xp, or is it jus lip serv we giv? R we wil stoop 2B servs as our examp=I CAM NOT 2B MINSTR UN2, BUT 2 MINSTER & GIV LIF RANSUM MANY We witnes 4 Js Xp by wat do in & thru Ch=actin spks But also othr means we spk of our sitnes 4 Him (Ex P Newman movie Exodus & soldier kno Jew by eye) Witnes our blindnes by atitudes 2ward othrs different & we pt faults, probs & we superior=it beam & mote agi it go furthr: (IIIus man visit mothr, help sistr hous cros street) How oft find self positin kno everthing, draw conclus, & we dont hav facts? How oft inocent hurt Bouz this happen? This wat Js say=vs 5=READ This cal 4 Self-Surgery, we clear our eyes B4 try 2 clear othrs It is by our attitudes, as well as actins, & our mouths that we sho we R truly His discipls, or we sho we dis g this worl=Satan If it requir Self-Surgery 2do this, then need ask Js help by sho us how 2 Bgin 2liv 4 Him He stan redy 2 help no matr who we R, or wat we dun, Quest is=R we wil 2 mak that decisin 2day????

"Self-Surgery"

Scripture: Matthew 7:1-5

Text: Matthew 7:3-5

Last week we spoke of Jesus defining Judging. But that was only one part of the subject and as He did quite often He further elaborated on the subject to carry it to its logical conclusion.

We had said that the real gist of what Jesus was saying was that it is not in our province to take the part of God. Judging is to be left to God because when we strive to take God's role we ourselves will be judged by Him.

So now we come to an elaboration of judging but in perhaps a different way. We are dealing today with the situation as we all know it. Jesus is dealing with the issue and we are all guilty of it in one degree or another because it is a part of our humanness. Perhaps we could first see it by looking at it from the direction of a little story.

(Illustration of man everyone tried to convert & knowing him better than God)
This may not be our intent in many situations but as we said last week there
are times when we have a tendency to play God. This is what our Scripture for
this morning is saying.

Did you ever read this portion of Scripture and think of it as being humorous?

Well it is. I am sure that when Jesus spoke these words His audience roared with laughter and we should too. As I think of this Scripture I believe that it would make a great political cartoon. The cartoon would picture a man from either party trying to help a man from the opposite party. One man would have a 2x4 sticking out his eye and the other man would be blinking because of a small cinder in his eye. And the man with the 2x4 would be saying, "Here let me show you how to get that cinder out of your eye. This is what needs to be done." This is the picture Jesus is giving. Partially He was xaiming His witty sarcasm at the Pharisees. But He was also aiming it at anyone who has the nerv to try to correct someone elses faults without correcting his own first.

The words Jesus uses in the 5th verse are the familiar words He used at other times in this Sermon when He addressed some of them as "Hypocrites." He is

speaking of some of the Pharisees and anyone who is acting out a role. As we sold before the word "hypocrite" is one "who acts out a part, a play actore."

A hypocrite is one who professes to be a Christian and then continues to live and act as a non-Christian.

Jesus gives us an example of this in the 18th chapter of Luke beginning with the 9th verse. (Read this through 14th verse). We see here the Pharisee condemning the tax-collector. He is judging him. Since some tax-collectors were crooks and cheats, all of them were crooks and cheats. These are the conclusions we as humans are so quick to arrive at. The world is searching through the rubble of smashed hopes and dreams today as it never has before. Perhaps for the first time since the depression of the 30's. For many people life is taking on a somber meaning for the first time. It is no longer fun and games, it has become a struggle for survival and because of this people are looking for values. They are not seeing them in the secular or business world and many of them are turn—

g their eyes to the Church. What are they seeing? Are the people who name the name of Jesus Christ within the Cristian Church giving them the values they so badly need and so badly crave? Or are those Church people giving them the same values they see in the selfish materialistic society around them?

We witness to our Christianity in several ways.

(Illustration of lady in New York City and her worn hands)

Are our hands worn from service for Jesus Christ or is it just lip-service we are giving? Are we willing to stoop to the task of being servants using as our example the One who said, "I came not to be ministered unto, but to minister and to give My life a ransom of for many?" Or have we thus far in our Christian walk seen fit to let everyone else do it? We witness for Jesus Christ by what we do for Him in and through His Church. It is by our actions that we speak for or against Him.

Lat it is also through other means that we witness to clear vision for Jesus Christ. A movie of the first Jews to return in 1948 to begin the new state of Israel brings a part of this out very clearly. The movie was entitled "Exodus."

In that movie, Paul Newman who in real life is a Jew, portrays a man who is verking with the British Army and British authorities to get several ships of Jews unloaded and settled in their new homeland. He portrays the role of a Hewish official but it is not common knowledge in the film that he is a Jew. In one scene a British soldier standing with others on the pier is making anti-Semitic remarks. Paul Newman overhears what is being said. A part of the soldiers remarks have to do with him saying, "I would know one of these Jews anywhere. I can spot them a mile away." Another soldier asks how he can do this, and he remarks, "By their eyes, you can tell by their eyes, that's how you can tell if they are Jews. I know one by looking at his eyes." At this point, Paul Newman pretends that he gets something blown in his eye and he turns to the soldier and asks him to have a look at it. The British soldier looks in his eye to find the speck, and unwittingly is looking into the eye of a Jew and does not recognize that he is a Jew. He remarks that he cannot see anything and Paul wman pretends that it has been removed.

We witness to our blindness by our attitudes toward others of a different race or color. We can point out their faults, their peculiarities that make us supprior to them and in this respect we see the speck in their eyes, and ignore the beam in ours.

But this attitude carries even further than that.

(Illustration of man visiting sister to care for parents and church gossip).

We can often find ourselves in a position where we do not have all of the facts, and yet we may draw conclusions that may hurt or harm the character of someone who is perfectly innocent. Paul spoke to this very issue as once again we find it recorded to his letter to the Galatians chapter 6, verses 1 through 3, (read these). What Paul is saying is identical to what Jesus said. We are to think and act spiritually toward everyone and not look for the specks in their eyes, wile we are overlooking the meams in our own eyes. The solution which Jesus gave is to first remove the beam from our own eyes and then we can help our brother with his problem. This calls for self-surgery. If we are to be witnesses for Jesus Christ we must recognize that in everything we show forth our true

love for Him. By our actions, by our attitudes and by our mouths we either how we truly are His Disciples, or we show we are disciples of the god of this world which is Satan. If it requires Self-Surgery to accomplish this, then we need to ask Jesus to help us to really begin to live for Him. He stands ready to help each of us regardless of who we are or what our station in life. Are we willing to make that decision today?

ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST World Wide Communion Sunday October 3, 1982
The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Pastor
Mr. Harry Cunningham, Organist and Choir Dir. Mr. Roland Thompson, Saxophonist Danny Mangel and Meredi+h, Acolytes Prelude "A Major" Zachan "Tranquilla" Gigault *Processional Hymn 557 "Christ is made the sure foundation" *Ascription *Call to Communion and Confession - (Communion folder) *Prayer of Confession - (Communion Folder) *Assurance of Pardon *Praise Pastor: Blessed be the Lord God! People: And blessed be His glorious Name forever. *Gloria Patri Who's Who In The Pew Announcements Moments of Praise and Joys Offering Offertory "Jesus, Sinners Doth Receive" Lenel *Doxology Installation of Deaconess Anthem: "As We Break the Bread" Evans
Scripture: Matthew 7:6
Sermon: "Spiritual Discrimination"
Communion Hymn 274 "Alas! and did my Savior bleed"
*The Service of Holy Communion (Page 2, Communion Folder)
The Lord's Supper Distribution of the Bread Distribution of the Cup *Prayer of Thanksgiving
*Hymn 404 "O Love That Will Not Let Me Go" *Hymn 404 "U beve had will not be with the semination *Benediction *Postlude "Jesus, Thy Blood and Righteousness" Bouman + + + + + + + *Congregation Standing + + + + + + + + The Lovely Flowers on the Altar have been placed by Mrs. Louis Zubik in loving memory of her "Husband"

The Elders and Deacons will serve communion today as well as serve as Ushers. Nursery will be provided by Mary Dellen & Valerie Hartley.
Hospital: Florence MacKinney, Allegheny General Monday - 6-8 Aerobics; Tues. - 6-8 Aerobics Monday - 7:30 - Mary Prugh Circle meeting at Church.
Wed. - 7:00 - Council Meeting
Thurs. - 7:15 P.M. - Choir Rehearsal.
A Youth Choir Director is being sought...If you know of someone who would willingly serve as a choir director for our children, please ask him/her to contact Lloyd Link or Harry Cunningham.

Are you a pianist? Would you consider playing in a cantata this Christmas? Interested accompanists should contact Mr. Cunningham to arrange for an audition. Soup and Salad Day tickets are now on sale at \$2.50. Carrots and Onions are still needed - contact Ann Williams or Lois Stokes. We need lots of donations of baked goods and canned items as they sell well on the bazaar table. Tomatoes and peppers are needed for the salads. Soup & Salad Day - Oct. 12. Friends of Alice Beatty and Winifred Wachsmuth are invited to an "Open House" in Rehoboth Hall next Sunday, Oct. 10th from 2 to 4 P.M. to honor the twins Sunday, Oct. 10th from 2 to 4 P.M. to honor the twins on their 90th Birthday.

Sunday 17th and for 5 additional Sunday Evenings - Film series on Family Life will be shown here in our Church. Bring your friends and relatives. We would like to have a good attendance for these films.

Don't forget to sign your communion card. If you are visiting with us - you can put the name of the church and address on the back and it will be forwarded to your church. your church.

Paul Campbell and Art Snyder will be visiting the Hospital this week. The Butler Co. Easter Seal Society will be sponsoring Family Sign Language Classes beginning Tues, Oct. 12 and continuing through Nov. 16. Each tues. 7-9 P.M. at the Easter Seals Treatment Center. (See Bulletin B.) Sr. Citizen School Volunteer Program -(See Bulletin B.) Council and Budget and Finance Meeting after Service.

"Spiritual Discrimination" Scrip & Text: Mt. 7:6 As 1k 1 vs scrip apear 2 stan by self & intrjec dif subj in2 final chap Js serm Mt.
Lay hav red many tim & thot this case, but closr scrutny find not so Je had bin deal subj JUDG; had pt out we need B awar we judg, we in turn judg by G, 4 this His provinc Then Js spok easy C falts othrs, wen our livs mayB much wors thoz we lk at & 2ovrcum=Slf-Surgry, clear eys & then in positin lk thing mor objectivly Vs 6=He say, & this foloup 4go vss, Tak plac aftr clear But shud pt out if Js teach end 1st 5vss, finl pt wud hav bin Xpians shud nevr mak judgments, but Js no sed,& this not wat He ment If this wer tru then His Ch is 2permit any1 2B part of it regardles of wat do, Bliev, or wat heresy promot We kno His teach things of G 2B kep clean, spotles & yhis why this vs at end aftr 1st 5 It spks how Xpian 2handl prob aftr clean own act Js sho examps & need underst vs=Wat mean Perl, dog, pig Perls=Xpain messag, measg K of G, but if perls Xpain mesag is He cal UnBlievrs Dogs, Swine? Yes & No Dogs Js day scavengrs, no domestic, fierc, dangrous, wile Sqine epitome unclean 2 Jew peop, no eat, uncle, untouch 1 Respec He say unBlievrs Dog/swine, but here Spirit Discrimnination cum in Lk examps Js talk peop=Womn wel=she saybtru worship, Js say no import wher, G intres hart involv worship Nicodemus=educat Jew ldr, explain childlik wat mus hap persn lif cum 2 G=Spirit Rebirth, simpl/profound Pilate=anser quests, they spk of G, giv Pilat mesag G F od=no anser Bcuz shud hav kno anser & he no realy Jek rt ansers, lik Pilat wanted 2 kno Js knu vast dif Btween 2, & use Sp Discrim=thus Js sho time/plac 2B witnes (Illus farmer no get rid weeds & told 2 mov) Sumwat lik Js examp Pilat/Herod=Say time wen futil 2 tel mesag G His salvatin, that pt lik giv Perls 2 Dogs or Pigs No mean we refus spk 2unBlievrs of separat from G (Illus athiest, Xpain & life K David)
Xpian spok, man herd mesag, wat do with tween him & G He tol luv G, othrs lik him, that import, oft oposit= (Illus man invit strangr Ch, nevr invit 7 yrs) hap on insid & outsid=(Illus litl girl=Do U Luv Js Mom?) 4how many us this tru? Who we invit Ch? or evr bothr? & __nt 2shar Him? Js want us 2B practic Sp Discrim, but not silent witne peop tel me al time cannot spk of faith 2 othrs,

yet involv convers sports, wethr sumthin else, talk freely, openly Why? Bcuz many them refus 2do things mak any1 witnes 4 Js Xp Read, study Bibl tak time, so duz meditat on G
But use all sorts excus 2get out of it & yet these
R mor import anythin in lif How much eternl signif impostanc wil sports, weth in G's eternl Home? Lif we liv here & now 4 L Js mos vitl thing we can evr do & 1 day we wil all discovr this in life Byond Js gav everthin includ lif 4us, & wat ask in return that we giv selvs 2Him & no spend livs pt falts othrs Insted, want us straiten out live, then cary mesag 2 othrs, use Spiritual Discriminatin He want us prac ontive the same of the composition of laith 2 others, peop tol me all time compos apt of laith 2 others,

"Spiritual Discrimination"

Scripture and Text: Matthew 7:6

As we look at this one verse of Scripture it appears toxstand all by itself and to interject a different subject into this final chapter of Jesus' Sermon on the Mount. You may have read it many times as I have and have thought this was the case. But upon very close scrutiny we find this is not so. Jesus had been dealing with the entire subject of judging. He had pointed out that we need to be aware that when we judge we in turn would be judged because we were taking upon ourselves the province of God. He alone may judge and if we judge He in turn will judge us. Then Jesus spoke ETREE about it being so easy to see the problems and faults of others when in effect our lives are worse than those we are looking critically at. His method of overcoming these obstacles was to suggest Self-Surgery to clear our eyesight, our outlook and then we are in a position to look at things objectively.

Now He states, (Read verse 6). This is a follow-up of the foregoing verses. This takes place after the clean-up in the individual Christian's life had taken place.

But we should also point out that if Jesus' teaching on this subject had ended with the first five verses, the final point would have been that knexxix knextexis that it is not what Jesus said or meant. If this is true then He meant that His Church is to be permit anyone to be a part of it or to come into it regardless of what the believe, or what heresy they promote. But we know from His teaching that the things of God are to be kept as clean and spotless as we can possibly make them. This is why this 6th verse is found at the end of the portion on judging. It speaks of how a Christian is to handle this problem after he has cleaned up his own act. But the point which Jesus was making was that this is to be done with "Spiritual Discrimination."

Jesus shows us examples of how this xx is to be done. In order to understand what He was saying we need to understand this verse. What did He mean by degratand and several pearls, and dogs, and swine? The "Pearls" He was speaking of

Typeaking of throughout this Sermon. But if the "Pearls" is the Christian message, is He calling unbelievers "Dogs" and "Swine.?" The answer is yes and no. Dogs in the time of Jesus were not domesticated as we know dogs today. They were the scavengers of the villages and were figree and dangerous. They were a half-wild animal. Swine were the epitome of everything unclean to the Jewish people. Swines flesh was forbidden toobe eaten by Jews and therefore, everything connected with these animals was considered unclean, untouchable. So in one respect Jesus was saying there were dogs and swine among unbelievers, but here is where "Spiritual Discrimination" came in.

Look at the examples of Jesus as He spoke to those who were seeking answers for life. The woman at the well raised all sorts of arguments about true worship and Jesus kept bringing her back to the fact that God was, so much interested in where people worshiped as He was in the per individual heart involved in that orship. To Nicodemus the educated Jewish leader He explained in almost childish fashion what had to take place in an individual's life to come to God. He told that it took a spiritual rebirth, so simple and yet so profound. Then when He was arrested and brought before Pilate, He answered Pilate when He was asked questions, and His answers were such that they told Pilate mx about God and why Jesus was standing before him. Yet, when Pilate decided that it was not in his jurisdiction to hold this trial he sent Mesus to King Herod. And what happened there? Herod asked Jesus questions and Jesus never answered him. Why did He answer Pilate and not Herod? Herod should have known the answers and he wasn't really seeking the right answers, but Pilate was. Jesus knew there was a vast difference between the two and He was using "Spiritual Discrimination" From this we can deduce that Jesus was showing there was a time and a place to be a witness. But He also showed something else.

(Illustration of farmer wanting to get rid of weeds, told to move)

This is what Jesus was showing in the example of Pilate and Herod. He was saying in effect there is a time when it it futile to tell the message of God and

His salvation. At that point it is much like giving "Pearls" to dogs or pigs.
refuse to

This doesn't mean of course that we REXNER speak to unbelievers of their
following incident.

Separation from God. An example of this is like the INEXISENT

(Illustartion of Christian, Athiest, and the Bible, King David)

The Christian spoke to that man and he heard the message. What he does with it is between him and God. But he was told of God's love for him and others like him. And that is the important thing. Quite often the opposite is found to be true.

(Illustration of man inviting stranger to go to church, never invited 7 years)
But quite often this not only happens on the inside, but on the inside as well.

(Illustration of little girl & "Do you love Jesus, Mom?", no mention of Him)
For how many of us is this true? Who do we invite to come to Church with us?

Or do we ever bother to let anyone know we belong to Jesus Christ and want to share Him?

esus wants His followers to practice "Spiritual Discrimination" in seeking to build His Church. But He doesn't want us to be silent witnesses. People tell me all the time they cannot speak to anyone of their faith, yet if you involve them in a subject about sports, or the weather or something similar they can talk fm at length freely and openly. WHY? Because many of them refuse to do the things that make anyone a witness for Christ. Reading and studying the Bible takes time; so does praying and meditating on God. But we use all sorts of excuses to get out of it and yet these are more important than anything else we can do in this life. Of how much eternal importance will sports or the weather be in God's eternal home? The life we live here and now for our Lord Jesus is the most vital thing we can ever do and one day we will all discover that in the life beyond. Jesus gave everything including His life for us and what He asks in return is that we give ourselves to Him; and that we donet spend our time pointing out the faults of others. Instead, He wants us to straighten our lives out and then carry His message to others using the "Spiritual Discrimination" He wants us to practice.

ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST Butler, Pennsylvania
Nineteenth Sunday After Pentecost October 10, 1982
The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Pastor
Mrs. Kitty Feder, Organist Mr. Roland Thompson, Saxophonist Danny Mangel, Meredith Hewis - Acolytes + + + + + + + Prelude *Processional Hymn No. 1 "For the Beauty of the Earth *Ascription *Exhortation *Confession (In Unison) "Lord God, our Saviour, you have been faithful in your promise to deliver us from the guilt of our sins, and make us acceptable to you and your kingdom. But too often I have not been faithful in following my promise to obey your will, and I have not loved my neighbors and enemies. I humbly ask forgiveness, Lord. In Jesus name. Amen." *Kvrie *Assurance of Pardon *Praise *Pastor: Blessed be the Lord God! *People: And blessed be His Glorious Name forever *Gloria Patri Who's Who in the Pew Announcements Joys, Concerns, Prayer Requests Hymn No. 665 "Where Cross the Crowded Ways of Life" Hymn No. 665 "Where Cross the Cros Call to Prayer Pastor: The Lord be with you People: And with thy spirit Pastor: Let us Pray Prayer Offering Offertory *Doxology 382 Scripture Matthew 7:7-11 Sermon "Supply And Demand"
*Closing Hymn No. 16 "Tell Me the Old, Old Story" Benediction

+ + + + + + + + *Congregation Standing + + + + + + The Lovely Flowers on the Altar have been placed by Fanchon and Joy Hindman in loving memory of "Husband" and "Father" Lawson Hindman. Serving as Ushers today are: *Virginia Mangel, Barbara Vargo, Nancy Dellen and Karen Link. Mr. & Mrs. Martin Henry will greet the Congregation at the door today. Nursery will be provided today by Cheryl Metrick and Traci McMillin. > Hospitalized: Mrs. Zoa Morrison -BCMH; Florence MacKinney, Allegheny Gen. Last Sun. attendance 187. Tuesday Oct. 12 - Soup and Salad Day - Get your tickets after church today at the Brugh Ave. door. Helen Sheppeck will be in Rehoboth Hall Monday evening from 6-7:30 to accept bazaar items. We still need lots of help Mon. morning starting at 9:00 to cut up vegetables. Anyone is welcome. Wed. - 7:15 - Chancel Choir Rehearsal The Activities and Promotion Committee is in need of help Friday to make apple sauce in preparation for apple butter day on Saturday. We still need fire wood. We will have plenty of apple butter for sale. If you are interested please see Virginia Mangel as soon as possible, or see Mary Burns. We still need jars and lids also!

WE NEED SOME MEN TO HELP SET UP SOME TABLES FOR THE RECEPTION TODAY FROM 2-4. TABLES ARE TO BE SET UP RIGHT AFTER THE SERVICE. Coming Square Dance - Friday Oct. 29th in Rehoboth Hall. sponsored by the Sunday School. TODAY RECEPTION FOR ALICE BEATTY AND WINIFRED WACHSMUTH (Twins) in Rehoboth Hall from 2-4. Friends are invited to the Open House to honor their 90th birthday. Thurs. - Aerobics in Rehoboth Hall A Youth Choir Director is being sought. If you know of someone who would willingly serve as a choir director for our children, please ask him/her to contact Lloyd Link or Harry Cunningham. Are you a pianist? Would you consider playing in a cantata this Christmas? Interested accompanists should contact Mr. Cunningham to arrange for an interview.

CAN ON ANN

"Supply And Demand" Scrip: Mt. 7:7-11; Text: Mt. 7:7 Con rs recen=man cong no list nus, paprs Bcuz=gloom Who seem thriv glum/dum; protes hi pric, govt actins, di thing, but no protes news media & scar tactic

4. worl unGodly, unBliev glum/dum way lif, 4 any 1 name
name Js Xp shud B dif story big issu=nuc warfar=Remem WW 2,bomb scar? Shelters? List prophs dum 2day=(ILlus thez things)
Lk lif perspec worl find no hope (Quote John Baillie & Future) this wat Scrip say & this mesag spred 1 end Bibl 2 othr=Vss 7-8=READ This prom hope 4 all life (Illus Ingersol, Lazarus, & anser=gravyard Bethany rise) 4 res worl mayB glum/dum, but 4 Xpian glorius Hope & thez 1's Js spk 2 but Scrip mor jus Psycho jargon 2 hyp selvs lif dark Lk wat Js say=& quest is=Duz Scrip mean anythin ask G He will grant? ther thoz Bliev & short tim unBlief Bcuz G no do that why Js add mor=vss 9-11 We shud thank G 4 no anser many thing, Bcuz infinit wisdum protec us, many thing no gud 4us & He knows
Theme 7th chap=Judgment; vss 1-6, no judg, clean up
Shud pt out we sinful, unworthy His luv; if Xpian we clens made whol Blud Js Xp=4givn sinners Need kno sin daily & constan need G's help Bcum mattr=Supply And Demand"=G has Supply and we R 2B ik, Seek, Knok=Demand Js giv parbl Lk 11=(READ vss 5-8) Ask, Seek, Knok 4 Xpian contain striv deriv wat G has 4us & this=Read, study, med G's Word=seek thru prin pag Xpian shud serch G's Word daily Worship, Bibl study, prayr grp, Sun Sch all=Ask, Seek & knok 4 G's Suply our livs It=persistenc, Hungr Thirst aftr ritnes=this Demand shud all hav & then we B fil But quest=DO WE KNO G AS FATHER IN OUR LIVES? only 1way=2B Born again; wen receiv nu natur then Bcum G's child & not B4 vs 11=Js expl; if ol natur U kno gud gif=G duz nu natur G want Suply, but no can if not child=posib only nu natur cum thru Js Xp & then G giv Bcuz luv, want bes G nevr giv U anythin evil, nevr vss 9-10=Js compar man/G 2sho G luving Hav U bin ask, seek, knok ther no anser? Perhap ho chil (Illas print press, yng man made, let fix) We may C dis oro livs & no kno how put 2gethr. Only 1 made us can put 2gethr. Invit Him in2 Ur hart 2day & let Him fix U. His is the Suply, wat He want from us=Dema

Scripture: Matthew 7:7-11

ext: Matthew 7:7

In a conversation just recently, one of our members remarked that he no longer read the newspaper because of the sad, sick, gloomy news it contains. Why is it that we seem to thrive on gloom and doom? We protest high prices. we protest ogvernment actions, we protest so many things in our nation today which wexxx different groups and segments of society consider wrong or bad, yet there is no mounted protest of the news media and their continual scare tactics every day. For the world which is unGodly and unbelieving, gloom and doom day may well be a way of life. But for anyone who names the name of Jesus Christ it should be a different story. Ket Une of the big issues of our age which Ixxxxxxxx is scaring our young people out of their wits is the threat of atomix warfare. How many of you remember how scared everyone was after World War II? And so much so that people were building and stocking underground somb shelters. I remember one man in our neighborhood who was working very hard in Civil Defense as it was called, and he had a bomb shelter stocked and equipped, (and this was in Butler County). Listen to a few of these prophets of gloom: (Illustrations of these predictions, Card=Future: Dim) If we look at life through the perspective of the world we find there is no hope. John Baillie has said, (quote from him of future). This is exactly what our Scripture for this morning is saying. This is the message that is thm spread from one end of the Bible to the other, Look at it in verses 7 and 8, (read them). This is the promise of HOPE im for all of life. (Illustration of Robert Ingersoll, atheist and Lazarus being raised) For the rest of the world it may be gloom and doom, but for the Christian there is that glorious HOPE for the Christian and these are the ones Jesus is addressing.

But this Scripture is more than just a piece of packer psychological jargon to hyp ourselves with when knings the dark things of life may crowd around us. We need to examine more closely what Jesus is saying.

The question is, "Does this Scripture mean that anything I ask for God will ant?" Kerxanyonexwhexbeliewexxxhim There are those who believe this and in a very short time they are at the point of unbelief because God simply has not answered that for which they asked. That is exactly why Jesus added more to this than just simply asking, seeking, and knocking, as verses 9 through 11 tell us. We should actually thank God for not answering all of our prayers because all of us ask for things which God in His infinite wisdom knows are not good for us and because of His love for us, He does not grant those prayers. The entire theme of this 7th chapter concluding the Sermon on the Mount is that of Judgement. We passed through these first 6 verses and it had to do with not judging others and actually judging ourselves. Of cleaning up our own lives first. This action should make all of us realize that before God we continue to be sinful and unworthy of His love. If we are a Christian, one who has been cleansed and made whole by the blood of Jesus Christ, we are forgiven inners. But we need to know that we sin daily and we are in mand constant need of God's help. So it becomes a matter of "Supply And Demand". God has the "Supply," and we are to have the "Demand," or the desire for it. This is what asking, seeking, and knocking are all about. Jesus gave a prable in Luke 11 as an illustration of this. (Read Luke 11:5-8). Asking, seeking, and knocking for the Christian are contained in striving to derive what God has for us. That is why reading, studying, meditating on God's Word is important. We are seeking Him through His written pages what He wants us to have in our lives. A Christian should search God's Word every day of his life. Worship should be a vital part of a Christian's life, it is another means of seeking God. Bible studie study groups, prayer groups, Sunday School classes are all means of Asking, Seeking, and Knocking for God's Supply for our lives. It is a persistence to really want to know God and have more of Him in our daily lives. This is the "Hungering and thirsting for righteousness," which Jesus pointed out in the Beatitudes. It is the "D"mand" we should all have and then we will be filled.

But the question is, do we know God as our Father in our lives? WEXENTYXKNOW mxxxxxxxxx There is only one way in which God actually becomes our Father, and that is through being born again. When you receive a new nature then you become God's child and not before. This is what Jesus is trying to explain in the 11th verse. Look at it. He says, "If ye being evil," which means that is your old nature. And if in that old nature you, "Know how to give good gifts unto your children, how much more shall your Father which is in heaven give good things to them that ask Him?" You see, God wants to give us of His "Supply," but He cannot if we are not His child. WE only become His child by Jesus taking on that new nature which comes through XENE Christ. Then God will give of His Supply to our demand, because He loves us and wants the very best for us. God will never give you anything evil, never. Jesus makes this comparison between man and God to show that God is loving. Verses 9 and 10 He points out, "Or what man is there of you, whom if his son ask bread, will he give him a tone? Or if he ask a fish, will he give him a seprent?" No earthly father would act in this fashion. And neither does God.

Have you been asking, seeking and knocking and there seems to be no answers? Is it perhaps because you are not God's child?

(Illustration of printing press, young man made it, "Let him fix it")

**MRXMARKEXMANNAMENT*
We may see the disorder of our lives and may not know how to put it all together. Only the One who has made us, can put us together. Invite Him into your heart today and let Him fix us. His is the "Supply," what He wants from us is the "Demand."

ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST Butler, Pennsylvania Twentieth Sunday After Pentecost October 17, 198
The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Pastor
Mr. Harry Cunningham, Choir Dir. and Organist
Mr. Roland Thompson, Saxophonist October 17, 1982 Danny Mangel and Meredith Hewis - Acolytes Prelude "Love Divine, All Love Excelling" Klotz
*Processional Hymn No. 349 "O for a Thousand Tongues to Sing" *Ascription *Confession (In Unison) "O Lord, our Father, we come to you as a people who are a part of the community of believers. We soek your guidance for we know that the Church cannot exist without it. Forgive each member of your church for their individual and corporate sins.

Keep us true to the commitment of upbuilding the Church throughout the world. Keep us from the divisions that seperate us from others. And always keep us steadfast in your love, in Jesus name. Amen." *Kyrie *Assurance of Pardon *Praise *Pastor: Blessed be the Lord God!
*Pecple: And blessed be His Glorious Name forever *Gloria Patri Who's Who in the Pew Announcements Joys, Concerns, Prayer Requests Hymn No. 686 "Christ for the Word We Sing" Call to Prayer
Pastor: The Lord be with you
People: And with thy spirit
Pastor: Let us Pray Prayer Offering Offertory "Offertory" Peeters *Doxology

Scripture Matthew 7:12
Sermon "Self, Others, God"
*Closing Hymn No. 606 "He Leadeth Me, O Blessed Thought" Closing Hymn No. 606
Benediction
Postlude "Stand Up and Bless the Lord" Turner
++++++++ *Congregation Standing +++++
The Lovely Flowers on the Altar have been placed by
Mrs. Alice Kummer in loving memory of her "Husband"
Corving as Ushers today are: *Rob Vinroe, Robert Serving as Ushers today are: *Rob Vinro Dellen, Randy Dellen and Brian Kennedy. Mr. & Mrs. Paul Riemer will greet the Congregation today .. Rebecca Shearer and Tina Groves in Nursery today.

Hospitalized: Mrs. Zoa Morrison Attendance last Sunday 148 and 16 Visitors Bob Dellen and Chet Stauffer will be visiting the Hospital this week. Tonight will begin the film series here in our church. It will be for 6 consecutive Sunday Nights. Bring a friends or neighbor. The film series will be on Family life. See you at 7:00 P.M. COCK/ES Monday and Tues. - 6-8 - Aerobics in Rehoboth Hall. Wed. - 7:15 - Chancel Choir Thurs. - 6-8 Aerobics in Rehoboth Hall. All names for Elders and Deacons are to be back to the Office today. See Bea in the office. Names placed for nomination will be announced next week. The month of November our Church will be responsible for wheeling patients to services at the Veterans Hospital. Please see Bill Pflugh if you are willing to help out. You can also contact the Office - we need your help.
A Youth Choir Director is being sought. If you know of someone who would be willing to serve as a Choir Director for our children, please ask him/her to contact Lloyd Link or Harry Cunningham. Are you a pianist? Would you consider playing in a cantata this Christmas? Interested accompanists should contact Mr. Cunningham to arrange for an interview. October 31, November 7 and 14th and Dec. 26 are all open for Altar Flowers. If you want any of these Sundays - please fill in the Chart in the Narthex or

let Bea know.

"Self, Others, God" Scrip: Mt. 7:12 (Illus cartoon Sat Revu.man puzled doctor) Vat) U do wen evn thoz who shud kno wat 2do dont? Thi predic man fnd self in Bgin exis Gard Eden G ovid ansers, but no1 listen; Wen cam erth Js Xp stil man refus listn & evn advanc socity no kno wat Hav bin lk anser Js gav thoz follos & thoz want 2B-2ds Ansers easier red than dun, but availbl is sek folo Hi Las chap Serm Mt thus giv guidlines=prevent judg, lk self 1st; instruc propr thing G; instruc persist seek G Now cum wat seem isolat vs, but 1nce agin it not 1st thing=Ther4, (Sem prof C Ther4, Shud C wat Ther 4) Isolat word, comma, sum 4go vss & lk rest vs follow Read vs=1st time say positiv=Goldn Rul 3 elements=Self, Othrs, G=G superced all, but start self Word=all thing=Gr PANTAS=whol, entir, everthin, substar If act/react=everthin othrs do wud put self othr plac Kno wat lik fud, cloth, also kno wat lik/dislik relatsh Enjoy B made fool? Gossip? Ridicul? Famly mistreat? Remind our falts? If dislik, all do, so duz any1 else Js say=If U dislik, remem feloman duz also, treat him lik U want 2B treat Mus deal self 1st, then deal feloman; own doorstep 1st 2nd=Othrs, but mus underst self, cum bak ea 1 personal Why hav probs this lif? Why probs worl multiply ????
Anser ly hart of man; anser human giv, othr fello falt Wen othr strait out, everthin fine, but wil it B? Go bak 2creatin=G provid perf envirn, had 2 hav more Who caus it=Adam say=Her; Eve say Serp; alway sum1 els (IJ'us boy eat cake, no think of sister)
The anser=man self-centr, everthin revolv rnd him
find al sort excus why he way he is (Illus Zoo creaturs; descend monkeys=Human Nature) So hw resolv mes? Go bak 2 Bgin; Go bak 2 God, start Him He Holy=we siners; this pt mus cum 2 Mus C selvs siners hands riteous God & then wen this perspec made awar our livs need straiten 1st Then Bgin think othr peop, needs, concerns, feelings Wher can we help? & if ea day do this G Rul Bcum realty 4 us We wud 4get self, ailments, probs, & get off self-centr Js gav G Rul, also illus Gud Sam; how oft hav opp & let it pass by othr side? Berate self no help????? Flat tire/cud B wife? Neighbor strugl/cud B U latr? Evr stop think U cud B thoz shoes & want sum1 help? This at Js say=get self out of rd; if truly luv G as shua; J wil C neighbr sum1 G luv & seek 2 luv him 2 & this wat we want in return=READ Vs 12

Scripture: Matthew 7:12

llustration of cartoon from Saturday Review of man & puzzled doctor ma and) carge chart showing picture of human body, parts identified by names, arrows)

Things:

Things:

Things:

This is the predicament when even those who should know what to do don't? This is the predicament man has found himself in from the beginning of his existence in the Garden of Eden. God had provided the answers all along, but no one was listening. When He came to earth in the person of Jesus Christ He gave the answers, but still man refused to listen and even in our most advanced society man does not know what to do.

We have been looking at the answers Jesus gave to those who were His followers and to those of us who want to be His followers today. The answers are esaier read than done, but they are available if we seek to follow Him.

In this last chapter of His Bermon on the Mount He has thus far given us guidelines to prevent us from judging others by showing us that we need to look at
ourselves first. Then He instructs us the proper giving of the things of God
to others. And then He gave instructions about being persistent in seeking
God's help and direction for our lives. Now He comes to what appears to be
once again an isolated verse from all of this. But once again we must add that
it is not isolated, instead, it ties all of the foregoing verses together.
The first thing we see as we look at this verse is the word, "Therefore." A
Seminary professor taught that whenever the word "Therefore" appears in Scripture, we should look to see what it is "There for." So as we isolate this
word and look at it we see that the verse states, "Therefore" followed by a
comma. This means that the word "Therefore" is separate from all of the rest.
The comma is an indication that we are to pause at this point. "Therefore"
sums up all of the foregoing verses and now we look at the rest of the verse
is see what the real meaning of the foregoing is.

Now what follows is the admonition, "All things whatever ye would that men should do to you, do ye even to them; for this is the law and the prophets."

Here for the first time is the positive way of saying this. Many, many Jewish

teachers, scholars and Rabbis had said it negatively. But Jesus was the very 'irst to say it positively.

Involved in this saying which is called "The Golden Rule," are three elements. They are: Self, Others, and God. God actually supercedes all, but to look at this saying in its context we must start with self.

Jesus said, "Therefore," meaning all of that which I have stated before this, now comes to this point and that is, "All things." The word forcall things" in Greek is Pantas and it means, "The whole, all the whole, everything, the entire substance." With this in mind then it becomes, "Everything that ye would desire that men should do to you, do ye even so to them." If we acted and reacted in this manner it would change the whole course of life for all of us. The rule of thimb for each of then is to constantly put ourselves in the other fellows place. MEXMERXXEXMERKEXME Almost all of us carry around with us an unwritten list of our likes and dislikes. This applies to all things of life. We know what we like in the way of food, or clothing, but we also know what we like and do mak not like km in the area of our relationships with other people. Do we like to have people treat us like infants? do we enjoy being made to look like a fool? Do we like to have people gossip about us, or say untrue things about us? Do we like to be ridiculed in any way? Do we like our families to be treated shamefully? Do we like wax to be reminded of our faults and have our mistakes thrown up to us? The chances are if we dislike all of these things, so does anyone else. So Jesus is saying, "If you dislike all of these things being done to you, or said about you, then remember that your fellowman doesn't like them either. So treat him exactly as you want to be treated. We must deal with our selves first and then when we have done that, we can deal with our fellowman because we have taken care of our own doomstep.

The second part of this Golden Rule is others. In order to understand "Others' we must once again understand ourselves. It keeps coming back to we each one of us personally. Why is it that we have all the problems in this warks life?

Why do we see all of the problems of this world multiplied more today than at y other time in history? The answer lies in the heart of man. The answer we as humans will frequently give is that it is the other fellow who needs to be straightened out ,not me. It's "Him." Then when He is straightened out, everything will be fine. But will it?

All of this goes back to the creation of man. God provided him with a perfect environment to live in but he wasn't satisfied with that, he had to have more. And so we waxe had what we call the fall of man. But who caused it? Why it was her Adam said. It was the seppent Eve said. Always it is the other person who is at fault. And what causes the continued fall of man? (Illustration of little boy and eating all the cake, not thinking of sister) Here is the answer. Man is slef-centered. Everything revolves around him, or so he thinks. And he can find all sorts of excuses for why he is the way he is.

Illustration of zoo creatures, & descended from monkeys, Card: Human Nature)
It is someone else; it is environment; it is parents; it is fellow-workers; it is everyone else but ME.

So how do we resolve all of this mess? We go back to the beginning. We go back to God. It was must start with Him. He is Holy and we are sinners. This is the point we must come to. We must see ourselves as sinners in the hands of a Righteous God. Then when we see things from this perspective we are made aware that our lives need to be straightened out and we see things in their proper perspective. Then we begin to think of other people; their needs, their feeling and the other things that make up their lives where we can help. If each day each of us would seek to help someone who needed help, regardless of who that person was, the Golden Rule would start to become a reality for us. We would forget self, and concentrate on being of use and service to others. But as long as we sit around and brood over our problems and ailments, our lives will be strictly self-centered. Jesus not only gave us the Golden Rule, but He also gave us another illustration with the parable of the Good Samaritan. How often

do we have the opportunity of being of real help or service and we let it

lip away? And then how many times do we berate ourselves for not helping?

Have you ever driven by a woman standing helplessly by her car with a flat could tire and passed by on the other side? Did you ever think that many happen to your wife? Have you ever watched while a neighbor perhaps struggles with a heavy load and you never offered to help? Did you ever stop to think maybe someday you would be in those shoes and wish for someone's help? This is what Jesus was saying. Get self our of the road. If you truly love God as you should, you will see your neighbor as someone whom God also loves and seek to do and act toward that neighbor, as you want him to do and act in your life. "Therefore, all things whatsoever ye would that men should do to you, do ye even so to them: for this is the law and the prophets."

ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST Butler, Pennsylvania
Twenty-First Sunday After Pentecost October 24, 1982
The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Pastor
Mr. Harry Cunningham, Organist and Choir Dir.
Mr. Roland Thompson, Saxophoniar
Valerie Hartley and Julee Vargo - Acolytes *Ascription *Exhortation *Confession (In Unison) "We offer unto thee our Father, praise for the gift of thy Spirit. We ask for thy Spirit at the times when we are filled with doubt; when we are filled with hatred; when we are devoid of patience; when we show forth selfishness. In all Circumstances which are contrary to thy will, send thy Spirit to help, to heal, and may we know thy forgiveness, through Christ. Amen." *Kyrie *Assurance of Pardon *Praise *Pastor: Blessed be the Lord God! *People: And blessed be His Glorious Name forever *Gloria Patri Who's Who in the Pew Announcements Joys, Concerns, Prayer Requests Hymn No. 456 "My Jesus, I Love Thee" Call to Prayer Pastor: The Lord be with you People: And with thy spirit Pastor: Let us Pray Prayer Choral Prayer Response (#30) Offering Offertory "Jesus, My Truth, My Way" Kindermann *Doxology 382
^nthem "Seek Ye the Lord"

Matthew 7:13-14 Sermon "Intersection: Broadway And Turnstile"
*Closing Hymn No. 477 "More about Jesus would I Know" Benediction
Postlude "Jesus, Savior, Pilot Me" Kindermann
++++++**
The Lovely Flowers on the Altar have been placed by Ed and Gloria Walker to the "Glory of God" Serving as Ushers today are: *Richard Mangel, Don Kingsley, Art Carney and Gary Penar. Mrs. Diane Hollefreund will greet the Congregation and Visitors at the door this morning.
Debby Johnston and Renee Brown will be in the Nursery. The attendance last Sunday was 151 with 9 Visitors.

Hospitalized: Mrs. Zoa. Morrison HANGY CAHIA

Dave McMillin and Nancy Link will be visiting the CAMPBELL Hospital this week.

Tonight - 7:00 - The Film "The Family: God's Pattern for Living." This is the second of a six-part film scries. This film is, "God's Pattern for Wives."

Monday and Tuesday - 6-8 - Aerobics in Rehoboth Hall.

Tues. - Board of Christian Education Meeting - Teachers and Officers are requested to attend. Wed. - 7:15 - Chancel Chair Rehearsal Thurs. - 10:30 A.M. - Meeting of the Mary Martha Circle at Helen Sheppeck's home. Friday - Square Dance in Rehoboth Hall from 6-11 P.M. Harry Kelley caller. Everyone in the Church is invited - Sponsored by the Sunday School. Nomination for Elder are Harry Burns, Harry Fry, Richard Mangel, Chuck Penar and Roland Thompson. Nomination for Deacons are Dan Bosko, Marie Henry, Martin Henry, Howard Jaillet, William Sheppeck and Carl Vinroe. The Election will take place November 7 along with Presentation and Adoption of Budget.

We are responsible for taking patients to the Service at the Veterans Hospital during the month of November.
Please let Bill Pflugh or The Office know if you can
fielp with this project. We need at least 4 for each
Sunday during November. November 7, 14, 21, 28.
D 82-83 - Energy Assistance Program information - Narth

"Intersection: Briadway And Turnstile" Scrip: Mt. 7:13-14 Proh 1 mos wel kno intersects natin/worl Br & 42nd It his pt al glamor, glitr NY nitelif emerg emblaz neon lites, marque sines. It bin cal=Grt Whit Way
Al this distrac, detrac al hapn along & purp 2 apeal ind id desir, entertain, wine/dine, perhap 4get worl/se But I don Bliev need go Ny encountr intersec import Bliev intersec ea persn cum to at which mus mak ch Encountr may tak plac any pt indiv lif, no def time/ag All this in hands of God I Bliev intersec=Br & Turnstile Rd. lif as ea liv cudB comp Interstat; we familir broad spacious means travl offr; they wel lit, wel mark 2 direc 2 propr exits, turnoffs Pictur if wil travl hiway name=Brodway; as travl C all smil face, & in midst crowd; btit lit ex giv info all kinds=Ex 4 fun/plesur; xxx prof/gain, ex 2satisfy all As mak ex & mak selectins lif, get bak on=stil corwds & wel lit rd strecth B4 U At sum pt cum dim lit ex; no hav alur, plesur othrs; it no wide; in fac only naro lane with Turnstile & only 1 persn entr ex at a time Sumthin apeal this ex, yet, requir grt decisin; So comp Bgin=smooth, wel lit, crowd=Brodway; on it R many frends, evn relativs; ther lure lif, ful & best Ther chanc to chanc anything, no comp 2 Turnstile Byon Turnstil no C Rd, turn out site; no glamor, glitr & choic dificult; Bcuz vast contras 2 Brodway, it tempt Wil it B fulfil? Satisfy? Bcuz lak lite, glitr, cud B bettr, it jus mite
Js extend that cal=Vs 13a=ther it is, but cal 2al2geth way lif & this 1st rdblok 2 ansering call 2many peop paint glumy pictur=no fun, all negtiv, but jus oposit tru=lif postiv Bcuz Js Xp in control Ther thoz cary oposit extrem also=al rosy, no probs, et But truth wen cal anser, serch 4guid & help shud Bgin Wat hap Blievr lif wen 2st anser cal Xp?(Satan fite4)
Worl say=Cant Beat, Join=exact wat many peop do, easie
On naro wind path 2B folo after pas Turnstil, stil ex lead 2 Brodway; that way easier, frends ther, why serch? Along g/cal Js issu declar shud B slogan lif=13b 1nce cal anser, ex Brod made, Turnstil pas thru, serch Bgun, shud B resolv stay naro way=Js giv this also vs 14=Lif at end twist, turn, naro, destruc end Brodway Which wil it B? (Il 3 SS boy, like rich this lif/Laz after deth)
This plite worl 2day, cant hav both way; cant liv 4 Satan this life, expec liv w/G hearaftr

Perhap sum U this AM hav bin strugl anser call, perhap may hav anser, but lif got worse Js giv comp & cant say no herd, or bin told bout; that comp is=Destructin, or life, which wil it I Brodway, or the Turnstile exit?
Sum1 written, He who prepares for this life but not 4 eternity, is wise for a moment, but a fool f ever Read vss 13 & 14. In all vis es all bids passe; mar product and and set and all sit and passe; mar product and and set and passe; and passe; and passe and all and passe; and all and al

Scripture: Matthew 7:13-14

robably one of the most well known intersections in our nation, if not the entire world is Broadway and 42nd Streets in New York City. It is at this point that all of the glamour and glitter of New York's nightlife emerges. emblazoned in neon lights and marquee signs. It has well been called, "The Great White Way." All of this is to detract and distract any and all who happen along. ******* The purpose is to appeal to the individual's desire to be entertained, to be amused, to be wined and dined, and perhaps behind all of this to be separate from the world for a time and forget life in general. But I don't believe we need to travel to New York City to encounter an intersection of much more importance. I believe there is an intersection that each person comes to at which he or she must make a choice. This encounter may take place at any point of the individual's life. There is no definite time nor age we can set for this encounter. All of this is in the hands of God. Broadway And Turnstile." The road of life as we each live it could well be compared to those superhighways we have today which we know as "Interstates." I think we are all THEY OFFER. avel, They are well familiar with broad and spacious means the offer of travel marked and well lit to direct us to the proper exits and turnoffs. But picture if you will traveling on xhixxhixhwax a highway such as this and the name of the road is BRoadway. As you travel down that well paved highway you are in the midst of the crowd. You're surrounded by smiling happy faces. Everyone seems to be in a festive spirit. Everyone seems to be hurrying to get to where they are going. As you travel along you see the very brightly lit exit signs giving information of all kinds. Each exit only takes you xx off Broadway for a short piece and it is there that you find whatever it is you are seeking. There are exits for fun and pleasure, exits for profit and gain, exits to satisfy every whim of any and all. KMX As you make your exits and thenx comex backx on x broadway spend some time in making your selections for life, you then get back on Broadway and discover that the crowds are still there.

Scripture: Matthew 7:13-14

robably one of the most well known intersections in our nation, if not the entire world is Broadway and 42nd Streets in New York City. It is at this point that all of the glamour and glitter of New York's nightlife emerges. emblazoned in neon lights and marquee signs. It has well been called, "The Great White Way." All of this is to detract and distract any and all who happen along. ******* The purpose is to appeal to the individual's desire to be entertained, to be amused, to be wined and dined, and perhaps behind all of this to be separate from the world for a time and forget life in general. But I don't believe we need to travel to New York City to encounter an intersection of much more importance. I believe there is an intersection that each person comes to at which he or she must make a choice. This encounter may take place at any point of the individual's life. There is no definite time nor age we can set for this encounter. All of this is in the hands of God. Broadway And Turnstile." The road of life as we each live it could well be compared to those superhighways we have today which we know as "Interstates." I think we are all THEY OFFER. avel, They are well familiar with broad and spacious means the offer of travel marked and well lit to direct us to the proper exits and turnoffs. But picture if you will traveling on xhixxhighway a highway such as this and the name of the road is BRoadway. As you travel down that well paved highway you are in the midst of the crowd. You're surrounded by smiling happy faces. Everyone seems to be in a festive spirit. Everyone seems to be hurrying to get to where they are going. As you travel along you see the very brightly lit exit signs giving information of all kinds. Each exit only takes you at off Broadway for a short piece and it is there that you find whatever it is you are seeking. There are exits for fun and pleasure, exits for profit and gain, exits to satisfy every whim of any and all. KMX As you make your exits and thenx comex backx on x broadway spend some time in making your selections for life, you then get back on Broadway and discover that the crowds are still there.

and the wide open well-lit road stretches out before you. But at some point

n Broadway you come to a dimly lit exit. It doesn't have all of the advertisements of allurements and pleasures the others have had. It isn't a wide sweep
off the main highway such as the others. In fact, it is only a very narrow
lane with a karakkik "Turnstile," which only permits one person at a time to
enter the exit. There is something about this exit which is appealing and yet,
it requires a great decsion to be made.

Instantly, the comparison begins. On one hand is the beautiful, smooth, wide well-lit, well-marked Broadway. On it are many, many friends, even relatives. There is the lure of life at its fullest and best. There is the chance to take a chance, or gamble on many things. And compared to the exit with the "Turnstile," there just is no comparison. Beyond the "Turnstile" the road cannot be seen since immediately after the ex actual exit it XNEXE turns who knows where. There doesn't seem to be any glamour or glitter beyond, so the choice 's difficult. But there is something about that exit which is tempting because of xxx vast contrast to "Broadway." There is that nagging question of will it be more fulfilling, more satisfying than anything tried thus far? Because of its stark lack of light and glitter to allure and attract, there is a challenge that it just might, it just might offer something never dreamed of before. There is that Call that seems to offer more than Broadway has offered thus far. Jesus extended that and extends that call. He invites. Enter ye in at the strait gate." There is the call, the invitation to depart from gleam and glitter of worldly allurements. But the call is to an altogether different way of life and this is the first roadblock to answer that call. For too long there have been those who have painted a gloomy picture of what life is after the call of Jesus Christ is answered. Life does not take on a negative aspect as some would have us believe. Just the opposite is true. Life becomes positive because Jesus Christ is in control.

But there are those who would carry this to the opposite extreme also. They speak of all problems being done away with and life is supposedly rosy from

there on out. But the truth is that when the call is answered, a search for idance and help should begin. But what happens in a believers life when he first answers the call of Christ? Many people begin to say how much better off they were before they came to Christ. And the answer is that before they came to Christ they were living in the world, the domain of Satan. As long as they were there he had no need to worry about them. But when they answered the call of Christ he knew he lost them and so he sought to bring them back by causing turmoil and problems in their lives. And what is often the path of least resistance? The answer of the world is, "If you can't beat em, join em." And that is exactly what many people do. On the narrow winding path to be followed after passing through the Turnstile there are still exits leading to Broadway and that way was easier, and many friends are still there, so why Search? Exit Turnstile and go back to Broadway. But along with the call Jesus issued a declaration which should be the slogan for every traveler of life. He said, or wide is the gate, and borad is the way that leadeth to destruction, and many there be which go in thereat," (Vs. 13b). That Boradway may seem the place to be with its bright lights and fun and games. But in the end it will bring destuction to any and all who travel on it. Once the call is answered, the exit from Broadway is made, the Turnstile has been passed through and the search has begun, there should be that resolve to stay on the narrow way. Jesus gives for our motto, "Because strait is the gate, and narrow is the way, which leadeth unto life, and few there be that find it," (vs. 14). There is life at the end of the twisting narrow way, and destruction lies at the end of Broadway. Which will it be? (Illustration of Sunday School boy wanting to be like rich man in this life, and like Lazarus in heaven). This is the plight of the world today and we can't have it both ways. We can't

This is the plight of the world today and we can't have it both ways. We can't live for Statan in this life and expect to live with God hereafter. Perhaps some of you this morning have been struggling to answer the Call, or perhaps you may have answered it, but life may have gotten worse. Jesus gives us the comparison and we can't say we haven't heard of it, or been told of it. That

comparison is, "Destruction," of, "Life." Which will it be? Broadway, or the rnstile exit?

Someone has written, "He who prepares for this life but not for eternity is wise for a moment, but a fool forever." "Enter ye in at the strait gate: for wide is the gate, and broad is the way, that leadeth to destruction, and many there be which go in thereat: because strait is the gate, and narrow is the way, which leadeth unto life, and few there be that find it."

ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST Butler, Pennsylvania Reformation Sunday Octo
The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Pastor October 31, 1982 Mr. Harry Cunningham, Organist and Chr. Dir. Mr. Roland Thompson, Saxophonist Valerie Hartley and Julee Vargo - Acolytes *Ascription **Confession (In Unison) "O God, you have taught us to keep all your heavenly commandments by loving you and our neighbors; grant us the spirit of peace and grace, that we may be both devoted to you with our whole heart and untied to each other with a pure will. Forgive us we ask in Christ's name. Amen." *Kvrie *Assurance of Pardon *Praise

*Pastor: Blessed be the Lord God! *People: And blessed be His Glorious Name forever *Gloria Patri Who's Who in the Pew Announcements Joys, Concerns, Prayer Requests Hymn No. 545 Call to Prayer "I Love Your Kingdom, Lord" Pastor: The Lord be with you People: And with thy spirit Pastor: Let us Pray Prayer Choral Prayer Response (#30) Offering Offertory "Built on the Rock the Church Doth Stand" Hoelty-Nickel *Doxology Anthem: "Lord Jesus Christ, with Us Abide" Scripture Matthew 7:15-16 "Non-Prophet Prophets" Sermon:

*Closing Hymn No. 118 "A Mighty Fortress Is Our God" Benediction
Postlude "Christ Is our Corner-Stone" + + + + + + *Congregation Standing + + + + + + + The Lovely Flowers on the Altar have been placed by Mrs. Von Maloney in loving memory of her "Husband" Serving as Ushers today are: *Mike Nazaruk, Gottlob Kradel Mr. & Mrs. Mike Nazaruk will greet the Congregation and Visitors at the door this morning. Attendance last Sunday 174 with 14 Visitors. Nursery will be provided today.

Tonight - 7:00 - The third film "The Family: God's
Pattern for Living" will be shown in Rehoboth Hall.
You and your friends and neighbors are invited to attend this special film. Time and Talent Sheets are available from the Ushers. Please fill yours out and return it in the Offering plate today or in the next week. ... Monday Nov. 3. Committee appointment. Set up Committees and Schedule for year book. Election of Elders and Deacons will be November 7. Those nominated for Elder are: Harry Burns, Harry Fry, Richard Mangel, Chuck Penar and Roland Thompson.

Nominations for Deacons are: Dan Bosko, Marie Henry, Martin Henry, Howard Jaillet, William Sheppeck and Carl Vinroe.

November 7 will also be the resentation of the Budget.

During the month of November we are responsible for taking patients to the Service at the Veterans Hospital. We need 8 people each Sunday. Contact Bill Pflugh or the office if you can help. Get a few together and let Bill know that you can help. Non. 6-7; Tues. 6-8; Thurs. 6-8 - Aerobics in Rehoboth Mon. 7:30 - Women's Mary Prugh Cir. Meeting.. Hall Wed. - 7:00 - Council meeting
Thurs. 7:15 - Chancel Choir Rehearsal. Virginia Mangel and Marlene Riemer will be visiting the Hospital this week. A Youth Choir Director is being sought. If you know

of someone who would be willing to serve as a choir director for our children, please ask him/her to contact Lloyd Link or Harry Cunningham.

"Non-Prophet Prophets" Scrip: Mt. 7:15-16 (Illustration baloonist, &buseles information) This partil wat Js get at wen spk fals prophs M t much mor than useles info, ther meths/motivs Vs 15=Js issu warn folos wud keep entr narro gate & lead 2 destructin & giv instruc disting tween 2 vs 6=Fuffl proph prov which; edibl fruit/uned prods Perf ex Jeremiah chap 28 Chap 27, led by G put wuden yok symb yok bond Isites 2endur; Jer 2 spk 2 King & tel peop 2submit 2 NEBuch this chap warn peop no listn fals prophs in midst Now chap 28 actul encountr with 1 vss 1-4=Han giv glo proph encourag peop Is; spk B brot bak captivty 2 Jeru, & supposedly cum from God vss 5-6=Evn Jer say Amen; cert sound encourag nuws vss 7-8=Jer remin peop many prophs old predic war, evil, pestilenc peop mus endur vs 9=Jer remin peop tru test prophs whethr peac cum 4th aftr proph, then tru mesengr of God Thez word no pleas Han & read actin 10th vs vs 11=As Han brok yok, so L brk yok Bab hold Is/othrs Vss 12=14=W of G cum Jer, return spk 2 Han truth Vss 15-16=Jer spk W of G Han reveal as fals & G judge Examin Han/Jer mak comps Han=pr & proph; not unwelcum, nor uninteligent; he respec & listn 2 Jer=also pr,no accpt,no listn Bcuz mesag unpop Han tel wat peop want 2 hear, Jer didnt Han spk G's luv, nevr judgmen, Holines, ritnes, justic, desturc evil doer man need hear G luv, but mus hear othr also Je preach tru measg, he saw Non proph, prophs, but he no herd; Js spk tru no herd, Pr, Rabs, Scrib, Phars herd M. Luthr lash out non proph, prophs & excom, heretic Why? Bcuz mesag of real proph id truth
(Ex K Marx & Relig op of peopl) thiz Bliev G deny it
But ring truth, ask=Why Ch inefectiv 2day? Why peop no
turn 2 it in diff times as 1nce did? anser=Ch is/has bin drug peop with non-proph mesag Higher Criticism=expl quest all fundamentals of fatth all led to clergy no Bliev, preach, teach fundys faith may mentin G, or Js, but not with plea 4 self-exam all They sheep, wolf cloth tear body Xp lik wolf/sheep (illus atheist fire, no fire B4) Ther need 2B fire cum pulpits ever Ch so peop no lul fals securty of simply liv gud, moral lif ticket eternty

Jn Jsley Ince sed=Wen I preach, I set myself on fire & people cum 2 see me burn.

Evr preach shud do Proph not necesarly jus man specil mesag 4tel futur Proph 2B 4th teller of G complet truth honesty Ther 2B no glos ovr it, or worry tramp toes
Mesag 2B giv 2 poores on up 2 mos influentil
From leas educat, 2 intelectual
But mesag not only 2cum from preach, it 2B 4th to by ever membr cong We eagh proph 4 G & we can no pas off as B duty G's appt mesengers, the clergy Quest is=Am I a Non- Prophet Prophet? Or am I a tru proph who spks of Js Xp & giv evidenc of Him in my lif? (Illus Aunt Sophie & wooden indian) Bewar of fals prophets which cum 2 U in sheep's cloth buti inwardly are ravening wolves. Ye shall kno them by their fruits.

Scripture: Matthew 7:15-16

'Illustration of baloonist and useless information)

This is partially what Jesus was getting at when He was speaking of false prophets. But He meant much more than just the giving of useless information. The false prophets He was speaking of gave true information, but it was their methods and motives He was talking about.

Jesus said, "Beware of false prophets, which come to you in sheep's clothing, but inwardly they are ravening wolves." Jesus was issuing a warning to His followers that these false prophets would keep them from entering the narrow gate and instead of being led to eternal life, will be led to eternal destruction. Selecting these prophets. He then gives instructions how to distinguish between true prophets and false prophets by stating, "Ye shall know them by their fruits. Do men gather grapes of thorns, or figs of thistles?" It is the fulfillment of prophecy which will show whether they are true or false. The pagical questions are asked about edible fruit coming from unedible products such as thorns and thistles.

A perfect example of what Jesus was saying took place in the life of the prophet Jeremiah. This incident is found in the 28th chapter of his prophecy.

Let us look at this illustration.

Jeremiah had been led by God to make a wooden yoke and to place it around his neck. This yoke was symbolic of the yoke of bondage and exile the Israelites were to endure. Jeremiah was to speak to the king and tell him how the people were to submit to King Nebuchadnezzar. In the previous chapter, about 2774 he warned the people not to listen to the false prophets which were in their midst. Now in this 28th chapter we read of an actual encounter between Jeremiah and one of these prophets.

Verses 1-4=Hananiah gives a prophecy which is very glowing and encouraging for the people of Israel. The prophecy speaks of the people being brought back from exile by God to Jerusalem. The prophecy supposedly came from God. Verses 5-6=Even Jeremiah says Amen to this prophecy. It certainly sounds good to all of them and it certainly is encouraging news at long last.

Verses 7-8= But Jeremiah reminds the people that many prophets of old had predicted that there would be war, evil, and pestilence the people must endure.

Verse 9=Jeremiah reminds the people that the true test of a prophets, whether he was a true or a false prophet was the final outcome. If he prophecied peace and peace came forth then he was God's true messenger.

But these words were not pleasing to Hananiah and so we read of his action in the 10th verse, (Read this).

Verse 11=Just as Hananiah broke Heremiah's yoke, so the Lord is going to break with the yoke which Babylon held Israel and others captivexxxx. Or so Hananiah prophecied.

Verses 12-14=The word of God comes to Jeremiah to return and apeak to Hananiah the real truth.

Verses 15-16=Jeremiah speaks the words of God to Hananiah and reveals him as a false prophet. For this God's judgement is upon him and he is destroyed by od.

If we examine the messages of Jeremiah and Hananiah we can make the comparisons necessary to see the difference between them. Hananiah was not an unwelcome unintelligent man. He was a priest and considered a prophet. Therefore he was respectable and listened to. Jeremiah on the other hand was not as freely accepted with his prophecies even though he was also a priest. The difference was that Jeremiah's message was one which was unpopular. Hananiah on the other hand spoke what the people wanted to hear. He didn't speak of God's rights demand for righteousness. Nor of God's judgement of sin, His destruction of evil and the evil doer. Hananiah didnik spoke of God's love only. Men need to hear of God's love. But they also need to know khankata of the Holiness, the righteousness, the justice, and the wrath of God. This is what Jeremiah preached and prophecied and for it he was mak hated. Jeremiah saw the "Non-Prophet Prophets" around him and spoke the true message of God, but he was not heard. Jesus spoke the true message of God, but instead, the priests, the rabbis, the Scribes and the Pharisees were heard.imakx Martin Luther lashed

out at the "Non-Prophet Prophets" of the Church of his day and for it he was e communicated and branded a heretic. Why? Because the message of the real prophet is that of truth. Karl Marx one of the founders of Communism said, "Religion is the opiate of the people." We who believe in God want to deny this. But in all seriousness we must say there is a ring of truth within the statement. Why is the church so ineffective today? Why is it that people are not krum turning to the church in difficult times as they once did? The answer is that the church is and has been tuttingxpusple drugging people much like opium or some other drug with a Non-Prophetic message. This movement began to really gain momentum from the turn of the century to our present day. It started as an intellectual discovery of what is called "Higher Criticism." This meant that everything of the faith has been looked at in more critical light, in more scholarly investigation. Everything from the authenticity of the different authors of the books of the Bible, to the actual words which Jesus spoke and re they His or put there by authors; the questioning of His virgin birth, His miracles, His death on the cross, and His bodily resurrection; not to mention that He is not actually coming again, and this was added or misunderstood by the Apostles. All of this has led to the fact that many clergy do not believe, much less preach about the Deity of Jesus Christ, the blood atonement of His death on the cross and the other fundamentals of the faith. They mat mention the name of Jesus, or speak of God. But it is done with no discomfort or a plea for self-examination of all of the congregation. They are sheep in wolves clothing. They are actually tearing at the body of Christ much as a wolf would tear and destroy harmer harmless sheep. They are "Non-Prophet Prophets." (Illustration of atheist, church fire, and never fire in this church before). There needs to be fire coming from the pulpits of every church so that people are not lulled into the false sense of security of simply living good moral rives and this is the ticket to eternity. John Wesley once said, "When I preach I set myself on fire and people come toxsee me burn." This is what every preacherx er should do. A prophet was not necessarily just a man who had a special

message of foretelling future events. A prophet was to be a "Forth" teller f God's message. He was to tell forth, put forward, the word of God in complete truth and honesty. There was to be no glossing over it, or worrying about tramping on toes. The message was to be fax given to the very poorest on up to the most influential; from the least educated to the intellectual. But the message is not only to come from the preacher, it is to be fforth-told" by every member of the congregation. We are each a prophet for God and we can't pass it off as being only the duty of God's appointed messengers, the clergy. The question is what kind of prophet am I? Am I a Non-Prophet Prophet? Or am I a true prophet who speaks and of Jesus Christ, and gives evidence of Him in my life?

(Illustration of "Aunt Sophie" scrubwoman and witness for Jesus Christ)
"Beware of false prophets, which come to you in sheep's clothing, but inwardly
they are ravening wolves. Ye shall know them by their fruits."

ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST Butler, Pennsylvania Twenty-Third Sunday After Pentecost Nov. 7, 1982 The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Pastor Mr. Harry Cunningham, Organist and Chr. Dir. Mr. Roland Thompson, Saxophonist "Two Psalms (124 & 127) for National Days J. C. Bach *Processional Hymn No. 377 "Joyful, joyful, we adore Thee" *Ascription *Exhortation *Confession (In Unison) "Almighty God, forgive us for our faulty following of the Master: our slow faith: our slow faith in His power to save; our timid, hesitant answers to His call for service; our insensibility to the meaning of His cross; for all that mars our discipleship, and make it difficult for others to believe in Him. We ask it all in His name. Amen." *Kyrie *Assurance of Pardon *Praise *Pastor: Blessed be the Lord God! *People: And blessed be His Glorious Name forever *Gloria Patri Who's Who in the Pew Announcements Joys, Concerns, Prayer Requests Hymn No. 476 "More Love to Thee, O Christ" Call to Prayer Pastor: The Lord be with you People: And with thy spirit Pastor: Let us Pray Choral Prayer Response (#30) Offering Offertory "Variations on the Hymn-tune 'Brattle Street'" Frischmann *Doxology Anthem: "America, The Beautiful"

Scripture: Matthew 7:17-20 Sermon: "Visible Fruit"
*Closing Hymn No. 595 "Lead On, O King Eternal" Benediction Postlude ++++++ *Congregation Standing +++++++
The Lovely Flowers on the Altar have been placed by
Mrs. Margaret McClymonds to the "Glory of God"
Serving as Ushers today are: *Charles Penar, Dan Bosko, Dave McMillin. Deacon and Mrs. Dave McMillin will greet the Congrega-tion and Visitors at the door this morning. Hospitalized - Mr. Harvey Campbell Pamela Tait and Diana Hollefreund will be visiting the Hospital this week. Nursery will be provided today by Robin Knauer, and Valerie Hartley.

Tonight - 7:00 - 4th in the Series"The Family: God's Pattern for Living" will be shown in Rehoboth Hall. This will be on Children. You are all encouraged to Next Sunday is available for Flowers - if you would like to have this particular Sunday let Bea know or please sign the flower chart in the Narthex.

Mon. Tues and Thurs. - Aerobics in Reheboth Hall.

Wed. - 7:15 P.M. - Chancel Choir Rehearsal.

TODAY IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING THE SERVICE - ADOPTION OF THE BUDGET AND ELECTION OF ELDERS AND DEACONS IN REHOBOTH HALL. Contact Bill Pflugh if you can possibly help push patients in wheel chairs to the service in Veterans Hospital this month. We need 8 for each Sunday this month. month.

Follow-Up Committee Meeting - Tuesday - Nov. 16 - 7:00
Daily Bread booklets are on table in Narthex
Monday - November 8 - 7:00 - All Elders and Deacons New and those going off, and all other members of
Council. All heads of organizations within the Church Committee appointment. Set-up Committees and
schedule for year book. Schedule for year book.

Next Sunday is Christian Enlistment Sunday - please return all commitment cards by next Sunday

"Visible Fruits" Scrip: Mt. 7:17-20; Text: Mt. 7:20 (Illims kindergarth techer, mistak man subwy fathr pupl) Per gud examp thing no alway wat seem 2B Sum sed=if lk lik duk,quak lik duk etc,but circumst 2da worl this no necesarly tru Ex=imitatin buttr, salt; blu jeans; paintrs pants etc to it=READ verses 17-20 pt out B4 Js mak comparson; spk fals prophs/frut or results lif identfy them; now comp gud/bad trees Not rottn trees, Bcuz no bring frut, spk tree resembl ea othr, but distinc dif Btween fruts (Examp apple trees neigbor as boy & dif Btween)
This no mean 1 ugd othr evil, appearanc deceiv & this subtl pt Js mak He continu direc at follows, peop we cal Xpian Js mak pt cud B determ wat kind frut wer by observ evidenc wil cum 4th & mayB seen We deal entir sumatin Serm Mt as lk at this comparsin Js had giv foundatin stons on which Xpian lif 2B bas By lk disting marks of Xpian can C if=ppor spirit, morn ovr sin; seek B meek etc=lk & read Beats=5:3ff Thex fruts can/shud B seen Xpian, if not then concl tree is evil, false, untrue (Illus unkno authr about worship="Wk fil selfnes etc) How do we liv outsid thez walls? Can peop lk us & C fruts of Xpianty in us? We kno from list Beats, & evn tho we kno them, we also kno imposibl 2liv this Serm Mt completly, yet we R 2B striv 2liv it; Js knows strugl fac daily He wil 2 4giv wen fal & fail, He kno isnt easy, but want us 2kno He reveal wreke pretendrs 4 wat they R=BY THER FRUTS YE SHAL KNO This serius busnes & Bcum mor serius wen read conseque of liv eithr 4 or agin God Jn 15:1=READ=non-bear branchmunfrutfl, bad frut, wilB dun away with whil thoz branch produc & bear frut wilf only trim, prun, hel 2B mor frutful we no lef alon this lif, but musB pt rt directin (Illus boy, fathr, & Is Ur Face 2Ward Me?) is everthin clear Btween U & L? Is ur fac 2ward His so His fac can B 2ward U? Wat kind of frut R we known by? Is sed=By Ther Fruts Ye Shal Kno them

"Visible Fruits"

B ipture: Matthew 7:17-20

Text: Matthew 7:20

(Illustration kindergarden teacher mistaking man on subway as father of pupil) Perhaps this is a good example that vthings are not always what they appear to be. Someone has said something to the effect, "If it looks like a duck, walks like a duck, quacks like a duck, does everything a duck is supposed to do, then it must be a duck. But with many circumstances as they are in today's world, this doesn't necessarily hold true. Look at all of the things man has been able to counterfeit. There is imitation butter, salt, sugar and so on. If we were to assume that we could determine what everything was by outward appearances we would quickly learn how wrong we may be. Modern dress is a good example. Many young people have been into a craze of wearing denim clothing. Not too long ago the only people wearing denim to any great degree were farmers, and Swboys. Would we say then that every boy or girl wearing blue jeans to school are farmers or cowboys? Another craze has been painters paints. Are all teenagers wearing painters pants, painters? Of course not. This is the dilemma Jesus was trying to point up in this particular oportion of Scripture. We had read of false prophets last week and Jesus had said, "Ye shall know them by their fruits." But He added to this thought by saying, (read verses 17-20). Once again as we have pointed out before, Jesus is making a comparison. He was speaking of false prophets and how ** the fruit, or results from their lives would identify them. Now He carries it one step further and makes the comparison between good and bad trees. We must understand this comparison in order to get the point which Jesus is making. He is not talking about good trees and rotten trees. Rotten trees, or decayed trees do not bring forth fruit. There is a subtle element which Jesus is pointing out. He is speaking of trees that may resemble each other, but there is a distinct difference between their fruits. In our neighborhood where I grew up one of the neighbors had some apple trees. Those trees all looked very much the same. We would watch those

apples getting bigger and juicer as summer moved along. Then when the apples appeared to be just about right we would pick a few off the ground which had been helped to get there by someone up in the tree. But we soon discovered that apples from two different trees were different. They were both red; both juicy; both ripe; but the similarity ended when bitten into. One was sweet and the other sour. This didn't mean one was evil or corrupt, but the appearances were deceiving. This is the subtle point Jesus is making. It continues to be directed at His followers. We call these people Christians. Jesus was making the point that it could be determined what kind of fruit they were by observation. The evidence will come forth and may be seen. We are dealing with the summation of this entire Sermon on the Mount as we look at this comparison. Jesus had given the foundation stones upon which the Christian life is to be based. By looking at xxxxx the distinguishing marks of the Christian we can see if that Christian is poor in spirit; if he is able to mourn over sin and evil; if he seeks to be meek, in control of himself; if he hungers and thirsts after righteousness; if he is merciful, pure, a peacemaker and so on. These are the fruits that can and should be seen in a Christian. If they are not then the conclusion is that the tree is evil, false, untrue.

An unknown author had this to say about worship:

"A week filled with selfishness, and the sabbath stuffed full of religious exercises, will make a good Pharisee, but a poor Christian. There are many persons who think Sunday is a sponge with which to wipe out the sins of the past week. Now, God's altar stands from Sunday to Sunday, and the seventh day is no more for religion than any other. It is for rest. The whole seven are for religion, and one of them for rest."

How do we live outside of these walls? Can people look at the lives we live and see the fruit of Christianity? Actually, when we look at that 20th verse we see that the word is plural. It is, "Fruits." That means there are many. We know them from the kikik listing given in the Beatitudes and even though we know it is impossible to live this sermon on the Mount completely. Yet we are to be striving to live it. Jesus knows the struggle we face daily. He is willing to aid us and to forgive us when we fail and fall. The Beatitudes are the character to be strucked at the Beatitude and the Character to Brekens to be strucked.

This is serious business and it becomes more serious when we read of the consequences of living either for or against God. In John 15:1 we read, (Read this). The non-bearing branches, the unfrutiful, or the bad fruit, will be dome away with. Tose branches that are producing and bearing fruit will only be pruned, trimmed, and helped along to be more fruitful. We are not left alone as we strive to live this life. But we must be pointed in the right direction. (Illustration of boy, father, and "Is your face toward me?")

Is everything clear between you and the Lord? Is your face toward His, so His fade can be toward you? What kind of fruit are we known by? Jesus said, "Wherefore, by their fruits ye shall know them."

ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST ST. PAOL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST
Butler, Pennsylvania
Twenty-Fourth Sunday After Pentecost Nov. 14, 1982
The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Pastor
Mr. Harry Cunningham, Organist and Chr. Dir.
Mr. Roland Thompson, Saxophonist
Bris *Ascription *Exhortation **Confession (In Unison) "O Father, giver of such bounty as we see each harvest time, we know we are not worthy to gather the crumbs from under your table; yet, out of your great love and mercy, you have not only bestowed this material abundance, but beyond all our deserving have given us a Saviour, Jesus Christ. Help us to believe, and believing to accept; and accepting, help us to act. Your will, not airs be done. Amen." *Kvrie *Assurance of Pardon *Praise *Pastor: Blessed be the Lord God! *People: And blessed be His Glorious Name forever *Gloria Patri Who's Who in the Pew Announcements Joys, Concerns, Prayer Requests
Hymn No. 398 "Rise Up, O Men of God" Call to Prayer
Pastor: The Lord be with you
People: And with thy spirit
Pastor: Let us Pray Choral Prayer Response (#30) Offering Offertory "How Lovely Shines the Morning Star" *Doxology 382 ipture: Matthew 7: 21-23

Sermon: "It's More Than Verbal" *Closing Hymn No. 402 "O Jesus, I have promised" Benediction
Postlude "Lord, When We Bend Before Thy Throne" Postlude Kindermann +++++++++ *Congregation Standing ++++++
The Lovely Flowers on the Altar have been placed by
Steve and Barb Vargo to the "Glory of God"
Serving as Ushers today are: *Dutch Bolam, Mary Lou
Davis, Peg Nazaruk and Gloria Walker Mr. & Mrs. Alvin Tait will greet the Congregation at the door this morning. Nursery will be provided today by Rebecca Shearer and Michelle Henry.
Rob Vinroe and Bill Pflugh will be visiting the Hospital this week.

Tonight - 7:00 - 5th in the Series "The Family: God's Pattern for Living" will be shown in Rehoboth Hall. Pattern Hospitalized: Mrs. Irene Holbein Attendance 147.

Monday - 7:30- Fidelity Bible Class Meeting Monday - 7:30- Fidelity Bible Class Meeting Monday 6-7 - Aerobics in Rehoboth Hall; Tues - 6-8 Wed. - 7:30 - Golden Circle Thurs. - 10:30 A.M. - Mary Martha Circle Meeting Thurs. - 6:30 P.M. - Butler Area Laymen's Dinner at Bethany Church. Chuck Penar and J. Walter Harmon have fideler. have tickets. Tues. - Nov. 16 - 7:00 - Follow-Up Committee Meeting Those elected Elder last week were: Harry Fry and Reland Thempson. Elected Deacons were: Dan Bosko, Martin Henry, William Sheppeck and Carl Vinroe. The Christian Board of Education is conducting an ingathering of canned goods of all kinds to make a basket for needy people. The ingathering will take place during the Thankoffering Service at 11:90 A.M. on Nov. 21. Those contributing will be asked to bring the their donations forward and place them in containers provided for that purpose. We still are responsible for two more Sundays at the V. A. Hospital. If you can possibly help push Wheel Chair patients to the Service - contact Bill Pflugh or the office.

American Indian Offering will be taken Nov. 21 envelopes in your packets. PAILY BREAD BOOKLETS NI THEX ORDINATION ROSS CYPHER

"It's More T an Verwal" Scrip: Mt. 7:21-23; Text: Mt. 7:21 Js c tinu sumatin serm Mt & this pt uttr perhap mos serius word entir serm Spk actul comit vs lipserv; Start vs 21 It not jus outward, verbl acpt Xp mak 1 eligbl K of G Js k here typ self-decpetin 2much wat bin, is, pas as Xpianty stres import kno & say rt words & Js stres mor than this As usul put 4th pt & then elaborat=Vs 22 He knu human natur 2 wel, & kny sum made comit 2 G & sot 2 hav comit evident all say & do, But also knu othrs mak comit & half/hart all along He see wilb thoz defen selvs G's kingdom & say wat did Examp Js use of demons interst lk Mt 8:29=EXPLAIN Notic cal Him Js,S of G=T, is same Lord, Lord Evident demons knu rt words,& it Byon jus mak use that name Lord, Lord, ovr & ovr agin Js cal Blievr 2 self-examinatin, this wat serm about Js spok it 2 Blievrs, & 4 Blievrs & all this welth info put 4th 4 self-exam 4 Blievr 2C wher at Sp livs Apos Jn writ on this in 1 Jn 2:4, 5-6=READ Mor than jus Lord, Lord, it walk as He walk, Ohtr word B lik Js everday livs Vs 23=may soun harsh=Why wud Js say this? Not Bouz proph, or cast out demons, it Bouz dun 2 pleas selvs Our works 2B dun 4Him & Him only Remem wat Js sed in serm about plaudits of worl? Sed=Thoz seek prais of men, wil get reward=from men We 2 lk our motiv as ser# G=is it 2 Honor Him? it 2 Glodfy Him? His Name? Or is it 2B prais by ma? MT 21:28-31=EXPLAin: We may B same situatin; may sed wud serv & don't; may kno birth/lif/deth/resur all othr facts; but if no liv lif along prof faith, Js sed no entr K He sed Bcuz want follows 2B constant awar wher sud relatship &xx 2 the kingdom (Illus man name obit; chang birth "fresh start") The optunity ther 4 ea us hav fresh start, this why Js bothr spk this issu Let us examin selvs & C if perhap our serv bin 1 of call Lord, Lord with nothin else about it Its mor xxxxxx than verbal, it actin as wel

Scripture: Matthew 7:21-23

rext: Matthew 7:21

Jesus is continuing His summation of this Sermon on The Mount and at this point He utters what are perhaps the most serious words of the entire sermon. He is speaking of actual commitment as opposed to lip service. He starts by stating, "Not every one that saith unto Me, Lord, Lord, shall enter kkw into the kingdom of heaven, but he that doeth the will of My Father, who is in heaven." It is not just the outward, verbal acceptance of Christ which makes one eligible for God's eternal kingdom. Jesus is speaking here of a type of self-deception. Too much of what has been and is being passed off as Christi ianity stresses the importance of saying the right words and knowing the proper things. Jesus is stressing that it is much much more than this. As usual He puts forth His point and now He elaborates on the outcome of it. In the 22nd verse He states, "Many will say to me in that day, Lord, Lord, have we not prophesied in Thy name? And in Thy name have cast out devils? And in Thy name done many wonderful works?" Jesus knew human nature only too well. He knew that there are people who make a commitment to God and seek to have that commitment be evident in all they do and say. But He also knew that there are those who make a commitment and at best it is only half-hearted from theovery beginning. These are the ones who will defend themselves in God's eternal kingdom and argue with God about what they have done in this life. Its interesting that Jesus uses the analogy of casting out devils as a proof of commitment and obedience. If we look at an example of Jesus casting out demons, we can see the point He is making. In the 8th chapter of Matthew, Jesus is dealing with two people who are demon possessed. In the 29th verse we read of His conversation with them, (read this). Notice what they call Him. They say, "Jesus Thou Son of God." This indicates they are aware of Him as being Lord. They are in essence saying, "Lord, Lord." So it is evident that if even demons themselves know the right words, it is something beyond just making use of that name, "Lord, Lord," over and over again.

Jesus is calling the believer to self-examination. That is what this entire Sermon on the Mount is about. Jesus spoke it to believers and for the believer all of this wealth of information is put forth for self-examination to see just where the believers are in their spiritual lives.

The Apostle John was inspired by God to write on this very thing in his letters. In 1st John chapter 2, the 4th verse we read, (read this). He goes on to say, in verses 5 and 6, (read these). It is more than just saying, Lord, Lord." It is walking as He walked. Inothers words, being like Jeus is our everyday lives. The answer Jesus tells us which He will give to these people who can only say, "Lord, Lord," and it means nothing is rather harsh. In the 23rd verse He says, "And then will I profess unto them, I never knew you; depart from me, ye that work iniquity." And why would Jesus dismiss these people from His presence? It certainly isn't because they prophesied, or cast out demons, it was because theses things were done to please themselves. Our works must be done for Him and Him only. It isn't for others to notice us, or pat us on the back. Remember what Jesus said in another portion of this sermon about the plaudits of the world? He said those who seek the prsaise of men will get their reward. But that reward is from men and not from God. We are to look at our motives as we serve God. Is it to glorify Him? Is it to Honor Him and Hims name? Or is it to be seen of men and praised by them?

In another portion of this Gospel of Matthew we find an illustration of what Jesus is talking about. If you will turn to the 21st chapter and look at the 28th verse, (read this and vss 29-31 also). The one son told his father that he would not go and then he changed his mind. The other son said he would go and didn't. This is the case with those who know all about Jesus, His life, His ministry, His death, His resurrection and have come and said they would commit their life to Him, but it stopped right there. We can know all of these things and believe we belong to Him. But if **kerexie** we are not living%* the life along with the profession of faith, Jesus said we will not enter His kingdom. Jesus said this because He wanted His followers to be constantly

aware of where they stood in regardxtaxtheir relationship to the kingdom.

(__1lustration of man name printed obituary column, changed to birth column, so he was given a "Fresh start").

The opportunity is there for each of us to have a "fresh start." This is why Jesus bothered to speak about this issue. Let us examine ourselves and see if perhaps our service has been one of only calling, Lord, Lord, with nothing esle about it. It's more than verbal, it is action as well.

ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST Butler, Pennsylvania Thank-Offering Sunday November 21, 1982
The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Pastor
Mr. Harry Cunningham, Choir Director and Organist
Mr. Roland Thompson, Saxophonist Prelude "Oh, That I Had a Thousand Voices" Reger *Processional Hymn 370 "O God, Our Help in Ages Past" *Ascription *Confession PAGE 4/8 *Assurance of Pardon Pastor: Blessed be the Lord God! People: And blessed be His Glorious Name forever *Gloria Patri Who's Who in the Pew Announcements Joys, Thankoffering Concerns, Prayer Requests "Come, Ye Thankful People, Come" Hymn No. 392 Morning Prayer Morning Prayer
Choral Prayer Response (#30)
Offering (regular offering, not thankoffering or canned goods)
Offertory "We Praise Thee, O God, Our Redeemer, Creator"
willan Ingathering Service: (Family ushers will be at the chancel rail for collection of Thankoffering envelopes. Those who have brought canned goods, or food are requested to come forward and place them in the boxes provided. *Thankoffering Prayer - Page 396 Hymnal Anthem "All Good Gifts" Anderson Deuteronomy 8:10-17 Scripture: "When Is Thanks, Giving?" Sermon: Prayer *Hymn of Thanksgiving 389 "Let All Things Now Living" *Benediction *Postlude "Now Thank We All Our God"

The Lovely Flowers on the Altar have been placed by Mrs. Ann Williams in memory of "Loved Ones" Serving as Ushers today are: *Rob Vinroe, Robert Dellen, Randy Dellen and Brian Kennedy Nursery will be provided today Monday - 6-7 and Tuesday - 6-8 - Aerobics in Rehoboth Hall Wednesday - Nov. 24 - 7:00 P.M. Anyone who would like Wednesday - Nov. 24 - 7:00 F.M. Anyone who would to join the Chancel Choir as it prepares for its Christmas Cantata (of December 26 - 11:00 service) is cordially invited to attend this Wednesday's rehearsal - cantata rehearsal #2.

A large sum of money was given last Sunday in a POP envelope. There was no name on the envelopes If you wanted a name on it please contact Lois Stokes
or the office. Either way we appreciate it and thank Today - Meals on Wheels cordially invites you to our OPEN HOUSE from 2 to 4 P.M. at St. Andrew's United Presbyterian Church (on Cliff St. entrance) We hope you can join us and see our new location. Next Sunday is the first Sunday in Advent.

Today your envelopes out of your packets will go to
the American Indian offering. (One that has been
thoroughly checkfout. The canned goods will go to a needy person. We still need 8 people to help push wheel-chair patients to the service next Sunday at V. A. Hospital. We will need 3 couples for (6 people) to help push patients to the service on Tuesday evening Thanksgiving service.

Debby Melton and Karen Link will be visiting the Hospital this week, plus one of the shut-ins, and people who have not attended recently. Mr. & Mrs. Ken Schmittlein and Family will receive the Thank-Offering envelopes. Additional enevelopes are in the Narthex if you should want them or perhaps forgot your. Boxes are also in the Narthex. Mr. & Mrs. Wallace Feder will greet the congregation and Visitors at the door this morning. We hope that you have a very nice Thanksgiving. The attendance last Sunday was 163

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DMMUNITY BIBLE CHURCH - SAGAMORE, PA. - NOVEMBER 23, 1977
                                                                                                                      SCRIP: DEUT 8:10-17; SERM: "WEN IS THANKS, GIVING?"
 (THANKSGIVING SUNDAY)
                                                                                                                     (ILUS KING ALFONSO XIX OF SPAIN & LESSN TAUT "BOYS BOUT THANKS)
                                                                                                                    THAT WAS YRS AGO, BUT HAV TIMES CHANGE??

UNKNOWN AUTHR HAS WIPTEN - (ILUS "THANKSGIV AS HOLY DAY, ETC)

UNFORTUNATLY THIS THANKSGIV WILB NO DIF MANY OTHES

(STORS ONN PEOP SHOP, PARTY, SITEMN BIG FEED & WONT GIV THANKS

(STORS ONN PEOP SHOP, PARTY, SITEMN BIG FEED & WONT GIV THANKS

(STORS ONN PEOP SHOP, PARTY, SITEMN BIG FEED & WONT GIV THANKS

(STORS ONN PEOP SHOP, PARTY, SITEMN BIG FEED & WONT GIV THANKS

(STURE THAT WHEN IS THANKS, COMMA, GIVING???

WEN DUZ THANKS BOUM THAT WHICH MOTIVATES US TO BE GIVING????

XINXXENIXXYMIXXMXXEMXX

IN SCRIP THISXXMX A M. MOSSE SIM AGOD FLANDAR WAS TRANSFED.
 GREETINGS/JOYS/ANNOUNCEMENTS/PRAYER REQUESTS
      NEXT SUNDAY BEGINS ADVENT SEASON
                                                                                                                   PRAYER/OFFERING
* DOYOLOGY
 PASTORAL PRAYER
HYMN
SCRIPTURE: DEUTERONOMY 8:10-17
SERMON: "WHEN IS THANKS, GIVING?"
ST. PAUL'S, BUTLER - 11/21/82
* POSTLUDE
DESIREE - GINL KILLED
LISA
 PRISCILLA DAO
 JEAN
 EMMA
 LAIRO & TWILL
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"When Is Thanks, Giving?"

Scrip: Deut. 8:10-17; Text: Deut. 8:11a, 17

I wid imagin orig Th 1thing comon lern erly age sk' childr lern Fil cam 2 natin 2hav fredum wor & Bc d's guid, prov 2 them set asid day giv Thanks
That day hand dwn 2us, natinl holdy observ feast felsh gr examp how holday lk at illus famly observ difway (Il.ds Wat evr happened 2 thanksgiving?)

4 that famly Th not wat usully was, & we may wel ask quest this materilistic society, but I Bliev mor impo 2 ask nothr quest; B4 wis acr anser, Th this Thursday Observ quest is=When Is Thanks, comma, Giving?

put bluntly=wen duz our thanks actul Bcum giving or motivate us 2 giv? This quest need wrestl with Bcuz some our attitudes toward giving

Scrip G elab wat transpir 40yr wandr wildrnes peop Is Mos relat word G, tel wondril prov giv 2 them vss 1-9=recount bles by G

vs 10-G warn no 4get Him wen satisfy, fed; 40yr fed; cloths no wear out; rely G 4 this & remind no 4get vss 12-17=warnings & reminders of whenc help came vs 19=1st prom furthr bles by G

vs 20-2nd prom & this of destructin if 4get G

I Bliev key this scrip=11a & 17=READ=this our text Tend read scrip Deut, pas off as histry long 4got peop I Bliev we at dangr pt as natin & individs lik text This scrip stan remindr G do this ovr, ovr othr peop Ik histry natins worl, bles, rise, fall

Think own lif, wandr wildnes worl, lost, seek yet not really dstitut thing of worl; thn think lif chang wen cam kno L & bles no numbr cum your way with ea increas wat bin Ur respons? U may hav bin the kfl 4 all receiv, but tel me, wen Is Thanks, Giv?

Wen has thankfulnes turn 2 giv mor 2 God? (Illus litle girl, uncl dolar, giv 2 G=only get pennies lk our time & moan wat hap, but has evr ocur any1 we rode wav prosperty 40yr get get, but giv les & les?

Evr ocur any2 G remin us 1day we owe acct wat receiv & wat givn bak? How many us cum pt as G warnevs 17b? Who everthin Blong 2? How much requir us? Tithe 10% money, 10% time etc=Scrip & least G seek from us preach 9yrs, how many affect? Hav all sort excus why no

How many us actul do all can 4 G ***Exercity**
physically, spiritully, financilly?

"" much lik Isites of old in our expresin thanks

bod Lik story told B4, but bear repeat=Wat dun 4me lately

"" a much lik Isites of old in our expresin thanks

Lik story told B4, but bear repeat=Wat dun 4me lately

"" a much lik story told B4, but bear repeat=Wat dun 4me lately

"" a lineed 2do is lk recent past hrs & can anser that
quest of wat dun 4me lately God?

Had nites rest; food this morn; nice sanctury worsh

Him, & list go on & on also

Wen Is Thanks, Giving? It is wen lk wat hav, wat
has bin givn & then out of luv 4 all He has giv

us, we in turn giv 2 Him

Our giv shud B sacrific, not jus of surplus

Wen sactific Ecum 1 which wel pleas His site & G

wil do in ur lif wat Apos P sed Fhil 4:19=Read

That is ALL UR NEEDS, not All Ur WANTS

This Thanksgiv let us lk seriusly wat we hav,

wat has bin givn 2us,

& Remembr admonitin of God=Vs 11a & 17=READ

Scripture: Deuteronomy 8:10-17

xt: Deuteronomy 8: 11a, 17

toward giving.

For that reamily, Thanksgiving was not what it usually was. We may well ask this question in our materialistic society, but I believe there is a mare important question to be asked. And before some wise acre answers this question with the fact that Thanksgiving is this coming Thurday, let me point out that the question is, "When Is Thanks, (comma), Giving?" To put it more bluntly, "When does our thanks, actually become giving, or motivate us to give?

This is a question we need to wrestle with because of some of our stitudes

In our Scripture this morning, God was elaborating all that had transpired in the 40 years of wandering in the wilderness by His people. Moses is relating these words from God and they tell of the wonderful providence He had given to them. In the first 9 verses, which we did not read, XXXXXXX are recounted those blessings by God. And beginning now in the 10th verse we read, (read this). God is warning them that when their hunger is satisfied, they should not forget where it all came from. For 40 years they had been miraculously fied; their clothes had not be worn out; they had had to rely upon God for all of this and He was reminding them that they should not forget whence it came.

Along with His reminder to render thanks to Him, God issues a zwrming

as we read in the 12th and following verses, (read vss 12 through 17).

en this chapter closes with two promises. The first promise we read in the 18th verse, (read this). This is the promise of further blessing from God. The second promise is found in the 19th and 20th verses, (read these). This is the promise of destruction if the people forget God.

I believe the key to this particular Scripture is found in the first part of the 11th verse with the 17th verse added to it. If we then read this as our text it becomes, "Beware that thou forget not the Lord thy God, and thou say in thine heart, my power and the might of my hand hath gotten me this wealth." I believe this is the danger point we have reached today both as a nation and as individuals. We tend to read a Scripture such as this one found in Deuteronomy and pass it off as being just a history of a long forgotten people. But it stands as a reminder that God has done this over and over again for many, many nations and people. Look at the nations of history who stood forth and ere prospered by God, but who forgot Him and in turn are now unknown in the world. Think of your own life how before you ever came to know the Lord, you were wandering in the wilderness of this world; lost; seeking; yet not really destitute in the things of this world. Then think of how your life changed when you came to know the Lord and blessings without number have come your way. With at each increase of your blessings, what has been your response to God? You may have thought about your life and been thankful for all that you have when you have reflected upon it. But tell me, "When Is Thanks, Giving?" When has your thankfulness turned to giving more to God?

(Illustration of little girl, dollar from Uncle, & give to God, He wxxxxxxxx never gets anything but pennies either)

We look at our times and we NAMMENN moan about what is happening. But has it ever occurred to anyone that we have ridden the wave of prosperity for over 40 years getting and getting, but giving less and less? Has it ever occurred to NAMMEN any of us that one day God was going to remind us that we owe Him an accounting of all that we have received and the little we have given back?

How many of us have come to the point where we have said as God warned, "My wer and the might of my hand hath gotten me this wealth?"

Who does everything we have belong to? How much does God require of us to return to Him as rightfully His? The answer is a Tithe. And a Tithe is a 10th of everything. This doesn't mean 1% of income, 1% of talent, and so on adding up to 10% total. It is 10% of income, plus 10% of time, 10% of abilities and so on. This is Scriptural and the very least that God seeks from us. But we don't want to hear this because it conflicts with what we want to do. You have heard me preach this for almost 9 years and yet it hasn't had a great deal of effect on the majority of the congregation. We have all sorts of excuses why we don't do it. We blame the times, we say we are retired, we are widows and the list goes on and on. Shestings have here what was not a see the second way we have all sorts of excuses why we have all sorts of excuses why we don't do it. We blame the times, we say we are retired, we are widows and the list goes on and on. Shestings have have a way was a second was a second way we have a second way we want to do. You have have a second way we want was a second way we want was a second way w

Let me tell you a true story I happen to know. It involves a widew lady who was a widow for about 25 years before she died, This is what she did in those years. (Illustration of Mom, social security; rent; giving etc)

"When Is Thanks, Giving?" Sure, times are tough, but tell me, how many of us have missed any meals because of these times? How many of us have less clothing than we did last year? How many of us are deprived of the material things of life? Yet, what are we giving in return for what God has given us, and for His continued blessings in our lives?

I believe that with all that God has given us, it is an affront to Him for this congregation to not meet its budget for whatever reason we may give. How many of us are actually doing all that we can for God physically, spiritually, and financially? We are much like the Israelites of old in our expression of thanks to God. It is somewhat like the story I have told before. But it bears repeating. (Illustration of "What have you done for me lately, Sam?")

All we need to do is to look at the past recent hours and we can answer that lestion of what have you done for me xexent's lately, God? We had a night's sleep and rest in a comfortable home; we had food this morning; we have a nice sanctuary to worship Him in; and that list could go on and on also. "When Is Thanks, Giving?" It is when we look at what we have, what has been given and continues to be given to us and then out of love for all that He has given us, we in turn give to Him. Our giving should be a sacrifice, not just what we can give of our surplus. When it is a sacrifice, it becomes one which is well pleasing in His sight and then God will do in your life what the Apostle said He would do as recorded in the 4th chapter of his letter to the Philippians, the 19th verse, "But my God shall supply all your need according to His riches in glory by Christ Jesus." That vis, "All your needs," not your wants. This Thanksgiving, let us look seriously at what we have, what has been given to us and remember the admonition of God, "Beware that thou forget not the Lord thy God and wax thou say in thine heart, 'My power and the might of mine hand hath gotten me this wealth. ""

ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST Butler, Pennsylvania

First Sunday in Advent November 28, 1982

The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Pastor

Mr. Harry Cunningham, Choir Director and Organist

Mr. Roland Thompson, Saxophonist

Amy Vargo, Hally Cavet, Acolytes ORDER OF WORSHIP - 11:00 A.M.
Prelude "Oh, Come, Oh, Come, Emmanuel" Moser
*Processional Hymn No. 166 "Let All Mortal Flesh Keep Silence" *Exhortation *Confession (In Unison) "Our Heavenly Father, our spirits turn at this season not only to the coming of thy Son into history in the form of a babe, but also to thy coming in thy spirit. We beseech thee. O Lord, to pour thy spirit upon all who walk in darkness. Grant thy power to the weak; thy love to those who hate; and thy peace to those who know only the ugliness of strife, struggle, and turmoil. If it be thy will, make us instruments of thy power and love and peace for those who know thee not Hear us as we pray, in Jesus' name. Amen" *Kyrie *Assurance of Pardon *Praise

*Pastor: Blessed be the Lord God!

*Pastor: Blessed he His Glori *People: And blessed be His Glorious Name forever *Gloria Patri Lighting of the Advent Wreath No. /691st verse Who's Who in the Pew Announcements Joys, Concerns, Prayer Requests Hymn No. 177 "Good Christian Men, Rejoice" Hymn No. 177 Call to Prayer Pastor: The Lord be with you People: And with thy spirit Pastor: Let us Pray Prayer Choral Prayer Response (No. 203) Offering Offertory "Once He Came in Blessing" J. S. Bach nem: "Hosanna! Blessed is He That Comes" Gregor Anthem:

*Doxology 382 Matthew 7: 24,26 "Wise or Foolish" Scripture: Sermon: *Closing Hymn No. 168 "Come, Thou Long-Expected Jesus" Benediction "My Inmost Heart Now Raises" Postlude "My Inmost Heart Now Raises" J. + + + + + + *Congregation Standing + + + + + + The Lovely Flowers on the Altar have been placed in memory of Guy Armstrong and "Loved Ones" by wife Jane and Family. Serving as Ushers today are: *Richard Mangel,
Don Kingsley, Art Carney and Gary Penar.
The attendance last Sunday was 179 with 18 Visitors.
Nursery will be provided today Nursery will be provided today
Monday - 6 - Aerobics: Tues. 6-8 - Aerobics
Wed. - 7:00 - Council Meeting - The new members are
asked also to attend this meeting.
Wed. - 7:00 - and Thurs. 7:00 - Choir Fractice
Today - The NEW CASTLE MUSIC CLUB Chorus presents its
annual performance of Handel's Messigh this afternoon
(3:00) in the First Baptist Church, West Maitland Lane,
New Castle. Your are cordially invited. For further
information please see Mr. Cunningham this morning.
Five different families benefited from the canned Five different families benefited from the canned goods brought in over the past couple of weeks. If you would like to have early Church please sign the paper in the Narthex this morning. A report will be given in the Newsletter about the money received for Thankoffering. Donald Kennedy and Ray Covert will be visiting the Hospital this week. They will also be visiting a shutin and a person from the congregation that has The Poinsetta's will be \$5.50 this year. If you would like to have one for the Altar or Chancel for Dec. 19th, please let the office know or sign up in the Narthex today.

Hospitalized: Mr. William Campbell VELPA COLLING BUTTER
Mr. & Mrs. Harry Fry will greet the Congregation at the door this morning.

One way to stop gossip is to breathe through your nose.

Scrip: Mt. 7:24, 26

1t ng read ovr & ovr Bibl is valu of choic G giv His peop rt of choic ovr & ovr agin few ex=Joshua & peop=1 G,or gods idols, heathns around Rath chos 2B Je insted Moabite; Sol ask 2B wis/rt/wro D' spok chos truth; al thez & othrs mak choic server Js hade choos part of mesag=parbls=Prod son; virgins; gud Sam; talents & othrs

Ea instanc put 4th desir/undesir & choic 2B made basis Ther4 no surp Serm Mt giv opp 4 choic ovr,& ovr agin Choic alway ty up in comp so choose chanc 2C sides This respec Js unique teachr

So hav lk thez comps & now cum 2nothr many side 2it 2day lk persnalties involv choic & C sim & dissim tween them=One individ WISE,& othr FOOLISH
vss 24 & 26=(READ) As lk both men exactly alike both want 2bild hous fam liv in; made same materils; both bilt same localty; No say 1mor wethr than othr Obvius wat Js say both same everthin excep foundatir & locatin foundatin wat cause only dif tween 2

I wud imagin Js cûd-hav pt out individs audienc as examps thez 2men, but as oft spok hypothetcal Bcuz He no pt fingr caus sum1 2B embarrass in crowd; as we lk hypotheteal find dif pictur wat tk plac So real exampl=Gen 13:1-7; bakgr=Ab, Lot, herd, watr exc. Vss 8-9=Abe's solutin prob vs 10=Lot choic; how select? Eys; he lk & Bheld; use humn instinct, emotins mak choic; no cal oh G; stric human vs 11=tel of Lot choic & wher he chos liv vs 12=wat kind peop liv ther

If his how G want us 2mak choic? No it isnt But this way naturl man, unsav man mak choic & unfort way many sav peopl mak choic

Decisin all kind need 2B made in site of G

Means we consul Him anythin, everthin which we R 2do This wat G want from us & wen has control thots, idea He can use us & as a result bles us many way vss 14-18=G coman Ab lk land, settl;

1man chos thru humnes; othr thru G; 1foundatin bilt on rok; othr on sand; 1 bilt 4this lif; othr 4 eternty This subtl pt Js mak Scrip this day; Ince agin pt not at unblievrs, but at blievrs

He pr out ther Blievrs root, ground faith solid found B. ther othrs liv, mov among Blievr

He try warn evr1 dangr of B self-deceiv by go thru motins of think all is wel

Ha real burdh 4 ever1 2B wholy comit, totaly comit in bild spirtul livs

Jus as hous tata foundatin laid, blok by blok, so mus spirtul foundatin

Pr. Jus vss tol how 2lk 4 real, genuin as oppos falsm unaturl, unreal in othrs as wel as self

It continu 2B self-exam all us 2B about

Our goal=2mak certin choics R 1's G wants us 2make
(Illus Rowland Hill, Eng preachr yesteryear & vs told 2 lady of high ranking)

Wat choic R we mak in bild thez houses of ours?
Our choic is eithr that of being Wise, or Foolish, which is now? Which will it B 4 futur?

Scripture: Matthew 7:24, 26

(; of the basic things we read in the Bible over and over is the value of choice. Xunhum Kauexthexpeoplexofxiumamixthexchoice God gives to His people the right of choice over and over again. Just a few examples from the Bible make this abundantly clear. Joshua gave the people of Israel a choice as to whom they would serve. The One God, or the idols of the heathens around them; Ruth chose to become an Israelite and turn from being a Moabite; Solomon asked to be able to be wise, to choose between good and gad, right and wrong; David spoke of having chosen that which was truth in his Psalms; all these and others are choices made by servants of God. Jesus made choosing a part of His message. His parables spoke of making choices over and over. The Profligal Son, the wise and foblish virgins, the Good Samaritan, the Talents and many others. In each instance something is put forth as being desirable and undesirable and the choice is to be made on that basis. Therefore, it is not surprising that the very beginning of His ministry, in this Sermon on the Mount He give opportunity for choices over and over again. But the choice is always tied up in a comparison so the choosee has a chance to see both sides of his choice. In this respect Jesus was a very unique teacher. We have looked at these comparisons and we now come to another one which has many sides to it. Today, we are going to look at the personalities involved in this choice and see the similarities and dissimilarities between them. One individual was Wise, and the other was Foolish.

We read of these two men in the 24th and the 26th verses, (read these). As we look at them we see that in many respects they are exactly alike. They both wanted to build a house in which they and their family could live. Jesus made no distinction between the two houses which were built, so we could safely assume that both men built identically the same house. They were made of the same materials so there was no distinct advantage over one being better constructed than the other. They were both built in exactly the same locality.

So we cannot say that one was subjected to more weather than the other. It is vious from what Jesus said that the men had the same desire, built the same kind of house, located it in the same area and the only difference between the two houses was the foundation. The location of that foundation is what caused the only difference between the two men.

I would imagine that Jesus could have pointed some individuals out in His audience as examples of these two men. But as He most often did, He spoke of hypothetical cases and people. Jesus was not one to point the finger to cause someone to be embarrassed. Thus He used the hypothetical approach to many subjects. But there are times when we look at a hypothetical case and find it difficult to picture what could or could not take place. It is then we need to have an actual example to help us through this problem. There are several examples we could use from Scripture and one I believe stands out at this point above all of the rest. This example is found in the Old Testament book of Genesis and t involves Abram and his nephew Lot. Turn if you will to the 13th chapter of Genesis. At this point in time God had not changed his name to Abraham yet, so he was still called Abram. The flocks and herds of Abram and Lot had grown and multiplied to MXXX unmanageable proportions. So it was that Abram's servants, and Lot's servants argued over the pastureland and watering rights. As we begin this story we read of this background in verses 1 through 7. Then and following verses in verse 8 we read of Abram's solution to this problem, (read verses 8-9). Abram being an honorable man, not wanting to take advantage of his nephew Lot, gives him first choice.

Verse 10 describes how Lot selected the land of his choice, (read this). ****

What did he use to make his selection? His eyes. He looked and he behald.

He used his human instincts and emotions to make his choice. There was no calling upon God for direction and gudiance. It was strictly from the human instincts that Lot made his choice. Then verse 11 tells us of this choice, (read this). Verse 12 relates where it was that Lot chose to live, and verse 13 tells us what kind of people lived there, (read these). Is this how God

wants us to make our choices? No it isn't. But this is the way the natural n, the unsaved man makes his choices and unfortunately it is the way many saved people or those who know the Lord make their decisions. Decisions of all kinds needcto be made in the sight of God. That means that we consult Him for anything and everything which we are to do. That is what God wants from us. When He has control of our thoughts and ideas, He can use us and as a result bless us in many ways.

So God commanded Abram to look upon his land in which he was to settle and the place in which he did settle. Verses 14 through18 tell us this. One man chose in and through his humanness, while the other chose through God. One man's foundation was built upon the Rock; the other man's foundation was built upon the sand; one man built for this life; the other built for eternity. This is the subtle point Jesus was trying to make in our Scripture today. Once again He is pointing not at unbelievers but the difference between two believers. e is pointing out that there are those who are believers in every sense of the word. Their lives are rooted and grounded on a solid foundation. But there are others living and moving among these solid foundation beligvers who are www believers in name only. He is trying to warn everyone of the danger of being self-deceived by going through the motions of thinking all is well. He had a real burden that everyone should be wholly and totally committed to the building of their xxxx spiritual lives. Just as a house foundation is laid block by block, so must the spiritual foundation. In previous verses He told how to look for the real and genuine as opposed to the false and unreal not only in others, but in ourselves as well. It continues to be self-examination all of us must be about. Our goal always is to make certain our choices are the ones God wants us to make.

Roland Hill a famous English preacher of yesteryear was once preaching to a large crowd on a main highway. A magnificent carriage with an obviously titled lady inside, and bound for the palace came along. Am na who was called an ***Corrider** "Outrider** walked in front to clear the way. Mr. Hill said that

although it was the king's highway, he was occupying it for the King of Kings.

then proceeded to speak to the lady in verse form and this is what he said:

(Illustration of "Choosing Aright," as found in "2400 Illustrations - Naismith)

What choice are we making for the building of these houses of ours? Our choice is either that of being "Wise Or Kablia Foolish."

ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST Butler, Pennsylvania Dec. 5, 1982
The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Pastor
Mr. Harry Cunningham, Choir Director and Organist
Mr. Roland Thompson, Saxophonist Traci McMillin and Heather Covert - Acolytes "There Were Three Roses" Anonymous (Germany)
"Carol of the Birds" Anonymous (France)
*Processional Hymn No. 202 "As With Gladness Men of Old" *Ascription *Confession (In Unison) "Almighty and Eternal God, Who didst create light and life, even as we come to you we must hide ourselves from thee in shame. Our thoughts, words, and deeds are dark shadows upon us. Like the men of old, we have strayed from thy ways, losing sight of thy light. Thou who came as light into our dark world, we have failed in times past to perceive thee. We ask therefore, that we may come to your light in true faith and repentence, through Jesus the Light. Amen." *Assurance of Pardon *Pastor: Blessed be the Lord God! *People: And blessed be His Glorious Name forever *Gloria Patri Lighting of the Advent Wreath No. 168 1st verse Who's Who in the Pew Announcements Joys, Concerns, Prayer Requests Hymn No. 169 "O Come, O Come, Emmanuel" Call to Prayer
Pastor: The Lord be with you
People: And with thy spirit Pastor: Let us Pray Prayer Choral Prayer Response (No. 203) Offering

Offertory "Offertory on 'Lobt Gott, ihr Christen,
*Doxology 382 allzugleich'" Walther
Anthem: A <u>Praise Unending Medley -Owens/Johnson/Erb</u>
(Mr. Dan Metrick, <u>percussionist</u> & Mr. Roland Thompson, saxophonist) Matthew 7:24-27 Sermon: "Rock Or Sand?" *Closing Hymn No. 170 "Thou Didst Leave Thy Throne" Postlude "Lord Jesus Christ, My Life, My Light" Bach + + + + + + *Congregation Standing + + + + + + + + The Lovely Flowers on the Altar have been placed by Mr. & Mrs. Paul Riemer in memory of their "Fathers" Serving as Ushers today are: *Charles Penar, Dan Bosko, Dave McMillin Mr. & Mrs. James Stokes will greet the Congregation and Visitors at the door this morning.
Hospitalized: Mr. Ed. Hampton and Mrs. Velma Collins.
Paul Campbell and Art Snyder will be visiting the Hospital this week - plus one shut-in and one nonattending person. Flease order your poinsetta from Bea or sign up in the Narthex - orders have to be in this week. Price\$5.50 Monday - 6:00 - Women's Mary Prugh Circle Tureen dinner will be held in Rehoboth Hall. Tues. - 6-8 - Acrobics in Rehoboth Hall Thurs. - 6-8 - Aerobics in Rehoboth Hall Wed.(Dec. 8) & Thurs. Dec. 9 - 7:00 P.M. - Choir Rehearsal We are very happy to welcome Mr. Dan Metrick as our guest percussionist this morning. Dan is a member of our congregation, and with him we are able to "praise Him with loud clashing symbols!"

WANTED - A CHURCH SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT AND A ASSISTANT. NEXT SUNday - Installation of Elders and Deacons
PLEASE DO NOT BACK ANY VEHICLES IN TOWARDS THE SHRUBS
IN THE MORGAN MANAGEMENT LOT. THE FUMES KILL THE
SHRUBS. WE ARE FORTUNATE TO HAVE THIS PARKING LOT
TO PARK IN. The Youth are meeting every Sunday Evening with

Assistance from Martin Henry and Rob Vinroe. The attendance last Sunday 117 with 12 visitors. "You always have time for the things you put FIRST!" "Rock Or Sand?"

Scrip: Mt. 7:24-27; Text: Mt. 7:25b, 27b

Las wk lk 2vs blok Scrip; spk 2individs Js spk illus.

2da lk entir blok determ wat Js say totl

bu' so oft literl imposib relat all issu involv here
Fart Jscrip sumatin all Serm Mt, this pt Js ty all it

2gethr 1 las illustratin

vs 24-Read-then mak comp tween this & vs 26-Read

delt Wise Or Foolish las wk, & bakgr Js use ch=5,6,7

Includ Beats, L's Fr, all admonitins 2liv act cert way

it tol 2 Blievrs, profes 2B follo Him & instruc 2help

any & all who want 2B His

No 1 can liv Serm Mt, imposib Bcus no 1 perf, but

refus try wrong; & try liv rules, regs wrong 2

Thez not wat Js advocat; but knu musB desir draw wlosr

2 G in hart of individ; thez thot in mins let us lk:

Entir comp use this sectin & entir serm-tween 2 peopl

It Tru Blievr & Fals Blievr, pretndr, serius follower

Canno escap comp own livs & quest ovr, ovr=AM I TRU

BLLEVR OR MERLY PLAY GAMES XFIANTY, GO THRU MOTINS?

(Illus D.M.Loyd Jones-Studys Serm Mt & fals bleivr)

Thez pretendrs, 1&s foundatin bilt sand, How Js dif twee:

vs 24a

but wat tru blievr? Who he? He 1 fac Js teach striv

2liv; striv let Bibl spk; no pik/choes only watvlik &

if tramp toes accpt & striv chang

He lk Js & want 2B lik Him, not only long but striv

follo guidlin

(Illus D.M.Loyd Jones-Studys Serm Mt, Tru Blievr)

Cum bak words Js,C 3 elements cum lif everi, but He

sbr dif result tween lif two/fals Blievr

All Scrip teach fite=Worl, Flesh, Devil & Bliev rain is

work Flesh beat agin house-Ex, siknes, diseas, disapoint,

reversl, grief, bereav, suddn chang unexpec outcums

Thez descend both houses

FLOOD=work worl beat agin both hous, creep in, things

appeal our desirs, enticments, persecutin=thez FLOODS

WINDS=Bliev DEVIL, SATAN, jus as difficul stan, walk storm

so it is 2resis him & forces blow livs daily

he atak insidius way & oft no think it him

Sa hous receiv rain, flud, wind & only dif end result

ocupant houses had anxs, fear, concerm, but thoz solid

found kep safe-How cud happen? Bouz thoz had e

Scripture: Matthew 7:24-27 "Rock Or Sand?" Js sed=READ MT. 16:18 - EXPLAIN STATMEN & WAT IT MEAN WAT HAPN SHORTLW AFTR THIS??
(IL THE CHURCH & ITS BEGINNING) Wat was th/ch 2b? - ANSR=BILT ON TH/ROK -JS XP!!! VS /8 LK MT 7:24-27 JS MAK CPS TWEEN WISE/FOOLISH=CUDB PEOPL & CH'S=CONGS W/IN CH JS XP THER R PRETENDRS BOTH INDIVID & CONGS (ILUS LLOYD JONES & FALS BLIEVRS)
(ILUS DEAR ABBY &REASNS 4GO CH-& CH EXCUSES) THEZ R ONES BILD ON SAND-TH/FOOLISH MAN/CONG & =VS PR-ELEMBES BUT TRU BLIEVR, WHO IS HE? AGAIN MARTYN LLOYD JONES WRITES: CILUS TRUE BLIEVER BY JONES)
THEZ R THOZ BILD ON ROK-BOTH INDIVIDS & CONGS-VS 25-ELEMENTS AGIN
THEZ ELEMENTS R, DEVILSIKNES, DISEAS, WORLDLY THINGS, PERSECUTINS FR WORLD 2HOUSES=WHICH R OUR LIVS BILT ON? WH/OUR CH BILT ON?? BOTH HOUSES HAD STORMS/RAIN/WIND, ETC BUT THER DIF TWEEN TWO DO U KNO WAT IT WAS??? JS WAS CALLD TH/PRINC OF PEAC AMONG OTHR THINGS 4TH/INDIVID CH/MEMBR,& CONGS THAT FNDED UPON TH/RCK=JS XP, THEY KNO A PEAC NOT KNOWN ELSWHER K DAV WROT PS 37:37=MARK TH/PERF MAN, & BHOLD TH/UPRITE, ATH/END OF THAT MAN IS PEAC THRU ALL TH/STORMS RAINS WINDS, FLUDS OF LIF, TH/ONE WHO PREWAILS IS TH/ONE WHO HAS BILT HIS HOUS UPON TH/ROK TH/SAM APPLYS 2 EA CONG
EA THEM HAV A PEAC TH/WORL DUZNT KNO JUSTIL WHISPERS PEAC IN WOUNDED & PEACE JS GIVES)

JUSTIL WHISPERS PEAC IN TH/MIDST OUR STRUGLS & TRIALS OF LIF
MAY OUR INDIVID LIVS & TH/LIF OF THIS CH B FNDED ON THAT ROK JS XP, & HEAR HIS WHISPRD PEACE NOW & IN TH/FUTUR

"Rock Or Sand?"

Scripture: Matthew 7: 24-27

xt: Matthew 7:25b, 27b

Last week we looked at two verses from this block of Scripture. Those two verses dealt with the individuals involved in the illustration Jesus was using. Today we are going to look at the entire block of Scripture to determine just what Jesus was saying in total. As is so often the case it would be literally impossible to relate all of the issues and side issues that may be involved in a Scripture like this.

This particular portion of Scripture is the summation of all of the Sermon on the Mount. It is at this point that Jesus ties all of it together in one last illustration. He begins by saying, "Therefore whosoever hearsth these sayings of mine, and doeth them, I will liken him unto a wise man which built his house upon a rock.2, Mt. 7:24. Then He ti makes a comparison between this man and another man by stating as we read in the 26th verse, "And every one that heareth nese sayings of mine, and doeth them not, shall be likened unto a foolish man, which built his house upon the sand." Mt. 7:26. We dealt partially with the "Wise xxx Fookish," last week. The background that Jesus was using is the entire Sermon on the Mount. It is chapters 5, 6, and 7 of this Gospel of Matthew. It includes the Beatitudes, the Lord's Prayer, and all of the admonitions to live and act in a certain way. It was directed to believers as we have said time after time. It was directed to those who were professing to be followers of Him and these instructions were to help any and all to live the Christian life. But we must point out once more that all of the instructions given could not possibly be lived by any one individual. To live everything ax Jesus gave as guidelines for life would make an individual perfect, and we all know that perfection in this life is impossible for any mere human. Since we cannot completely live the Sermon on the Mount is no reason to refuse to try, nor are we to think of our Christian walk in this life as following sets of rules and regulations. Rither of these two choices is far from what Jesus was advocating. He knew He was addressing Himself to mortals, but He also knew there must be the desire within the heart of the individual to draw closer to God.

th these thoughts in mind then, let us look at some things Jesus was saying in summing up this complete Sermon.

The entire comparison which is used in this section of Scripture and which Jesus uses throughout the entire sermon is between two people. It is always the true believer and the false believer; the pretender and compared to the serious believer. We cannot escape that comparison not only for our lives, but in the lives of others. **** The questions lies at our doorsteps over and over, "Am I really a true believer, or am I merely playing games with Christianity, going through the motions?" Dr. D. Martyn Lloyd Jones makes a definite distinction between the false believer and the true believer. In his book, "Studies In The Sermon On The Mount," this is what he says of the false believer er, (Quote on this as found on page 308, volume II.)

These are the rpetenders, the ones who have their foundation built upon Sand.

ow did Jesus differentiate between them? He said it was "He that heareth these sayings and doeth them."

But what of the true believer then? Who is he? He is the one who faces the teachings of Jesus and strives to do them and live them. He is striving to let the Bible speak to him. He is not picking and choosing only that which he likes he is accepting all of it even when it tramps on his toes and pinches him along the way. He is the one who looks at Jesus and longs to be like Him, and not only longs for that but strives to follow His guidelines for this life. Once again looking at Dr. Jones words we read of what he identifies the true believer to be when he states, (Quote from Jones, Page 314, volume II). But coming back to the words of Jesus we see that He gives three elements which come into the life of everyone. But He shows the difference between the results when they come into the life of a true believer as opposed to EXEXEX a false believer. The first element is rain. From Scripture we learn that in this life we are under attack from the world, the flesh, and the devil. I believe that what Jesus is referring to about the rains beating upon the house are the works

of the flesh, and against the flesh. Sickness, disease, disappointments, sudden ersals, or circumstances turning differently than anticipated, and grief or bereavement are all a part of the rain Jesus was saying descended upon both of the houses in His comparison.

Then He spoke of floods and I believe the floods are the works of the world whice beat against the house of the true believer as well as the false believer. The worldly things creep into all of our lives; things that appeal to our human nature to draw us from God; the enticements that tear at us; or perhaps even per secutions from sources within the world. These are the floods which beat upon the house.

Then Jesus spoke of winds. I believe the winds which blow against our houses ar the winds of Satan the devil. Just as it is difficult to stand and walk in a windstorm, so it is to resist and stand against the forces of Satan blowing against our lives daily. He attacks in the most insidious ways that often we e not even thinking of him as being behind the storms of life that assail us. Each of the two houses received the rain, the flood, and the wind. The only difference in the end result was upon what the foundation was anchored. Jesus said the house built upon the rock, "Fell not: for it was founded upon a rock." The house whose foundation was in the sand, "Fell: and great was the fall of it! Notice, that it didn't say the house on the rock didn't encounter thes same house on the solid foundation withstood those storms. Those storms caused the occupants of the house to encounter fears, anxieties, concerns and all the other emotional problems of a normal life. But since the house withstood the storms the occupants were kept safe. How could this happen? Because those who founded that house upon a rock had within an element the others who build upon the sand do not have. What is that ingredient?

(Illustration of retired couple wanting a place on earth of peace, deciding on Faulkland Islands)

It was predicted and prophecied that Jesus would be the Paince of Peace. Man-

kind looked for the coming of a king of sorts. As a result much of mankind has a sed His coming because they have looked and continue to look for that which they can never have. We can run from any problem in this life, but we can never escape it. The only way we can have peace, true peace in these lives is through Jesus Christ living at the center of them. David who had sought peace and fulfillment all of his life came to the point in his old age that he wrote in the 37th Psalm the 37th verse, "Mark the perfect man, and behold the upright: for the end of that man is peace." Through all of the storms, rains, winds, and floods of life. The one who prevails is the one who has built his house upon the Rock, and he has peace.

ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST Butler, Pennsylvania Third Sunday in Advent Dece The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Pastor December 12, 1982 Mr. Harry Cunningham, Organist and Choir Director Mr. Roland Thompson, Saxophonist Traci McMillin and Heather Covert - Acolytes *Ascription *Exhortation **Confession (In Unison) "Almighty God: We confess ourselves unworthy of Thine unspeakable Gift. We have not loved Thee as we ought; nor have we always been loving to one another. We have lived in selfishness and worldly pride; and the good gifts Thou has bestowed upon us; we have not used to relieve the burdens of others. Pardon and blot out our offenses; through the incarnate life of Thy Son Jesus Christ. Amen." *Kyrie *Assurance of Pardon *Praise *Pastor: Blessed be the Lord God!
*People: And blessed be His Glorious Name forever *Gloria Patri Lighting of the Advent Wreath No. 169 3rd verse Who's Who in the Pew Announcements Joys, Concerns, Prayer Requests Hymn No. 192 "Angels We Have Heard On High" Call to Prayer Pastor: The Lord be with you People: And with thy spirit Pastor: Let us Pray Prayer Choral Prayer Response (No. 203) Offering Offertory "Come, Thou Precious Ransom, Come" Lenel

Installation of Elders and Deacons: Harry Fry and Roland Thompson; Deacons: Dan Bosko, Martin Henry, William Sheppeck and Carl Vinroe. "One Small Child"
: Matthew 7:28-29
"WHO WAS THAT MAN?" Anthem: Scripture: Sermon: *Closing Hymn No. 180 "What Child Is This, Who, Laid to Benediction Postlude "A Postlude on "All My Heart This Night Walther Rejoices" + + + + + + + *Congregation Standing + + + + + +
The Lovely Flowers on the Altar have been placed by
Mrs. Jean Pfabe in loving memory .f "Husband" Mr. W. W. Pfabe. Serving as Ushers today are *Alta Kradel, Ann Williams, Lois Stokes and Grace Riddle Elder and Mrs. Paul Campbell will be at the door today. Cookie sign-up in Narthex for after Christmas Program 19. Nursery will be provided today by Mrs. Gloria Walker, Nursery will be provided today by Mrs. Gloria Walker, Holly and Heather Covert.

Hospitalized: Mrs. Velma Collins -BCMH; Mrs. Dutch Bolam (Vivian) - West Penn Hospital, Fgh. Ann Williams will be visiting the Hospital this week. Men - 6 - Aerobics; Tues. 6 - 8 - Aerobics Wed - 7:00 - Choir Practice and Thurs. 7:00 - Choir Wed. - 6:30 - Golden Circle will have their Christmas Tureen Dinner - Husbands or Friend is invited. Thurs. - 10:30 A.M. - Mary Martha Circle Christmas Farty Salad Luncheon at the Home of Sandy Sheppeck. We are going to have an Ingathering of canned goods for We are going to have an Ingathering of canned goods for Christmas Baskets. You can bring it this Sunday or Next and put in boxes provided - Sponsored by Board of Christian Education - The Foundation of Christian Education - The Sunday In Sunday In Sunday We have ordered a few extra ones. The attendance last Sunday was 176 with 7 Visitors. We wish to thank Harry and the Choir, Reland and Dan Sunday Namical Last Work In Sunday Was 180 with 180 work of the Sunday Was 180 with 180 with 180 work of the Sunday Was 180 with 18 for the beautiful music last week. > Next Sunday - Holy Communion Dec. 26 - Cantata

*Doxology 382

"Who was That Man?" Scrip: Mt. 7:28-29; Text: Mt. 7:29 (Illus lone Ranger, rescu, help, etc=Who Was That Man?) No say writr Lon Rangr had Js Xp in mind, but peop ask the add edtoril note end chap 7=Read Vss 28-29
Hav talk things sed, bit/bit, piec/piec Js shar thots id 3 w/follors & all focus on wat had 2 say Now mus direc attn 2 the 1 doing speaking & wel may ask=WHO WAS THAT MAN? Here lrg crowd peop mtn; 1st Discips, peop folo, Js sit approach mtn all directins herd cum 2 area; herd from Gal, son carp; jus Bgun minstry & peop whispr, WHO IS THIS MAN? They kno He no atten Jeru Theo Semnary, so wat He kno? Wher get lern? Why He dif othr teachers? Mt put fingr puls peop=vss 28-29=READ Authorty=EXOUSIA mean=powr, ruling powr, bearer auth In sens use of Js, not powr, auth, grant by H Sp, insted, powr, auth that on a par with authorty of GOD thus wen Mt say=He taut as 1 w/auth,he state peop recogniz very,very,specil teaching & teachr Mt also add=& not as scribes=due 2fac taut by quotes nothin taut evr orignal=sum1 sed etc=EX lawyers 2day Lk authorty Js=Chap 5:21=Read, vs 22=I SAY UNTO YOU wen mak statment corect teach Scr & Phars, & they no dare 2 say wat He did mesag had ring originalty bout it; no same stal advic giv by Jewish ldrs; it nu, fresh & peop abl underst wat G's law about; He made simpl, but no prom liv sim He not only sho authorty wen taut, but put self in2 teach=5:11=Wat say bout self? For My Sake no say=U wil B bles Bcuz teach sake, or, U B bles if secut 4 put in2 practic thez teach= MY SAKE He say we mus B prep 2 suffr 4 His Sake He say=Ye Salt erth; lite of worl & posit B discip Hi He sho He God in flesh; no1 dare tampr Law & peop recogniz this no ordnary teachr Withr had colosal nerv or realy delivr they lk 4 They quest: Who this man, Who this carp, Who this who spk as He duz? Vs 17=resolv quests; no say, I Born, I was train, but I AM COME; declar strait from Fathr; thez peop always talk 1 who is 2 cum from outside & this pt He spk incarnatin, God made flesh. T, is serm C lif, minstry, deth, resur Js Xp tied 2gethr C Js no lw doubt any1 mind salv no thru cod ethic; no lif gud works; Sho salv cum thru self=Js Xp (Imus Carol Genenbacher, toys & garbage) perhaps this wher sum presents Blong

Many peop sort thru garbag of worl lk 4 THE present wen that present alredy givn G gav gift worl, form baby, & peop ask=Who Is This B? baby gru 2 manhood, Bgan 2 preach & peop ask, Who Man Now lef erth & sit rt hand G, peop read & hear world when What War? & ask=Who Was That Man? R U stil try seprate Him from everthin else wb h mak no sens this lif? Who was that man who taut with authorty? That was & is,& ever wilB Js Xp who is Come 2seek & 2sav the lost This is Xp the King, Cum, let us ador Him

Scripture: Matthew 7:28-29

Text: Matthew 7:29

The setting is a familiar one. The person or persons who had been on the verge of being cheated out of land, or money, or physical goods stand kmmkingxinxkhaxdinamkinaxfixxkdinappearingxfiguraxgakkapingxoffxinka khaxdin

looking into the distance toward a cloud of dust being raised by a figure on a white horse, fast disappearing from sight. One of the perple turns to someone nearby and asks, "Who was that man?" The answer is, "Why that was the Lone Ranger." We have probably all seen this on TV or heard the program on the radio.

The queation is always asked because of the unexpected help and assistance the masked man gives to those in need. I wouldn't say the writer of the Lone Ranger stories had Jesus Christ in mind, but this was the question asked of Him many times. Matthew adds an editorial comment to the end of the Sermon on the Mount with the words, (read Mt. 7:28-29). We have talked about all of the things Jesus had said. Bit by bit, piece by piece Jesus had shared His thoughts and ideas with His followers. All of the focus was upon what He had to say. Now we must direct our attention to the One doing the speaking. And we may well ask just as many others have, "Who Was That Man?" Here was a large crowd of people on this mountain. Jesus had come with His Disciples and perhaps it was just He and them walking together with Him telling themHis message. As they approached the mountain, people had been coming from all directions because word had spread that He was in the area. Since there were so many, He went up on the hillside and sat down facing them and began to teach. He had just begun His ministry and those in the crowd had only heard that He was different. So they perhaps whispered to one another. "Who Is This Man?" They had heard He was from Galilee, He was only the son of a carpenter and had not attended The Jerusalem Theological Seminary, so how could He know so much? Where did He get His learning? But especially, Why was He so different from their other teachers? Matthew puts his finger on the pulse of the crowd when he states, "The people were astonished at His doctrine; for He taught them as one having authority." The word Authority in Greek is EXOUSIA and it means, "power, ruling power, a bearer of authority" In the sense that it is used here of Jesus it is not an authority or power that is granted by the Holy Spirit. Instead, it is a power or authority that is on a par with the authority of God. Thus, when Matthew says"He taught them as one with authority," he is stating that the people recognized that this was very, very, special teaching. Matthew also adds, "And not as the scribes." This was due to the fact that the scribes taught by using a quotation from someone to prove this pight, and a quotation from someone to prove another point. None of their teaching was original. It was always what someone else had said along a certain line. We could compare it to a present day lawyer prearing a court case, and citing a certain case years ago which set a precedent for arguing the case in a certain way.

kask We need only look at what He said to see the Authority which He exhibited In the 5th chapter we see several examples of this. Verse 21, starts by saying, "Ye have heard itxxxx that it was said by them of old," and then He goes on to state what that statement was, and then He adds, "But I say unto you." The scribes didn't dare make that statement. When Jesus was making these statments He was correcting the teaching of the Pharisees and the scribes. But His message had a ring of originality about it. It was not the same old stale advice given by the Jewish leaders. It was new and fresh, and people were able to understand what God's Law was really all about. He made it simple for them, but He didn't promise the kwww living of the Law was simple. But He not only showed Authority when He taught, He put Himself into the teaching. Look at the 11th verse of the 5th chapter. (Read this). What does He say about Himself? "For MY sake." It isn't that you will be blessed because of vthe teachings sake, or that you will be blessed if you are presecuted for striving to put into practice these teachings. It is "For MY Sake." He is saying that we must be prepared to suffer for His sake. And then He say "Ye are the salt of the earth," and "Ye are the light of the world," and all of this is possible MEXEMME through being a Disciple of His. He is showing that He was indeed God in the flesh. No one dared tamper with the Law and the

ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST Butler, Pennsylvania
Fourth Sunday in Advent December 19, 1982
The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Pastor
Mr. Harry Cunningham, Organist and Choir Director
Mr. Roland Thompson, Saxophonist
Danny Mangel, and Meredith Hewis - Acolytes HOLY COMMUNION Prelude "Behold a Branch is Growing" Mueller
"Songs of Praise the Angels Sang" Anonymous (England)
"Hark!., What Mean Those Holy Voices?" Bortniansky
*Processional Hymn No. 175 "While Shepherds Watch
Their Flocks by Night" *The Call to Communion and Confession - Communion Bulletin *The Assurance of Pardon Lighting of the Advent Wreath No. 169 (4th verse) Who's Who in the Pew Announcements Offering of Tithes and Gifts "Savior of the Nation, Come" Buttstedt Offertory *Doxology
The Communion Hymn 178 "O Little Town of Bethlehem" *The Institution and Consecration of The Elements The distribution of The Elements *The Prayer of Thanksgiving Choral Prayer Response No. 203 Solo "Away in a Manger" Scripture: Assorted Verses Justin Sheppeck, soloist Sermon: "Someday, Somewhere"
*The Hymn of Dedication No. 184 "Hark! the Herald Angels Sing" *The Benediction "Break Forth, O Beauteous Heavenly Light" Schop (Germany) *The Postlude + + + + *Congregation Standing + + + + + The Elders and Deacons will serve communion as well as the Offering this morning.

Hospitalized: Velma Collins, BCMH; Dutch Bolam, West Penn Hosp., Pgh.

A supply of Scripture text calendars are on the table in the Narthex. We have approximately one calendar per family. If you did not pick one up for your family last week you may do so this morning. If you would like to have your Poinsettia grace the chancel on Christmas Eve as well as this morning, the flowers would help to beautify both services.
Just leave your flower on the chancel following the service and you may pick it up following the Christmas Eve service.

Don't forget to fill in a Communion card to keep our records up to date. If you are a visitor please fill in a communion card and put either the Pastor's name and address or the Church's name and address and it will be forwarded.

Tonight - 7:00 - Christmas Program. Social hour afterwards.

Wed. - 7:00 - Chancel Choir rehearsal
Thurs. - 7:00 - Chancel Choir rehearsal
Thurs. - 7:00 - Chancel Choir rehearsal
Triday - 11:00 - Christmas eve Holy Communion Service
Bob Dellen and Chet Stauffer will be visiting the Hospital this week - plus one shut-in and one nonattending person. Next Sunday is the Choral Cantata, service under the direction of Harry Cunningham. Nursery will be provided today. Renewed Life Christian Counseling Services, Inc. extends an invitation to all to visit our new offices at 412 North Main Street on December 19th between 12:30 P.M. and 3:00 P.M. This will be the last Sunday for collection food for the needy. It will be distributed somotime this week. We wish you a Merry Christmas and a safe and healthy New Year. Success is to be measured not so much by the position $% \left(1\right) =\left\{ 1\right\} =\left\{$ one has reached in life as the obstacles he has overcome while trying to succeed. God does not offer us a way out of the testings of life. He offers us a way through, and that makes

COUNCIL MEETING AFTER CHURCH

all the difference.

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Gen. 3:15

A SEED,
A SON TO ABRAHAM, SMALL LETTER S,
A SON, CAFTAL "S",
A STAR,
A SOLFTER, A
A PROPHEF,
A BROTHER,
A BROTHER,
A BROTHER,
A SON OF JUDAH,
THE SON OF GOD,
A STAR,
A SOLFTER,
A DILLID,
A GOVENOR,
A GOVENOR,
A GOVENOR,
A GOVENOR,
A PRINCE,
A RING,
A GOD,
ALL OF THIS & HE WILL LIVE FOREVER.

DEUT. 18:15

A SEED,
A SOR,
A SOR,
A STAR,
A SOLFTER,
A PROPHET,
A GOVENOR,
A GOD,
ALL OF THIS & HE WILL LIVE FOREVER.

DEUT. 18:15

A SEED,
A SOR,
A STAR,
A SOLFTER,
A PROPHET,
A ROPHET,
A BROTHER,
A PROPHET,
A BROTHER,
A MYSTERY.
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"Someday, Somewhere" Assorted verses Old & New Testaments Xmas story actul Bgin Gardn cal=Eden bak at Creatin G's plan 4 perfectin bin cast asid by enemy=Satan i jed joy, hapnes livs Ad/Eve resid darknes, sin Sta moment G whispr promis; promis vague, obscure, but prom=Sunday, Sumwher 1 wud cum 4th as Deliverer He no name, no tol wen wud cum=Gen 3:15=A SEED, jus a SEED, that all But men Bgun 21k 4ward 2wat G wud do, he no C, no underst, but promis was there Thousands yrs went by & stil=Sumday, Sumwher & nothin But 1nce agin G whisper & this time 2 man=ABeraham Gen 12:1-3=that prom carry on 2 son Is, Jacob, & Judah G spok bout Judah=Gen 49:10 & 1nce agin hart man quiken A man goin 2cum=SHILOH=a man of peace; 2B born famly Judah; but wen? no anser; wher? silenc; so man wait 600 yr pass & strang man=Balaamsed=Num 24:17a A seed, A Son, A Star, from famly Judah; A Scepter Israe! Seed=Bgin; son=descendant; star=giv lite; Scepter=ruler Not much 2go on solv mystry, but Sumday, Sumwher & promis ther, & made men look & listen, Wait & dream Moses caut part G's plan short B4 deth & tol peopl Is=Deut 18:15=a proph wil spk truth, 1 who wilb brothr among peop of Is. The promis=A Seed, A Son, A Star, A Sceptr, A Proph, A Brothr, yet with all this man strugl with wat G saying K Dav add 2 mystry & C delivr, but not as son Abe, Is ac or Judah=but hear L say He Is MY Son=Ps 2: A son tol Abe, smal lettr S, A Son spel captal S=G's S Judah son, G'S Son, A Star, A Sceptr, A proph, A brothr, But all mystry nothr 330yr slip by & Isa C delivr, nokno name, birthpl or birthdate but tel Is cum day end of gloom
Isa 9:2,6-7=A Seed, A Son, A Star, A Sceptr, A proph, A Brothr, A Lite, A Delivr, A Child, A Govnor, A Counslor, A Prince, A King, A God, all this & wil liv 4ever Wat a promis this Bcum & peop long 2♥ cum 2pass
Add 2this Isa say=this God 2B born naturl-2virgin, unknown woman, & so mystry deepen. nothr 30yr & Proph Micah say=Micah 5:2 promis now narro obscur vilag Beth=A ~eed, A son, A Star, A Sceptr, A proph, A brothr, A Lite, A Delivr, A chil A Govnor, A counslor, A Princ, A King, A God, litl baby, But G carry mystry ultimat conclusin & reveal by H Sp. Apsetl P say=Gal 4:4-5

"Someday, Somewhere"

Scripture: Assorted verses Old and New Testaments

The Christmas story actually began in a garden called Eden back at the creation GOD'S plan for perfection had been cast aside by His enemy Satan, and instead of joy and happiness in the lives of Adam and Eve, there now resided darkness and sin. In this stark moment, God whispered a promise. That promise was vague and obscure. That promise was that "Someday, Somewhere," One would come forth as God's Deliverer. He wasn't named, it was not told when He would come. God simply said to Satan as recorded in Genesis 3:15, (read this) A SEEE! Just a SEED, and that's all. But man began to look forward to what God would do. He couldn't see it, he didn't understand it, but that promise was there.

But thousands of years went by and it was still, "Someday, Somewhere," and nothing more. But once again God whispered, this time to a man named Abraham. This is what He said, (Read Gen. 12:1-3). The promise was carried on from Abraham to his son Isaac and to Isaac's son Jacob and then to Jacob's son Judah. And God spoke to Judah and said, (read Gen. 49:10). Once again the heart of man quickened. A man was going to come, SHILOH, a man of peace. To be born into the family of Judah. But when? No answer, Where? Silence. Man waited. Another 600 years passed and a strange man named Balaam, said, (read Numbers 24:17a). A Seed, a Son, A Star from the family of Judah; a Scepter from Israel. A Seed is a beginning, a Son is a descendant, a Star gives light, and a Scepter means a Ruler. Not much to go on to solve the mystery that was going to take place, "Someday, Somewhere. But the promise was there and it made men look and listen and dream.

Moses caught a part of God's plan shortly before his death and he told the people of Israel, (read Deut. 18:15). A prophet who will speak the truth. One who will be a brother among the people of Israel. The promise is: A Seed, A Son, A Star, A Scepter, A Prophet, A Brother. Yet with all of this man struggled with what God was saying.

King David added to the mystery and sees this Deliverer. But he sees Him not a son of Abraham, Isaac, Jacob, and Judah. But he hears the Lord say, "He is My Son," (read Psalm 2:7).

*** A Seed, A son told to Abraham, spelled with a small "S." A Son spelled with a capital "S." Judah's son, God's Son; A Star, A Scepter, A Prophet, A Brother, but all of it a mystery.

Another 300 years slip by and the Prophet Isaiah sees this Deliverer. He doesn't know His name, nor His birthplace, nor His birthdate, but he tells Israel a day will come when gloom for them will be over and he prophesies, (read Isaiah &x 9:2, 6, 7). A Seed, A son of Judah, The Son of God, A Star, A Scepter, A Prophet, A Brother, A Light, A Deliverer, A Child, A Governor, A Counselor, A Prince, A King, A God all of this and He will live forever. What a promise this has evolved into! What a mystery instead and how the people longed to see this all come to pass. Added to this is the statement of Isaiah that this God was going to be born like any other baby, to a woman who was a virgin, an unknown woman, and so the mystery deepens. Another 30 years went by and another Prophet named Micah said, (read Micah 5:2). This promise now is narrowed to the obscure little village called, "Bethlehem." A Seed, A Son, A Star, A Scepter, A Prophet, A Brother, A Light, A DEliverer, A Child, A Governor, A Counselor, A Prince, A King, A God, A Little Baby, AMystery. But God carried that mystery to its ultimate conclusion. He revealed all of this by the Spirit, His Holy Spirit. The Apostle Paul inspired by all of this wrote, "For when the fulness of time was come, God sent forth His Son, made of a woman, made under the law, to redeem them that were under the law, that we might receive the adoption of sons." (Gal 4:4-5). Yes, in the fulness of time, in the fulness of God's time, the Mystery unfolded. For, "It came to pass, etc - (verses 1-11 of Then A Seed, A Ston, A Star, etc, etc, (read from paper). Then: Luke 12-20, chapter 2, & read from paper conclusion.

ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST PAUL'S UNITED CHORD. Butler, Pennsylvania December 24, 1982 Christmas Eve The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Pastor Mr. Harry Cunningham, Organist and Choir Director Mr. Roland Thompson, Saxophonist II:00 P.M.
Prelude "Choral Prelude on 'Cradle Hymn'" Powell
*Processional Hymn 171 "Joy to the World!" *Ascription *The Call to Communion and Confession - Communion Bulletin *The Assurance of Pardon Lighting of the Christmas Wreath - Hymn 180 (1st verse) Who's Who in the Pew Announcements Scriptures and Carols: The Promise - Micah 5:2 Ine Promise - Mican 5:2
Carol No. 178 "O Little Town of Bethlehem" (1st stanza)
The Travelers - Luke 2:1-7
Carol No. 184 "Hark! the Herald Angels Sing" (1st stanza)
Heavenly Visitors - Luke 2:8-14
Carol No. 179 "The First Noel" (1st stanza) Carol No. 179 "The First Noe1" (1st stanza)
Common Visitors - Luke 15-20
Carol No. 197 "It Came upon the Midnight Clear" (1st Stanza)
Christmas Prayer / Carol No. 197 - (2nd and 3rd stanzas)
The Offering of our Gifts
Offertory "Away in a Manger" Rogers The Ultra "Away Offertory No. 382 *Doxology *Docology No. 362
The Communion Carol 193 "O Come, All Ye Faithful"
*The Holy Communion - (page 2 Communion bulletin)
The Distribution of the Elements *The Prayer of Thanksgiving The Anthem "Carol of the Children" Christmas Meditation: "Nose Prints on Glass" The Candlelighting
The Candlelight Carol - Silent Night - (On bulletin) 1. Silent night, holy night, All is calm all is bright Round you virgin mother and child.

Holy infant so tender and mild, Sleep in heavenly peace, Sleep in heavenly peace.

2. Silent night, holy night, Shepherds quake at the sight.

Glories stream from heaven afar,

Heavenly hosts sing alleluia; Christ the Savior, is born! Christ, the Savior, is born!

3. Silent night, holy night, Son of God, love's pure

Radiant beams from Thy holy face, ' With the dawn of redeeming grace, Jesus, Lord, at Thy birth, Jesus, Lord, at Thy birth.

*4. Silent night! Holy night! Wondrous star, lend thy light!
With the angels let us sing Alleluia to our King! Christ the Saviour is born, Christ the Saviour is

*The Benediction
*The Postlude "Hymnus 'Christe, Redemptor ominum'"
Cavazzoni

PLEASE DO NOT TAKE COMMUNION FOLDERS. PLEASE PLACED THEM BACK IN THE HYMN RACKS.

+ + + + + + + + *Congregation Standing + + + + + + + The Elders and Deacons will serve Holy Communion as well as serve as Ushers this evening.

When receiving the light, tilt unlit candles toward the one that is already lit.

Please remain seated until the last verse of Silent

There are covers for your Poinsetta's in the office Make sure you put one over your plant so that the cold air will not hit your plant

Please put your Church's name and address on the back of the communion card if you are visiting this evening and it will be forwarded to your own Church.

Community Bible Church - Sagamore, Pa. December 24,1992 - 7 PM

GREETINGS:
THANK FOR GIFT, WISH MERRY XMAS

Hymn

Grering/ Prayer
LIGHT OF XMAS WREATH
Play
Scripture: Luke 2:1-20
Story: "Nose Prints On Glass"
Candlelighting
Closing prayer & benediction

Jus skiny lith guy, shortr mos 12yr old & cal=Shorty
Nam Jn, liv mothr, sistr 8, smal aprt ovr Pharmcy
Sh go getr, mow lawn, rak lvs, run ersands, but nevr hand
ou 'pay; mothr taut=G lk hart persn C motivs
In SS lern=no alway paid 4 job dun & no expect
Sh dad ded, mothr work scrub flor long hrs offices
wat in help cud provid help Mom did so; lk mom hands
ruff, red & wish cud mak lot mony, nevr work agin
So not by chanc Sh plan giv mom, sis specil Xmas
plan 4mulat las yr; help Jack, produc stor sel trees
Jack gav 5.00 & bot presents 4 mom & sis
Note Jack had gr lef ovr; decid 2 buymake corsag
wud sel 50¢; pay Jack, wat lef buy presents mom & sis
Jack busnesman deman 2/3 cash rest Xmas Eve=10 & 5
Tuk Sh savings to pay 2/3, but knu wud get rest
Arrang sel outsid Sam Hdwre stor; Sam luv kids, chas
out, bak nex day; sol toys, genrl houswar; candy, bubl gun
Ful name Sam Clouse=kid cal=Sammy Claus; pretend mad
Sh plan fal in2plac; ea Sat 9 to 9; corsag made gr &
art berry bot Sam
Men no busy, instor lk roun wat buy; glov Mom=bettr1's
doll clothes sis; & 4 self sinc Mom no aford=mod plan
Sam suges bettr glovs, box dol clothes; 4.50 & 3.50,
thatv8, 5 to Jack, 2lef 4 plane; mom sed no can buy
ther ea Sat shivr cold, no sole shoes, cardbord; stamp
feet, clap hand keep warm, whistl Xmas tunes loudspeakr
Thot lks Mom face, & Sis & lk in stor at shelf; nose
on glas
Now Xmas Eve bin outsid Sam ever nite this wk; felt
poket, 12 only need 3 to mak goal; jus knu wud mak it
all day nose agin glas peer insid, Sam notic & grin
2 elf Bcuz knu his anticip mak Mom, Sis happy
..een noon & 3, sold 2-had 13-only 2 to go
Call out=get Xmas corsag here; saw man stigr cros stcarry tree, fal at curb, help up, saw drunk; mumbl Merry
Xmas; saw stagr dwn st, wish had dad bring tree, no drur
Sam lk out & saw knix wat Sh dun; he lk windo Sam tur
tween 3 & 4:30 sol 1 now 15:50, jus 1:50 2 go but knu
Whil lk windo herd famil voic say=Jny your smear
Sam's windo-quik turn roun ther Mom, she hug & kiss,
lk C nod saw, wipe off; but lik Mom mak fuss
to

NOSE PRINTS ON GLASS

SHORTY - 12, SISTR - 8, % MOM
GREENS JACK'S PRODUCE & PLANS MAK CORBAGES NEX YR

MOM SCRUB, RED HANDS, CUD USE GLOVS

KNU SIS WID GET SPECIL DOLL & HE DO WYOUT - DOLL CLOTHES

SELL SAT 9-9 % NEED \$5 - JACK, 10 - PRESENS &MODL PLANE

NOW XMAS EVE & EVRY NITE BIN SEL TIL 9 - JUS KNU WUD MAKE \$15

IN STOR WINDO CHECK GLOVS, DOLL CLOTHES, MODL PLANE

MUST CUM BY, HUG/KISS, WIPE OFF, TEL BOUT TREE ETC.

HELP DRUNK TO FEST WEN FAL - SAM NOTIC

GIV POOR GIRL CORSAGE, GIV 25¢ BAK - SAM NOTIC

CLOSING TIME, CLOK STRIK 5, GET GLOVS, DOLL CLOTHES, NOT ENUF PLANE

SAM CLOS, SAY MERY XMAS, GO 2JACK'S PAJ FOR GREENS, 50¢ LEFT

HOME, WRAP GIFTS, FAT SUPPR, TIME FOR CHURCH

OFFRING, MORE BLESSD GIV THAN RECEIV - GIV50¢

FAL ASLEEP SERNON LAS HEAR-joy of gift fr/GOD CFFRING, MORE BLESSD GIV THAN RECEIV - GIV50¢

FAL ASLEEP SERMON LAS HEAR-joy of gift fr/God

HOME, HOT CHCC, IN BED, AWAK XMAS DAY & PRESENTS WHOR TREE

MCM, SIS, OPN & HAPPY, THEN HIS PRESENTS WARAP XMAS PAPR OTHR NEWS

XMAS PAPR FR/SS TEACHR BILL, REXEXXETXXEXXEXXEXXEX

THIS IS 4U JNY W/LUV FR/UR SS TEACHR-BILL, BK MARK & READ ACTS 20

THIS WAT HERD AT CH LAS NITE

OTHR PRESEN NEWSPAPR & THOT FR/MOM & MODL PLANE

IT MODL PLANE BUT FR/SAM & THER NOTE INSIDE: IT MODL PLAME BUT FHYSAM & THEM NOTE INSIDE:
DEAR SHORTY, I WATCHD U LKING IN MY WINDO ASEVRL WKS. IN FAC, I
HAD ZCLEAN UR NOS PRINTS DFF TH/GLAS. BUT I DIDN'T MIND THAT
CAUS I KNU AFTR UR SALES WER CVR,I WHID MAK A CPL. BUT I WATCHD
U YESTRAY,XMAS EVE,WEN U HELPD A DRUNKN FATHR PHIS FEET: I
WATCHD U B CONSIDRAT ZMANY PEOPL: BUT THEN I SAW UGIV A LITTL

TU/WORL STUD 4THOUSANDS OF YRS W/NOS PRESSD AGIN GLAS AS IT WER /WORL WAS SENCH/IK 4THAT WH/WUD SATISFY/FULFIL
MUCH OF WORL & MANK STIL SERCH 2day & IK 4IN ALL WRONG PLACES
BUT G FULFILD THAT DESIRE/WISH/HOPE & WE ALL NEED 2HEAR TH

GIRL A CORSAGE WHO HAD LITTL MONY, & U EVN GAV HER, HER MONY BAK, SO SHE CUD BUY SUMTH 4HER MOTHR. THOS MODL PLANE IS MY GIFT 2 u. U HAV DISCOVED TH/SECRET OF XMAS. UR FREND SAM.

WORDS AGIN-FOR UNTO U IS BORN THIS DAY IN TH/CITY OF DAVID,
A SAVIOR WH/IS XP THE LORE.

AND WE NEED TO LET THAT SAVIOR IN & LIFT OUR VOICES & OUR HARTS
IN TH/HYNLY CHORUS=JOY TO TH/WORL, TH/BORD IS CUM,O CUM LET US ADORE HIM, XP THE LORD.

Face all aglo as skip dwn st Sam had lk out & seen this; Sh knu no help quota, but felt gud insid; lk windo & kno cud no get model Did quik count & found only 50% lef & no plane Clok Bgin strik 1,2,3,kni had 2 go in stor Sam close

4,5, turn sadly go in stor; buy presents, Sam kno c Sed Merry Xmas Shorty, lef out & lok door, Sh lk at plane, trudg home

at plane, trudg home
go bedrm, wrap present newspaper, hide undr bed;
suppr ch, noodl soup; nite go by, time 4 church
Offring=pr say shud giv from hart=gav 50¢ felt gud
went sleep serm=pr say bout gift givn=dream sh & she
mothr wak go hom, hot choc, bed
wak erly, C 2 nu present undr scrawny tree, wonder
Mom & Sis get up, get presnt Sh, watch as joy gift
Mom giv 2 presents Sh, mus open 1wrap Xmas paper 1st
Bibl=Bill SS teachr; Ik up vs Acts 20:35=Read
Othr present Newspaper lik theirs; thot from Mom
was model plane, but note inside & say=
Dear Shorty, I watch U sevrl wks sel corsag; saw U B
nice 2ever1; saw U help drunk up 2day; saw U giv girl
corsag free; so this model my gift 2U; U hav discovr
secret of Xmas. Ur frend Sam
Worl stud 4yrs much lik Sh nose pres against glas
glas symboliz that which separat peop from wat cud
hav.

Mank sot 4 this seek peace; evn 2day many peopl 1v

hav.

Mank sot 4 this seek peace; evn 2day many peopl lv nosprints on glas seek that which fulfil, satisfy But that alredy bin givn & need opn doors of harts 2 tak gift so freely givn & offr by Almity God Need hear words=4 Un2 us is born this day a Savior who is Xp the Lord, "& need let Sav in & lift ha ; & voices in 1hvnly chorus, Joy 2 the Worl the Lord is Come, Come let us adore Him.

He was a skinny little guy. In fact, he was shorter than most 12 year old boys and his friends all called him, "Shorty." His name was Johnny and he ived with his mother and little 8 year old sister in a small apartment above the drug store. Shorty was a go-getter. In the summer he mowed lawns for some of the older folks of the small town in which they lived. He ran errands, raked leaves and did all sort of odd jobs to help his mother meet their bills. But Shorty never had his hand out. If people paid him for the things he did, he accepted it gratefully. But if they didn't he thanked them for letting him do them a favor. His mother had taught him that God looks at the heart of a person to see what their motives are. He also learned this in Sunday School from wixxkindlyxkeacher Bill his teacher. Bith his mother and Bill taught him that God watches to see what you will do in a certain situation and life was not made up of being paid for everything one did. Shorty's Dad was dead and his mother worked long hours scrubbing floors in and cleaning several offices around town. So whatever help he could provide he gladly did so. He often looked at his mother's rough, red hands and knamkhk wished he could make lots of money so his mother would never have to work again. So it was not by chance that Shorty had made special plans for this what he meant to be a special Christmas for not only his mother, but his little sister as well. His plans had been formulated last year. It was then that he had been able to help Jack sell Christmas trees and greens just outside ** Jack's produce store. For his help, Jack had given him \$5.00 and he was able to get two rather small presents for his mother and sister. Maxhexhadxfarmukakedxkhexideaxk He had noted that Jack had some greens left over when they stopped selling trees on Christmas Eve. So he had formulated the plan that next year when the trees arrived around Thanksgiving, he would buy some greens from Jack, make them into small cormages and sell them for \$.50 cents a piece. He would pay Jack for the greens and what was left over he would use to buy presents for his mother and sister. HAMAX KNA XNA BARAK KA KA BARAK BARA MANKAGA The only problem was that Jack was a businessman and he demanded xxxxxxx twothirds cash for the greens and the balance on Christmas Eve at clsoing time. The greens cost \$15.00 and that took Shorty's ten dollars he had been saving all year. **Maxwank** Shorty just knew that he would make that \$5.00 dollars plus the extra amount he needed to buy his mother and sister nice presents. So Shorty had made the necessary arrangements to sell his corsages outside of Sam's Hardware store. Sam was a kindly old man who loved kids. He not only sold hardware, but sold toys, general household xxxxx items and had a counter for candy and bubble gum. Most of the xxxxxxxxxxx kids stopped at the store after school and on Saturdays. From time to time Sam had to evict some of them for their horseplay, but the next day they would be back with a warning from Sam that if they continued to misbehave they would be barred for good. But that was only a waxwing a threat which was never carried out. Sam loved kids and showed it many, many times. His full name was Samuel Clouse and the kids lovingly called him Sammy Claus. He pretended to get mad, but they knew he loved the title. Shorty's plans were all falling into place. He had spent Than the Friday and Saturday after Thanksgiving making the small corsages of evergreen branches, and placing the little red artificial berries he had also bought at Sam's on them. Now each Saturday he was outside of Sam's Hardware store from 9:00 in the morning until 9:00 at night. When he wasn't busy making a sale, (which was quite often), he was in the store looking around at what he could get for his mother and sister. He finally settled on a pair of gloves to keep his

mother's red hands warm and for his sister some baby dolls clothes for her special baby doll he knew she was going to get. He talked to Sam about these things and Sam had suggested the more expensive gloves because they were lined at the more expensive box of doll clothes, because he would get more for his money. This was OK with Shorty because he figured he would make at least \$15.00 dollars from his sales of corsages. Het's see, he owed Jack \$5.00 dollars, the gloves cost \$4.50 and the doll clothes cost \$3.50. That left him with \$2.00 dollars left over. Why he could buy that model airplane he had been looking at and wanting for so long. He had told his mother about the plane but her reply had been that she could not squeeze the extra two dollars to buy it. She had asked him if he minded making a sacrifice this year so his little sister could have the doll her heart was set on getting. Not wanting to see his sister disapppointed he had agreed to do this. After all, his mother had told him, Jesus had said it was more blessed to give than to receive

So there he was each Saturday shivering in the cold, in his shoes with worn through soles, and pieces of cardboard to cover the holes, trying to sell his corsages so they could all have a nice Christmas. He whistled to the Christmas carols played over the loudspeaker mounted aboves xolex to the Christmas was the xolex the xole the xole the xole the nice warm gloves he was going to buy for his mother. He thought how preval the happy she would be as she tried them on, on Christmas morning and how proud he would be to know that her rough red hands would be covered from the weather. He looked at the box of doll clothes and dreamed of how his sister would the xole to xole the xole to xole the xole the xole to xole the xole the xole to xole the xole to xole the xole the xole to xole the xole the xole to xole the xole the xole to xole the xole to xole the xole the xole to xole the xo

his corsages late Christmas Eve.

Now it was Christmas Eve. He had been outside Sam's every night after school until Sam had closed each night this week at 9:00 0'clock. He felt in his pocket and the money was there and he had \$12.00 dollars. Now he only needed two more and he could pay Jack the five dollars for the greems, pay Sam the ten dollars he needed and the gloves, doll clothes and mdel plane would be his It was after lunch and the afternoon dragged on. He had sold a couple corsage in the morning and he just knew he would make the three dollars he needed yet. He kept pressing his nose against the glass to peer inside at the presents he knew would be his very shortly. Sam noticed the number of nose prints which had appeared on his window just this week and smiled to himself as he thought of the boyish anticipation of a simple, yet wonderful Christmas that family would have. Between noon and three O'clock Shorty sold two corsages and that

of the boyish anticipation of a simple, yet wonderful Christmas that family would have. Between noon and three O'clock Shorty sold two corsages and that meant he had \$13.00 dollars. Only two more to go.

As he waited there calling out to passersby, "Get your Christmas corsages here," he saw a man come staggering across the street carrying a Christmas tree. At first he thought the man was staggering because of the tree, but when he went to step up on the curb and fell down, Shorty knew the man had been drinking. He rushed over to the curb and helped the man get to his feet, and as he re-adjusted the Christmas tree in his grasp, he mumbled, "Merry Christmas sonny," and staggered off. Shorty watched him as he lurched from side to side down the sidewalk, and wished he had a daddy to bring home a tree but not a daddy who was drunk. While this was taking place Sam was looking ou the door and saw what Shorty had done. When Shorty turned back to look in the window again Sam quickly pretended to be busy at his counters. Between three O'clock and four-thirty he sold one more corsage so now he had \$13.50 just a dollar and a half to go. Shorty just knew that at five O'clock when Sam closed his store he would have the money to buy what he wanted. He just knew it.

While he was looking in the window at his presents he was startled by a familiar voice saying, "Johnny, you're smearing Sam's window." He quickly urned around and there was his mother. She hugged him and bent over to kiss im and Shorty quickly looked around to see if any of his pals were around, as he wiped the kiss off. But he knew and his mother knew that he liked her to make a fuss over him. She told him she was going to stop at Jack's and see if she could buy a little tree to decorate their apartment with after they got home from church that night when little sister was in bed. She told him to be careful and to come right home at 5:00 for supper. He watched her as she walked away pulling her thin sweater www.xkerxskoukder closer to her to keep warm and wished with all of his heart that he could makexher get her a nice warm coat instead of just gloves. It was now 4:45 and as he stamped his feet to try to keep them warm, he began to wonder if he was really going to make the money he needed. He still needed a dollar and a half. He saw that the streets were becoming empty. The stores were getting ready to close and the people were rushing home. He called out, "Last chance to get a nice corsage of greens," but the people walked by. He saw a rather shabbily dressed woman with a small girl approach him. The mother stopped and looked at the few corsages Shorty had left. She smiled and started to walk away. The little girl stood there looking at them and stayed beed to walk away. The little girl stood there looking at them and stayed behind as her mother kept walking. She whispered, "How much are they?" Shorty said, "fifty cents." The little girl opened her hand and Shorty saw that she only had a quarter, but her saw the look of desire to get one of these corsages for her mother. "Here he said, "as he handed her what he thought was the taxt best one left, "give this to your mother," She handed him the quarter as she took the corsage and immediately Shorty felt guilty about taking her task money. "Maybe you can use this to buy something else too," he said as he handed her back her quarter. "And have a Merry Christmas," he added. The little girl's face was all aglow as she quickly skipped off to catch up with her mother who was looking in a window further down the street. Shorty knew that transaction didn't help him meet his quota, but somehow he felt good inside. While this was taking place, S m had been looking out the window and watching. But now as Shorty turned back to press his nose against the glass again, Sam busied himself with setting the store in order to close for the day. Shorty did a quick count and realized he'd only have 50 cents left. The minutes slowly ticked by and Shorty glanced up at the big clock down the street as it began to woundxkhexhouxxwikhxikexdeep strike the hour with its deep bass tone. One, Two, Three, Shorty didn't want to count. He wished he could stop it because Sam wanted to close up and he had to go inside and buy his presents, but he didn't have what he wanted yet. "Four, Five," and the time to closeup for the night had arrived. Sam came to the window and tapped on it for Shorty to come inside. He went in and told Sam he could buy the gloves and the doll clothes, but he would have to wait to buy the model plane. Sam put the gloves and the xxxx box of doll clothes in a bag and Shorty handed him the money. Sam knewxthatxhexwaexnotxhuxingxthexmodelxplanexandxhe looked at Shorty as he wistfully glanced at the box sitting xxxxxx on the counter. He handed Shorty the bag and as he walked to the door with him to lock it after him he said, "Merry Christmas Shorty." Shorty replied Merry Christmas in return and walked out into the now dark cold night. He stopped at Jack's produce store and gave him the \$5.00 dollars he owed him for the greens and trudged on home. He came home and went to his room to wrap the presents. This he did with the only wrapping paper available which was newspaper tied with a string. His mother called him for supper and he glanced at the scrawny crooked little tree which was sitting in the corner of the living room with one string of colored lights and a few decorations on it. They sat down to their meal of chicken noodle soup and xxxx the evening moved on and soon it was time to go to the Christmas Eve service. Shorty snuggled next to his mother in the nice warm church. He heard the preacher say about the joy of giving as the

offering was about to be taken. While the ushers were coming up the aisle, Shorty was fingering the 50 cents in his pocket. He wanted to give it, and yet he didn't. He knew this was all he had and if he gave it he wouldn't even ve this small amount to add money to in order to buy the model plane he wanted. But as the plate came to him he impulsively pulled the money out of his pocket and onto the plate and then it was gone. His mother noticed what he had done and she patted his hand as though to reassure him he had done the right thing. And he had to admit inside that it did make him feel good. The preacher started into his sermon and the long day, the effect of cold air all day soon took its toll and Shorty was fast asleep. The last thing he heard was about the joy of a gift from God. He soon was dreaming of shepherds and sheep, angels, and all of the other things of the Christmas story. The next thin he knew he was awakened by his mother and it was time to go home. They went to their little apartment and his mother made them a cup of hot chocolate and they went to bed.
The next morning he awakened and went into the living room. He peeked under the tree and saw a couple more presents. One was actually wrapped in regular Christmas paper. He could hardly wait until his mother and sister got up so he could see their faces as they opened their presents. But he was curious about the other two presents as well. Very soon his mother and sister were up and his mother distributed the presents She handed him the two extra boxes with the instructions that the one in real Christmas paper be opened first. Thixxxhexdid But he waited until his mother and little sister had opened their presents. His sister tore off the paper and squealed in delight as she saw the doll clothes she could now use to dress the new doll she got. His mother cried when she saw the warm lined ghoves he had gotten her because she knew the sacrifice he had made to do so. Then she told him to open his presents. He tore the MARKER Christmas paper off the one and discovered the box contained a Bible. In the Bible was a note. he note said, "This is for you Johnny with love from your Sunday School teacher, Bill. Please read the verse marked in the book of Acts." He opened the Bible to the book of Acts at the bookmark and read from the 20th waxxexthe chapter, the 35th verse, "I have shewed you all things, how that so laboring ye ought to support the weak, and to remember the words of the Lord Jesus, how He said, 'It is more blessed to give than to receive.'" This is just what he had heard at church, from his mother and from his Sunday School teacher. But he wanted to open the other present because it was wrapped in newspaper and he figured his mother had gotten the model plane for him after all. As he tore the paper off he discovered that it was the model plane, but there was a note inside. The note said, "Dear Shorty, I watched you looking in my window from for several weeks. In fact, I had to clean your nose prints off the glass. But I didn't mind that because I knew that when your sales were over I would make a couple. But I watched you on Christmas Eve as you helped a drunken father to his feet; I watched you be considerate to many people; but then I saw you give a little girl a correspondent who had little money so she could then I saw you give a little girl a corsage who had little money so she could give her mother something. So this model is my gift to you. You have discovered the secret of Christmas. Your friend, Sam."

The world stood for thousands of years, much like Shorty with their noses as it were pressed against the glass. The glass symbolizes that which separates people and keeps them from what they should have. Mankind has sought for that which would give them peace. Even today, many people are leaving nose prints on glass seeking that which will fulfill and satisfy. But that has already been given and we need to open the doors of our hearts and take that gift so freely given, so freely offered by Almighty God. We need to hear the words, "For unto you is born this day a Saviour which is Christ the Lord." And we need to let that Saviour in, and XXXXXXXXXXXX lift our hearts and voices in the heavenly chorus, "Joy to the world, the Lord is come, O Come, let us adore him."

"Songs of Joy" the Hostess ST. PAUL'S UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST "An Announcement" . . . the Hostess Butler, Pennsylvania December 26, 1982 Christmas Cantata "Hark! the Herald Angels Sing" No.184) A CHORUS The Rev. Ralph C. Link, Pastor (stanza #3: with the congregation and Mr. Harry M. Cunningham, Organist and Choir Director Mrs. Barry Fowler, Pianist Mr. Roland Thompson, Saxophonist Mr. Thompson "Hail the heaven-born Prince of Peace! Mrs. Harry E. Davis, Hostess Miss Debbie Melton, Assistant "Go put the world back together!" the Hostess "Love Was Born". . .

Miss Cochran, soprano; Mr. Kennedy, baritone; the Choir "Christmas Lullaby" . . . the Choir "They saw the young Child . fell down and worshipped Him..." . Hostess "Christmas Lullaby" (Conclusion) . . . the Choir Miss Laura Fowler, Assistant Chris Andrews, Danny Mangel - Acolytes A CHORUS A CHORUS "Christmas Rhapsody" PRELUDE "God Gave Him That Name" . . the Hostess "O Come, All Ye Faithful" (Hymn No. 193) (stanza #2: with the congregation and Mr. Thompson *PROCESSIONAL A CHORUS "Song of Worship the Choir "Bewildered and Confused" . the Hostess INTERLUDE "Love Was Born" "Sing, choirs of angels...") "...the Lord Is come...!" the Hostess *PRAYER OF ADORATION The Hostess "Joy to the World". . . . the Choir THE FINALE INTERLUDE (Cantata Theme) "Love Was Born" .the Chancel Choir "Nowell! Nowell!". . the Choir A CHORUS "Christmas Eve, 1818 . . . the Hostess "Joy to the World" (Hymn No. 171) *A REPRISE "Silent Night". . . (stanza #4: with the congregation and Mr. Thompson A CHORUS Mr. Thompson; Mr. Don Kennedy, baritone; Miss Molly Cochran, soprano: the Choir "He rules the world with truth and grace" "One Birth Announcement". . . the Hostess *THE FAREWELL....the Hostess
+ + + + + + + + + *Congregation please stand + + + + +
Serving as Ushers today are: *Richard Mangel,
Don Kingsley, Art Carney and Gary Penar.
The Lovely Flowers on the Altar have been placed by . . . the Hostess "Go Tell It on the Mountain" . . . Mr. Lloyd Link, tenor; the Choir A CHORUS "Children at Heart" the Hostess "A Heart Full of Love" . A CHORUS Heart Full of Love" . . . Mrs. Jennie Nohach to the "Glory of God" Mrs. Robert (Nancy) Dellen, soprano: the Choir The new Flower Chart is up in the Narthex - please sign up today if you want a special week. We will also need them for next Sunday and these next few weeks. THE OFFERING -Wyrtzen / Brower / Brower THE OFFERTORY Mr. Richard Mangel RAYER





Ralph C. Link 153 Keck Road Sarver, Pa. 16055 (412) 352-1103

Born: April 9, 1929, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Married: December 15, 1951 Wife: Shirley Margaret Neill

Born: December 8, 1930, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Children: Ralph Dale Link, born May 11, 1955, Pittsburgh, Pa. Lloyd Alan Link, born May 28, 1958, Pittsburgh, Pa. Nancy Lynn Link, born March 15, 1961, Butler, Pa.

SCHOOLING:

Graduated from Perry High School, Pittsburgh, Pa. June 1947

Lay Ministry School, Penn West Conference of United Church of Christ, September 1965 to May 1969

Commissioned Lay Minister June 1969

Lancaster Theological Seminary, Lancaster, Pa., September 1970

Graduated from Lancaster Theological Seminary May 1974

Ordained to Christian Ministry March 10, 1974

PASTORATES:

As Lay Minister: short term, 1 month or less in various churches 1965 to 1967

Emlenton Lamartine Charge of United Church of Christ 1967 to 1969

Short term in various churches 1970 until Seminary entrance July 1970

July 1970 to December 1973 Student Pastor at Trinity Charge, New Bloomfield, Duncannon, Pa., Penn Central Conference, United Church of Christ

December 1973 to present, St. Paul's United Church of Christ, Butler, Pa., Penn West Conference, United Church of Christ OF

Ralph C. Link

I am the youngest of five children. I was born just prior to the onset of the Depression. Our family was very poor. My father was an alcoholic and my mother was a very religious person who was searching for the Lord. During my childhood she did her best to teach me the things of the Lord. Later in life she came to a personal relationship with Him.

I grew up in the Evangelical and Reformed Church where salvation by grace alone was not preached nor taught. I knew all about Jesus, what He did, how He lived, His miracles, His death and resurrection, but I didn't know Him personally.

My life had many ups and downs and all the while I was attending church and striving with my good works to please God. At a very low point in my life when we were deeply in debt and my wife and three children were all ill, I came to the crossroads. I watched a Billy Graham Crusade on television from some distant city and the message he preached seemed to be directed right at me. I wrestled with making that commitment to Christ, but didn't. The next afternoon and evening at work on the 4 to 12 shift I came to the conclusion that I needed to make that commitment to Christ. It seemed like there was no other choice if life was to have any meaning. That night when I came home from work at 1:00 A.M., I laid face down on the living room floor and told God that I couldn't live my life in my own strength and I accepted the gift of salvation from my Savior Jesus Christ. My life has never been the same.

Through several meaningful circumstances I was called by God to serve Him in the Christian Ministry and to help spread that wonderful message of salvation through the shed blood of Jesus Christ. What a wonderful and rewarding time it has been and I give Him all the praise for my salvation and the opportunity to serve Him.

OF

Ralph C. Link

I believe the Bible, both the Old and New Testaments to be the inspired inerrant Word of God. I believe the Bible is the complete revelation of His will for the salvation of men and it is the final authority for the Christian faith and life.

I believe in one God, who is eternally existent in three persons: Father, Son and Holy Spirit.

I believe in the Diety of the Lord Jesus Christ that He is true God and true man. I believe that He was born of the Virgin Mary, that He lived in sinless life, that He performed the miracles recorded in Scripture, that He died on the cross as a sacrifice for our sins, that He bodily arose from the dead, that He ascended on high where He is at the right had of Almighty God as our intercessor.

I believe in the Holy Spirit and that He comes and indwells each believer at the time of conversion. I believe that He lives in each believer to lead, to instruct, and to convict so that a believe may live a more godly life.

I believe that through the shed blood of Jesus Christ and through His resurrection, this is the only ground for justification and salvation for all who receive Him A Lord and Savior and to such as receive Him, they are born of the Holy Spirit and become children of God.

I believe water baptism and the Lord's Supper are ordinances of the Church but are not means of salvation.

I believe in the personal and premillennial and imminent coming of the Lord Jesus Christ.

I believe in the resurrection of the dead, for the believer to resurrection of life and joy with the Lord, for the unbeliever to resurrection of judgement and everlasting punishment.